# Bootstrap: introduction (1/2)

Suppose that we observe a sample  $x_1,...,x_n$  which are realizations of i.i.d. r.v.  $X_1,...,X_n$ , with distribution  $L_x$  and with CDF  $F_x$  unknown.. The empirical Cummulative Distribution Function (eCDF) is defined as

$$F_n(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{x_i \le x}$$

and is an estimator of the true CDF  $F_x$ . Moreover, we have that

$$E[F_n(x)] = F_x$$

and

$$var(F_n(x)) = \frac{1}{n} \Big( (F_x)(1 - F_x) \Big)$$

# Bootstrap: introduction (2/2)

Besides, from the Law of Large Numbers (LLN), we have that

$$F_n(x) \xrightarrow{a.s.} F_x$$
 as  $n$  goes to  $\infty$ .

And from the Central Limit Theorem (CLT), we have that

$$F_n(x) \xrightarrow{L} N\left(F_x, \frac{1}{n}F_x(1 - F_x)\right)$$
 as  $n$  goes to  $\infty$ .

The underlying idea of nonparametric bootstrap is that bootstrap samples can be generated from the  $F_n(x)$  when  $F_x$  is unknow since  $F_n(x)$  is a consistent estimator for  $F_x$ .

#### General algorithm for Bootstrap

- 1. B independent samples  $x_{b1}^*,...,x_{bn}^*$ , b=1,...,B are drawn with replacement from the data  $x_1,...,x_n$ .
- 2. On each of the B independent samples, an estimate  $\hat{\theta}_b^*$  is computed (the bootstrap replicates of  $\hat{\theta}$ ).
- 3. The expectation of  $\hat{\theta}$  (given  $F_n(x)$  ) is estimated as follows:

$$E_{boot}[\hat{\theta}] = \frac{1}{B} \sum_{b=1}^{B} \hat{\theta}_b^*$$

4. The variance of  $\hat{ heta}$  (given  $F_n(x)$  ) is estimated as follows:

$$var_{boot}(\hat{\theta}) = \frac{1}{B-1} \sum_{b=1}^{B} \left( \hat{\theta}_b^* - \frac{1}{B} \sum_{b=1}^{B} \hat{\theta}_b^* \right)^2$$

#### Example 1

**Example:** We observe a the following sample:

$$x_1, ..., x_n = 8.26, 6.33, 10.4, 5.27, 5.35, 5.61, 6.12,$$
  
 $6.19, 5.2, 7.01, 8.74, 7.78, 7.02, 6, 6.5,$   
 $5.8, 5.12, 7.41, 6.52, 6.21, 12.28, 5.6, 5.38, 6.6, 8.74$ 

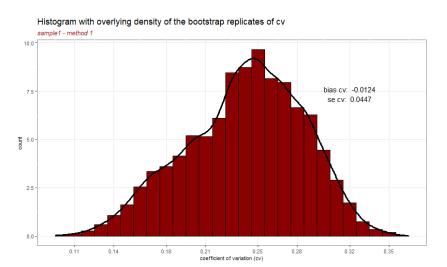
Estimate the bias and the standard error of  $\hat{\theta}$ , the estimate of the coefficient of variation. The coefficient of variation cv is equal to

$$cv = sd(x)/mean(x)$$

### Method 1 the R language

```
1 library (bootstrap)
 3 \text{ sample } 1 = c(8.26, 6.33, 10.4, 5.27, 5.35, 5.61, 6.12, 6.19, 5.2, 7.01, 8.74,
  7.78, 7.02, 6, 6.5, 5.8, 5.12, 7.41, 6.52, 6.21, 12.28, 5.6, 5.38, 6.6, 8.74)
    Perform bootstrap to estimate the cv - mehthod 1
 α
10 # define the function to estimatee the cv
11 theta_hat = function(x) {
    sd(x) / mean(x) # coefficient of variation
13 }
14
15 set. seed (2023)
16 B = 10000
17 boot = bootstrap(x = sample1, \# x: initial sample
18
                   n = B, # n: number of bootstrap replicates,
19
                   theta hat)
                                      # the function
20
21 # the bootstrap replicates are saved in 'thetastat'
22 # which is an object returned by the function 'bootstrap'
23
24 # estimate of the bias
25 bias <- mean(boot$thetastar) - theta hat(sample1) # the bias estimate
26 bias # [1] -0.01236049
27
28 # estimate of the standard error
29 sdthetastar <- sd(boot$thetastar)
30 sdthetastar # [1] 0.04466796
```

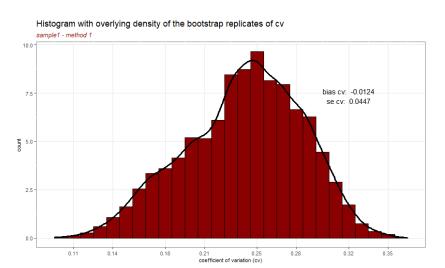
## Method 1: histogram of replicates of cv



#### Method 2 the R language

```
2 # Perform bootstrap to estimate the cv - mehthod 2
 4 set seed (2023)
 5 B = 10000
                                                          # R: set the number of
       bootstrap replicates
 6 bootstrap_object <- matrix(rep(0, B*length(sample1)),
                           nrow = B)
 8 cv <- numeric(B)
10 # perform the bootstrap using the function sample() with replacement
11 for(i in 1:B) {
12
13
    bootstrap object[i.] <- sample(sample1, size = length(sample1), replace = TRUE
14
15
    cv[i] <- sd(bootstrap object[i, ]) / mean(bootstrap object[i, ])
16 }
17
18 # estimate of the bias
19 bias <- mean(cv) - (sd(sample1)/mean(sample1))
20 bias # [1] -0.01255868
21
22 # estimate of the standard error
23 sd <- sd(cv)
24 sd # [1] 0.0452905
```

## Method 2: histogram of replicates of cv



#### References

Rizzo, M.L. (2019). Statistical Computing with R, Second Edition (2nd ed.). Chapman and Hall/CRC. https://doi.org/10.1201/9780429192760

Efron, B. and Tibshirani, R. J. (1993), An introduction to the Bootstrap, Chapman Hall.

The R Project for Statistical Computing: https://www.r-project.org/

course notes