# Unsupervised Task Discovery for Multi-Task Acoustic Modeling

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#### **Abstract**

- Multi-Task Learning works (good for low-resource languages)
- However, tasks are hard to make
- Better to discover tasks automatically
- Experiment with k-means on MFCCs
- ightharpoonup Data == 1.5 hours of Kyrgyz audio-book
- Initial Results Promising

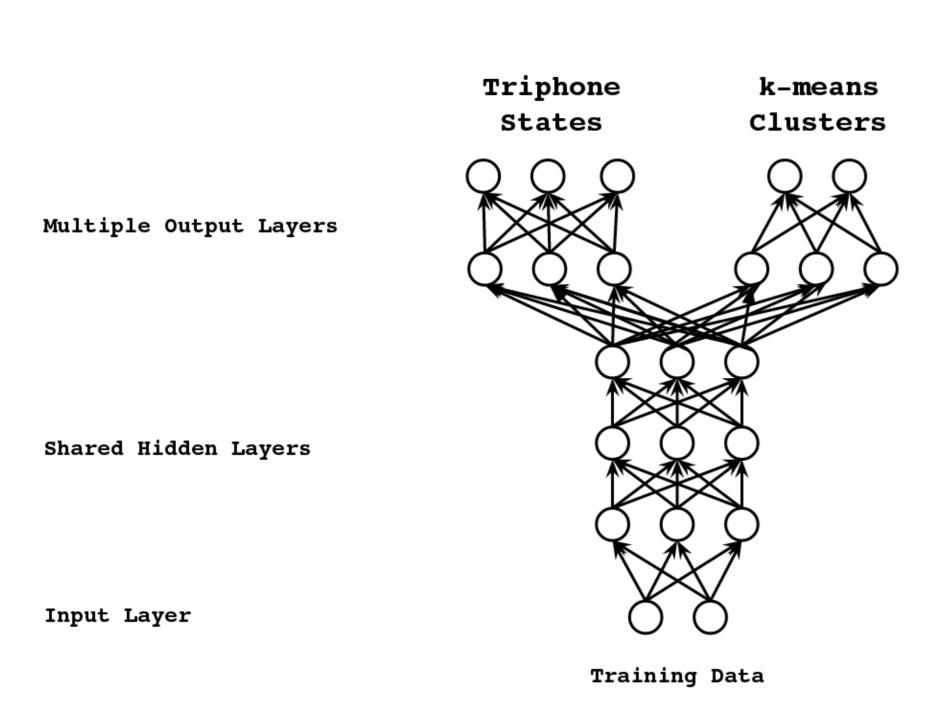


Figure 1: Multi-Task Learning Architecture (Heigold et al. 2013)

#### 1. Background

- Multi-Task Learning in Acoustic Modeling
  - Multilingual
    - new language == new task
    - e.g. English vs. Kyrgyz
  - Monolingual

Phonetic Decision Tree

Label Equivalences

DNN Acoustic Model

- new linguistic encoding == new task
- e.g. vowels vs. consonants; monophones vs. triphones

R=Central-Consonant

# **4.** Mapping Triphone States → Clusters

All training examples aligned to triphone state are mapped to most common k-means cluster.

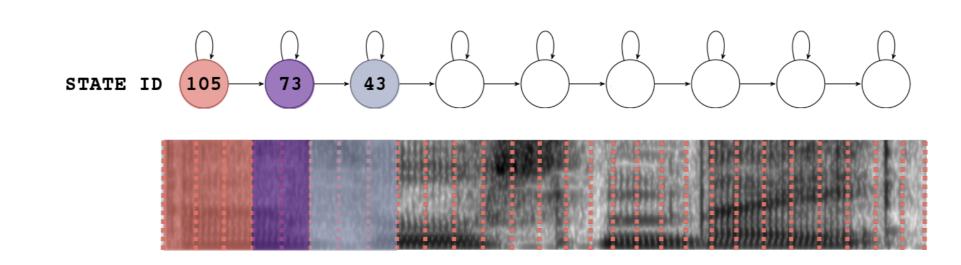


Figure 3: GMM-HMM aligned Triphone States

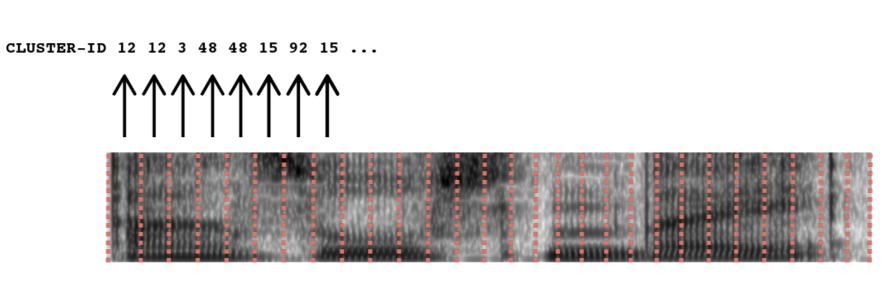


Figure 4: K-Means Discovered Clusters

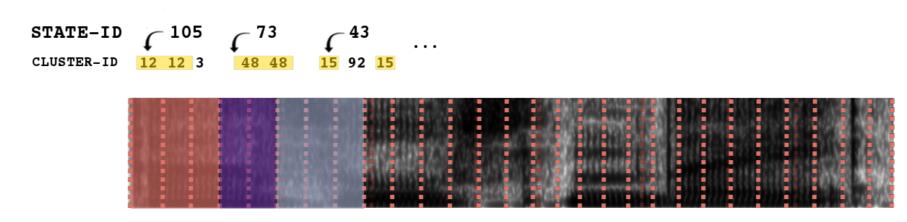


Figure 5: Voting & Mapping of Triphone-States → Clusters

#### 5. Cluster Contents

- Started with 672 triphone states in Kaldi & 1024 clusters in TensorFlow
- 185 new labels after mapping
- > 75 w/ only one triphone state
  - ▶ e.g. { t+a-f }
  - $\triangleright$  9 w/ > 1 triphone of given phoneme
    - ▶ e.g. { t+a-f, g+a-p }
  - 39 w/ only vowels or only consonants
  - e.g. { t+a-f, p+o-k }

#### 7. Testing Setup

- k-folds cross-validation (k == 5)
  - ▶ 511 utterances for train
  - ▶ 100 utterances for test
- Decoded with 1-gram LM
  - Acoustic model more import

#### 8. Results: Traditional Weighting Scheme

- $\blacktriangleright \mathsf{Loss} = ((1 \alpha) * \mathit{MAIN} + \alpha * \mathit{AUX})$
- WER better than Baseline in 4/9 experiments

Table 2: WER% for Traditional Weighting Scheme

	lpha= 0.1	$\alpha = 0.2$	$\alpha = 0.3$
Single Task Baseline		$57.55~\pm 1.82$	
+ 256 clusters	$57.93 \ \pm 1.63$	$57.04 \ \pm 1.58$	$57.66 \ \pm 1.24$
+ 1024 clusters	$57.69 \pm 3.78$	$56.99 \pm 3.08$	$57.60\ \pm0.79$
+ 4096 clusters	$57.25 \pm 2.87$	$58.07 \ \pm 1.35$	$57.45 \pm 0.32$
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#### 9. Results: Simple Weighting Scheme

- $\blacktriangleright$  Loss =  $(MAIN + \alpha * AUX)$
- WER better than Traditional Loss
- WER better than Baseline in 6/9experiments

Table 3: WER% for Simple Weighting Scheme

	$\alpha = 0.1$	$\alpha = 0.2$	$\alpha = 0.3$
Single Task Baseline		57.55 ±1.82	
+ 256 clusters	$57.33\ \pm 2.49$	$58.02 \ \pm 2.09$	$57.18\ \pm0.56$
+ 1024 clusters	$57.74 \pm 3.06$	<b>56.88</b> ±1.33	$57.13\ \pm1.55$
+ 4096 clusters	$57.56\ \pm 2.53$	$57.49 \ \pm 3.17$	$57.31 \ \pm 1.31$

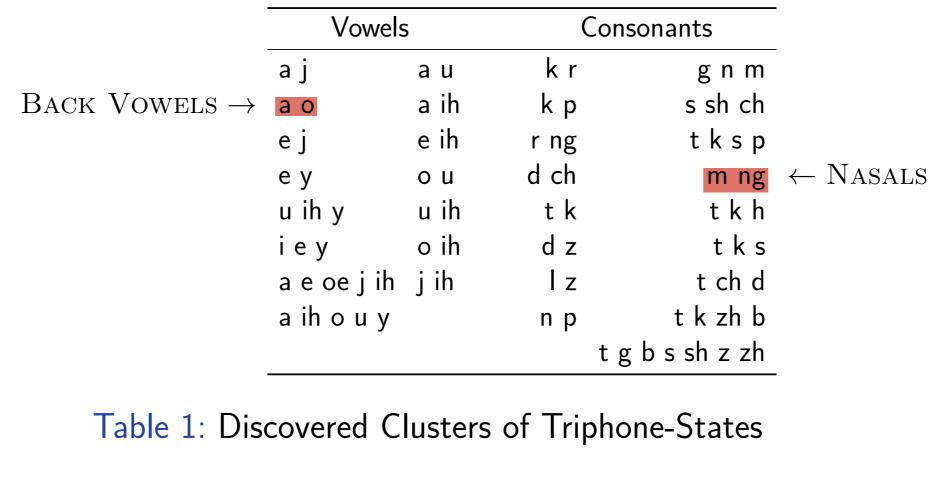


Figure 2: Label Correspondance of Decision Tree / DNN (HTK Book & Heigold et al. 2013)

# 2. GMM-HMM Alignment

- All done in Kaldi
- Feature Extraction
  - ▶ 13 PLP features, 25ms Hamming windows, 10ms shift, 16 frame left-context & 12 frame right-context, CMVN
- GMM Alignment
  - ▶ Monophones: 1,000 Gaussians, 25 iterations EM // Triphones: 2,000 leaves & 5,000 Gaussians, 25 iterations EM

# 3. Clustering

- k-means Clustering
  - ▶ A set number of clusters is discovered via TensorFlow's standard k-means clustering.

# 6. Multi-Task DNN Training Set-up

- DNN Acoustic model training
  - Multi-Task Time-Delay Neural Network
  - ▶ 5-epochs, 11 *ReLU* layers,
  - $\sim \alpha_{initial} = 0.0015 \rightarrow \alpha_{final} = 0.00015$
  - ▶ Each task has penultimate + ultimate output layer

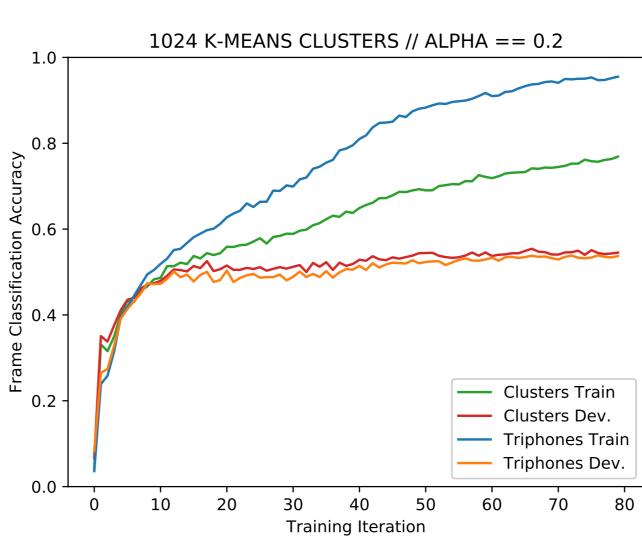


Figure 6: Model Accuracy During Training (Simple Loss)

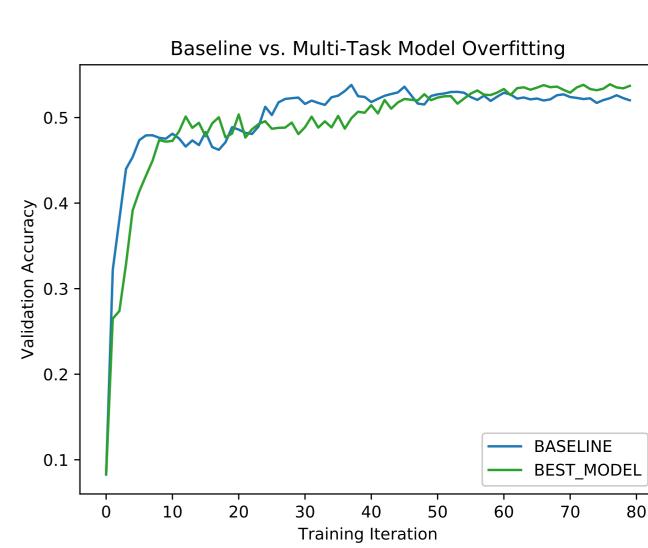


Figure 7: Model Accuracy on Dev. Data During Training

#### 10. Discussion

- Good auxiliary tasks exist (we just need to find them)
- Initial results show small improvements, given good hyper-parameters
- Clustering in high-dimensional feature space isn't great
  - Find better projections: LDA, source DNN activations (from well-resourced lang.)
- Big net overfits to both tasks
- add more tasks
- use smaller net

### 11. Acknowledgements

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