# **Technical Notes**

This project involved building a digital humanities exhibit from the ground up using a range of digital tools and platforms. Below is a summary of the technical objectives completed, the challenges encountered, and the troubleshooting strategies applied during development.

# Omeka Installation and Project Development

### **Technical Objectives Completed**

- Installed and configured Omeka Classic 3.1.2 in a local development environment using XAMPP on Windows 11.
- Created a new MySQL database and user specifically for the Omeka site using phpMyAdmin.
- Modified the db.ini file with secure, custom database credentials and connection information.
- Uncommented the SetEnv APPLICATION\_ENV development line in the .htaccess file for detailed error reporting
- Resolved file path issues to ensure Omeka loaded correctly at http://localhost/omeka.
- Completed the Omeka installation by configuring the site title, admin account, and upload settings via the browser-based setup screen.
- Installed and configured ImageMagick to generate thumbnails and derivatives for Omeka items locally.
- Verified Omeka site functionality after installation and navigated to the admin dashboard.
- Recovered from database errors related to aria\_log\_control using the aria\_chk recovery tool.
- Backed up and restored mysql system tables, including columns\_priv.MAI after corruption.
- Verified proper operation of all Omeka site components after restoration and migration.
- Established a working backup routine including site files, MySQL databases, and configuration files.
- Switched to Laragon after repeated issues with XAMPP's stability and service startup failures.
   Laragon proved more reliable for local Omeka development.

#### **Technical Challenges Encountered**

- Access Denied error when launching XAMPP Control Panel:
   Encountered a Cannot Create File "xampp-control.ini" error due to missing admin rights.
- phpMyAdmin login issues:
   Error Access Denied for user 'pma'@'localhost' and 'root'@'localhost' due to invalid or missing MySQL credentials.

- Omeka not launching properly:
   Initially saw a raw directory listing instead of the Omeka installer because the folder structure was incorrect.
- Omeka Encountered an Error screen with no visible logs:
   Required enabling error logging to display useful debugging output.
- ImageMagick path unknown during setup:
   Needed to identify and supply the correct path to the ImageMagick convert executable required for image processing.
- Encountered a missing 'database' section error in db.ini.
- Database corruption involving the aria\_log\_control file and .MAI table structures after improper shutdown or file loss.
- Encountered the MySQL Server Has Gone Away error due to service interruptions or crashes.
- Faced a login authentication error: Access denied for user 'omeka\_user'@'%localhost' to database 'omeka\_db'.
- db.ini parsing failed due to:
  - Quotation marks around values.
  - Incorrect section headers or misplaced characters.
- Encountered MariaDB ERROR 1396 (HY000) when trying to update an existing user's password improperly.
- Initial startup issues with MySQL service due to missing or broken control files in the data directory.

#### **Troubleshooting and Solutions**

- Ran XAMPP as Administrator to fix the .ini write permissions error.
- Manually created the Omeka MySQL database and user in phpMyAdmin with specific credentials, then updated db.ini to match.
- Reorganized Omeka files into the proper directory (htdocs/omeka) to avoid the directory listing issue.
- Enabled error visibility in Omeka by editing application/config/config.ini, setting display\_errors = On and log.errors = true.
- Confirmed ImageMagick installation by checking the XAMPP path and entering it into the Omeka install form (e.g. C:\xampp\imagemagick). Configured settings through config.ini. Later configured for Laragon.
- Fixed the missing 'database' section error by properly specifying the [database] header and correcting syntax.

- Used aria\_chk -r -o -f to repair corrupted .MAI system tables and restore MySQL functionality.
- Resolved permission and access issues by:
  - Recreating the database user with the correct password.
  - Using GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES followed by FLUSH PRIVILEGES.
- Rewrote the db.ini file without quotes, ensuring correct host, username, password, dbname, and port.
- Used mysqldump and phpMyAdmin to export and import database backups safely.
- Verified and adjusted MySQL's port number to match Laragon/XAMPP configuration.
- Checked and aligned Omeka's database connection settings with actual MySQL user credentials.
- Fixed InnoDB corruption in the local MySQL database, restoring all data tables and salvaging broken collections through a combination of MySQL commands and backups.
- Successfully migrated a complete Omeka project (files, metadata, database) from XAMPP to Laragon, preserving the local exhibit structure.
- Verified database and file path integrity post-migration and ensured plugin functionality across environments.
- Backed up all Omeka files and exported the MySQL database for future restoration if needed.

# **Deployment and Hosting**

# **Technical Objectives Completed**

- Migrated the Omeka project to a remote hosting environment on Google Cloud Platform using a free-tier virtual machine (VM) running Ubuntu 22.04 LTS.
- Installed and configured Apache, MariaDB (MySQL), and PHP with required extensions for Omeka.
- Secured the MariaDB installation and created a dedicated Omeka database and user.
- Deployed Omeka Classic by uploading the application files, setting appropriate file permissions, and configuring the db.ini file.
- Imported an existing Omeka SQL database backup to restore project content, metadata, and exhibit structure.
- Enabled Apache's mod\_rewrite and properly configured virtual host settings to ensure Omeka functioned correctly over the web.
- Set up SSH key authentication for secure access to the VM.
- Used Google Cloud Console's browser-based SSH terminal and CLI tools to manage server and file operations.

- Successfully launched the public-facing digital exhibit from the cloud-based Omeka installation, maintaining full access to the admin dashboard and site editing tools.
- Reserved a static external IP address in Google Cloud to maintain a consistent public endpoint.
- Registered a custom domain name via Cloudflare and updated DNS A records for both @ and www to point to the static IP.
- Configured Apache Virtual Hosts to correctly serve the Omeka site at both www and root (@) domains.
- Installed Certbot and set up Let's Encrypt to serve the site securely over HTTPS.
- Verified that both https://theroyalarchives.org/ and https://www.theroyalarchives.org/ display the correct Omeka site with a valid SSL certificate.
- Configured SMTP email delivery in Omeka by editing config.ini to use a secure third-party mail server, enabling email delivery through the Contact form.
- Enabled reCAPTCHA for the Contact form by generating API keys, updating Omeka site settings, and testing both visible and invisible CAPTCHA responses for bot protection.

### **Technical Challenges Encountered**

- Initially attempted to launch the project using Omeka.net, however, several limitations appeared:
  - Inability to upload XML files for TEI encoding.
  - No access to the server, database, or file system.
  - Restricted plugin support and lack of customization options.
- Switched to Oracle Cloud, but persistent system hangs, stalled dnf operations, and package manager timeouts due to low-memory limitations in the free-tier configuration rendered software installation unreliable. Made the final switch to Google Cloud.
- SSH authentication errors caused by:
  - Mismatched or missing key files
  - Inconsistencies in email vs. username headers in .pub keys
  - · Key disappearance or permission issues across both local (WSL) and cloud terminals
- WSL and scp failed to consistently recognize Windows-mounted file paths, resulting in upload errors and broken transfers.
- Omeka installer displayed mod\_rewrite errors due to missing Apache configuration directives.
- SQL file uploads appeared empty after being moved into the VM, leading to repeated failures to import the database.

- Switching between multiple development environments (XAMPP, Laragon, Oracle VM, Google VM) introduced inconsistencies in MySQL user credentials and db.ini settings that caused admin login errors after database restoration.
- Google Cloud's SDK tools and WSL terminal occasionally conflicted in permissions and path resolution while attempting file uploads.
- Initial DNS propagation delays and Apache misconfiguration resulted in theroyalarchives.org showing the default Apache page, while www.theroyalarchives.org loaded the Omeka site correctly.

#### **Troubleshooting and Solutions**

- Switched from Oracle Cloud to Google Cloud Platform after repeated VM resource and network issues.
- Regenerated SSH key pairs directly within WSL to simplify authentication and manually managed .ssh/authorized\_keys. Did the same in Google Cloud Console's browser-based SSH terminal when WSL continued to encounter errors.
- Bypassed unreliable file transfer methods by uploading ZIP archives directly to the browser-based VM terminal, then unzipping and moving content with mv inside the VM.
- Verified successful file uploads using ls, head, and file size checks before attempting to move SQL imports.
- Ensured proper Apache configuration by adding AllowOverride All directives and <Directory /var/www/html> blocks to the default virtual host file, resolving mod\_rewrite errors.
- Confirmed SQL file content before import by checking its location and size; re-exported the database to ensure a working backup.
- Adjusted login expectations after restoring the old database with different admin credentials than originally set during VM setup.
- Maintained a streamlined toolset and fallback strategy, using browser-based access for all critical operations when SDK or WSL presented barriers.
- Reserved a static external IP address to prevent changes each time the VM restarted, which resolved DNS mismatches.
- Fixed root domain (theroyalarchives.org) misrouting by editing Apache's DocumentRoot and ServerName directives and reloading the service.
- Installed Let's Encrypt SSL certificates via Certbot and confirmed valid HTTPS access from both domain variants.
- Validated all DNS and SSL setup with live testing and browser inspection tools.

### **General Project Notes**

# **Technical Objectives Completed**

- Encoded four medieval letters in TEI/XML using Oxygen XML Editor, incorporating structured markup for people, places, institutions, roles, and rhetorical features.
- Uploaded plain text, XML, and PNG files to Omeka Classic.
- Used Voyant Tools to analyze both individual and corpus-level letter content, generating visualizations such as Cirrus wordclouds, word trends, and KWIC statistics.
- Used ProWritingAid to check and refine all exhibit prose for grammar, clarity, and tone.
- Applied Dublin Core metadata standards to all letters and associated analyses to ensure consistent item description and discoverability.
- Created an inventory of all item metadata using Microsoft OneNote, allowing for cross-checking and planning of Dublin Core fields across all letters and tools.
- Applied custom exhibit organization strategies, such as creating landing pages with explanatory text.
- Managed navigation logic to ensure that all exhibit sections and subpages were accessible in a meaningful order.

#### **Technical Challenges Encountered**

- Omeka's exhibit text editor did not initially display line breaks or spacing correctly.
- XML files could not be uploaded to Omeka Classic by default, due to the file type being disallowed in the system settings.

#### **Troubleshooting and Solutions**

- Incorrectly displayed line breaks and spacing were resolved by toggling between the HTML view and plain text editor, and manually adding <br/>br> tags where necessary.
- The XML upload issue was resolved by navigating to the Security tab in Settings and adding xml and text/html to both the Allowed File Extensions and Allowed File Types fields.
- ← Previous Exhibit page
- Next Exhibit page →

Summary page: Encoded Empires: A Digital Exploration of Royal Correspondence

*Encoded Empires.* Created and maintained by Jessica Powers.

- Browse Items
- Browse Collections

- Browse Exhibits
- Contact Me

Contact Me At: powers.jessica17@gmail.com

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