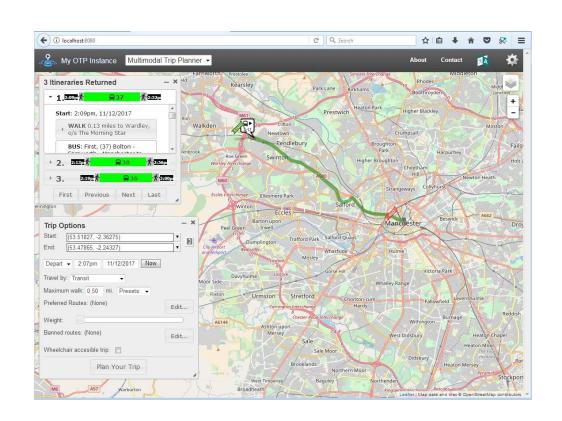
OpenTripPlanner – creating and querying your own multi-modal route planner

Marcus Young

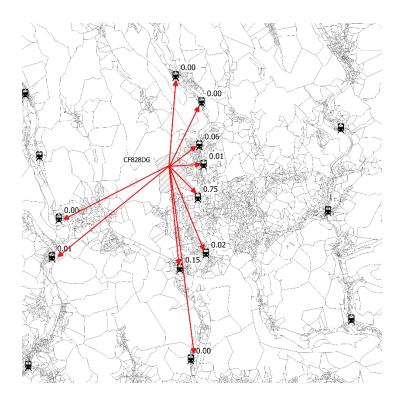
Transportation Research Group University of Southampton

16 November 2017

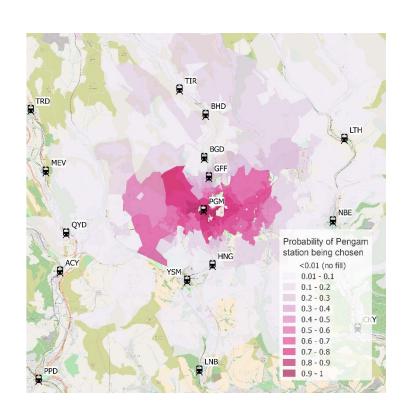




Key part of my research was developing station choice models to define probabilistic station catchments

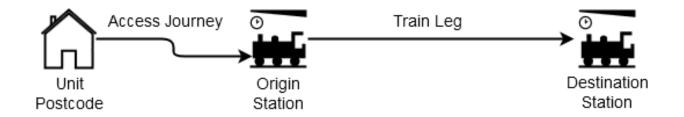


Probability of alternative stations being chosen for a postcode



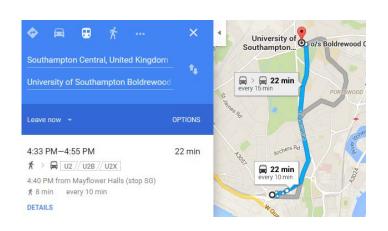
Probabilistic catchment for a station

To calibrate models I needed data on station access journeys and the train leg



individual	Choice set	Chosen	Distance (road)		Duration (mode	Train leg duration		Wait time	Transfers	On-train time	Fare
	300		(rodd)	•	specific)	daration	time		,	· · · · · ·	
1556	ADR		1 0.64	2.48	9.40	28.33	2.33	0	0	26	6.40
1556	COA		2.06	6.13	26.63	26.33	2.33	0	0	24	6.20
1556	WFF		3.94	12.93	41.12	43.00	0.00	6	1	37	6.40
1556	CBC		3.85	13.20	50.12	41.00	0.00	6	1	35	6.40
1556	HLY		7.66	16.03	83.55	34.10	8.10	0	0	26	6.90
1556	KWD		5.69	20.10	68.62	58.10	8.10	0	0	50	6.20
1556	BAI		5.17	14.73	65.30	19.33	2.33	0	0	17	5.80
1556	CBS		3.85	11.27	48.67	23.33	2.33	0	0	21	5.90
1556	CRF		0 8.22	17.32	97.47	36.10	8.10	0	0	28	6.90
1556	DRU		0 3.35	8.92	37.18	33.33	2.33	0	0	31	6.70

Variety of route planning tools were considered, but found unsuitable and rejected



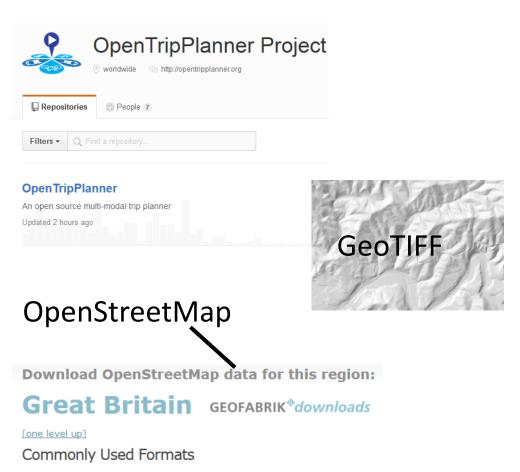


Online services - not free and restricted to current services - not useful for planning or retrospective analysis



Commercial desktop options – expensive, and restrictive.

OpenTripPlanner was selected – open source, crossplatform, with web interface and routing API

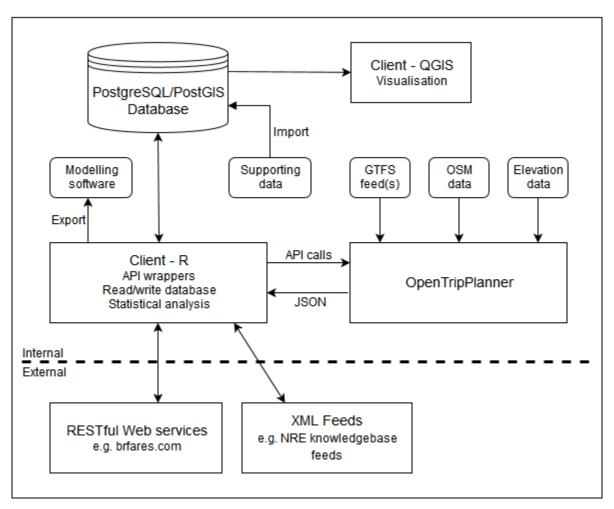


GTFS A Guide to the GENERAL TENSIT FEED SOMERATION Table names of tat files shown in red boxes. Fields linking tables in redtext fare_rules ROUTES routes CALENDAR stap times Not Shown feed infath, frequencies that

Source: http://blog.openplans.org/2012/08/the-openplans-guide-to-gtfs-data/

- great-britain-latest.osm.pbf, suitable for Osmium, Osmosis, imposm, osm2r
 MB; MD5 sum: 44e78474cf51050df45c8be0cdf1bd25.
- great-britain-latest.shp.zip is not available for this region; try one of the s

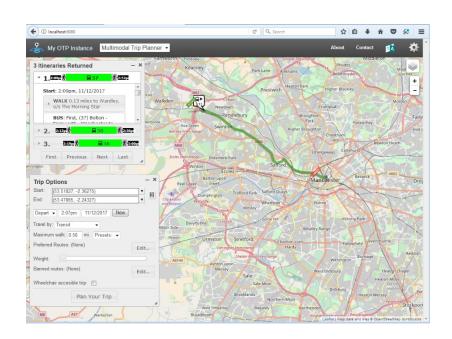
An automated framework to derive explanatory variables from disparate open transport data sources



From: Young, Marcus. 2016. "An automated framework to derive model variables from open transport data using R, PostgreSQL and OpenTripPlanner." Paper presented at 24th GIS Research, UK Conference.

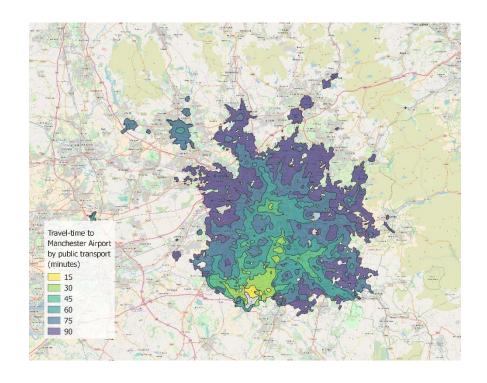
Tutorial – Part 1 (approx. 25 mins)

- Build an OTP network graph for Greater Manchester and then launch your OTP instance and test the web interface.
- https://github.com/marcusyoung/otp-tutorial
 - intro-otp.pdf
 - materials.zip



Tutorial – Part 2 (approx. 40 mins)

- Query the OTP Isochrone API to obtain travel-time polygons for accessing Manchester Airport.
- Assess impact of new service
- No OTP instance? Use: otp.graspit.co.uk



Tutorial – Part 3 (approx. 40 mins)

- Use an R script to automate querying the OTP route planner API
- Look up route to Manchester Airport by public transport for each LSOA in Greater Manchester

code	easting	northing	latlong	status	${\tt duration}$	waitingtime	transfers
1 E01005756	391223	392954	53.43329,-2.13357	OK	49.50	10.03	1
2 E01005757	390660	391186	53.41739,-2.14199	OK	41.95	0.03	0
3 E01005754	390870	392662	53.43066,-2.13888	OK	55.47	10.03	1
4 E01005755	391140	391965	53.4244,-2.13479	OK	44.23	10.03	1

