Laboratório de Sistemas Digitais Aula Teórico-Prática 12

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As construções "for…generate" e "if…generate" em VHDL Atributos pré-definidos em VHDL Reference cards de VHDL e STD_LOGIC_1164

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Conteúdo

- A construção for...generate de VHDL para replicação de circuitos lógicos
 - Exemplos com
 - Instanciação de entidades
 - Atribuições concurrentes (condicionais)
 - Processos
- Atributos pré-definidos em VHDL
- Reference cards de VHDL e package 1164

A Construção **for...generate** de VHDL para Replicação de Hardware – Ciclo Estrutural

A construção **for...generate** deve ser escrita no corpo de uma arquitetura (e fora de processos!)

Também pode ser escrita na forma:

label: for <index> in <KMAX> downto <KMIN>

A Construção **for...generate** de VHDL Exemplo de Motivação

A3 B3

1-bit

Full

Adder C3

A2 B2

1-bit

Full

Adder C2

A1 B1

1-bit

Full

Adder C1

Ao Bo

1-bit

Adder

- Somador de 4 bits (guião prático 3)
- Construído com 4 somadores completos de 1 bit em cascata
- Esqueleto do somador completo (retirado do guião)

```
Completo (retirado do guiao)

library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;

entity FullAdder is
    port(a, b, cin : in std_logic;
    s, cout : out std_logic);
end FullAdder;

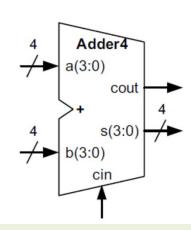
architecture Behavioral of FullAdder is
begin
    -- Especifique aqui as equações lógicas para as saídas "s" e "cout"
end Behavioral;
```

Figura 2 – Esqueleto do código VHDL da entidade **FullAdder** e respetiva arquitetura **Behavioral**.

A Construção **for...generate** de VHDL Exemplo de Motivação

Esqueleto do somador de 4 bits – cascata (retirado do guião)

```
-- Inclua as bibliotecas e os pacotes necessários
entity Adder4 is
    port(a, b : in std logic vector(3 downto 0);
         cin : in std logic;
              : out std logic vector(3 downto 0);
         cout : out std logic);
end Adder4;
architecture Structural of Adder4 is
    -- Declare um sinal interno (carryOut) do tipo std logic vector (de
   -- C bits) que interligará os bits de carry dos somadores entre si
begin
    bit0: entity work.FullAdder(Behavioral)
        port map(a
                      => a(0),
                       => b(0),
                 cin => cin,
                       => s(0),
                 cout => carryOut(0));
    -- complete para os restantes bits (1 a 3)
end Structural;
```



E se o somador tivesse 64 bits?

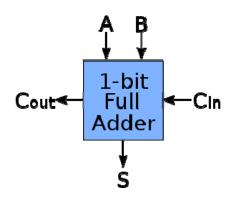
E se fosse parametrizável (estaticamente / em compile time)?



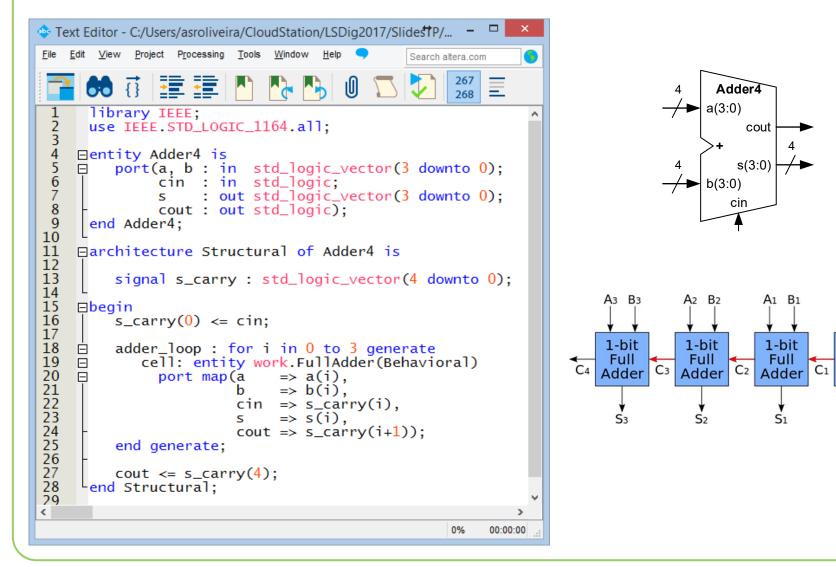


Código Completo de Somador Completo de 1 bit

```
• Text Editor - C:/Users/asroliveira/CloudStation/LSDig2017/SlidesTP/Gen...
File Edit View Project Processing Tools Window Help
                                                     Search altera.com
      library IEEE;
      use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
     ⊟entity FullAdder is
           port(a, b, cin : in std_logic;
                 s, cout : out std_logic);
      end FullAdder;
     □architecture Behavioral of FullAdder is
10
     ⊟begin
11
                <= a xor b xor cin;
12
          cout <= (a and b) or (a and cin) or (b and cin);
13
     Lend Behavioral;
14
                                                         100%
                                                               00:00:22
```



Instanciação de 4 Somadores Completos de 1 bit com **for...generate**



Ao Bo

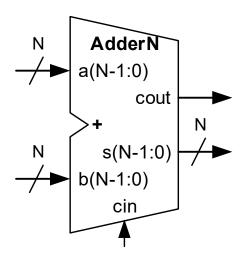
1-bit

Full

Adder

Construção de um Somador Parametrizável de N bits com **for...generate**

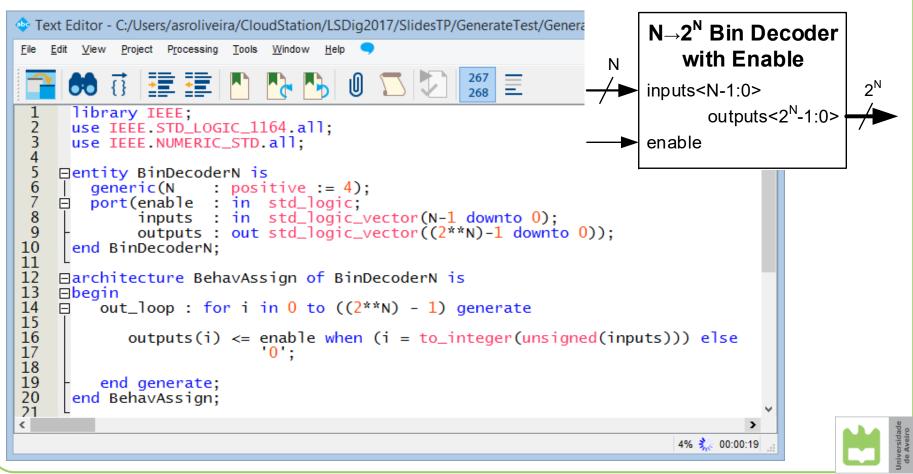
```
Text Editor - C:/Users/asroliveira/CloudStation/LSDig2017/SlidesTP/Generate...
File Edit View Project Processing Tools Window Help
                                                      Search altera.com
      66 ₹ 🗐 🖺 🔼
      library IEEE;
      use IEÉE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
    ⊟entity AdderN is
         generic(N : integer := 8);
         port(a, b : in std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
               cin : in std_logic;
                  : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
 9
               cout : out std_logic);
10
      end AdderN;
11
    Flarchitecture Structural of AdderN is
13
14
         signal s_carry : std_logic_vector(N downto 0);
15
16
    ⊟beain
17
         s_{carry(0)} \ll cin;
18
19
         adder_loop: for i in 0 to (N-1) generate
20
             cell: entity work.FullAdder(Behavioral)
21
                               \Rightarrow a(i),
               port map(a
22
                               => b(i),
23
                         cin => s_carry(i),
24
                               => s(i).
25
                         cout => s_carry(i+1));
26
         end generate;
27
28
         cout <= s_carry(N);</pre>
     Lend Structural:
30
              Ln 1 Col 1
                              VHDL File
                                                          100%
                                                                00:00:21
```





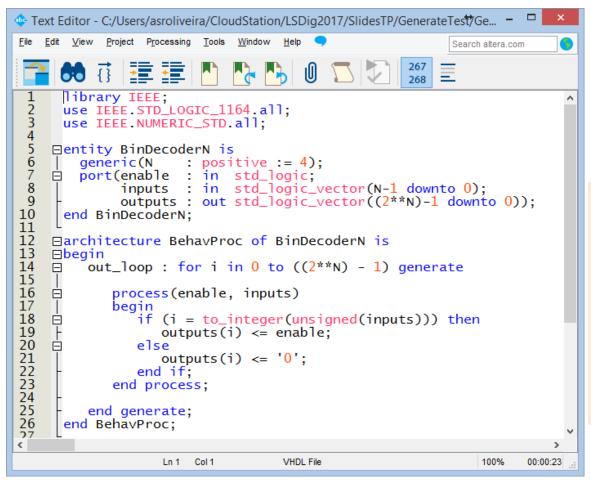
Exemplo de **for...generate** com uma Atribuição Condicional

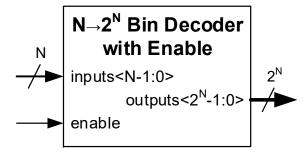
• Descodificador binário de $N\rightarrow 2^N$ bits, com N parametrizável



Exemplo de **for...generate** com um Processo

Descodificador binário de N→2^N bits, com N parametrizável





A construção

for...generate também é

usada no pacote de suporte

aos projetos finais para
instanciar vários módulos de

debounce (nos ficheiros

"audio_tl.vhd" e

"ps2_vga_text_buffer_tl.vhd")

A Construção **if...generate** de VHDL para Inclusão Condicional de Hardware

- A condição é avaliada em compile time
- O bloco **else...generate** é opcional
- O circuito lógico pode ser descrito com
 - Atribuição(ões) concurrente(s) condicional(is)
 - Processos(s)
 - Instanciação de entidade(s)
- A construção if...generate deve ser escrita no corpo de uma arquitetura (e fora de processos!) – tal como o for...generate!

Exemplo da Construção if...generate de VHDL

Exemplo retirado "vga.vhd" (do pacote de suporte aos projetos finais) para instanciar um módulo gerador de *clock* se a frequência de entrada não for 50 MHz)

Atributos Pré-definidos em VHDL

- Permitem testar condições e obter informação sobre tipos e objetos (arrays, sinais, portos, etc.) durante a simulação e a síntese de um modelo VHDL
- Vamos considerar apenas um pequeno subconjunto dos definidos na linguagem

Atributo aplicável a sinais e portos

- SIGID'event Event on signal
 - Exemplo: if (clk'event and clk = '1')

Atributos Aplicáveis a Tipos em VHDL

Úteis para escrever código mais flexível

TYPID'left Left bound value

TYPID'right Right-bound value

TYPID'high Upper-bound value

TYPID'low Lower-bound value

TYPID'pos(expr) Position within type

TYPID'val(expr) Value at position

Exemplos de Atributos Aplicáveis a Tipos em VHDL

```
integer'left = -2147483648
integer'right = 2147483647
integer'high = 2147483647
integer'low = -2147483648
integer'pos(0) = 0
integer'val(0) = 0
Considerando as declarações:
type std ulogic is ('U', 'X', '0', '1', 'Z', 'W', 'L', 'H', '-');
subtype std logic is resolved std ulogic;
std logic'left
                  = 'U'
std logic'right
std logic'high
std logic'low = 'U'
std_logic'pos('X') = 1 (valor inteiro)
std_logic'val(4)
                  = 'Z'
```

Atributos Aplicáveis a Arrays em VHDL

Úteis também para escrever código mais flexível

ARYID[nth]'left

ARYID[nth]'right

ARYID[nth]'high

ARYID[nth]'low

ARYID[nth] 'range

ARYID[nth]'reverse_range

ARYID[nth]'length

Left-bound of [nth] index

Right-bound of [nth] index

Upper-bound of [nth] index

Lower-bound of [nth] index

'left down/to 'right

'right down/to 'left

Length of [nth] dimension

Exemplos de Atributos Aplicáveis a Arrays em VHDL

Considerando as declarações:

```
subtype TDataWord is std logic vector(7 downto 0);
 type TMemory is array (0 to 31) of TDataWord;
 signal s_memory : TMemory;
                                    s memory(0)'left
                                                           = 7
 signal s data : TDataWord;
                                   s memory(0)'right
                                                           = 0
                                   s memory(0)'high
                                                           = 7
s memory'left
                                   s memory(0)'low
                     = 0
s memory'right
                     = 31
                                   s memory(0)'range
                                                           = (7 downto 0)
s_memory'high
                     = 31
                                   s_memory(0)'reverse_range = (0 to 7)
s memory'low
                     = 0
                                    s_memory(0)'length
                                                           = 8
s_memory'range
                    = (0 to 31)
s memory'reverse range = (31 downto 0)
s memory'length
               = 32
                                    s data'left
                                                       = 7
                                   s data'right
                                                       = 0
                                    s data'high
                                                       = 7
                                   s data'low
                                                       = 0
                                                       = (7 downto 0)
                                    s_data'range
                                   s_data'reverse_range = (0 to 7)
                                    s_data'length
                                                       = 8
```



VHDL QUICK REFERENCE CARD

Revision 2.2

Grouping Optional {} Repeated Alternative As is CAPS User Identifier bold italic VHDL-1993

1. LIBRARY UNITS

```
[{use_clause}]
entity ID is
  [generic ({ID: TYPEID [:= expr];});]
 [port ({ID: in | out | inout TYPEID [:= expr];});]
  [{declaration}]
[begin
 {parallel_statement}]
end [entity] ENTITYID;
[{use clause}]
architecture ID of ENTITYID is
 [{declaration}]
begin
 [{parallel statement}]
end [architecture] ARCHID;
[{use_clause}]
package ID is
 [{declaration}]
end [package] PACKID;
[{use_clause}]
package body ID is
 [{declaration}]
end [package body] PACKID:
[{use clause}]
```

configuration ID of ENTITYID is for ARCHID [{block config | comp config}] end for: end [configuration] CONFID:

use clause::= library ID; [{use LIBID.PKGID[. all | DECLID];}]

block_config::=

```
for LABELID
        [{block_config | comp_config}]
      end for;
   comp config::=
     for all | LABELID : COMPID
        (use entity [LIBID.]ENTITYID [( ARCHID )]
           [[generic map ( {GENID => expr ,} )]
            port map ({PORTID => SIGID | expr ,})];
        Ifor ARCHID
           [{block config | comp config}]
        end for;]
        end for;) |
        (use configuration [LIBID.]CONFID
           [[generic map ({GENID => expr.,})]
           port map ({PORTID => SIGID | expr,})];)
     end for:
2. DECLARATIONS
   type ID is ( {ID,} );
   type ID is range number downto | to number;
   type ID is array ( {range | TYPEID ,}) of TYPEID;
```

```
2.1. TYPE DECLARATIONS
 type ID is record
   {ID: TYPEID;}
 end record;
 type ID is access TYPEID:
 type ID is file of TYPEID;
 subtype ID is SCALARTYPID range range;
 subtype ID is ARRAYTYPID( {range,});
 subtype ID is RESOLVFCTID TYPEID;
   (integer | ENUMID to | downto integer | ENUMID) |
   (OBJID'[reverse ]range) | (TYPEID range <>)
2.2. OTHER DECLARATIONS
 constant ID : TYPEID := expr:
 [shared] variable ID : TYPEID [:= expr];
```

```
signal ID: TYPEID [:= expr];
file ID: TYPEID (is in | out string;) |
 (open read mode | write mode |
  append mode is string;)
alias ID: TYPEID is OBJID:
attribute ID: TYPEID:
attribute ATTRID of OBJID | others | all : class is expr;
 entity | architecture | configuration |
 procedure | function | package | type |
  subtype | constant | signal | variable |
  component | label
```

```
component ID [is]
  [generic ( {ID : TYPEID [:= expr];} );]
  [port ({ID : in | out | inout TYPEID [:= expr]:}):]
end component [COMPID];
[impure | pure] function ID
 [( {[constant | variable | signal | file] ID :
   [in]TYPEID [:= expr];})]
  return TYPEID [is
begin
  {sequential statement}
end [function] ID];
procedure ID[({[constant | variable | signal] ID :
              in | out | inout TYPEID [:= expr];})]
is begin
  [{sequential statement}]
end [procedure] ID];
for LABELID | others | all : COMPID use
  (entity [LIBID.]ENTITYID [( ARCHID )]) |
  (configuration [LIBID.]CONFID)
     [[generic map ( {GENID => expr.} )]
     port map ( {PORTID => SIGID | expr.} )];
```

```
3. EXPRESSIONS
    expression ::=
      (relation and relation) | (relation nand relation) |
      (relation or relation) | (relation nor relation) |
      (relation xor relation) | (relation xnor relation)
   relation ::=
                  shexpr [relop shexpr]
                  sexpr [shop sexpr]
   shexpr ::=
                  [+|-] term {addop term}
   sexpr ::=
    term ::=
                  factor (mulop factor)
   factor ::=
      (prim [** prim]) | (abs prim) | (not prim)
      literal | OBJID | OBJID'ATTRID | OBJID({expr,})
      | OBJID(range) | ({[choice [{| choice}] =>] expr,})
      | FCTID({[PARID =>] expr,}) | TYPEID'(expr) |
      TYPEID(expr) | new TYPEID['(expr)] | ( expr )
    choice ::= sexpr | range | RECFID | others
  3.1. OPERATORS, INCREASING PRECEDENCE
   logop
               and | or | xor | nand | nor | xnor
               = | /= | < | <= | > | >=
   relop
               sll | srl | sla | sra | rol | ror
    shop
    addop
               + | - | &
    mulop
               * | / | mod | rem
               ** | abs | not
    miscop
```

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See reverse side for additional information.

4. SEQUENTIAL STATEMENTS

```
wait [on {SIGID,}] [until expr] [for time];
assert expr
  [report string]
  [severity note | warning | error | failure];
report string
 [severity note | warning | error | failure];
SIGID <= [transport] | [[reject TIME] inertial]
          {expr [after time],};
VARID := expr;
PROCEDUREID[({[PARID =>] expr,})];
[LABEL:] if expr then
  {sequential_statement}
[{elsif expr then
 {sequential_statement}}]
 {sequential statement}]
end if [LABEL];
[LABEL:] case expr is
{when choice [{| choice}] =>
 {sequential statement}}
end case [LABEL]:
```

```
[LABEL:] [while expr] loop

{sequential_statement}

end loop [LABEL];

[LABEL:] for ID in range loop

{sequential_statement}

end loop [LABEL];

next [LOOPLBL] [when expr];

exit [LOOPLBL] [when expr];

return [expression];

null;
```

5. PARALLEL STATEMENTS

```
LABEL: block [is]

[generic ( {ID : TYPEID; } );

[generic map ( {[GENID =>] expr,} );]]

[port ( {ID : in | out | inout TYPEID } );

[port map ( {[PORTID =>] SIGID | expr,} )];]

[{declaration}]

begin

[{parallel_statement}]

end block [LABEL];
```

```
[LABEL:] [postponed] process [( {SIGID,} )]
[{declaration}]
begin
[{sequential_statement}]
end [postponed] process [LABEL];
```

[LBL:] [postponed] PROCID({[PARID =>] expr,});

[LABEL:] [postpone [report string] [severity note w	ed] assert expr arning error failure];
[LABEL:] [postpone [transport] [[reje [{{expr [after TIME, {expr [after TIME,	ect TIME] inertial] E,]} unaffected when expr else)
{{expr [after TI	ed] with expr select ort] [[reject TIME] inertial] ME,]} unaffected e [{ choice}]};
110	({GENID => expr,})] PORTID =>] SIGID expr,})];
[[generic map	D.]ENTITYID [(ARCHID)] ({GENID => expr,})] PORTID =>] SIGID expr,})];
LABEL: configurati	ion [LIBID.]CONFID

LABEL: configuration [LIBID.]CONFID [[generic map ({GENID => expr,})] port map ({[PORTID =>] SIGID | expr,})];

```
LABEL: if expr generate
[{parallel_statement}]
end generate [LABEL];

LABEL: for ID in range generate
[{parallel_statement}]
end generate [LABEL];
```

6. PREDEFINED ATTRIBUTES

TYPID'base	Base type
TYPID'left	Left bound value
TYPID'right	Right-bound value
TYPID'high	Upper-bound value
TYPID'low	Lower-bound value
TYPID'pos(expr)	Position within type
TYPID'val(expr)	Value at position
TYPID'succ(expr)	Next value in order
TYPID'pred(expr)	Previous value in order
TYPID'leftof(expr)	Value to the left in order
TYPID'rightof(expr)	Value to the right in order
TYPID'ascending	Ascending type predicate
TYPID'image(expr)	String image of value
TYPID'value(string)	Value of string image
ARYID'left[(expr)]	Left-bound of [nth] index
ARYID'right[(expr)]	Right-bound of [nth] index
ARYID'high[(expr)]	Upper-bound of [nth] index
ARYID'low[(expr)]	Lower-bound of [nth] index
ARYID'range[(expr)]	'left down/to 'right
ARYID'reverse_range[(expr)] 'right down/to 'left
ARYID'length[(expr)]	Length of [nth] dimension
ARYID'ascending[(exp	
SIGID'delayed[(TIME)]	Delayed copy of signal
SIGID'stable[(TIME)]	Signals event on signal
SIGID'quiet[(TIME)]	Signals activity on signal
SIGID'transaction	Toggles if signal active

SIGID'event	Event on signal ?
SIGID'active	Activity on signal ?
SIGID'last_event	Time since last event
SIGID'last_active	Time since last active
SIGID'last_value	Value before last event
SIGID'driving	Active driver predicate
SIGID'driving_value	Value of driver
OBJID'simple_name	Name of object
OBJID'instance_name	Pathname of object
OBJID'path_name	Pathname to object

7. PREDEFINED TYPES

BOOLEAN	True or false
INTEGER	32 or 64 bits
NATURAL	Integers >= 0
POSITIVE	Integers > 0
REAL	Floating-point
BIT	'0', '1'
BIT_VECTOR(NATURAL)	Array of bits
CHARACTER	7-bit ASCII
STRING(POSITIVE)	Array of characters
TIME	hr, min, sec, ms, us, ns, ps, fs
DELAY_LENGTH	Time >= 0

8. PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

NOW Returns current simulation time
DEALLOCATE(ACCESSTYPOBJ)
Deallocate dynamic object
FILE_OPEN([status], FILEID, string, mode)
Open file
FILE CLOSE(FILEID) Close file

9. LEXICAL ELEMENTS

Identifier ::= letter { [underline] alphanumeric }
decimal literal ::= integer [. integer] [E[+|-] integer]
based literal ::= integer # hexint [. hexint] # [E[+|-] integer]
bit string literal ::= B|O|X " hexint "
comment ::= -- comment text

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Revision 2.2

	110	VIOIOII Z.Z	
()	Grouping	[]	Optional
{}	Repeated	I	Alternative
bold	As is	CAPS	User Identifier
italic	VHDL-93	С	commutative
b	::= BIT		
bv	::= BIT_VECT	OR	
u/I	::= STD_ULO	GIC/STD_LC	OGIC
uv	::= STD_ULO	GIC_VECTO	R
Iv	::= STD_LOG	IC_VECTOR	
un	::= UNSIGNE	D	
sg	::= SIGNED		
in	::= INTEGER		
na	::= NATURAL		
sm	::= SMALL_IN	IT (subtype IN	TEGER range 0 to 1)

1.IEEE's STD_LOGIC_1164

1.1 LOGIC VALUES

'U' Uninitialized
'X'/'W' Strong/Weak unknown
'0'/'L' Strong/Weak 0
'1'/'H' Strong/Weak 1
'Z' High Impedance
'-' Don't care

1.2 PREDEFINED TYPES

STD_ULOGIC Base type

Subtypes:	
STD_LOGIC	Resolved STD_ULOGIC
X01	Resolved X, 0 & 1
X01Z	Resolved X, 0, 1 & Z
UX01	Resolved U, X, 0 & 1
UX01Z	Resolved U, X, 0, 1 & Z
STD_ULOGIC_V	/ECTOR(na to downto na)
760 IT	Array of STD_ULOGIC
STD_LOGIC_VE	CTOR(na to downto na)
	Array of STD_LOGIC

1.3 OVERLOADED OPERATORS

Description	Left	Operator	Right
bitwise-and	u/l,uv,lv	and, nand	u/l,uv,lv
bitwise-or	u/l,uv,lv	or, nor	u/l,uv,lv
bitwise-xor	u/l,uv,lv	xor, xnor	u/l,uv,lv
bitwise-not		not	u/l.uv.lv

1.4 CONVERSION FUNCTIONS

From	To	Function	
u/l	b	TO_BIT(from[, xmap])	
uv,lv	bv	TO_BITVECTOR(from[, xmap])	
b	u/I	TO_STDULOGIC(from)	
bv,uv	Iv	TO_STDLOGICVECTOR(from)	
bv.lv	uv	TO STDULOGICVECTOR(from)	

2. IEEE'S NUMERIC_STD

2.1 PREDEFINED TYPES

UNSIGNED(na to | downto na) Array of STD_LOGIC
SIGNED(na to | downto na) Array of STD_LOGIC

2.2 OVERLOADED OPERATORS

Left	Op	Right	Return
	abs	sg	sg
	- <u>-</u>	sg	sg
un	+,-,*,/,rem,mod	un	un
sg	+,-,*,/,rem,mod	sg	sg
un	+,-,*,/,rem,mod c	na	un
sg	+,-,*,/,rem,mod c	in	sg
un	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	un	bool
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	sg	bool
un	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= c	na	bool
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= c	in	bool

2.3 PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

SHIFT_LEFT(un, na)	un
SHIFT_RIGHT(un, na)	un
SHIFT_LEFT(sg, na)	sg
SHIFT_RIGHT(sg, na)	sg
ROTATE_LEFT(un, na)	un
ROTATE_RIGHT(un, na)	un
ROTATE_LEFT(sg, na)	sg
ROTATE_RIGHT(sg, na)	sg
RESIZE(sg, na)	sg
RESIZE(un, na)	un
STD_MATCH(u/l, u/l)	bool
STD_MATCH(uv, uv)	bool
STD_MATCH(IV, IV)	bool
STD_MATCH(un, un)	bool
STD MATCH(sg, sg)	bool

2.4 CONVERSION FUNCTIONS

From	To	Function
un,lv	sg	SIGNED(from)
sg,lv	un	UNSIGNED(from)
un,sg	IV	STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(from)
un,sg	in	TO_INTEGER(from)
na	un	TO_UNSIGNED(from, size)
in	sg	TO_SIGNED(from, size)
	un,lv sg,lv un,sg un,sg na	un,lv sg sg,lv un un,sg lv un,sg in na un

3.IEEE's NUMERIC_BIT

3.1 PREDEFINED TYPES

UNSIGNED(na to | downto na) Array of BIT SIGNED(na to | downto na) Array of BIT

3.2 OVERLOADED OPERATORS

Left	Op	Right	Return	
	abs	sg	sg	
	-	sg	sg	
un	+,-,*,/,rem,mod	un	un	
sg	+,-,*,/,rem,mod	sg	sg	
un	+,-,*,/,rem,mod c	na	un	
sg	+,-,*,/,rem,mod c	in	sg	
un	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	un	bool	
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	sg	bool	
un	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= _c	na	bool	
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= c	in	bool	

3.3 PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

SHIFT_LEFT(un, na)	u
SHIFT_RIGHT(un, na)	ur
SHIFT_LEFT(sg, na)	SQ
SHIFT_RIGHT(sg, na)	S
ROTATE_LEFT(un, na)	u
ROTATE_RIGHT(un, na)	u
ROTATE_LEFT(sg, na)	S
ROTATE_RIGHT(sg, na)	S
RESIZE(sg, na)	s
RESIZE(un, na)	ur

3.4 CONVERSION FUNCTIONS

From	To	Function
un,bv	sg	SIGNED(from)
sg,bv	un	UNSIGNED(from)
un,sg	bv	BIT_VECTOR(from)
un,sg	in	TO_INTEGER(from)
na	un	TO_UNSIGNED(from)
in	sg	TO_SIGNED(from)

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See reverse side for additional information.

4. SYNOPSYS' STD_LOGIC_ARITH

4. PREDEFINED TYPES

UNS SNED(na to | downto na)
SIGNEL na to | downto na)
SMALL_IN

Array of STD_LOGIC
Array of STD_LOGIC
Integer subtype, 0 or 1

4.2 OVERLOADEL OPERATORS

Left	Op	Right	Return
	abs	9	sg,lv
	-	sg	sg,lv
un	+,-,*	un	un,lv
sg	+,-,*	sg	S. W
sg	+,-,*	un	sg,lv
un	+,- c	in	un,lv
sg	+,- _c	in	sg,lv
un	+,- _c	u/l	un,lv
sg	+,- _c	u/l	sg,lv
un	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	un	bool
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	sg	bool
un	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= c	in	bool
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= c	in	bool

4.3 PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

SHL(un, un)	un	SHR(un, un)	un
SHL(sg, un)	sg	SHR(sg, un)	sg
EXT(lv, in)	lv	zero-extend	
SEXT(lv, in)	lv	sign-extend	

4.4 CONVERSION FUNCTIONS

From	To	Function
un,lv	sg	SIGNED(from)
sg,lv	un	UNSIGNED(from)
sg,un	lv	STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(from)
un,sg	in	CONV_INTEGER(from)
in,un,sg,u	un	CONV_UNSIGNED(from, size)
in,un,sg,u	sg	CONV_SIGNED(from, size)
in,un,sg,u	lv	CONV_STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(from, size)

5. SYNOPSYS' STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED

5.1 OVERLOADED OPERATORS

Left	Op	Right	Return
	+	lv	lv
Iv	+,-,*	lv	lv .
lv	+,-c	in	IV
lv	+,- _c	u/l	lv
lv	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=		bool
lv	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	in	bool

5.2 CONVERSY FUNCTIONS

From	m T	Function
Iv	- 40	CONV_INTEGER(from)

6.SYNOPSYS' STD_LOGIC_SIGNED

6.1 OVERLOADED OPERATORS

Left	Op	Right	Return
	abs	lv	lv
	+,-	lv	Iv
lv	+,-,*	lv	lv
lv	+,-c	in	lv
lv	+,- _c	u/l	lv
lv	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	lv	bool
lv	<,>,<=,>=,=,/= c	in	bool

6.2 CONVERSION FUNCTIONS

From	To	Function	
lv	in	CONV INTEGER(from)	

7. SYNOPSYS' STD_LOGIC_MISC

7.1 PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

AND_REDUCE(Iv uv)	u/l
[X]OR_REDUCE(lv uv)	u/l
ND_REDUCE(IV UV)	UX01
OR FDUCE(lv uv)	UX01
NOR_RL UCE(IV uV)	UX01
XOR_REDU F(IV UV)	UX01
XNOR_REDUCTIV uv)	UX01

8. EXEMPLAR'S STD LUCIC RITH

8.1 OVERLOADED OPER OR

Left	Op	Right	Return
+	·,-,*,	u/l	L.
9	hs	u/l	11/1

8.2 PRESENTED FUNCTIONS

sl', in)	u/l	
12(u/l, in)	u/l	
sr(u/l, in)	u/l	
sr2(u/l, in)	u/l	
add(u/l)	u/l	
add2(u/l)	u/l	
sub(u/l)	u/I	
sub2(u/l)	u/l	
mult(u/l)	u/l	
mult2(u/l)	u/l	
extend(u/l, in)	u/l	
extend2(u/l, in)	u/l	
comp2(u/l)	u/l	

8.3 CONVERSION FUNCTIONS

From	To	Function
bool	uv	bool2elb
uv	bool	elb2bool
u/l	na	evec2int
in	u/l	int2evec (size)
uv	na	elb2int

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9. MENTOR'S STD_LOGIC_ARITH

9.1 PREDEFINED TYPES

UNSIGNED(na to | downto na)
SIGNED(na to | downto na)
Array of STD | LOGIC
Array of STD | LOGIC

9.2 OVERLOADED OPERATORS

Left	Op	ght	Return
	abs	sg	sg
	•	sg	sg
u/l	+,-	u/l	u/l
uv	+,-,*,/,mod.rep	uv	uv
lv	lv +,-,*,/,mod _m,**		lv
un	un +,-,*,/,r d,rem,**		un
sg	+,- * ,mod,rem,**	sg	sg
un	,<=,>=,=,/=	un	bool
sg	<,>,<=,>=,=,/=	sg	bool
	not	un	un
	not	sg	sg
un	and,nand,or,nor,xor	un	un
sg	and,nand,or,nor,xor,xnor	sg	sg
uv	sla,sra,sll,srl,rol,ror	uv	uv
lv	sla,sra,sll,srl,rol,ror	lv	lv
un	sla,sra,sll,srl,rol,ror	un	un
sg	sla,sra,sll,srl,rol,ror	sg	sg

9.3 PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

ZERO_EXTEND(uv lv un, na)	same
ZERO_EXTEND(u/l, na)	Iv
SIGN_EXTEND(sg, na)	sg
AND_REDUCE(uv Iv un sg)	u/I
OR_REDUCE(uv lv un sg)	u/I
XOR_REDUCE(uv lv un sg)	u/I

9.4 Conversion Functions

From	То	Function
u/l,uv,lv,un,sg	in	TO_INTEGER(from)
u/l,uv,lv,un,sg	in	CONV_INTEGER(from)
bool	u/l	TO_STDLOGIC(from)
na	un	TO_UNSIGNED(from,size)
na	un	CONV_UNSIGNED(from,size)
h	sg	TO SIGNED(from, size)
in	sg	CONV_SIGNED(from,size)
na	lv	TO_STDLOGICVECTOR(from,size)
na	uv	TO_STDULOGICVECTOR(from,size)

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Comentários Finais

- No final desta aula deverá ser capaz de:
 - Utilizar as construções de VHDL
 - for...generate
 - if...generate
 - Conhecer alguns dos atributos pré-definidos de VHDL
 - Consultar em reference cards de VHDL as construções da linguagem abordadas em LSD