# Assignment 10: Data Scraping

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#### **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on data scraping.

#### **Directions**

- 1. Rename this file <FirstLast>\_A10\_DataScraping.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure your code is tidy; use line breaks to ensure your code fits in the knitted output.
- 5. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 6. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.

### Set up

- 1. Set up your session:
- Load the packages tidyverse, rvest, and any others you end up using.
- Check your working directory

```
#1
library(tidyverse)
library(rvest)
library(knitr)
getwd()
```

## [1] "C:/Users/jbjoy/OneDrive/Documents/Grad School/Fall 2023/Environ 872/EDE\_Fall2023"

- 2. We will be scraping data from the NC DEQs Local Water Supply Planning website, specifically the Durham's 2022 Municipal Local Water Supply Plan (LWSP):
- Navigate to https://www.ncwater.org/WUDC/app/LWSP/search.php
- Scroll down and select the LWSP link next to Durham Municipality.

 Note the web address: https://www.ncwater.org/WUDC/app/LWSP/report.php?pwsid=03-32-010& year=2022

Indicate this website as the as the URL to be scraped. (In other words, read the contents into an rvest webpage object.)

```
#2
DurhamLWSP <- read_html(
   "https://www.ncwater.org/WUDC/app/LWSP/report.php?pwsid=03-32-010&year=2022")
DurhamLWSP

## {html_document}
## <- html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" lang="en" xml:lang="en">
## [1] <- head>\n<title>DWR :: Local Water Supply Planning</title>\n<meta http-equ ...
## [2] <- body id="plan">\r\n<!--<- div id="division-header">\r\n<a name="top" href= ...</pre>
```

- 3. The data we want to collect are listed below:
- From the "1. System Information" section:
- Water system name
- PWSID
- Ownership
- From the "3. Water Supply Sources" section:
- Maximum Day Use (MGD) for each month

In the code chunk below scrape these values, assigning them to four separate variables.

HINT: The first value should be "Durham", the second "03-32-010", the third "Municipality", and the last should be a vector of 12 numeric values (represented as strings)".

```
#3
Water_System_Name <- DurhamLWSP %>%
  html_nodes("div+ table tr:nth-child(1) td:nth-child(2)") %>%
  html_text()
Water_System_Name

## [1] "Durham"

DurhamPWSID <- DurhamLWSP %>%
  html_nodes("td tr:nth-child(1) td:nth-child(5)") %>%
  html_text()
DurhamPWSID
```

```
## [1] "03-32-010"
```

```
Ownership <- DurhamLWSP %>%
  html_nodes("div+ table tr:nth-child(2) td:nth-child(4)") %>%
  html_text()
Ownership
```

#### ## [1] "Municipality"

```
MaxDayUse <- DurhamLWSP %>%
  html_nodes("th~ td+ td") %>%
  html_text()
MaxDayUse
```

```
## [1] "36.1000" "43.4200" "52.4900" "30.5000" "42.5900" "34.8800" "39.9100" ## [8] "43.3200" "32.5300" "34.6600" "41.8000" "37.5300"
```

4. Convert your scraped data into a dataframe. This dataframe should have a column for each of the 4 variables scraped and a row for the month corresponding to the withdrawal data. Also add a Date column that includes your month and year in data format. (Feel free to add a Year column too, if you wish.)

TIP: Use rep() to repeat a value when creating a dataframe.

NOTE: It's likely you won't be able to scrape the monthly widthrawal data in chronological order. You can overcome this by creating a month column manually assigning values in the order the data are scraped: "Jan", "May", "Sept", "Feb", etc... Or, you could scrape month values from the web page...

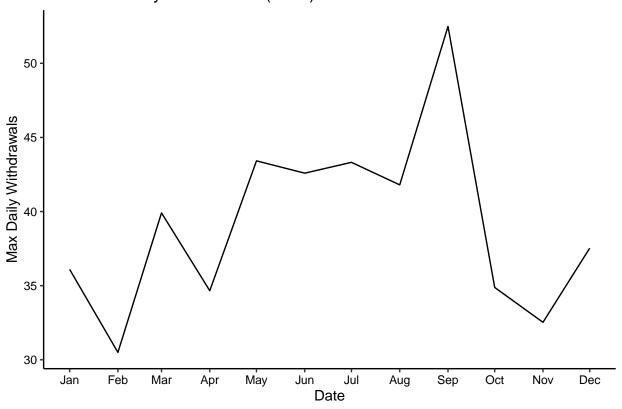
5. Create a line plot of the maximum daily withdrawals across the months for 2022

```
#4 AI assisted for date object transformation code
custom_month_order <- c("JAN","MAY","SEP",</pre>
                         "FEB", "JUN", "OCT",
                         "MAR", "JUL", "NOV",
                         "APR", "AUG", "DEC")
Durham_df <- data.frame("Water_System_Name" = as.character(Water_System_Name),</pre>
                         "PWSID" = as.character(DurhamPWSID),
                         "Ownership" = as.character(Ownership),
                          "Max_Day_Use" = as.numeric(MaxDayUse),
                          "Month" = custom_month_order,
                         "Year" = rep(2022))
Durham_df$Date <-</pre>
  as.Date(paste(Durham_df$Year, Durham_df$Month, "01", sep = "-"),
                 format = "%Y-%b-%d")
view(Durham_df)
kable(Durham df)
```

$Water\_System\_Name$	PWSID	Ownership	Max_Day_Use Month	Year	Date
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	36.10 JAN	2022	2022-01-01

Water_System_Name	PWSID	Ownership	Max_Day_Use	Month	Year	Date
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	43.42	MAY	2022	2022-05-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	52.49	SEP	2022	2022-09-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	30.50	FEB	2022	2022-02-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	42.59	JUN	2022	2022-06-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	34.88	OCT	2022	2022-10-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	39.91	MAR	2022	2022-03-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	43.32	JUL	2022	2022-07-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	32.53	NOV	2022	2022-11-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	34.66	APR	2022	2022-04-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	41.80	AUG	2022	2022-08-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	37.53	DEC	2022	2022-12-01

# Maximum Daily Withdrawals (2022)



6. Note that the PWSID and the year appear in the web address for the page we scraped. Construct a function using your code above that can scrape data for any PWSID and year for which the NC DEQ has data. Be sure to modify the code to reflect the year and site (pwsid) scraped.

```
scrape.it <- function(the_year,the_facility){</pre>
the website <- read html(paste0(
  "https://www.ncwater.org/WUDC/app/LWSP/report.php?pwsid=",
  the_facility,"&year=",the_year))
the_facility_name_tag <- "div+ table tr:nth-child(1) td:nth-child(2)"</pre>
the PWSID tag <- "td tr:nth-child(1) td:nth-child(5)"
the_Max_Day_Use_tag <- "th~ td+ td"</pre>
the_Ownership_tag <- "div+ table tr:nth-child(2) td:nth-child(4)"</pre>
the_facility_name <- the_website %>% html_nodes(the_facility_name_tag) %>% html_text()
the_PWSID <- the_website %>% html_nodes(the_PWSID_tag) %>% html_text()
the_Max_Day_Use <- the_website %>% html_nodes(the_Max_Day_Use_tag) %>% html_text()
the_Ownership <- the_website %>% html_nodes(the_Ownership_tag) %>% html_text()
NCDIV water scrape <- data.frame(
                         "Water_System_Name" = as.character(the_facility_name),
                         "PWSID" = as.character(the_PWSID),
                         "Ownership" = as.character(the Ownership),
                         "Max Day Use" = as.numeric(the Max Day Use),
                         "Month" = custom_month_order,
                         "Year" = as.numeric(the_year))
NCDIV_water_scrape$Date <-</pre>
  as.Date(paste(NCDIV water scrape$Year, NCDIV water scrape$Month, "01", sep = "-"),
                format = "%Y-%b-%d")
return(NCDIV_water_scrape)
```

7. Use the function above to extract and plot max daily withdrawals for Durham (PWSID='03-32-010') for each month in 2015

```
#7
Durham_2015 <- scrape.it(2015,"03-32-010")
view(Durham_2015)
kable(Durham_2015)
```

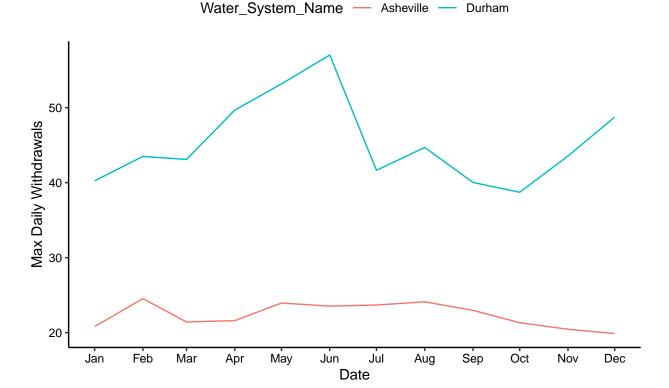
Water_System_Name	PWSID	Ownership	Max_Day_Use	Month	Year	Date
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	40.25	JAN	2015	2015-01-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	53.17	MAY	2015	2015-05-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	40.03	SEP	2015	2015-09-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	43.50	FEB	2015	2015-02-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	57.02	JUN	2015	2015-06-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	38.72	OCT	2015	2015-10-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	43.10	MAR	2015	2015-03-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	41.65	JUL	2015	2015-07-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	43.55	NOV	2015	2015-11-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	49.68	APR	2015	2015-04-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	44.70	$\overline{AUG}$	2015	2015-08-01
Durham	03-32-010	Municipality	48.75	DEC	2015	2015-12-01

8. Use the function above to extract data for Asheville (PWSID = 01-11-010) in 2015. Combine this data with the Durham data collected above and create a plot that compares Asheville's to Durham's water withdrawals.

```
#8 AI Assisted
Asheville_2015 <- scrape.it(2015,"01-11-010")
view(Asheville_2015)
kable(Asheville_2015)
```

Water_System_Name	PWSID	Ownership	Max_Day_Use	Month	Year	Date
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	20.81	JAN	2015	2015-01-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	23.95	MAY	2015	2015-05-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	22.97	SEP	2015	2015-09-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	24.54	FEB	2015	2015-02-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	23.53	JUN	2015	2015-06-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	21.32	OCT	2015	2015-10-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	21.42	MAR	2015	2015-03-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	23.68	JUL	2015	2015-07-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	20.45	NOV	2015	2015-11-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	21.60	APR	2015	2015-04-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	24.11	AUG	2015	2015-08-01
Asheville	01-11-010	Municipality	19.88	DEC	2015	2015-12-01

### Maximum Daily Withdrawals (2015)



9. Use the code & function you created above to plot Asheville's max daily withdrawal by months for the years 2010 thru 2021.Add a smoothed line to the plot (method = 'loess').

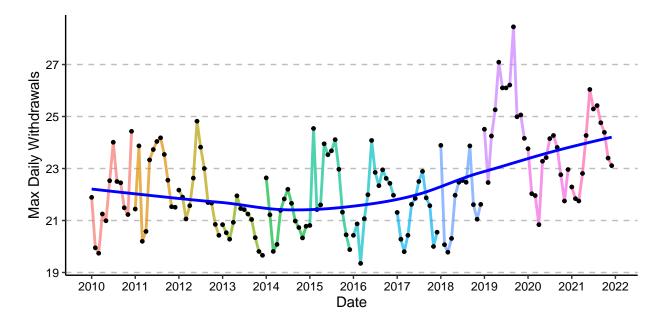
TIP: See Section 3.2 in the "10\_Data\_Scraping.Rmd" where we apply "map2()" to iteratively run a function over two inputs. Pipe the output of the map2() function to bindrows() to combine the dataframes into a single one.

```
#9 AI Assisted
Ash years <- 2010:2021
Ash_facility_id <- "01-11-010"
combined_data_asheville <-</pre>
  map2(Ash_years, rep(Ash_facility_id, length(Ash_years)), scrape.it) %%
  bind_rows()
combined_data_asheville$Year <- as.factor(combined_data_asheville$Year)</pre>
ggplot(combined_data_asheville, aes(x = Date, y = Max_Day_Use)) +
  geom_line(aes(color = Year), size = 1, alpha = 0.7) +
  geom_point(aes(color = Year), size = 1, shape = 19,color = 'black') +
  geom_smooth(method = 'loess', se = FALSE, color = 'blue', size = 1) +
  labs(title = "Asheville's Maximum Daily Withdrawals (2010-2021)",
       x = "Date",
       y = "Max Daily Withdrawals") +
  scale x date(date labels = "%Y", date breaks = "1 year") +
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "gray", linetype = "dashed"))
```

```
## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

## Asheville's Maximum Daily Withdrawals (2010-2021)





Question: Just by looking at the plot (i.e. not running statistics), does Asheville have a trend in water usage over time? > Answer: Ashville was on a downward trend until 2015, but then started trending up. In 2019, water withdrawl spiked noticeably.