

Lab Assignment – IA1

Note on Software used for following Visualizations: (R-Studio and the R language)

RStudio is an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for R, a programming language for statistical computing and graphics. R is an integrated suite of software facilities for data manipulation, calculation and graphical display. It includes:

- an effective data handling and storage facility,
- a suite of operators for calculations on arrays, in particular matrices,
- a large, coherent, integrated collection of intermediate tools for data analysis,
- graphical facilities for data analysis and display either on-screen or on hardcopy, and
- a well-developed, simple and effective programming language which includes conditionals, loops, user-defined recursive functions and input and output facilities.

Q1) Create Data frames which contain details of 10 employees and display summary of the data:

Code:

```
#Assessment IA1 - Q1 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)

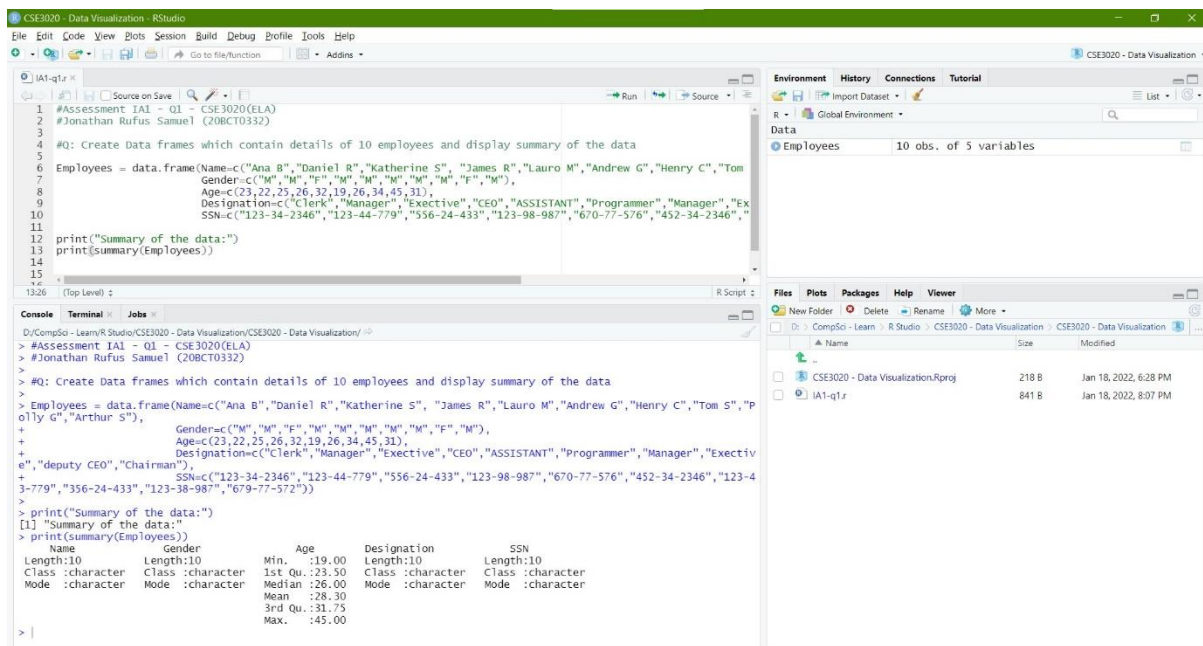
#Q1: Create Data frames which contain details of 10 employees and display summary of the
data

Employees = data.frame(Name=c("Ana B","Daniel R","Katherine S", "James R","Lauro
M","Andrew G","Henry C","Tom S","Polly G","Arthur S"),
                        Gender=c("M","M","F","M","M","M","M","M","F","M"),
                        Age=c(23,22,25,26,32,19,26,34,45,31),

                        Designation=c("Clerk","Manager","Exective","CEO","ASSISTANT","Programmer","Manager",
"Exective","deputy CEO","Chairman"),
                        SSN=c("123-34-2346","123-44-779","556-24-433","123-98-987","670-77-
576","452-34-2346","123-43-779","356-24-433","123-38-987","679-77-572"))

print("Summary of the data:")
print(summary(Employees))
```

Output:



Q2) Write a R program to get the details of any 5 objects in memory:

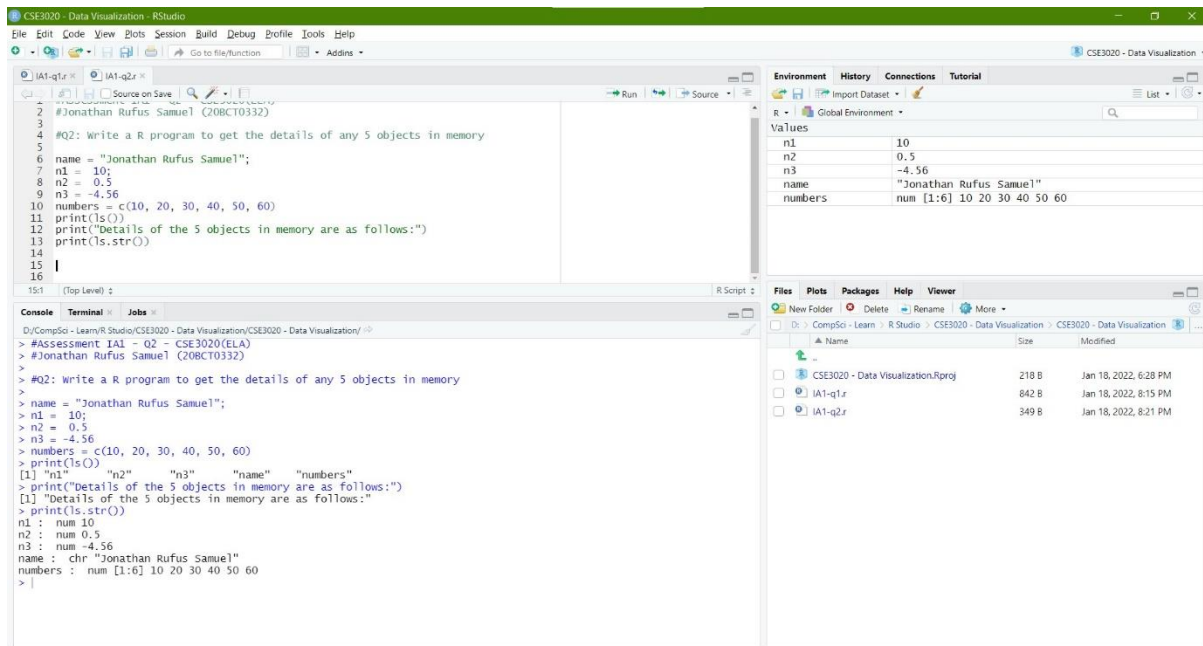
Code:

```
#Assessment IA1 - Q2 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
```

#Q2: Write a R program to get the details of any 5 objects in memory

```
name = "Jonathan Rufus Samuel";
n1 = 10;
n2 = 0.5
n3 = -4.56
numbers = c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60)
print(ls())
print("Details of the 5 objects in memory are as follows:")
print(ls.str())
```

Output:



Q3) Write a R program to print the multiplication table of a number from 1 to 15:

Code:

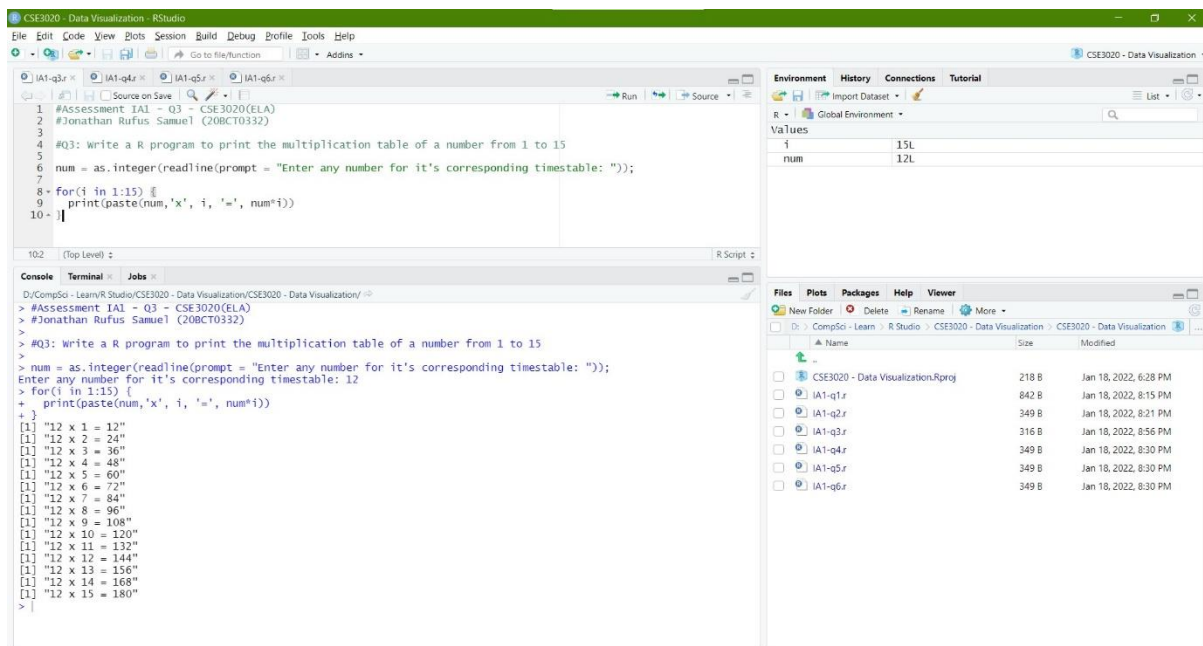
```
#Assessment IA1 - Q3 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
```

```
#Q3: Write a R program to print the multiplication table of a number from 1 to 15
```

```
num = as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter any number for it's corresponding timestable: "));
```

```
for(i in 1:15) {
  print(paste(num,'x', i, '=', num*i))
}
```

Output:



Q4) Write a R program to print the numbers from 1 to 100 and print "DATA" for multiples of 2, print "VISUALIZATION" for multiples of 4, and print "DATA VISUALIZATION" for multiples of both:

Code:

```

#Assessment IA1 - Q4 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)

```

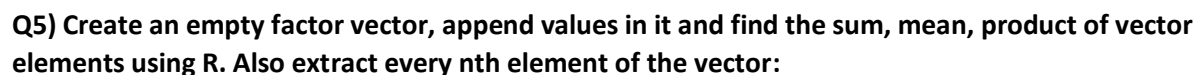
#Q4: Write a R program to print the numbers from 1 to 100 and print "DATA" for multiples of 2, print "VISUALIZATION" for multiples of 4, and print "DATA VISUALIZATION" for multiples of both

```

name = "Jonathan Rufus Samuel";
p1 = "DATA";
p2 = "VISUALIZATION";
p3 = "DATA VISUALIZATION";
for(i in 1:100)
{
  if (i%%2==0 && i%%4==0)
  {
    print(paste( i, '=', p3))
  }
  else if (i%%2==0)
  {
    print(paste( i, '=', p1))
  }
  else if (i%%4==0)
  {
    print(paste( i, '=', p2))
  }
}

```

Output:



#Assessment IA1 - Q5 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)

```
sum=0
product=1
```

```
# appending numbers from 1 to 15
a=1:15
```

```

print(a)

n = as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter a number n: "));

#sum, mean & product of vector elements
for(i in a)
{
  sum=sum+i;
  product=product*i;
  if(i%%n==0)
  {
    print(i);
  }
}

mean = sum/length(a)

#Display values
print(paste("Sum: ",sum))
print(paste("Product: ",product))
print(paste("Mean: ",mean))

```

Output:

```

#Assessment IAI - Q5 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BC10332)

#Q5: Create an empty factor vector, append values in it and find the sum, mean, product of ve
sum=0
product=1
n=15
for(i in 1:n)
{
  sum=sum+i;
  product=product*i;
  if(i%%n==0)
  {
    print(i);
  }
}

mean = sum/length(a)

#Display values
print(paste("Sum: ",sum))
print(paste("Product: ",product))
print(paste("Mean: ",mean))

```

Environment

Variable	Value
a	int [1:15] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
i	15L
mean	8
n	4L
product	1307674368000
sum	120

Files

Name	Size	Modified
CSE3020 - Data Visualization.Rproj	218 B	Jan 18, 2022, 6:28 PM
IA1-q1.r	842 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:15 PM
IA1-q2.r	349 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:21 PM
IA1-q3.r	316 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:56 PM
IA1-q4.r	632 B	Jan 18, 2022, 9:08 PM
IA1-q5.r	696 B	Jan 18, 2022, 9:28 PM
IA1-q6.r	349 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:30 PM

Q6) Use a nested for loop (a for loop inside a for loop) that produces the following matrix, pre-allocate the matrix with NA values:

```

0 1 2 3 4
1 0 1 2 3
2 1 0 1 2
3 2 1 0 1
4 3 2 1 0

```

Code:

```
#Assessment IA1 - Q6 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
```

#Q6: Use a nested for loop (a for loop inside a for loop) that produces the following matrix, pre-allocate the matrix with NA values

```
vector1 <- c(NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
vector2 <- c(NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
```

```
# Take these vectors as input to the array.
arr <- array(c(vector1, vector2), dim = c(5, 5))
print(arr)
```

```
d =
```

```
for(i in 1:5)
{
  for(j in 1:5)
  {
    x=abs(j-i)
    arr[i,j] = x
    print(arr[i,j])
  }
}
```

```
print(arr)
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with the following components:

- Source Editor:** Contains the R code for the assessment.
- Environment:** Shows the objects created during execution: `arr` (int [1:5, 1:5]), `d` (NULL), `i` (SL), `j` (SL), `vector1` (logi [1:5]), `vector2` (logi [1:5]), and `x` (OL).
- Files:** Shows the project structure, including the R script file.
- Console:** Displays the output of the code, showing the matrix `arr` and the values of `i` and `j` during the loop.

The console output shows the matrix `arr` and the values of `i` and `j` during the loop:

```
> print(arr)
     [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
[1,] 0 1 2 3 4
[2,] 1 0 1 2 3
[3,] 2 1 0 1 2
[4,] 3 2 1 0 1
[5,] 4 3 2 1 0
```

Q7) Implement a multiplication game. A while loop that gives the user two random numbers from 2 to 12 and asks the user to multiply them. Only exit the loop after five correct answers:

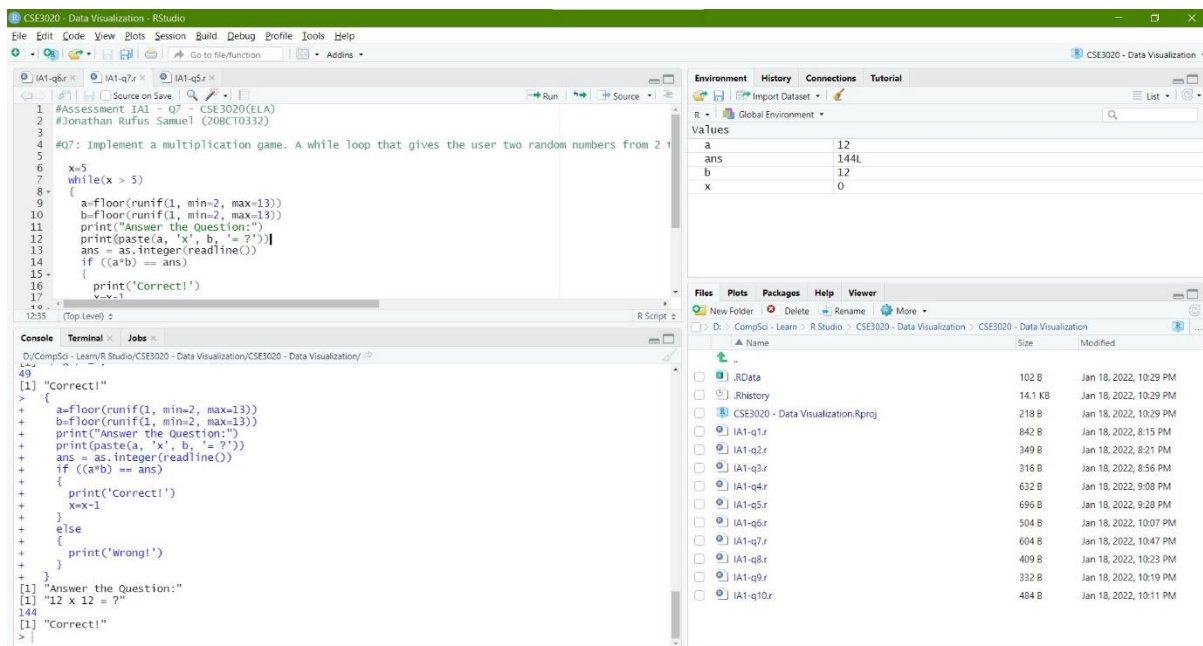
Code:

```
#Assessment IA1 - Q7 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
```

#Q7: Implement a multiplication game. A while loop that gives the user two random numbers from 2 to 12 and asks the user to multiply them. Only exit the loop after five correct answers

```
x=5
while(x > 5)
{
    a=floor(runif(1, min=2, max=13))
    b=floor(runif(1, min=2, max=13))
    print("Answer the Question:")
    print(paste(a, 'x', b, '= ?'))
    ans = as.integer(readline())
    if ((a*b) == ans)
    {
        print('Correct!')
        x=x-1
    }
    else
    {
        print('Wrong!')
    }
}
```

Output:



Q8) Using for loop simulate the flip a coin twenty times, keeping track of the individual outcomes (1 = heads, 0 = tails) in a vector that you pre-allocate:

Code:

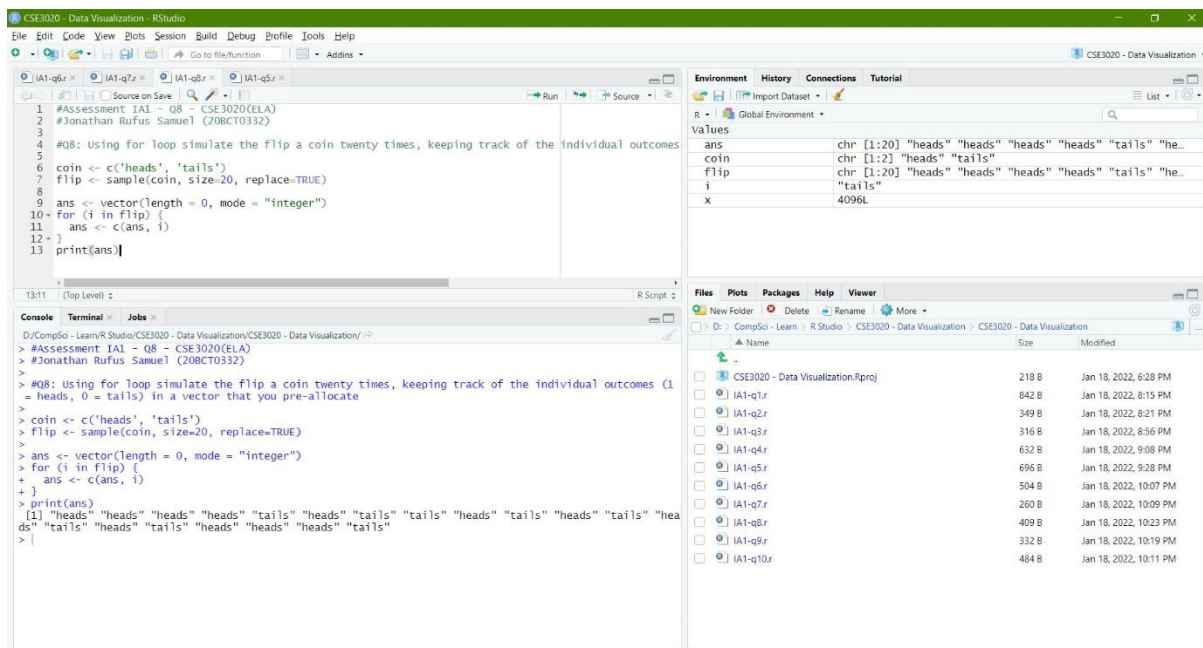
```
#Assessment IA1 - Q8 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
```

#Q8: Using for loop simulate the flip a coin twenty times, keeping track of the individual outcomes (1 = heads, 0 = tails) in a vector that you pre-allocate

```
coin <- c('heads', 'tails')
flip <- sample(coin, size=20, replace=TRUE)

ans <- vector(length = 0, mode = "integer")
for (i in flip) {
  ans <- c(ans, i)
}
print(ans)
```

Output:



Q9) Write a R program to know the first positive integer whose square exceeds 4000:

Code:

```

#Assessment IA1 - Q9 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)

```

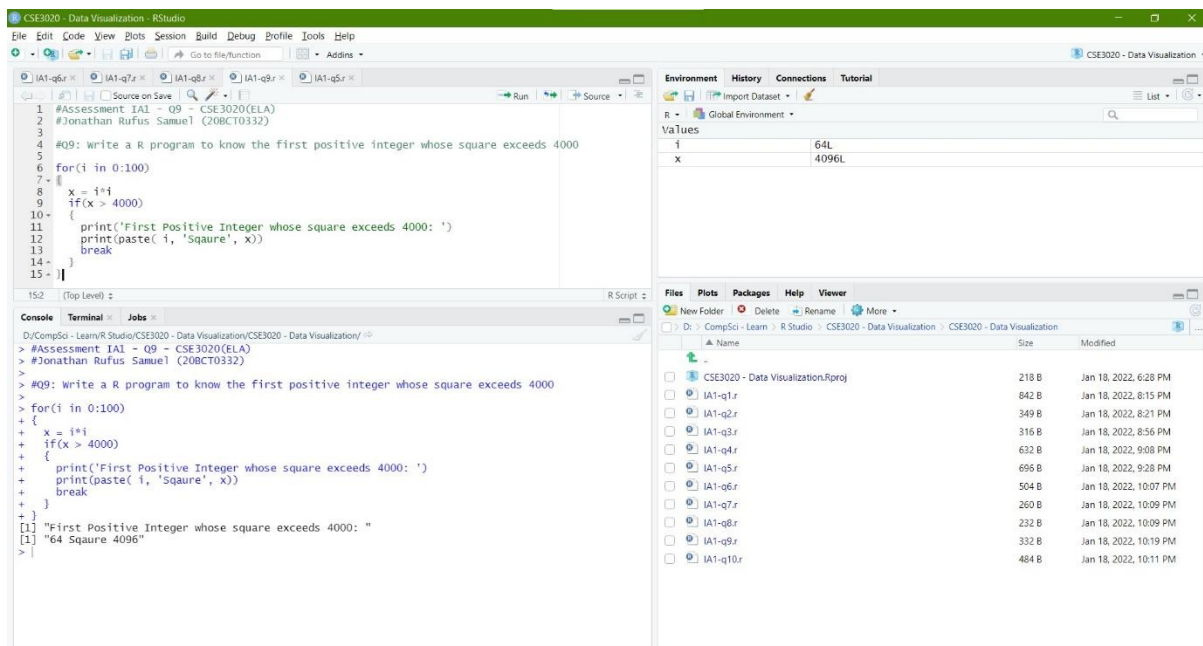
#Q9: Write a R program to know the first positive integer whose square exceeds 4000

```

for(i in 0:100)
{
  x = i*i
  if(x > 4000)
  {
    print('First Positive Integer whose square exceeds 4000: ')
    print(paste( i, 'Sqaure', x))
    break
  }
}

```

Output:



Q10) Write a R program to create a vector of a specified type and length. Create vector of numeric, complex, logical and character types of length 6:

Code:

```
#Assessment IA1 - Q10 - CSE3020(ELA)
#Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
```

#Q10: Write a R program to create a vector of a specified type and length. Create vector of numeric, complex, logical and character types of length 6

```
x = vector("numeric", 6)
print("Numeric Vector:")
print(x)
c = vector("complex", 6)
print("Complex Vector:")
print(c)
l = vector("logical", 6)
print("Logical Vector:")
print(l)
chr = vector("character", 6)
print("Character Vector:")
print(chr)
```

Output:

CSE3020 - Data Visualization - RStudio

File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help

Go to file/function Addins

Run Source

```

1 #Assessment IAI - Q10 - CSE3020(ELA)
2 #Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
3
4 #Q10: Write a R program to create a vector of a specified type and length. Create vector of n
5
6 x = vector("numeric", 6)
7 print("Numeric Vector:")
8 print(x)
9 c = vector("complex", 6)
10 print("Complex Vector:")
11 print(c)
12 l = vector("logical", 6)
13 print("Logical Vector:")
14 print(l)
15

```

Environment History Connections Tutorial

R Global Environment

Values

c	cp1x [1:6] 0+0i 0+0i 0+0i ...
chr	chr [1:6] "" "" "" "" "" ""
l	log1 [1:6] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
x	num [1:6] 0 0 0 0 0 0

Files Plots Packages Help Viewer

New Folder Delete Rename More

Dr CompSci - Learn R Studio CSE3020 - Data Visualization CSE3020 - Data Visualization

Name	Size	Modified
CSE3020 - Data Visualization.Rproj	218 B	Jan 18, 2022, 6:28 PM
IA1-q1.r	842 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:15 PM
IA1-q2.r	349 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:21 PM
IA1-q3.r	316 B	Jan 18, 2022, 8:56 PM
IA1-q4.r	632 B	Jan 18, 2022, 9:08 PM
IA1-q5.r	696 B	Jan 18, 2022, 9:28 PM
IA1-q6.r	504 B	Jan 18, 2022, 10:07 PM
IA1-q7.r	260 B	Jan 18, 2022, 10:09 PM
IA1-q8.r	232 B	Jan 18, 2022, 10:09 PM
IA1-q9.r	159 B	Jan 18, 2022, 10:09 PM
IA1-q10.r	484 B	Jan 18, 2022, 10:11 PM

Console Terminal Jobs

DyCompSci - Learn/R Studio/CSE3020 - Data Visualization/CSE3020 - Data Visualization/

```

> #Assessment IAI - Q10 - CSE3020(ELA)
> #Jonathan Rufus Samuel (20BCT0332)
>
> #Q10: Write a R program to create a vector of a specified type and length. Create vector of num
ric, complex, logical and character types of length 6
>
> x = vector("numeric", 6)
> print("Numeric Vector:")
[1] "Numeric Vector:"
> print(x)
[1] 0 0 0 0 0 0
> c = vector("complex", 6)
> print("Complex Vector:")
[1] "Complex Vector:"
> print(c)
[1] 0+0i 0+0i 0+0i 0+0i 0+0i 0+0i
> l = vector("logical", 6)
> print("Logical Vector:")
[1] "Logical Vector:"
> print(l)
[1] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
> chr = vector("character", 6)
> print("Character Vector:")
[1] "Character Vector:"
> print(chr)
[1] "" "" "" "" "" ""
>

```

Lab Assignment - 1 (IA1 - DOS → 18.01.2022) DATE: 16.1.22

By: JONATHAN RUFUS SAMUEL (20BLT0332) - CSE3020 Slt L43 - L44

Handwritten Code for IA1

Q1: `Employees = data.frame (Name = c("a", "b", "c", "d", "e",
"f", "g", "h", "i", "j"), Gender = c("M", "F",
"M", "F", "M", "M", "F", "M", "F", "F"), Age =
c(23, 34, 45, 41, 22, 24, 28, 31, 29, 36),
Designation = c("Clerk", "Manager", "Executive",
"CEO", "Assistant", "Programmer", "Manager", "Executive",
"deputy CEO", "Chairman"), SSN = c("1", "2",
"3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9", "10"))`

`print (paste ("Summary of the data: "))
print (summary (Employees))`

Q2: `name = "Jonathan Rufus SAMUEL"
m1 = 10
m2 = 0.5
m3 = -4.56
numbers = c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60)
print (ls())
print ("Details of 5 objects are as follows: ")
print ("ls.str")`

Q3)

```

num = as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter number for corresponding
times table"));

for (i in 1:15)
{
  print(paste(num, "x", i, "=", num*i))
}

```

Q4:

```

name = "Jonathan Rufus Samuel"
p1 = "Data"
p2 = "Visualization"
p3 = "Data Visualization"

for (i in 1:100)
{
  if (i % 2 == 0 && i % 4 == 0) print(paste(i, "=", p3))
  else if (i % 2 == 0) print(paste(i, "=", p1))
  else if (i % 4 == 0) print(paste(i, "=", p2))
  else {print(paste(i))}
}

```

Q5:

```

sum = 0
product = 1
a = c()
a = 1:15
print(a)
m = as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter a number m"))

for (i in a)
{
  sum = sum + i
  product = product * i
  if (i % m == 0)
  {
    print(i)
  }
}

```

```
mean = sum / length(a)
```

```
print(paste("Sum: ", sum))
```

```
print(paste("Product: ", product))
```

```
print(paste("Mean: ", mean))
```

Q6:

```
vector1 = c(NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
```

```
vector2 = c(NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
```

```
arr = array(c(vector1, vector2), dim = c(5, 5))
```

```
print(arr)
```

```
for (i in 1:5)
```

```
{
```

```
  for (j in 1:5)
```

```
  {
```

```
    x = abs(j-i)
```

```
    arr[i, j] = x
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

```
print(arr)
```

Q7:

```
x = 5
```

```
while (x > 5)
```

```
{
```

```
  a = floor(runif(1, min = 2, max = 13))
```

```
  b = floor(runif(1, min = 2, max = 13))
```

```
  print("Answer the given question")
```

```
  print(paste(a, "x", b, "= ?"))
```

```
  ans = as.integer(readline())
```

```
  if ((a*b) == ans)
```

```
  {
```

```
    print('Correct!')
```

```
    x = x - 1
```

```
  }
```

```
  else { print('Wrong!') } }
```


Q8:

```
coin = c('heads', 'tails')
flip = sample(coin, size = 20, replace = True)
ans = vector(length = 0, mode = "integers")
for (i in flip)
{
  ans = c(ans, i)
}
print(ans)
```

Q9:

```
for (i in 0:100)
{
  x = i*i
  if (x > 4000)
  {
    print('First positive Integer whose square exceeds 4000: ')
    print(paste(i, "Square", x))
  }
}
```

Q10:

```
x = vector("numeric", 6)
print("Numeric Vector:")
print(x)
c = vector("complex", 6)
print("Complex Vector:")
print(c)
I = vector("logical", 6)
print("logical Vector:")
print(I)
chr = vector("character", 6)
print("Character Vector:")
print(chr)
```