NAME: MONABEL MAY N. APAO COURSE & YEAR: MS EIO

RESEARCH PROPOSAL OUTLINE

TITLE: CLONING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF SERRAWETTIN BIOSYNTHESIS OF Secretia marcescens SWPA

1. INTRODUCTION

- a BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY
 - i. Serratia maecescens is a species of Gram-negative, rod-shaped bacterium in the family Enterobacteriaceae. A human pathogen, S. marcescens is involved in nosocomial infections, urinary tract infections and wound infections
 - Serrawettin produced by many pigmented S. marcescens strains, is a surfaceactive cyclodepsipeptide identical to serratamolide, which helps in the colonisation of surfaces.
 - iii. Serrawettin biosynthesis and swrA gene
- **OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY**
 - i. To clone and characterize the swrA gene of the bacteria Serratia marcescens that involves in the biosynthesis of serrawettin
 - n. To determine the sequence of swrA gene in local strains of S. marcescens
 - iii. To determine the copy number of the swrA homolog in the local strains of S. marcescens genome
 - iv. To characterize the gene sequence through bioinformatics
- SIGNIFICANCE OF THE STUDY
 - i. Characterization of the gene sequence involved in serrawettin biosynthesis
 - ii. Guide in Genetic Engineering for gene sequence analysis of S. marcescens
- d. SCOPE AND LIMITATION OF THE STUDY
 - i. Focuses on the amplification of the swrA gene of the local strains of
 - ii. swrA gene will be cloned by PCR and will be analyzed through agarose gel electrophoresis and bio-informatics.
- REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE
- MATERIALS AND METHODS
 - a. Genomic DNA Isolation
 - b. PCR Amplification
 - c. Agarose Gel Electrophoresis
 - d. DNA Sequencing and DNA Analysis

Approved by:

Thesis Adviser

11/ 28-165