## Cálculo I - Agrupamento IV

2018/2019

# Soluções da Ficha de Exercícios 2

1. (a) 
$$x^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^2 + 7x + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(b) 
$$\frac{3}{4}\sqrt[3]{x^4} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{x^4}{2} + x + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{(\operatorname{arctg} x)^2}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) 
$$\ln|1+x^3|+c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(f) 
$$-\frac{1}{6x^6} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(g) 
$$\frac{1}{8}\ln(2+4x^2) + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}\operatorname{arctg}(\sqrt{2}x) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(h) 
$$\sin x^4 + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(i) 
$$-\sqrt{1-x^2}+c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

$$(j) -\frac{\cos^6 x}{6} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(k) 
$$-\ln|\cos x| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(l) 
$$\frac{(\ln x)^2}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(m) 
$$e^{\operatorname{tg} x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(n) 
$$\frac{1}{2 \ln 7} 7^{x^2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(o) 
$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\cos(\sqrt{2}x) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(p) 
$$\frac{x^2}{2} + \ln|x| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(q) 
$$-\frac{1}{5\sqrt{7+5x^2}} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(r) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
arctg $(x^4) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(s) 
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
arcsen  $(x^3) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(t) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{7}$$
 arctg  $\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{7}}\right) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(u) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
arctg  $\left(\frac{x+1}{2}\right) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(v) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
arctg  $(x^2) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(w) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
arcsen  $(x^2) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(x) 
$$-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^4} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

2. (a) 
$$e^{\arcsin x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(b) 
$$\operatorname{tg} x - x + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(c) 
$$\operatorname{sen}(\ln x) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(d) 
$$-\frac{3}{\ln^2(4x)} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) 
$$-\frac{1}{15(e^{3x}-2)^5} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(f) 
$$\frac{\lg^2 x}{2} + \ln|\cos x| + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(g) 
$$\arcsin(\ln x) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(h) 
$$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{(1+e^x)^3} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(i) 
$$\ln |\ln x| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(j) 
$$2e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(k) 
$$\ln|x + \sin x| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(1) 
$$\frac{e}{2}\ln(e^{2x}+3)+c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(m) 
$$-\frac{\cos(x^6)}{6} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(n) 
$$-\frac{1}{2}(\arccos x)^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2} + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(o) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
sen  $(\ln(x^2)) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

## 3. Resolvido

4. 
$$F(x) = 2 \ln|x| - \frac{3}{x} - 2$$

5. 
$$\frac{\pi}{8}(\sqrt{2}-2)$$

6. 
$$F(x) = -\frac{1}{x} + x - \frac{3}{2}$$

7. 
$$F(x) = 3\text{sen}(\ln x) + 2$$

8. 
$$g(x) = \operatorname{arctg}(\operatorname{arctg} x) - \operatorname{arctg}(\pi/2)$$

#### 9. (a) Resolvido

(b) 
$$x \operatorname{sen} x + \cos x + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(c) 
$$x^2 \operatorname{sen} x + 2x \operatorname{cos} x - 2 \operatorname{sen} x + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(d) 
$$-\frac{2x+3}{3}e^{-3x} - \frac{2}{9}e^{-3x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) 
$$x(\ln^2 x - 2\ln x + 2) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(f) 
$$x \ln x - x + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(g) 
$$x \ln(x^2 + 1) - 2(x - \arctan x) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(h) 
$$\frac{x^2}{2}$$
 arctg  $x - \frac{1}{2}(x - \arctan x) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(i) 
$$\frac{x}{2}\cos(\ln x) + \frac{x}{2}\sin(\ln x) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(j) 
$$\frac{-e^{2x}\cos x + 2e^{2x}\operatorname{sen} x}{5} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(k) 
$$\frac{x \operatorname{sen} (\ln x) - x \cos(\ln x)}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(l) 
$$x \operatorname{arcsen} x + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(m) 
$$\frac{x^2}{2}$$
 arcsen  $(x^2) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 - x^4} + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(n) 
$$\frac{1}{2}e^{x^2}(x^2-1)+c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(o) 
$$x \arctan x - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1 + x^2) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(p) 
$$x \arctan \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x^2) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(q) 
$$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3} \ln x - \frac{4}{9}\sqrt{x^3} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(r) 
$$\frac{\cos x \cos(3x) + 3\sin x \sin(3x)}{8} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(s) 
$$\frac{\cos x \operatorname{sen} x + x}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(t) 
$$\frac{\sec x t g x + \ln|\sec x + t g x|}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(u) 
$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$
 -  $\arcsin x + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

## 10. (a) Resolvido

(b) 
$$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3} - x + 2\sqrt{x} - 2\ln|\sqrt{x} + 1| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(c) 
$$-\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(d) 
$$-\frac{\sqrt{4+x^2}}{4x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{x}\right) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(f) 
$$-\frac{2}{3}(1-x)\sqrt{1-x} - \frac{2}{7}(1-x)^3\sqrt{1-x} + \frac{4}{5}(1-x)^2\sqrt{1-x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(g) 
$$2 \operatorname{arcsen} \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x(2-x^2)\sqrt{4-x^2}}{4} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(h) 
$$\arccos \frac{1}{x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(i) 
$$-\frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x^2+4}}{x} + \frac{2}{x} \right| + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(j) -\frac{\sqrt{9-x^2}}{9x} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(k) 
$$2 \arcsin \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{(x+1)\sqrt{2-(x+1)^2}}{2} + 2\sqrt{2-(x+1)^2} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(l) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2-7}}{7x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(m) 
$$\frac{6}{7}x\sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{6}{5}\sqrt[6]{x^5} + 2\sqrt{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} + 6 \arctan \sqrt[6]{x} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(n) 
$$\frac{1}{48}(2x+5)^{12} - \frac{5}{44}(2x+5)^{11} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(o) 
$$-\frac{3}{8} \left( \frac{1-x}{1+x} \right)^{\frac{4}{3}} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(p) 
$$2e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x}-1)+c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(q) 
$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \sqrt{1 + \ln x} \right)^3 - 2\sqrt{1 + \ln x} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(r) 
$$2\sqrt{\operatorname{tg} x - 1} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

11. (a) Resolvido

(b) 
$$-\ln|x-2| + \frac{5}{4}\ln|x-3| - \frac{1}{4}\ln|x+1| + c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{1}{8} \ln |x - 1| - \frac{1}{8} \ln |x + 1| + \frac{1}{4(x+1)} + \frac{1}{4(x+1)^2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(d) 
$$\frac{1}{12} \ln|x+2| - \frac{1}{24} \ln(x^2 - 2x + 4) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{12} \operatorname{arctg}\left(\frac{x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(e) 
$$\frac{x^7}{7} - \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^3}{3} - x + \arctan x + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(f) 
$$-\ln|x| - \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2}\ln(1+x^2) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(g) 
$$-\frac{2}{x} - \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(h) 
$$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 4x + 2 \ln|x| + 5 \ln|x - 2| - 3 \ln|x + 2| + c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(i) 
$$\ln |x-1| - \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{1}{2(x-1)^2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(j) 
$$-\frac{3}{4}\ln|x| - \frac{1}{4x} + \frac{13}{16}\ln|x-2| + \frac{15}{16}\ln|x+2| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(k) 
$$\frac{1}{3}(2\ln|x-1|-\ln(x^2+x+1))+c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(l) 
$$\frac{1}{4}(4x + \ln|x - 1| - \ln|x + 1| - 2\operatorname{arctg} x) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(m) 
$$\ln|x| - \frac{1}{2}\ln(1+x^2) + \frac{1}{2(x^2+1)} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(n) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\ln(x^2+4x+5) - \arctan(x+2) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

12. (a) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\theta - \frac{1}{4}\text{sen}(2\theta) + c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(b) 
$$\frac{3}{8}x - \frac{1}{4}\text{sen}(2x) + \frac{1}{32}\text{sen}(4x) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(c) 
$$-\frac{\cos^3 x}{3} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(d) 
$$-\cos x + \frac{1}{3}\cos^3 x + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) 
$$-\frac{\cos^3 x}{3} + \frac{2}{5}\cos^5 x - \frac{\cos^7 x}{7} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(f) 
$$\sin x - \frac{\sin^3 x}{3} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(g) 
$$\ln |\sqrt{\frac{2+x^2}{2}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}| + c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(h) 
$$-2\cos\sqrt{x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(i) 
$$3 \ln |x-3| - 2 \ln |x-2| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(j) 
$$\operatorname{arcsen}(x-1) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(k) 
$$\frac{(1+x^2)^2\sqrt{1+x^2}}{5} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(1) 
$$x - 2\sqrt{x} + 2\ln(1 + \sqrt{x}) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(m) 
$$\frac{x^2}{2} \ln x - \frac{x^2}{4} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(n) 
$$\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{8}\ln(e^{2x} + 4) + \frac{1}{2}\arctan\frac{e^x}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(o) 
$$x \operatorname{tg} x + \ln|\cos x| + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

$$(p) -\frac{1}{2(1-\cos x)^2} + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(q) 
$$(\frac{2}{3}x^3 + 3x)$$
 arctg  $x - \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{7}{6}\ln(1+x^2) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(r) 
$$\ln \left| \frac{x+1+\sqrt{(x+1)^2-4}}{2} \right| + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(s) 
$$2\sqrt{1+e^x} + \ln|\sqrt{1+e^x} - 1| - \ln(\sqrt{1+e^x} + 1) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(t) 
$$2 \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{e^x - 1} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(u) 
$$\frac{1}{12}$$
sen  $(6x) + \frac{1}{8}$ sen  $(4x) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(v) 
$$-2\sqrt{\cos x} + \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{\cos^5 x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(w) 
$$-\frac{1}{3}\cos^3 x + \frac{2}{5}\cos^5 x - \frac{1}{7}\cos^7 x + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

$$(\mathbf{x}) \ \frac{1}{2} \ln(\ln^2 x + 1) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

13. 
$$F(x) = -\ln|\cos x| + 3$$

14. 
$$f(x) = 2\ln(e^x + 3) - \ln 4$$

15. 
$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 2x + 1$$

16. (a) 
$$-\frac{1}{2}e^{\cos(2x)} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(b) 
$$4\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} + \sqrt[4]{x} + \ln(\sqrt[4]{x} - 1)\right) + c, \ c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(c) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2-9}}{9x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(d) 
$$\frac{x^3}{3}$$
 arctg  $x - \frac{x^2}{6} - \frac{1}{6}\ln(1+x^2) + c$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(e) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \ln |x| - \frac{1}{4} \ln(4+x^2) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg}(\frac{x}{2}) + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(f) 
$$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{1+x^3}+c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(g) 
$$-\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(h) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(\ln(x^2+1)-2\ln|x|+6\arctan x)+c, c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(i) 
$$\frac{1}{1+\operatorname{sen} x} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(j) 
$$\frac{x^2+1}{2}\ln(1+x^2) - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

(k) 
$$\operatorname{sen} x \cdot \ln(\operatorname{sen} x) - \operatorname{sen} x + c, \quad c \in \mathbb{R}$$

(l) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\arccos\left(\frac{2}{x}\right) + c$$
,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

17. 
$$f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x^2 - 2x + 2}{x^2}\right) + 3\arctan\left(x - 1\right) - \frac{3\pi}{2}$$