



Figure 1: Basis functions

The basis functions space =  $V_j = [\phi_{j-1/2}, \phi_{j-1/6}, \phi_{j+1/6}, \phi_{j+1/2}]$  over a cell and then  $V = \cup_j V_j$   
 Want to approximate

$$G = uh \quad (1)$$

This becomes in weak form where

$$\int_{\Omega} G v dx = \int_{\Omega} u h v dx \quad (2)$$

We reduce to finding solutions to

$$\int_{\Omega} v dx = \int_{\Omega} u h v dx \quad (3)$$

where  $v \in V$ . Using the partitioning of domain into cells we have

$$\sum_j \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} G v dx = \sum_j \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} u h v dx \quad (4)$$

Can write  $G$ ,  $u$  and  $h$  on basis functions

$$q = \sum_j (q_{j-1/2} \phi_{j-1/2} + q_{j-1/6} \phi_{j-1/6} + q_{j+1/6} \phi_{j+1/6} + q_{j+1/2} \phi_{j+1/2})$$

$$q = \mathbf{q} \cdot \boldsymbol{\phi}$$

where  $\mathbf{q}$  is the vector of all the nodal values and  $\boldsymbol{\phi}$  is the vector of all basis functions.

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} G v dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (G_{j-1/2} \phi_{j-1/2} + G_{j-1/6} \phi_{j-1/6} + G_{j+1/6} \phi_{j+1/6} + G_{j+1/2} \phi_{j+1/2}) \left[ \begin{array}{c} \phi_{j-1/2} \\ \phi_{j-1/6} \\ \phi_{j+1/6} \\ \phi_{j+1/2} \end{array} \right] \quad (5)$$

$$= \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \begin{bmatrix} G_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2} + G_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/2} + G_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j-1/2} + G_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j-1/2} \\ G_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/6} + G_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6} + G_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j-1/6} + G_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j-1/6} \\ G_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j+1/6} + G_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j+1/6} + G_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6} + G_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/6} \\ G_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j+1/2} + G_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j+1/2} + G_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/2} + G_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$= \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \begin{bmatrix} \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2} & \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/2} & \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j-1/2} & \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j-1/2} \\ \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/6} & \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6} & \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j-1/6} & \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j-1/6} \\ \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j+1/6} & \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j+1/6} & \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6} & \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/6} \\ \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j+1/2} & \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j+1/2} & \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/2} & \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} G_{j-1/2} \\ G_{j-1/6} \\ G_{j+1/6} \\ G_{j+1/2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/2}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j-1/2}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j-1/2}dx \\ \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/6}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j-1/6}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j-1/6}dx \\ \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j+1/6}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j+1/6}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/6}dx \\ \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j-1/6}\phi_{j+1/2}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/2}dx & \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} \phi_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}dx \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} G_{j-1/2} \\ G_{j-1/6} \\ G_{j+1/6} \\ G_{j+1/2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

for the  $uh$  term

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhvdx &= \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (u_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2} + u_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6} + u_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6} + u_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}) \\ &\quad (h_{j-1/2}\phi_{j-1/2} + h_{j-1/6}\phi_{j-1/6} + h_{j+1/6}\phi_{j+1/6} + h_{j+1/2}\phi_{j+1/2}) \\ &\quad \begin{bmatrix} \phi_{j-1/2} \\ \phi_{j-1/6} \\ \phi_{j+1/6} \\ \phi_{j+1/2} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhvdx &= \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{u}_j \cdot \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) (\mathbf{h}_j \cdot \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) \begin{bmatrix} \phi_{j-1/2} \\ \phi_{j-1/6} \\ \phi_{j+1/6} \\ \phi_{j+1/2} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhv dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{u}_j \cdot \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) \boldsymbol{\phi}_j (\mathbf{h}_j \cdot \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) \quad (11)$$

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhv dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{u}_j^T \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) \boldsymbol{\phi}_j (\mathbf{h}_j^T \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) \quad (12)$$

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhv dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{h}_j^T \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) \boldsymbol{\phi}_j (\boldsymbol{\phi}_j^T \mathbf{u}_j) \quad (13)$$

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhv dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{h}_j^T \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) (\boldsymbol{\phi}_j \boldsymbol{\phi}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (14)$$

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhv dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{h}_j^T \boldsymbol{\phi}_j) (\boldsymbol{\phi}_j \boldsymbol{\phi}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (15)$$

$$\int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} uhv dx = \int_{x_{j-1/2}}^{x_{j+1/2}} (\mathbf{h}_j^T \boldsymbol{\phi}_j^2 \boldsymbol{\phi}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (16)$$