






Building Photonic and Analog Circuits with

GDSFACTORY

Self Introduction

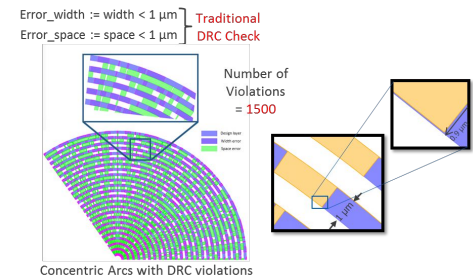
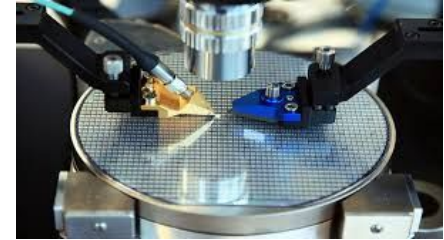
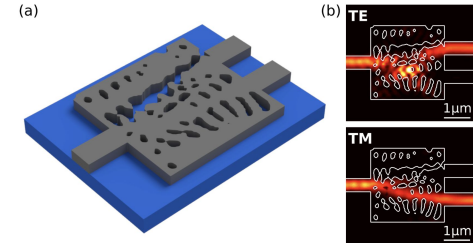


Troy Tamas

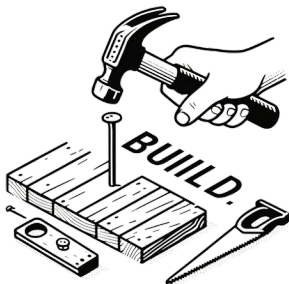
	B.S. Mechanical Engineering, 2010
	Simulation and optimization of Fluid Dynamic Bearings (FDBs) for HDD motors
	Design automation for transceivers with integrated lasers and photonic circuits
	Design automation for photonic bio-sensors. Saved \$2M/year with open source strategy
	Enabling companies to accelerate their chip development cycle with open source tools

Challenges in Photonics

- PDKs are not great
 - Most companies are designing starting at the device level
 - Many companies start even at the *process* level
 - Often difficult to fully validate a circuit
- Little standardization in packaging, test
 - Companies often waste time re-inventing
 - Requirements can vary by application
- Requirements are different from electronics
 - Often can't use “industry standard” tools as-is
 - Time is wasted building new tools or badgering vendors



Software strategies



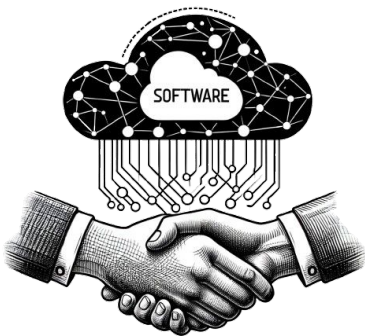
In-House Development

Limited by your engineers **time and abilities**.



Buy

Bound by vendor **limitations**.



Open Source

- **Open:** Software is maintained and tested by a large community. Code is transparent. Bugs are not mysterious.
- **Extensible:** Customize and enhance with home-built features tailored to your needs.

\$ Cost	staff	licenses + (support + services)	(staff + support)
Time	developing + training + using	learning + interacting + waiting + using	learning + contributing + using

GDSFACTORY

- Highlights
 - 2M+ downloads
 - 60+ contributors
 - 10+ PDKs
- 100% Open source, Python based
 - Works on Linux, Windows and MacOS
- Extensible Plugins





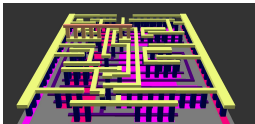
Device and
Circuit
simulations



LUMERICAL



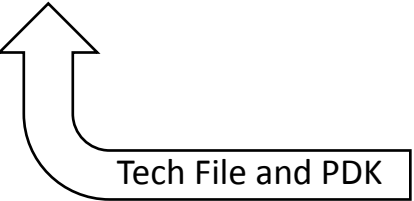
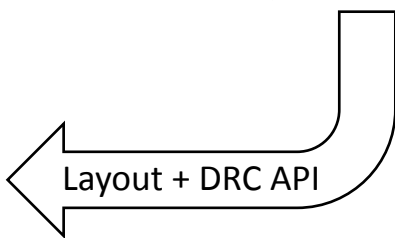
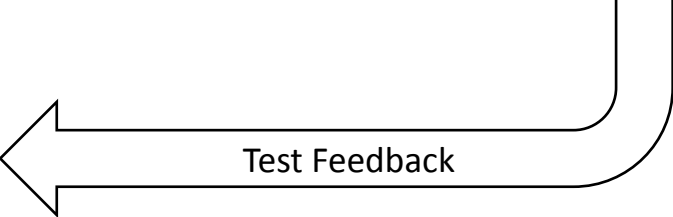
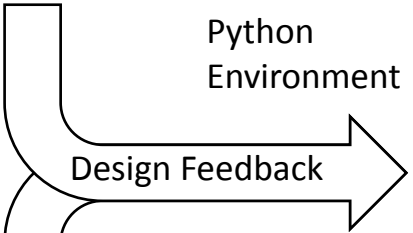
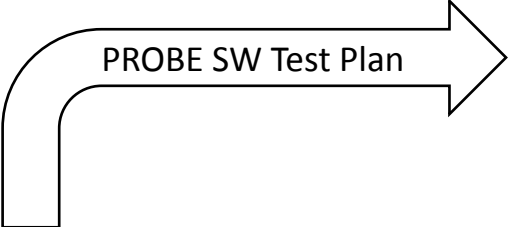
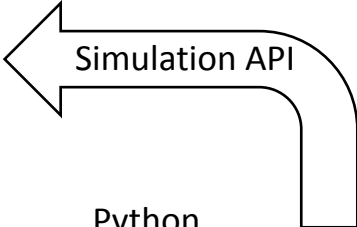
3D view



Wafer Level
Prober

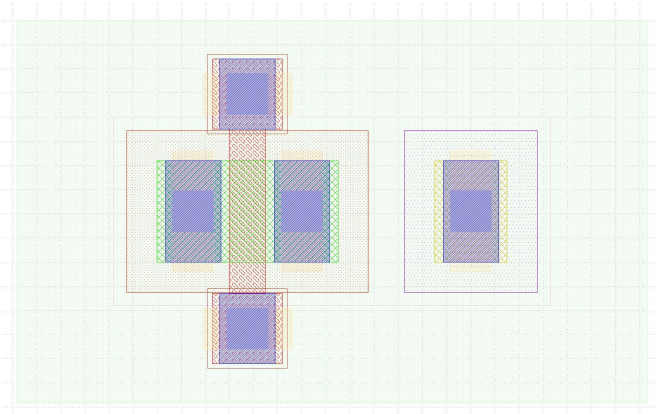


Wafer Level
Die Bonder

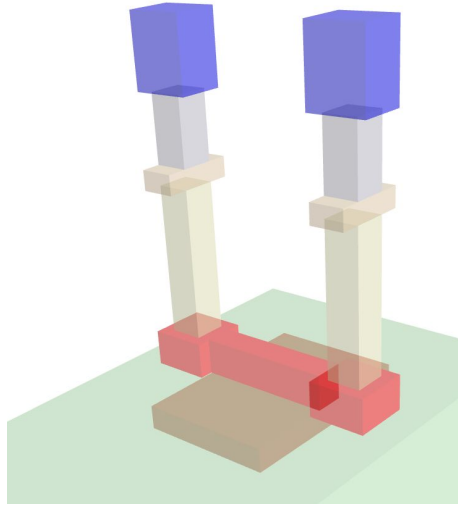


Programmatic layout

```
c = nmos(gate_length=0.15, gate_width=0.42)
c.show()
```

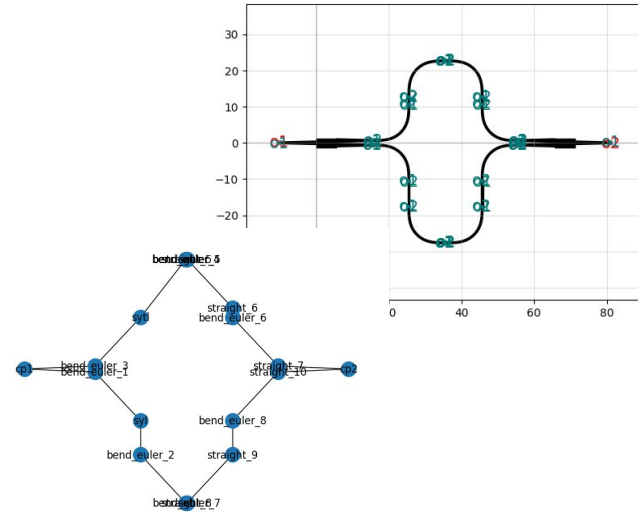


Layout → simulation



Components to circuits

Hierarchical layout and simulation



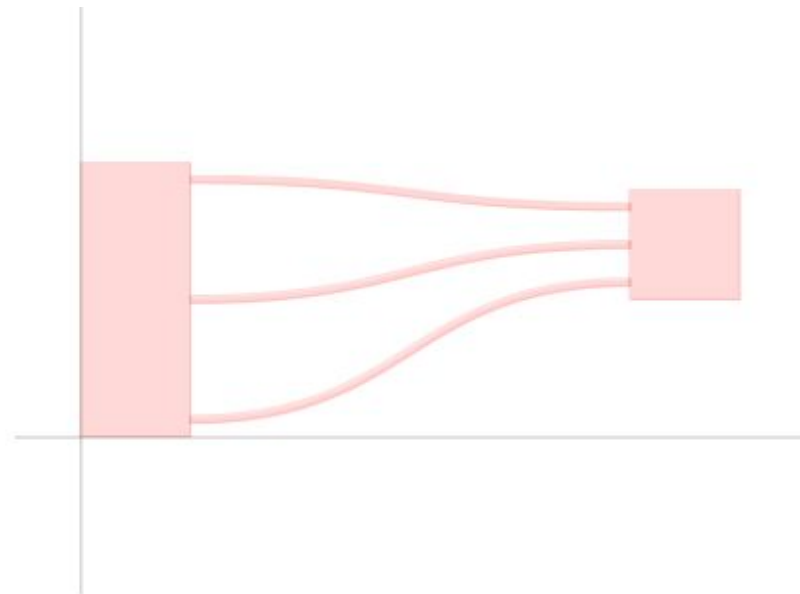
1. run python code



```
@gf.cell
def nxn_to_nxn() -> gf.Component:
    c = gf.Component()
    c1 = c.add_ref(gf.components.nxn(east=3, ysize=20))
    c2 = c.add_ref(gf.components.nxn(west=3))
    c2.move((40, 10))
    routes = gf.routing.get_bundle(
        c1.get_ports_list(orientation=0),
        c2.get_ports_list(orientation=180),
        with_sbend=True,
        enforce_port_ordering=False,
    )
    for route in routes:
        c.add(route.references)
    return c

c = nxn_to_nxn()
c.show()
```

2. Visualize GDS



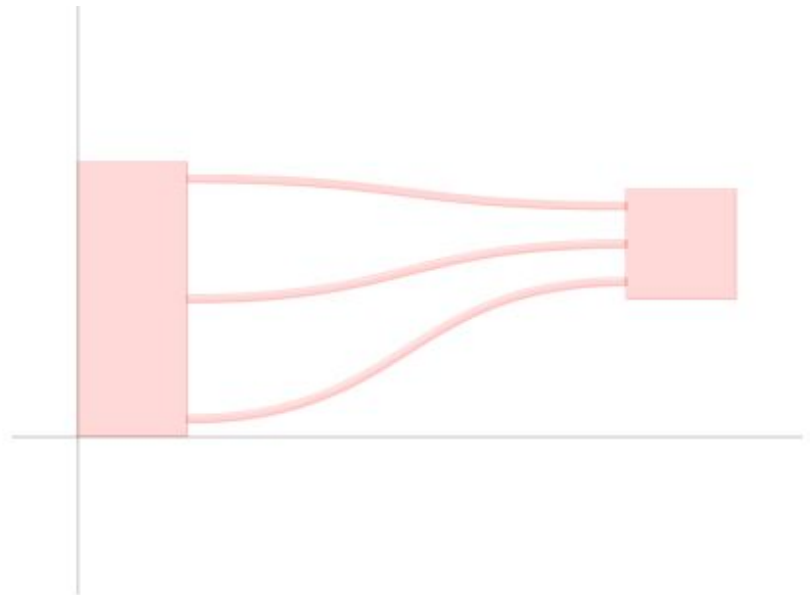


YAML flow

1. YAML

```
name: nxn_to_nxn
instances:
  c1:
    component: nxn
    settings:
      east: 3
      ysize: 20
  c2:
    component: nxn
    settings:
      west: 3
placements:
  c2:
    x: 40
    y: 10
routes:
  optical:
    routing_strategy: get_bundle
    settings:
      with_sbend: True
links:
  c1,o4: c2,o1
  c1,o3: c2,o2
  c1,o2: c2,o3
```

2. See GDS in klayout

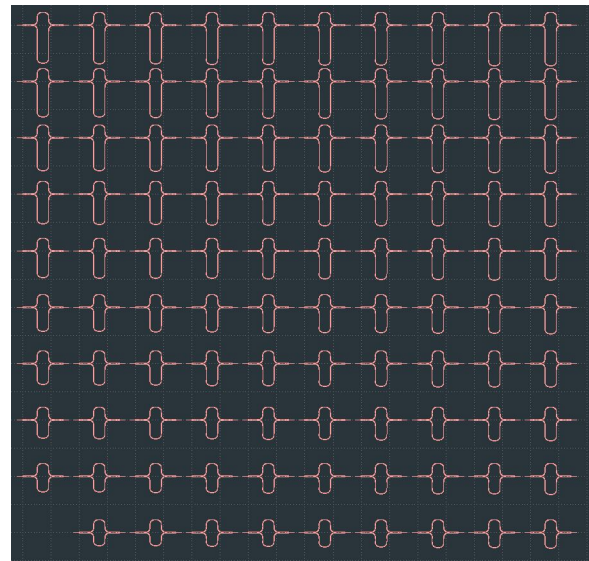


Key Advantages

- Free and open source
 - Extensible
 - Community support
 - No vendor lock-in
- Python-based
 - Powerful
 - Easy to learn
- Fast, C++ backend

GDSFACTORY

Benchmark	gdsipy	gdsfactory	Gain
10k_rectangles	80.2 ms	4.87 ms	16.5
boolean-offset	187 μ s	44.7 μ s	4.19
bounding_box	36.7 ms	170 μ s	216
flatten	465 μ s	8.17 μ s	56.9
read_gds	2.68 ms	94 μ s	28.5



gdsfactory
100 MZI variations in
1.4 seconds

Google

 PsiQuantum

FREEDOM
PHOTONICS
A LUMINAR COMPANY

 Meta

SRI International®



 Georgia Tech®

black
semiconductor



 Lumiphase

 Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology



University of
BRISTOL



PRINCETON
UNIVERSITY



Queen's
UNIVERSITY

Hands-on introduction

1. Building devices and PDKs
2. Building a photonic circuit
3. Building an analog circuit