

Unsupervised Task Discovery in Multi-Task Acoustic Modeling

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Abstract

- ▶ Multi-Task Learning works (esp. in low-resource)
- ▶ However, tasks are hard to make
- ▶ Better to discover tasks automatically
- ▶ Experiment with k-means on MFCCs
- ▶ Initial results

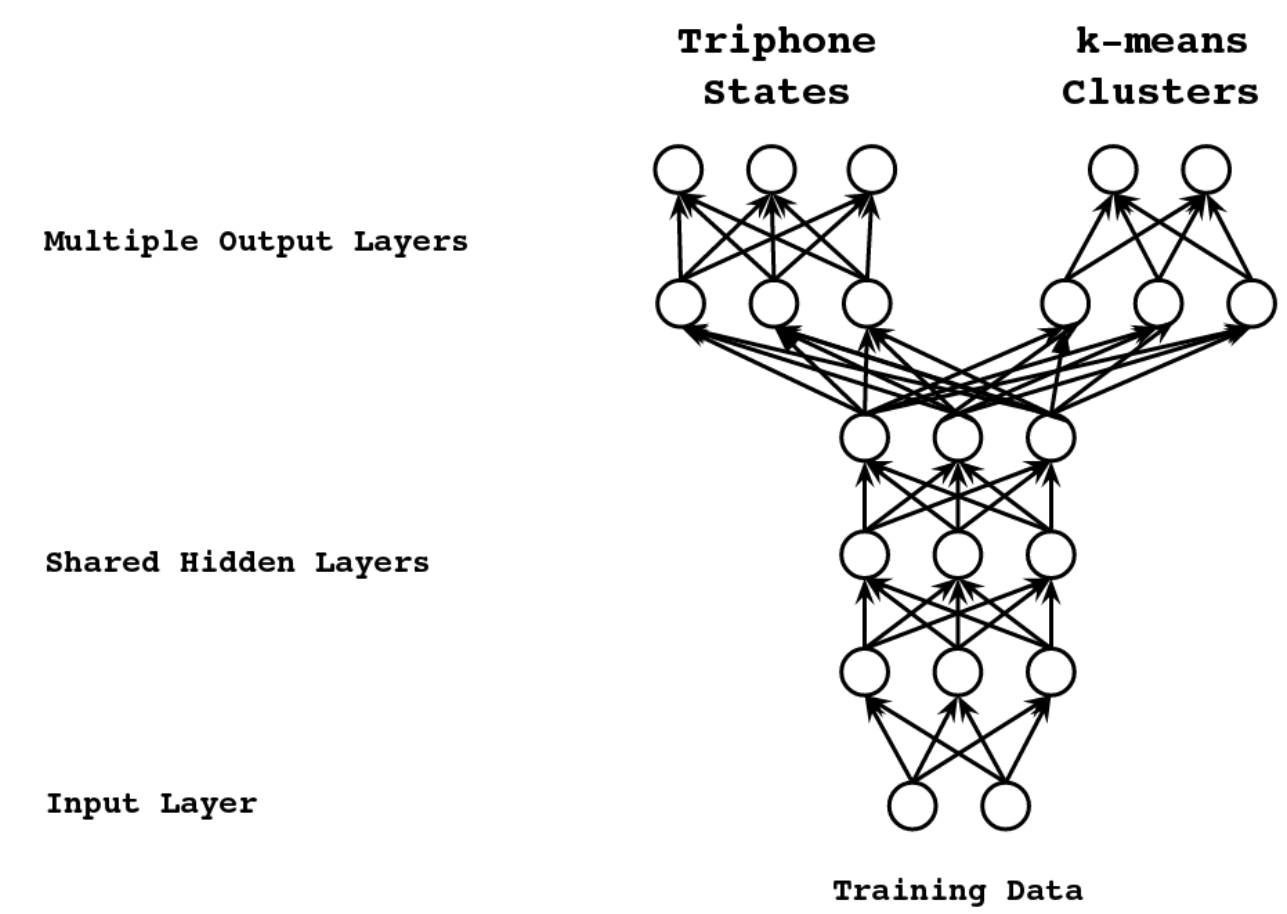


Figure 1: Multi-Task Learning Architecture

1. Background

- ▶ Multi-Task Learning in Acoustic Modeling
 - ▷ Multilingual
 - ▶ new language == new task
 - ▷ Monolingual
 - ▶ new linguistic encoding == new task
 - ▶ Monophones vs. Triphones

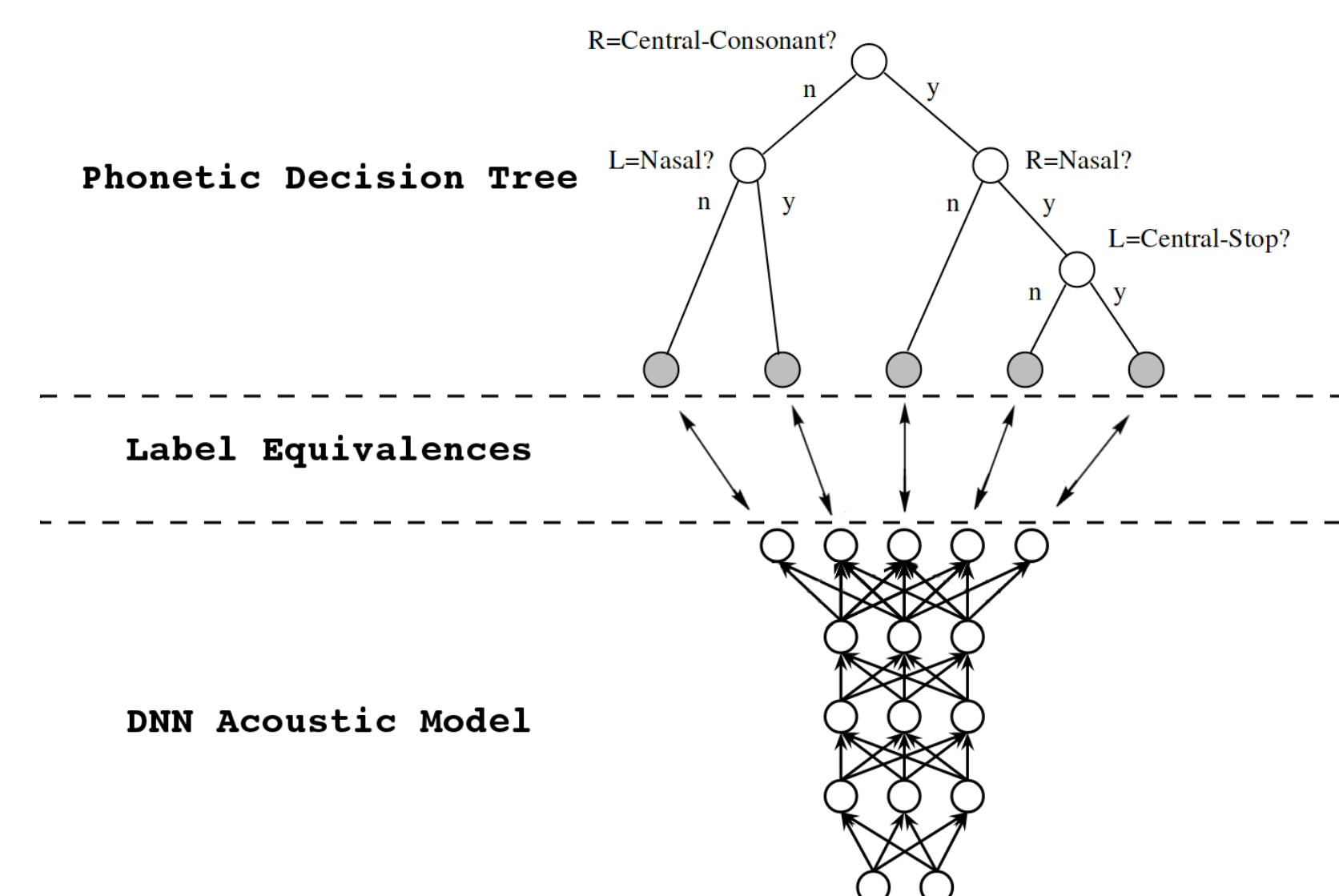


Figure 2: Label Correspondence of Decision Tree / DNN

2. Alignment

- ▶ Feature Extraction
 - ▷ 13 PLP features, 25ms Hamming windows, 10ms shift, 16 frame left-context & 12 frame right-context, CMVN
- ▶ GMM Alignment
 - ▷ Monophones: 1,000 Gaussians, 25 iterations EM //
 - ▷ Triphones: 2,000 leaves & 5,000 Gaussians, 25 iterations EM

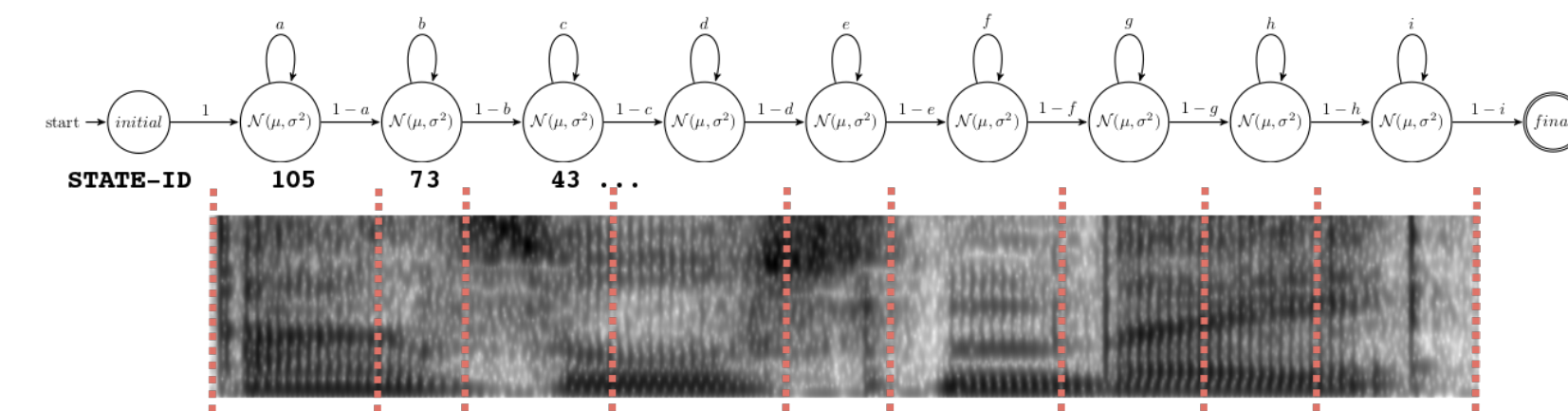


Figure 3: GMM-aligned training examples

3. Clustering

- ▶ k-means Clustering
 - ▷ A set number of clusters is discovered via TensorFlow's standard k-means clustering.

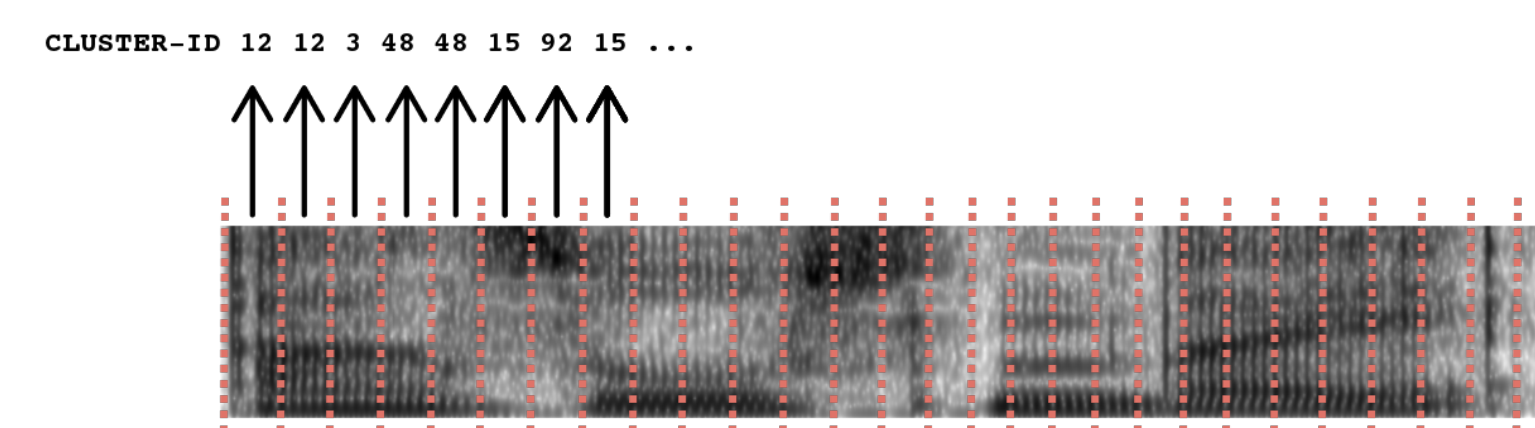


Figure 4: k-means clustered training examples

4. Mapping Triphone States → Clusters

- ▶ Mapping triphone states → k-means clusters
 - ▷ All training examples aligned to triphone state are mapped to most common k-means cluster.

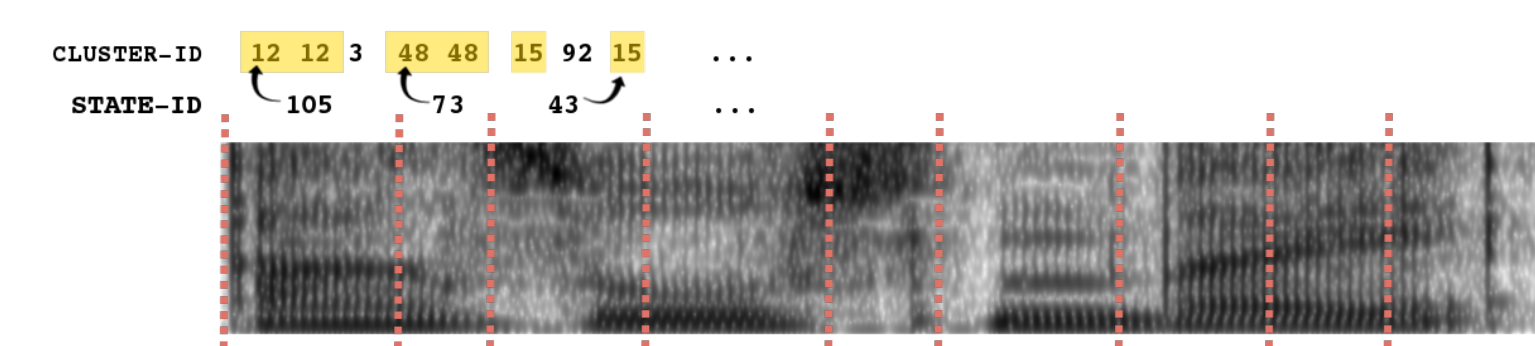


Figure 5: GMM-aligned training examples

5. Cluster Contents

- ▶ 672 leaves in Kaldi and 1024 clusters in TF
- ▶ 185 new labels after mapping
 - ▷ 123 / 185 are interpretable
- ▶ 101 of new labels contain mixed phonemes
 - ▷ 39 / 101 contained either only vowels or only consonants
- ▶ 84 of new labels contain one phoneme
 - ▷ 9 / 84 contained more than one triphone of phoneme

Table 1: Discovered intelligible Phoneme Clusters

Vowels		Consonants	
a j	a u	k r	g n m
a o	a i h	k p	s sh ch
e j	e i h	r ng	t k s p
e y	o u	d ch	m ng
u i h y	u i h	t k	t k h
i e y	o i h	d z	t k s
a e oe j i h	j i h	l z	t ch d
a i h o u y		n p	t k zh b
			t g b s sh z zh

6. Multi-Task DNN Training Set-up

- ▶ DNN Acoustic model training
 - ▷ Multi-Task Time-Delay Neural Network
 - ▷ 5-epochs, 11 hidden layers, ReLU activations
 - ▷ $\alpha_{initial} = 0.0015 \rightarrow \alpha_{final} = 0.00015$
 - ▷ Each task has penultimate + ultimate output layer

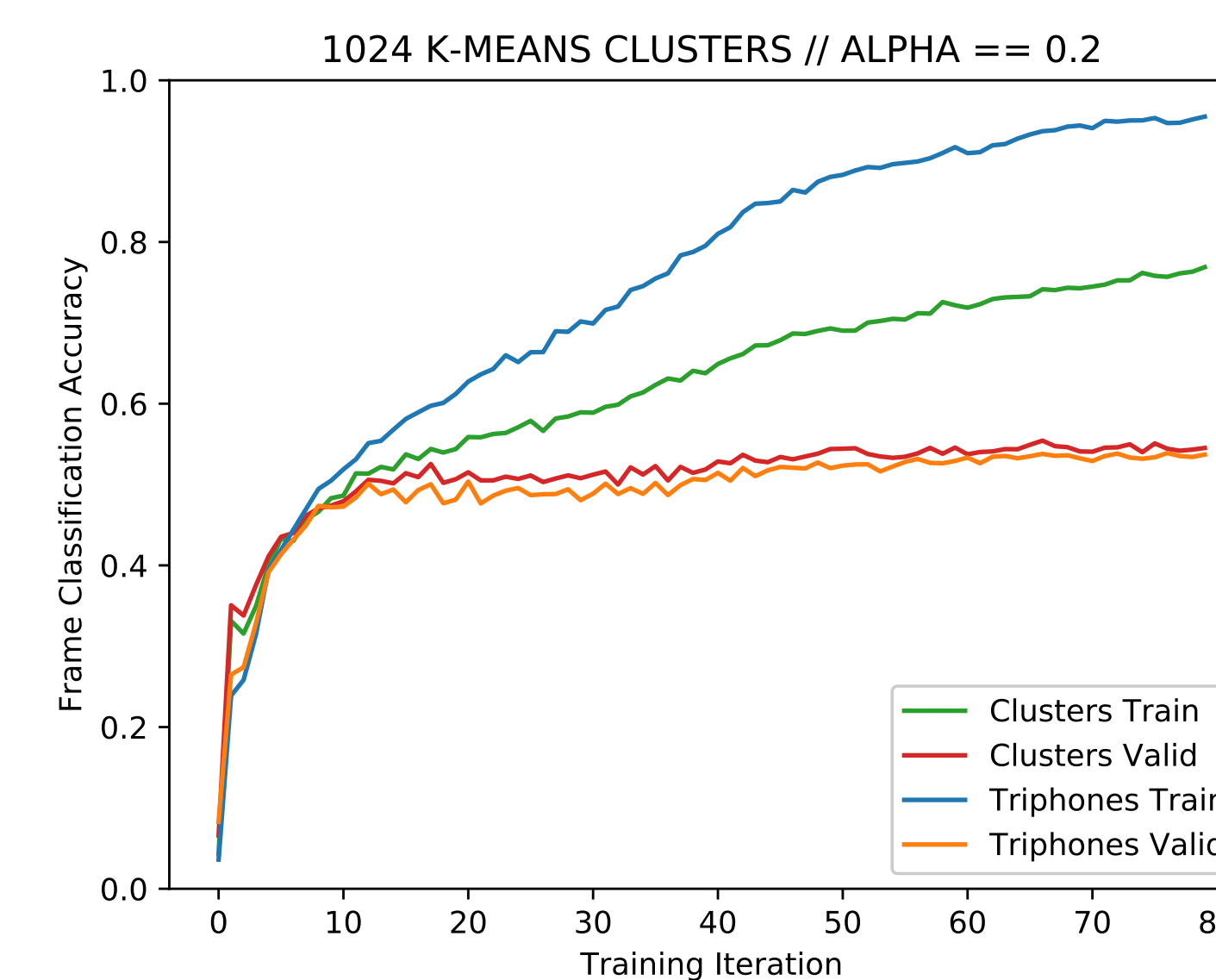


Figure 6: Model Accuracy During Training

7. Testing Setup

- ▶ k-folds cross-validation ($k == 6$)
 - ▷ 511 utterances for train
 - ▷ 100 utterances for test
- ▶ Decoded with 1-gram LM

8. Results: Traditional Weighting Scheme

- ▶ Loss = $((1 - \alpha) * MAIN + \alpha * AUX)$
- ▶ WER not better than Baseline

Table 2: WER% for Traditional Weighting Scheme

	$\alpha = 0.1$	$\alpha = 0.2$	$\alpha = 0.3$
Single Task Baseline		57.10 ± 3.25	
+ 256 k-means cluster targets	57.71 ± 1.59	57.27 ± 1.60	57.89 ± 1.29
+ 1024 k-means cluster targets	57.74 ± 3.17	57.08 ± 2.62	57.77 ± 0.79
+ 4096 k-means cluster targets	57.13 ± 2.45	57.76 ± 1.61	57.72 ± 0.64

9. Results: Simple Weighting Scheme

- ▶ Loss = $(MAIN + \alpha * AUX)$
- ▶ WER better than Traditional Loss
- ▶ WER marginally better than Baseline (in some cases)

Table 3: WER% for Simple Weighting Scheme

	$\alpha = 0.1$	$\alpha = 0.2$	$\alpha = 0.3$
Single Task Baseline		57.10 ± 3.25	
+ 256 k-means cluster targets	57.28 ± 2.09	57.92 ± 1.78	56.96 ± 0.70
+ 1024 k-means cluster targets	57.58 ± 2.68	56.86 ± 1.11	57.19 ± 1.31
+ 4096 k-means cluster targets	57.78 ± 2.36	57.51 ± 2.65	57.03 ± 1.48

10. Discussion

- ▶ Good auxiliary tasks exist (we just need to find them)
- ▶ Initial Results show small improvements, given good hyper-parameters
- ▶ Clustering in high-dimensional feature space isn't great
 - ▷ Find better projections: LDA, source DNN activations (from well-resourced lang)
- ▶ Big net overfits to both tasks
 - ▷ add more tasks
 - ▷ use smaller net

11. Acknowledgements

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