

I Semester B.B.A. Examination, March 2023 (CBCS) (2014 – 2015 and Onwards) (Repeaters) 1.5 : QUANTITATIVE METHODS FOR BUSINESS – I

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: Answers should be written in English only.

SECTION - A

Answer any five sub-questions. Each carries 2 marks.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- a) What is natural number?
 - b) Find the HCF of 20, 32 and 48.
 - c) What do you mean by linear equation?
 - d) Find the LCM of 40, 72 and 135.
 - e) What is scalar matrix?
 - f) Solve for 'x' if 3x + 6 = 27.
 - g) Find the simple interest @ 10% p.a. for 5 years on ₹ 10,000.

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions from the following. Each carries 6 marks. (3x6=18)

Solve the equation by Elimination method.

$$x + y = 15$$
 and $3x - y = 21$.

- Find the difference between the simple interest and compound interest on ₹ 3,000 in 3 years at 4% p.a.
- 4. Solve by Cramer's rule :

$$3x + 2y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 5$$
.

- The price of 2 kg of rice and 5 kgs of wheat is ₹ 85 and price of 3 kgs of rice and 8 kgs of wheat is ₹ 132. Find the price of rice and wheat.
- If the 3rd and 6th term of a A.P. are 7 and 13 respectively. Find the A. P. and the 15th term.

SECTION - C

Answer any three of the following. Each question carries 14 marks. $(3\times14=42)$

- 7. a) A bill for ₹84,000 was drawn on 2-04-2021 at 6 months date. It was discounted on 12-05-2021 at 10% p.a. Calculate:
 - Bankers discount
 - ii) True discount
 - iii) Bankers gain.
 - b) The present age of three persons are in the ratio of 4:7:9. Eight years ago, the sum of their ages was 56. Find their present ages.
- 8. a) Solve for x:

b) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

verify (AB)' = B'A' ·

- 9. a) A sum of three terms in A.P. is 36 and their product is 1536. Find the numbers.
 - b) A sum of three terms in G.P. is 26 and their product is 216. Find the numbers.

10. a) Solve for A and B in
$$2A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3 \\ 6 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $3A + 2B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$.

b) Solve by Cramer's rule.

$$6x + 5y = 2$$

$$4x - 3y = 14$$

- a) Nine tables and eight chairs cost ₹ 456. Eight tables and nine chairs cost ₹ 462. Determine the cost of each table and chair.
 - b) Find the HCF and LCM of 440, 1800 and 2800.