

P11.6 - Ackermann's Formula

A dynamic system is represented by

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u.$$

We want to place the closed-loop poles at $s = -2 \pm j2$. Determine the required state variable feedback using Ackermann's formula. Assume that the complete state vector is available for feedback.

We require the desired characteristic equation to be

$$\begin{aligned} q_v(\lambda) &= (\lambda + 2 + j2)(\lambda + 2 - j2) \\ &= \lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 2j\lambda + 4 + 2\lambda - j^2 4 \\ &= \lambda^2 + 4\lambda + 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$q_v(\lambda) = \lambda^2 + \alpha_1 \lambda + \alpha_0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_1 = 4 \quad \alpha_0 = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_c: \quad P_c &= \begin{bmatrix} B & A|B \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 & 2 \times 1 \\ 2 \times 1 & 2 \times 2 \end{matrix} \quad A|B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det P_c &= 1 - 0 \\ &= 1 \neq 0 \quad \therefore \text{controllable} \end{aligned}$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} P_c^{-1} q(A)$$

for $n=2$

$$\Rightarrow K = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} P_c^{-1} q(A)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} q(A)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_c^{-1} &= \frac{1}{|P_c|} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 \cdot 1 - (-2 \cdot 0)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} q(A) &= A^2 + \alpha_1 A + \alpha_0 I \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + 4 \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 8 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -2 \cdot 2 + 0 \cdot 1 & -2 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 \\ 1 \cdot 2 + 0 \cdot 1 & 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} +4 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} K &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow K_1 = 2 \quad K_2 = 8$$