Speech recognition using Kaldi Thesis about implementation Kaldi ASR for Alex SDS

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Goals of thesis

Improve speech recognition for Alex Spoken Dialogue Systems Particularly public transport information application (800 899 998).

Goals of the thesis were:

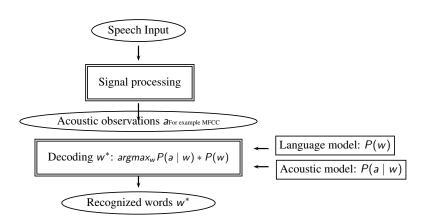
- to build acoustic models using the Kaldi toolkit,
- to develop new real-time recogniser which supports incremental speech recognition,
- to integrate the recogniser into our Alex SDS.

Content

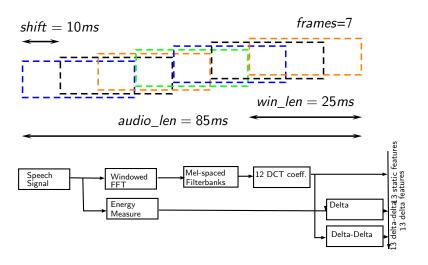
- 1 Task
- 2 ASR introduction
- 3 Evaluation in Public Transport Information domain
- 4 On-line recogniser
- 5 Acoustic modelling
- 6 Summary
- 7 Details



ASR components



Acoustic features, features preprocessing



Continuous Speech recognition

Pattern matching

HMM — speech time series modelling (phones/triphones for words)

We trained several HMM acoustic models.

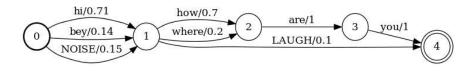
Graph search - decoding

Viterbi algorithm — dynamic programming

- We search for best parameters (beam, max-active-states).
- Normalise its output.
- Change interface.

Output formats

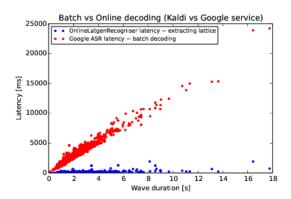
- 0.5 hi how are you
- 0.2 hi where are you
- 0.1 bey how are you



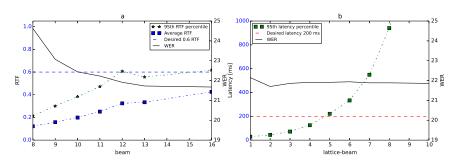
Evaluation measures

- Real Time Factor (RTF) of decoding the ratio of the recognition time to the duration of the audio input,
- Latency the delay between utterance end and the availability of the recognition results,
- Word Error Rate (WER).

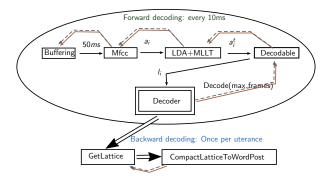
On-line vs batch decoding



Public Transport Information domain - results



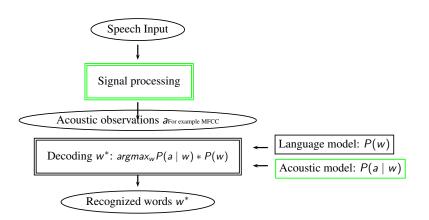
Components for on-line decoding



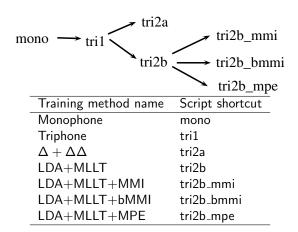
(Py)OnlineLatgenRecogniser interface

- AudioIn queueing new audio for pre-processing
- Decode decoding a fixed number of audio frames
- PruneFinal preparing internal data structures for lattice extraction
- GetLattice extracting a word posterior lattice
- GetBestPath extracting a one best word sequence
- Reset preparing the recogniser for a new utterance

Acoustic modeling



Acoustic models training



Vystadial dataset

Collected by UFAL Dialogue system group.

| Concered by OTAL Dialogue system group. | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| dataset | audio[hour] | # sentences | # words | | | | |
| English | | | | | | | |
| training | 41:30 | 47,463 | 178,110 | | | | |
| development | 01:45 | 2,000 | 7,376 | | | | |
| test | 01:46 | 2,000 | 7,772 | | | | |
| Czech | | | | | | | |
| training | 15:25 | 22,567 | 126,333 | | | | |
| development | 01:23 | 2,000 | 11,478 | | | | |
| test | 01:22 | 2,000 | 11,204 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

ASR training results

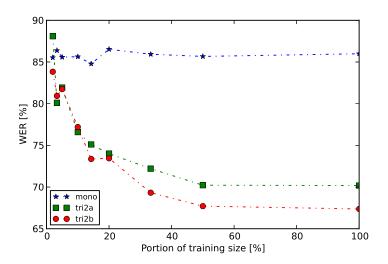
| language/method | bigram | | |
|------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| Czech | | | |
| 0_00 | ГС С | | |
| tri $\Delta + \Delta \Delta$ | 56.6 | | |
| $tri\;LDA + MLLT$ | 53.9 | | |
| $tri\ LDA + MLLT + MMI$ | 49.5 | | |
| $tri\;LDA + MLLT + bMMI$ | 49.3 | | |
| tri LDA+MLLT+MPE | 49.2 | | |
| | | | |
| English | | | |
| tri $\Delta + \Delta \Delta$ | 16.2 | | |
| $tri\;LDA + MLLT$ | 15.8 | | |
| $tri\;LDA + MLLT + MMI$ | 10.4 | | |
| $tri\;LDA + MLLT + bMMI$ | 10.2 | | |
| tri LDA+MLLT+MPE | 11.1 | | |

HTK and Kaldi acoustic models

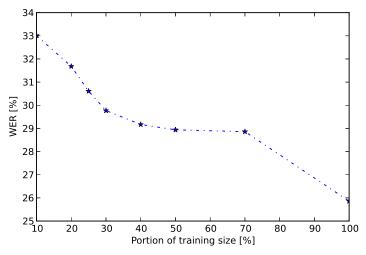
| HTK method | bigram | Kaldi method | bigram |
|------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------|
| Czech | | Czech | |
| tri $\Delta + \Delta \Delta$ | 60.4 | tri $\Delta + \Delta \Delta$ | 56.6 |
| English | | English | |
| tri $\Delta + \Delta \Delta$ | 17.5 | tri $\Delta + \Delta \Delta$ | 16.2 |



Acoustic model accuracy based training data size



Speech recognition accuracy based on LM training data size



Achievements

- Working real-time on-line speech recogniser
- Developed acoustic modeling scripts for Czech and English accepted to Kaldi svn trunk
- Integration of ASR into Alex Dialogue Systems Framework
- Improved speech recognition for toll-free line 800 899 998

Results

- WER 22, latency under 200 ms on Public Transport Information domain (Czech)
- WER 50 for Czech on Vystadial dataset (Czech complex domain)
- WER 12 for English on Vystadial dataset



Functional (Py)OnlineLatgenRecogniser demo

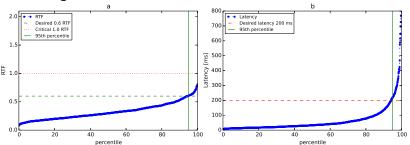
```
d = PyOnlineLatgenRecogniser()
d.setup(argv)

while audio_to_process():
    d.audio_in(get_raw_pcm_audio())
    dec_t = d.decode(max_frames=10)
    while dec_t > 0:
        decoded_frames += dec_t
        dec_t = d.decode(max_frames=10)

d.prune_final()
lik, lat = d.get_lattice()
```

Speed - RTF and Latency

Fast enough for 95 % of utterances.



Problem

Spoken dialogue systems needs speech recognition OpenJulius — crashes, PocketSphinx — no posteriors, RWTH decoder — license

Cloud based services Google and Nuance — no customisation + license issues

Semiring

| Name | \mathcal{K} | \oplus | \otimes | Ō | 1 |
|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|---|
| Real | $[0,\infty)$ | + | * | 0 | 1 |
| Log | $(-\infty,\infty)$ | $-log(e^{-x}+e^{-y})$ | + | ∞ | 0 |
| Tropical | $(-\infty,\infty)$ | min | + | ∞ | 0 |



Links and references

Thank you for your attention!

Related links

- Thesis and this slides https://github.com/oplatek/kaldi-thesis
- OnlineLatgenRecogniser implementation and AM training scripts https://github.com/UFAL-DSG/pykaldi
- Alex implementation https://github.com/UFAL-DSG/alex
- Contact & CV http://www.linkedin.com/in/ondrejplatek

References

Vystadial dataset - Matěj Korvas, Ondřej Plátek, Ondřej Dušek, Lukáš Žilka, and Filip Jurčíček, Free
English and Czech telephone speech corpus shared under the CC-BY-SA 3.0 license, Proceedings of the Eight
International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC 2014), 2014, p. To Appear.