OS Program1

開發環境: Ubuntu20.04

1. Using fork and control the order

```
1
      int main(){
 2
          pid_t q;
          cout << "before fork" << endl;</pre>
 3
 4
          q = fork();
 5
          if(q<0){
 6
               cout << "error" << endl;</pre>
 7
 8
          else if(q == 0){
               cout << "child having pid " << getpid() << endl;</pre>
 9
10
               cout << "My parent's pid is " << getppid() << endl;</pre>
11
          }
          else{
12
              // wait(NULL);
13
              // sleep(1);
14
15
               cout << "I am parent having pid " << getpid() << endl;</pre>
               cout << "My Child's pid is " << q << endl;</pre>
16
17
          cout << "common" << endl;</pre>
18
19 }
```

result

without wait (command掉wait(NULL))

```
before fork
I am parent having pid 3798
child having pid 3799
My Child's pid is 3799
My parent's pid is 3798
common
common
```

with wait

```
before fork
child having pid 3699
My parent's pid is 3698
common
I am parent having pid 3698
My Child's pid is 3699
common
```

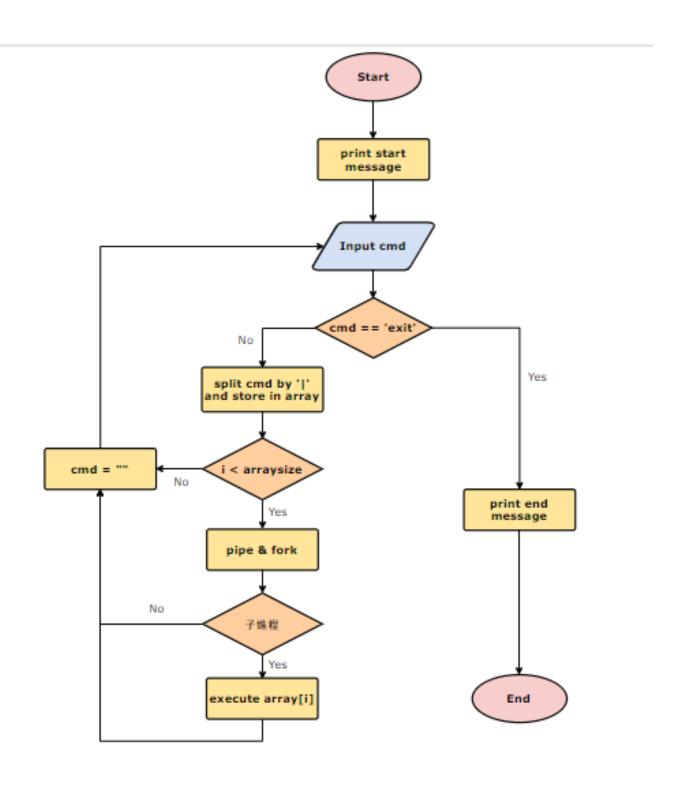
實作功能_讓小火車重複跑在terminal上

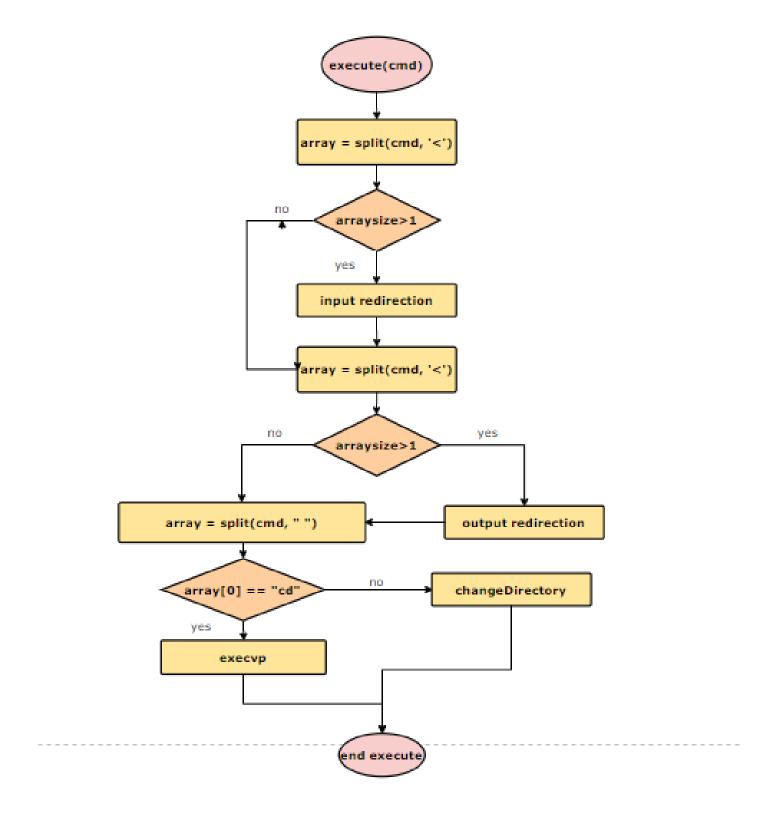
1 sudo apt-get install sl 1 bool again = true; 2 char check; 3 int main(){ 4 pid_t q; 5 while(again){ 6 q = fork();7 if(q<0){ 8 cout << "error" << endl;</pre> 9 } 10 else if(q == 0){ char *argv[] = {(char*)"sl", NULL}; 11 12 cout << "I'm a child. Let's play a train." << endl;</pre> 13 sleep(5); execvp("sl", argv); 14 15 else{ 16 waitpid(q, NULL, 0); 17 cout << "again? " << "(y/n)" << endl;</pre> 18 19 cin >> check; 20 $if(check == 'y'){}$ 21 again = true; 22 }else{ 23 again = false; 24 } 25 } 26 } } 27

result

2.Shell

程式邏輯





functions

```
1
    void execute(string cmd){
        確認輸入的cmd裡有沒有'‹'、'>'、如果有、則split(cmd, ‹ or >)、
2
3
        並執行redirection, 然後重組cmd(讓cmd裡沒有< or >)。
        vector<string> argstr = split(cmd, ' ')
4
5
        確認argstr[0]是不是"cd",如果是則呼叫changeDirectory(argstr)。
6
        不是的話,將整個argstr轉成char_array,然後呼叫execvp執行命令。
7
    }
8
    void changeDirectory(vector<string> args){
9
           如果只有cd 則轉到HOME目錄。
10
           如果cd後面的目錄不存在,則輸出 No Such Directory
11
12
           其餘正常進入目錄。
13
    }
14
    char **char_array(vector<string> parts){
15
           將vector內的string轉成char_array
16
17
    }
18
    vector<string> split(string line, string separator){
19
           將輸入的string,以separator為分界,弄成一個string array
20
21
    }
22
23
    string trim(string input){
           去空格
24
25
    }
26
```