## The Ziggurat algorithm

The Ziggurat algorithm is an efficient method to generate random numbers from a given probability distribution.

## Description:

- 1) Partition of the density function in K layers of same area A. The layer widths,  $w_i = A/f(x_i)$  are computed recursively.
- 2) Definition of the tail region for densities with infinite support (e.g. Normal) using an exponential function, such as

  T(x) = Ce-1x, x > xx
- 3) select a layer
- 4) Generate à candidate sample as x = x: +  $U \cdot w$ : ,  $U \sim U_{[0,1]}$
- 5) Accept or reject the candidate Acaptance if X & X:-1
- 6) Check for acceptance 7) Handle the tail region: if i=K, sample from the tail using inverse transform sampling:  $X=XK-\frac{1}{\lambda}\ln(U)$  8) Repeat until a sample is accepted

See: Marsaglia and Tsang, 2000