

CS460 Algorithms and Their Analysis

Assignment Question Set 3

Total points: 10

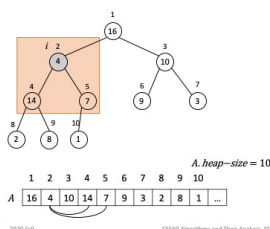
Question 1 (3.5 points) Quicksort

- Illustrate the final outcome of calling PARTITION procedure on the input array $A = \langle 13, 19, 9, 5, 12, 8, 7, 4, 21, 2, 6, 11 \rangle$. What value of q does the procedure return?
- What value of q does PARTITION return when all elements in the array $A[p..r]$ have the same value? State why.
- What is the running time of QUICKSORT when all elements of array A have the same value? Briefly state why (no strict proof required). *Hint*: Consider what recurrence it would be using the answer from b).

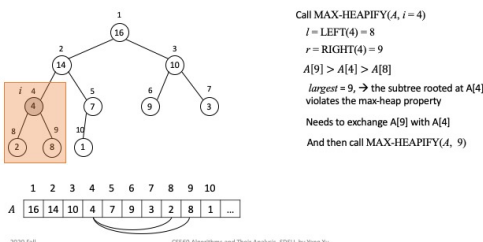
Question 2 (3.5 points) Heapsort

- Is the array with values $\langle 23, 17, 14, 6, 13, 10, 1, 5, 7, 12 \rangle$ a max-heap? Draw the tree-like plot, and identify the nodes that violate the max-heap property.
- Using the plots below as a model, illustrate the final outcome of calling MAX-HEAPIFY(A , 3) on the input array: $A = \langle 27, 17, 3, 16, 13, 10, 1, 5, 7, 12, 4, 8, 9, 0 \rangle$. (Just need to draw *two* heap plots, one before the calling and one after.)

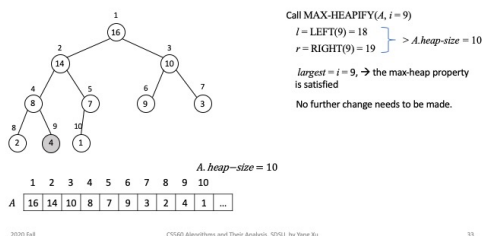
MAX-HEAPIFY procedure -- example



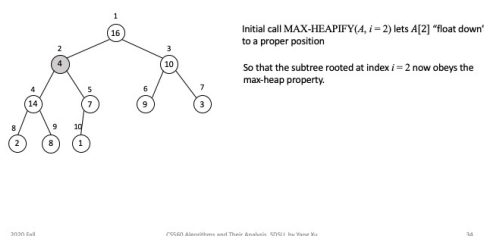
MAX-HEAPIFY procedure -- example



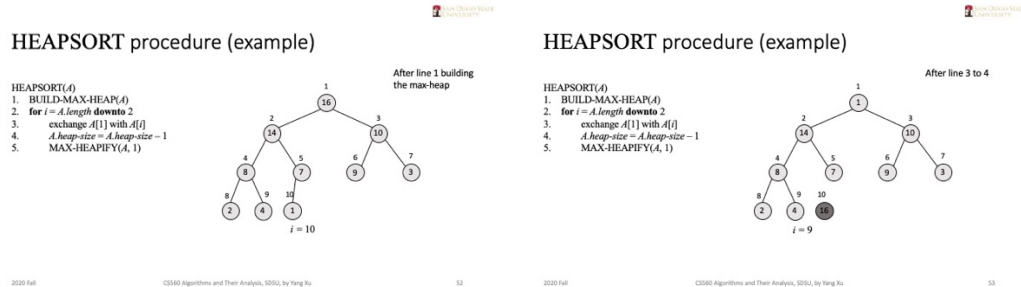
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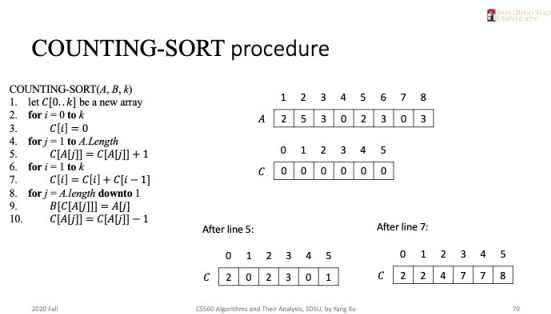


- c) Call HEAPSORT on the input array $A = \langle 5, 13, 2, 25, 7, 17, 20, 8, 4 \rangle$. First, draw the resulting max-heap of calling BUILD-MAX-HEAP on A (line 1); then illustrate the elements in A after the first 2 iterations of the **for** loop (line 2 to 5) respectively, following the plots shown below.



Question 3 (3 points) Linear time sort

- a) Call COUNTING-SORT on the input array $A = \langle 6, 0, 2, 0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 1, 3, 2 \rangle$. Using the plots shown below as a model, illustrate array C after the second **for** loop (line 4 to 5) and the third **for** loop (line 6 to 7) are executed, respectively; then illustrate array B and C after executing the first 2 iterations of the fourth **for** loop (line 8 to 10), respectively.



- b) Using the plots shown below as a model, illustrate the array B after the second **for** loop (line 5 to 6) is executed in calling BUCKET-SORT procedure on the input array $A = \langle .79, .13, .16, .64, .39, .20, .89, .53, .71, .42 \rangle$.

