

SCHEMA Manual

(0-1-20250630-Schumacher.Personal-SCHEMAM)

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Security Clearance: 0 - Public

Name: SCHEMA Manual

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Description: Unified metadata and structuring system designed to bring order, traceability, and permanence to digital content across time, platforms, and organizational contexts. It standardizes how files are named, how versions evolve, how archives are structured, and how documents are formatted, forming the backbone of the Legacy Matrix.

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Summary

"Schumacher Content Hierarchical Encoding & Management Architecture"

SCHEMA - Schumacher Content Hierarchical Encoding & Management Architecture

SCHEMA is a unified metadata and structuring system designed to bring order, traceability, and permanence to digital content across time, platforms, and organizational contexts. It standardizes how files are named, how versions evolve, how archives are structured, and how documents are formatted, forming the backbone of the Legacy Matrix.

1. SCHEMA: File Identification

Purpose:

Encodes critical metadata directly into file names, enabling instant identification of an item's security level, type, origin, creation date, and contextual tags, without requiring external systems or databases.

Format:

[SEC]-[TYPE]-[CREATION DATE]-[ORG].[SUBORG]-[TITLE][+DOWNLOAD DATE][+T AGS].[EXT]

- Self-describing file names
- Cross-system portability
- Intuitive structure for archiving and searching
- Security level classification at a glance

2. SCHEMA: Revision Tracking

Purpose:

Tracks both the evolution of personal projects and their corresponding repository state (e.g., GitHub), while clearly distinguishing between internal progress and public releases.

Format:

v[MAJOR].[MINOR].[PATCH].[REPO]-[DATE]-[STAGE]

- Dual versioning for personal project + repository
- Chronologically anchored development states
- Clear separation between working versions and external visibility
- Ideal for changelogs, codebases, and milestone tracking

3. SCHEMA: Archive Management

Purpose:

Organizes all content into annual, version-anchored archive blocks housed within the Legacy Matrix. Each archive reflects the SCHEMA version active when the year began.

Format:

Legacy Matrix/ Archive.XXXX+YYYY@SCHEMAvX.X.X/

Shorthand Variants:

- A324S205 (Compact)
- ARC3-2024@S2.0.5 (Readable)

- Chronological segmentation of digital history
- Immutable archives per SCHEMA version
- Clean separation of annual workloads
- Ready for branding, compression, and publishing

4. SCHEMA: Document Formatting

Purpose:

Defines typographic and structural standards for documents created within SCHEMA. Ensures that formatting, metadata, and hierarchy are consistent across all textual content.

Features:

- SCHEMA ID blocks and embedded metadata
- Public-level formatting base
- Defined header hierarchy
- Print/digital-ready layouts
- Compatible with versioning and archival layers

- Professional and consistent output
- Easy parsing of authorship, security, and structure
- Seamless integration into SCHEMA archives and references

In Summary

SCHEMA is more than a file-naming convention; it's a content philosophy.

It bridges identity, structure, time, and evolution into a modular system that can scale with personal projects, legacy archives, or even enterprise-level information systems.

Whether you're tracking a prototype, versioning a release, formatting a report, or archiving a year's worth of intellectual output, SCHEMA makes the structure part of the substance.

File Identification

"Provides a structured, metadata-rich naming convention for digital files. Encodes essential attributes—such as security level, file type, creation date, ownership, and title-directly into the filename, enabling efficient categorization, sorting, and retrieval across projects and archives."

ID Format Specification

Format Structure

Description

Component Breakdown

Component

Component	Description
SEC	Security Clearance - Indicates the security level
TYPE	Item Type - The general classification
CREATION_DATE	Creation Date - The original date the item was created. If unknown, use the ID creation date. Format: YYYYMMDD.
ORG	Organization - The entity responsible or associated with the item. Use your name if personal.
SUBORG	Sub-Organization - Further narrows down the association (e.g., department, team). Use Name.Personal for personal projects.
TITLE	Title Abbreviation - A concise abbreviation of the item's name (e.g., Smart Dog Collar \rightarrow SDC).
+DOWNLOAD_DATE	(Optional) - The date the file was downloaded (if applicable). Format: +YYYYMMDD.
+TAGS	<pre>(Optional) - Any additional custom tags for sorting, filtering, or metadata. Format: +TAG1_TAG2.</pre>
EXT	File Extension - The actual file type (e.g., .pdf, .png, .mp4, .zip).

Example

0-1-20250630-Schumacher.Personal-SCHEMADF.pdf

This represents a **public document** (0-1) created on **June 30**, **2025**, by **Schumacher** under their **Personal** archive. The item is titled **SCHEMA: Document Formatting** (SCHEMADF), and the file is in **PDF** format.

Downloaded File Example

0-1-20250630-Schumacher.Personal-SCHEMADF+20250724.pdf

Breakdown

Component	Value	Meaning
0	Public	File is accessible to everyone
1	Word Document	Item type is a Word-based document
20250630	Creation Date	Originally created on June 30, 2025
Schumacher	Organization	Created by or associated with Schumacher
Personal	Sub-Org	Personal project
SCHEMADF	Title Abbreviation	Short for SCHEMA: Document Formatting
+20250724	Download Date	This specific file was downloaded on July 24 , 2025
.pdf	File Extension	File is in PDF format

Item Type Codes

Code	Type	Description
7	Framework	Conceptual structures, organizational systems, or guiding models for processes and development
6	Person	Individuals, profiles, biographies, or related personal records
5	Protocol	Standards, procedures, rules, or communication formats
4	Software	Executables, scripts, source code, applications
3	Spreadsheet	Excel files, Google Sheets, data tables
2	PowerPoint	Slide decks or presentations
1	Word Document	Text documents, reports, written formats
0	Other	Miscellaneous or undefined types

Note: These codes are used in the [TYPE] section of your ID format. For example, 0-1-20250630-... uses 1 to denote a **Word Document**.

Security Clearance Levels

Level	Label	Access Scope
5	Top Secret	Creator only
4	Uxor	Creator and their partner
3	Familia	Creator's nuclear family
2	Familiaris	Creator's extended family
1	Amicus	Includes all above, plus trusted friends
0	Public	Open access to everyone

SCHEMA Clearance Code Protocol

This section defines the randomized Clearance Code Formats aligned to SCHEMA's Security Clearance Levels. The format complexity scales with clearance, ensuring human readability at low levels and maximum entropy + error checking at high levels.

Level 0 - Public

Scope: Open access to everyone

Code Tier: No code required (implicit access)

• Example: Public-facing files, shared documentation.

Level 1 - Amicus

Scope: Trusted friends + all lower levels

Code Tier: Tier 1
Format: LDD-LDD

• Example: R42-K71

• Entropy: ~17.5 million

• Use: Lightweight identifiers for files/projects shared with

trusted circles.

Level 2 - Familiaris

Scope: Extended family + all lower levels

Code Tier: Tier 2
Format: LLDD-LLDD

• Example: XZ42-QK97

• Entropy: ~4.56 billion

• Use: Broader family access; durable but still human-friendly.

Level 3 — Familia

Scope: Nuclear family + all lower levels

Code Tier: Tier 3
Format: LLLL-DDDD-LL

Example: WQXZ-4921-NKEntropy: ~8.2 trillion

• Use: Private archives and Legacy Matrix materials for closest

family.

Level 4 - Uxor

Scope: Creator + partner + all lower levels

Code Tier: Tier 4

Format: LLLL-DDDD-LLDD

Example: KZQM-1284-YH47Entropy: ~820 trillion

• Use: Shared control with partner, administrative power,

high-trust.

Level 5 - Top Secret

Scope: Creator only
Code Tier: Tier 5

Format: LLLL-DDDD-LLDD-CHK

• Example: QZRT-1742-KC99-TOP

• Entropy: ~29.5 quadrillion (with checksum)

• Use: Absolute root-level control. The checksum prevents

transcription errors and underscores uniqueness.

Notes

- Format = clearance. No need to read the level, the code's structure conveys it.
- Prefixes are random. Prevents inference of scope/project.

• Hierarchical Access: Higher levels include lower levels, consistent with SCHEMA manual rules.

Revision Tracking

"Defines a unified, metadata-rich versioning format that distinctly separates a personal project's core version from its associated GitHub repository version. This enables transparent tracking of both internal development progress and public-facing repository updates, without conflating the two."

Revision Tracking

Format Structure

v[MAJOR].[MINOR].[PATCH].[REPO]-[DATE]-[STAGE]

Components:

Segment	Description
V	Prefix denoting a versioned asset
MAJOR	Core project major version - for fundamental or breaking changes
MINOR	Core project minor version - for feature-level additions
PATCH	Core project patch version - for fixes and minor updates
REPO	GitHub Repository Version - 4-digit number incrementing independently
DATE	Release date in YYYY.MM.DD format
STAGE	Development stage: alpha, beta, rc, stable, etc.

Examples:

- v0.0.3.0007-2025.07.21-beta
 → Core version 0.0.3, GitHub repository version 0007, released
 July 21, 2025, at the beta stage.
- v0.0.0.0001-2025.07.24-alpha
 → Initial version 0.0.0, GitHub repo version 0001, released July 24, 2025, as an alpha build.

Rationale:

- The 3-part core version (MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH) tracks your personal project's internal evolution.
- The 4-digit segment (REPO) tracks the GitHub repository's upload/versioning history, allowing for commits, releases, or iterations that do not affect the core version.
- The explicit date and stage provide audit-friendly metadata for releases, prototypes, and deployments.

This format is especially suited for dual-tracking workflows, where private development and public deployment diverge in timing or pace.

Archive Management

"Long-term structural system used to organize all digital assets under the Legacy Matrix. Defines how yearly archives are created, labeled, and managed—anchored to the version of SCHEMA active at their time of origin."

Archive Management

Folder Format Structure:

Legacy Matrix/

Archive.XXXX+YYYY@SCHEMAvX.X.X/

[Projects, Files, and Substructures]

Format Breakdown

Segment	Description
Archive.XXXX	Archive Number - Chronological index (zero-padded, e.g. 0003)
+YYYY	Creation Year - The year the archive was initialized
@SCHEMAvX.X.X	Starting SCHEMA Version - The SCHEMA version at archive creation
Legacy Matrix	The root folder containing all annual archives

Archives are immutable in version. Once an archive is created under a specific SCHEMA version, it is never retroactively updated—even if SCHEMA evolves. Each archive is a time capsule of its year and environment.

Example Archives

Folder Name	Meaning
Archive.0001+2025@SCHEMAv0.0.1	Archive 1, created in 2025, started with SCHEMA v0.0.1
Archive.0002+2026@SCHEMAv0.0.6	Archive 2, created in 2026, started with SCHEMA v0.0.6

Legacy Matrix Shorthand Style Guide

To simplify referencing archives across interfaces and systems, two shorthand formats are used:

Format Definitions

Compact Format: A324S205

- \bullet A = Archive prefix
- 3 = Archive number (from Archive.0003)
- 24 = Year (2024)
- S205 = SCHEMA $v2.0.5 \rightarrow 2 0 5$

Use For:

- File/folder names
- Command-line tools
- Internal logs
- QR/barcodes
- Spreadsheet references

Readable Format: ARC3-2024@S2.0.5

- ARC3 = Archive 3
- 2024 = Anchor year
- @S2.0.5 = SCHEMA version, with periods for clarity

Use For:

- Dashboards
- Documentation headers
- Reports and slide decks
- Visual overlays or UI tags

Usage Rules

Context	Format	Example
Folder Names	A324S205	/Projects/A324S205/
CLI / Databases	A324S205	archive A324S205
UI Labels	ARC3-2024@S2.0.5	Archive Viewer: ARC3-2024@S2.0.5
URLs / Short Links	A324S205	https://legacymatrix.net/a324s205/
Printed Tags / QR Codes	A324S205	(Compact for physical labels)
Reports / Headers	ARC3-2024@S2.0.5	LEGACY MATRIX // ARC3-2024@S2.0.5

Naming Convention Reminder

A324S205

- A → Archive
- 3 \rightarrow Archive.0003
- $24 \rightarrow \text{Year } 2024$
- S205 \rightarrow SCHEMA v2.0.5

ARC3-2024@S2.0.5

- Archive 3
- Year 2024
- SCHEMA version 2.0.5

Document Formatting

"Defines the visual and structural standards for all textual documentation within the SCHEMA system. It establishes baseline formatting for headers, metadata blocks, file identifiers, and layout consistency—ensuring that every SCHEMA-based document is immediately recognizable, accessible, and interoperable across archives and interfaces."

Document Formatting

Purpose

Serves as the **default formatting model** for all documents stored, versioned, or referenced through SCHEMA's identification framework. It encodes metadata visibly within the document body and maintains typographic discipline across headers, sections, and metadata fields.

Features

- Embedded SCHEMA ID block
- Aligned metadata: security level, item type, creation date, organization, and title abbreviation
- Defined header structure (Header 1, Header 2, and normal text)
- Structured for both print and digital use

Document Example

Name: SCHEMA: Document Formatting

ID: 0-1-20250630-Schumacher.Personal-SCHEMADF

Date: Started 2025-06-30
 Level: 0 - Public