

U.PORTO

FEUP FACULDADE DE ENGENHARIA
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SCRIPTING LANGUAGES

Desenvolvimento de Jogos de Computador

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DEFINITION

“Scripting language: (skript'ing lang'gwij) ***(n.)*** *A high-level programming language that is interpreted by another program at runtime rather than compiled by the computer's processor as other programming languages (such as C and C++) are.”*

in webopedia

“Pretty much, simplified programming.” in League of Legend Forum

SCRIPTING LANGUAGES

GameMonkey



squirrel
The programming language

python



PAWNSCRIPT

TinyScheme

angelscript



`#!/bin/bash`

GAMES & SCRIPTS

Many games use scripting languages for animation and game play logic.

Sometimes you can extend the game actions, scenarios and missions using scripts.

This is a great way to give power to the game owner (*player*).



SCRIPTING LANGUAGE PROPRIETIES

- 🐜 Almost all scripting languages are cross-platform besides the ones that are specific to the operative system (Bash, PowerShell, AppleScript)
- 🐜 The level of access to game engine can vary:
 - 🐜 When its used to create a game the scripting language can interact directly with the game engine.
 - 🐜 When its used by the players the access is high-level, and may depend on the game and the implementation of it.
- 🐜 Integrate very well into many languages, particularly C/C++.

CASE STUDY

GARRY'S MOD



- 🐜 Garry's mod is an open world game.
- 🐜 You can create everything like buildings, weapons and characters, gamemodes and other neat features.
- 🐜 Lua is the scripting language used to create and animate anything you want to add to the game.



CASE STUDY

GARRY'S MOD



```
-----  
-- ENT:HaveEnemy()  
-- Returns true if we have an enemy  
-----  
function ENT:HaveEnemy()  
    -- If our current enemy is valid  
    if ( self:GetEnemy() and IsValid(self:GetEnemy()) ) then  
        -- If the enemy is too far  
        if ( self:GetRangeTo(self:GetEnemy():GetPos()) > self.LoseTargetDist ) then  
            -- If the enemy is lost then call FindEnemy() to look for a new one  
            -- FindEnemy() will return true if an enemy is found, making this function return true  
            return self:FindEnemy()  
        -- If the enemy is dead( we have to check if its a player before we use Alive() )  
        elseif ( self:GetEnemy():IsPlayer() and !self:GetEnemy():Alive() ) then  
            return self:FindEnemy()    -- Return false if the search finds nothing  
        end  
        -- The enemy is neither too far nor too dead so we can return true  
        return true  
    else  
        -- The enemy isn't valid so lets look for a new one  
        return self:FindEnemy()  
    end  
end  
end
```

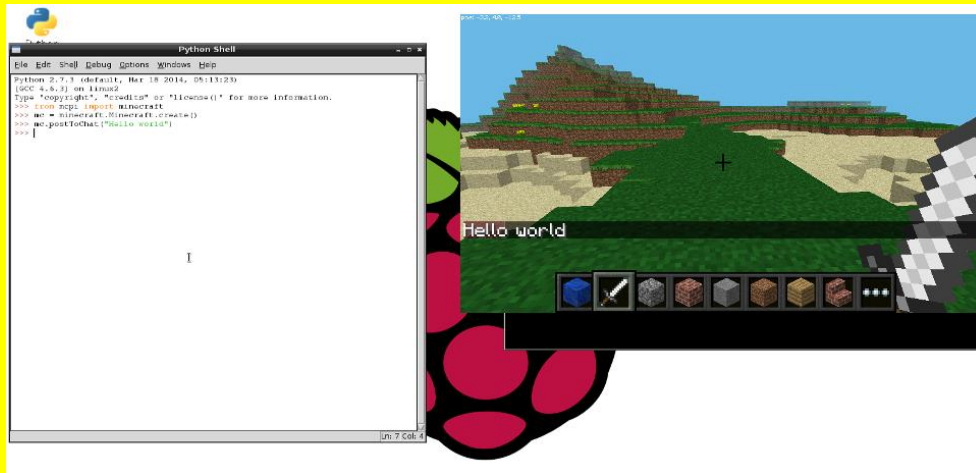


CASE STUDY

MINECRAFT PI



RaspberryPi



🐞 Minecraft free version built for Raspberry Pi.

🐞 Uses Python scripting language for manipulating the world.

🐞 Principally used as a programming teaching tool for kids!

SCRIPTING ADVANTAGES

- 🐍 Flexibility of type defining.
- 🐍 Rapid turnaround of interpretation.
- 🐍 Higher level semantics.
- 🐍 Development speed.
- 🐍 Ease of learning.

SCRIPTING DISADVANTAGES

- 🐛 Syntactic and other limitations.
- 🐛 Tend to limit their efficiency and expressive power.
- 🐛 Have very limited support for concurrency, data structuring, information hiding, object-oriented programming, regular expressions, etc.
- 🐛 Disturbingly easy to write bugs into the script-side of your game code that are very difficult to detect because due to the use of specific language features they will only trigger in very specific unforeseen circumstances, at **runtime**.

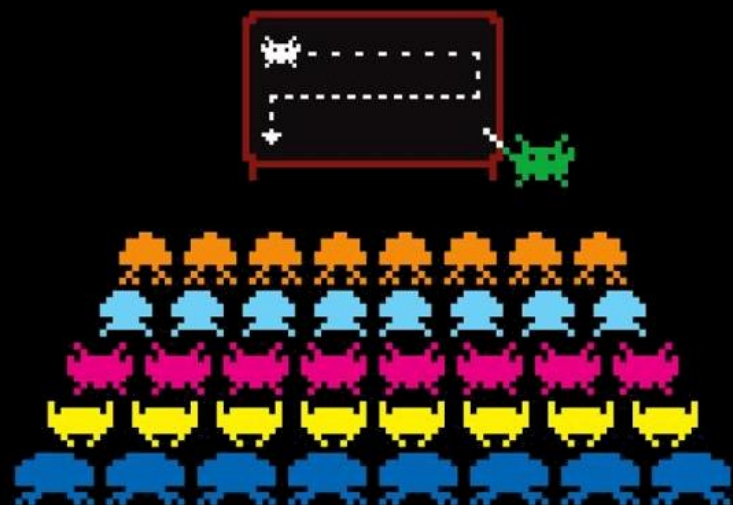
USEFUL LINKS

 Lua Language: <http://www.lua.org/>

 Squirrel Language: <http://squirrel-lang.org/>

 Raspberry Pi + Python: <http://www.raspberrypi.org/resources/learn/>

 Garry's mod: http://wiki.garrysmod.com/page/Category:Lua_Tutorials



THANK YOU! | Questions?