

Multivariate Central Limit Theorem

Let $\underline{X}_1, \underline{X}_2, \dots, \underline{X}_n$ be a sequence of iid random vectors with common mean $\underline{\mu}$ and covariance matrix $\underline{\Sigma}$ (positive definite).

The sample mean is defined as:

$$\underline{\bar{X}}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \underline{X}_i$$

Then we have that:

$$\sqrt{n}(\underline{\bar{X}}_n - \underline{\mu}) \xrightarrow{d} N(\underline{0}, \underline{\Sigma})$$

The multivariate CLT generalizes the CLT to the case of random vectors.