Introcution to JavaScript

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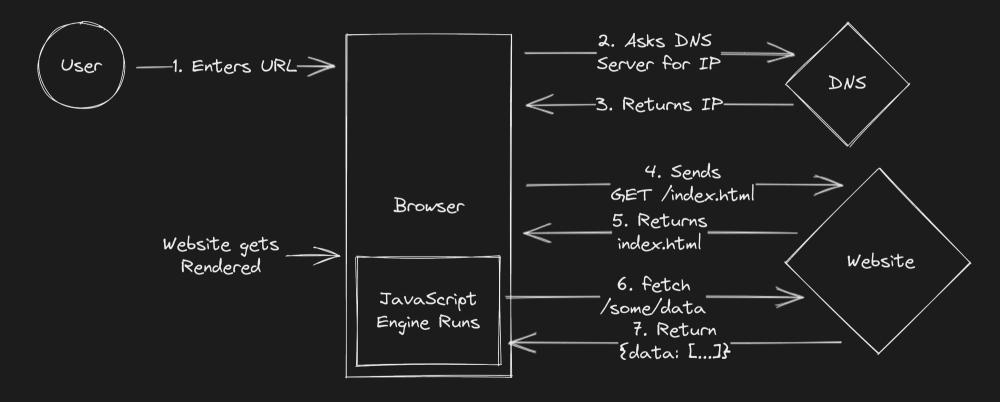
What learned we last Week?

- Common Events click , dblclick , mouseover , keydown
- on<event> Attribute
- Event Bubbling
- Dispatching Events (Custom Events)
- Displaying Lists Item A
- Displaying Tables Name
- Displaying Forms <form><input type='text'></form>

Goals of this week

- Server Client Communication
 - HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)
 - CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)
- JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)
- AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML)
- Fetch API
- Promises
- Async/Await

Server Client Communication



HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)

Protocol for communication between a Web Client and a Web Server.

- 1. Web Client sends HTTP Request to Web Server.
- 2. Web Server processes Request.
- 3. Web Server sends HTTP Response to Web Client.

HTTP Request & Response

GET /index.html HTTP/2
Host: www.example.com

```
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 1234
<html>
    <head>
        <title>Example</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <h1>Hello World</h1>
    </body>
</html>
```

CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete)

Operations for persistent data.

Create: POST

· Read: GET

Update: PUT or PATCH

· Delete: DELETE

CRUD (Create)

Request

```
POST /users HTTP/2
Host: www.example.com
Content-Type: application/json

{
    "name": "John Doe",
    "age": 42
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/2 201 Created
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 123
{
    "id": 123,
    "name": "John Doe",
    "age": 42
}
```

CRUD (Read)

Request

```
GET /users/123 HTTP/2
Host: www.example.com
```

Response

```
HTTP/2 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 123
{
    "id": 123,
    "name": "John Doe",
    "age": 42
}
```

CRUD (Update)

Request

```
PATCH /users/123 HTTP/2
Host: www.example.com
Content-Type: application/json
{
    "age": 43
}
```

Response

```
HTTP/2 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 123
{
    "id": 123,
    "name": "John Doe",
    "age": 43
}
```

CRUD (Delete)

Request

DELETE /users/123 HTTP/2

Host: www.example.com

Response

HTTP/2 204 No Content

HTTP Status Codes

- 1xx: Informational
- 2xx: Success
- 3xx: Redirection
- 4xx: Client Error
- 5xx: Server Error

Some common Status Codes:

- · 200 OK
- 201 Created
- · 204 No Content
- · 400 Bad Request
- 401 Unauthorized
- 403 Forbidden
- 404 Not Found
- 500 Internal Server Error
- 503 Service Unavailable

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)

Lightweight data-interchange format.

```
{
    "name": "John Doe",
    "age": 42,
}
```

JSON Data Types

```
"string": "Hello World",
"number": 42,
"boolean": true,
"null": null,
"array": [1, 2, 3],
"object": {
    "name": "John Doe",
```

AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML)

Technique for asynchronous communication between a Web Client and a Web Server.

- Asynchronous: No page reload.
- JavaScript: Client side scripting language.
- · XML: Data format. (JSON is more common today)

Fetch API

API for making HTTP Requests.

```
fetch("https://example.com/users/123")
   .then(response => response.json())
   .then(data => console.log(data))
```

Fetch API (POST)

```
fetch("https://example.com/users", {
    method: "POST",
    headers: {
    },
    body: JSON.stringify({
        name: "John Doe",
        age: <u>42</u>
    })
}).then(response => response.json())
  .then(data => console.log(data))
```

Promises

Object that represents the eventual completion (or failure) of an asynchronous operation.

```
const promise = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
        resolve("Hello World")
    }, 1000)
})
promise.then(data => console.log(data))
```

Async/Await

```
async function getData() {
    const response = await fetch("https://example.com/users/123")
    const data = await response.json()
    return data
}

const myData = await getData()
console.log(myData)
```

Tasks and Points

Goal is to get 100 Points.

- fetch (25 Points)
- promise (25 Points)
- basic-server (50 Points)
- crud (100 Points)