ECONOMETRIC METHODS FOR SOCIAL SPILLOVERS AND NETWORKS

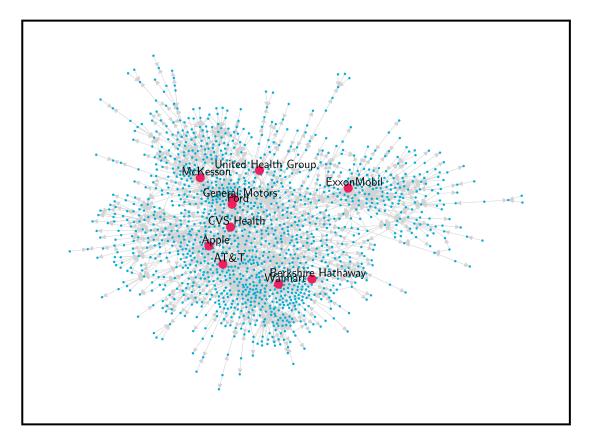
University of St. Gallen

September 28th to October 6th, 2020

"In a real sense all life is inter-related. All men are caught in an inescapable network of mutuality, tied in a single garment of destiny. Whatever affects one directly, affects all indirectly." - Martin Luther King, Letter from Birmingham Jail

Course Description

This course will provide an overview of econometric methods appropriate for the analysis of social and economic networks. Many social and economic activities are embedded in networks. Furthermore, datasets with natural graph theoretic (i.e., network) structure are increasingly available to researchers. We will focus on (i) descriptive analysis of network data, (ii) dyadic regression methods, (iii) econometrics models of network formation admitting agent-specific heterogeneity and/or strategic interaction, and (iv) econometrics models of social interaction or peer group effects.



Course Logistics

Instructor: Bryan Graham, Department of Economics, University of California - Berkeley

Email: bgraham@econ.berkeley.edu

<u>Time:</u> To be determined. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic class will be held virtually using the ZOOM platform.

<u>Prerequisites:</u> The equivalent of a first year Ph.D. level sequence in econometrics. Specifically an understanding of probability and statistical inference at the level of Casella and Berger (1990, *Statistical Inference*), linear regression analysis at the level of Goldberger (1991, *A Course in Econometrics*) and some exposure to non-linear models (e.g., maximum likelihood, M-estimation, GMM). I will also assume a basic knowledge of applied linear/matrix algebra. Exposure to the theory of U-Statistics is useful, but not required.

Textbook: Readings preceded by a [r] in the course outline are "required" (i.e., should ideally be read prior to class), while those preceded by a [b] are for "background" (i.e., may be useful for students interested in additional material or empirical applications). Students may find the book by Graham & de Paula (2020a) useful (available for purchase here). We will also make extensive use of my recent *Handbook of Econometrics* chapter (Graham, 2020b). This chapter is available in draft form on the arXiv here. Students who anticipate doing research involving networks should consider purchasing the textbooks by Jackson (2006) and Newman (2010), but doing so is not necessary. The survey by Goldenberg et al. (2009) covers much of the technical literature in statistics and machine learning, but is now somewhat dated.

<u>GitHub:</u> Supplemental course materials, including slides, lecture nodes and computer programs, will be made available on GitHub at https://github.com/bryangraham/short_courses.

<u>Computation:</u> The bulk of class will be devoted to the formal development of the material, albeit with empirical illustrations as well as ample discussions of the various practicalities of implementation. However I do intend to reserve some class time for actual practice with computation. Computational examples will be done using Python. Python is a widely used general purpose programming language with good functionality for scientific computing. For those wishing to manage a Python environment on their personal computer, the Anaconda distribution, which is available for download at https://www.anaconda.com/distribution/, is a convenient way to get started. Some basic tutorials on installing and using Python, with a focus on economic applications, can be found online at http://quant-econ.net. Good books for learning Python, with some coverage of statistical applications, are Guttag (2013), VanderPlas (2017), and McKinney (2017). The code I will provide will execute properly in Python 3.6, which is (close to) the latest Python release.

<u>Grades:</u> Grades will reflect a combination of in class participation and performance on a final take-home assessment. Details of the final assessment will be provided in class.

Course Outline (Tentative/Subject to Revision)

DATE	Торіс	Readings
9/28	PEER AND	[r] Manski (1993), Graham (2008)
	NEIGHBORHOOD EFFECTS	[r] Graham (2018)
		[b] Angrist (2014), [b] Altonji & Mansfied (2018)
9/29	DESCRIBING	[r] Jackson et al. (2017)
	Networks	[b] Goyal et al. (2016)
	Examples of networks	[b] Atalay et al. (2011); Mizuno et al. (2014)
		[b] Apicella et al. (2012); Marotta et al. (2015)
		[b] Seongjoo (2019)
	Small worlds	[b] Milgram (1967)
	Degree distributions	[b] Mitzenmacher (2004)
	Homophily	[b] McPherson et al. (2001)
	Triads	[b] Granovetter (1973); Jackson et al. (2012)
		[b] Holland & Leinhardt (1976)
9/29	CENTRALITY,	[r] Graham & de Paula (2020b)
	SHOCKS & DIFFUSION	[r] Carvalho & Tahbaz-Salehi (2019)
		[b] Jackson & Zenou (2015); König et al. (2019)
		[b] Galeotti et al. (2020)
		[b] Kim et al. (2015), [b] Carvalho et al. (2020)
		[b] Acemoglu et al. (2012, 2016)
9/30	Dyadic	[r] Graham (2020b, Sections 3 & 4)Graham et al. (2019)
	REGRESSION	[r] Graham (2020a), Menzel (2017)
		[b] Fafchamps & Gubert (2007); Aronow et al. (2017)
		[b]Rose (2004); Santos Silva & Tenreyro (2006)
10/1	CAUSAL EFFECTS	[r] Graham (2020b, Sections 5 & 6)
		[r] Santos Silva & Tenreyro (2010)
10/1	HETEROGENEITY	[r] Graham (2017), [b] Chatterjee et al. (2011)
		[b] Dzemski (2018), Jochmans (2018)

Course Outline (Tentative/Subject to Revision)

DATE	Торіс	Readings
10/2	Network	[r] Holland & Leinhardt (1976), [b] Picard et al. (2008)
	STATISTICS	[r] Graham (2020b, Sections 2 & 7)
	$(Estimation \ \ \ \ \ Inference)$	[b] Bickel et al. (2011); Bhattacharya & Bickel (2015)
10/5	STRATEGIC	[r] de Paula (2020)
	Interaction:	[r] Graham (2020b, Section 8)
		[r] Pelican & Graham (2019); Graham & Pelican (2020)
		[r] Blitzstein & Diaconis (2011); McDonald et al. (2007)
		[r] Miyauchi (2016); de Paula et al. (2018)
		[r] Christakis et al. (2020)
10/6	PEER EFFECTS	[r] Bramoullé et al. (2009)
	WITH NETWORK STRUCTURE	[b] Bramoullé et al. (2020)
10/6	Sorting	[r] Graham et al. (2010, 2018)
	& Complementarity	[r] Jochmans & Weidner (2019)
		[r] Bonhomme et al. (2019)
		[r] Graham et al. (2020)

References

- Acemoglu, D., Akcigit, U., & Kerr, W. (2016). Networks and the macroeconomy: an empirical exploration. NBER Macroeconomics Annual, 31(1), 273 – 335.
- Acemoglu, D., Carvalho, V., Ozdaglar, A., & Tahbaz-Salehi, A. (2012). The network origins of aggregate fluctuations. *Econometrica*, 80(5), 1977 2016.
- Altonji, J. G. & Mansfied, R. K. (2018). Estimating group effects using averages of observables to control for sorting on unobservables: school and neighborhood effects. *American Economic Review*, 108(10), 2902 2946.
- Angrist, J. (2014). The perils of peer effects. Labour Economics, 30, 98–108.
- Apicella, C. L., Marlowe, F. W., Fowler, J. H., & Christakis, N. A. (2012). Social networks and cooperation in hunter-gatherers. *Nature*, 481(7382), 497 501.
- Aronow, P. M., Samii, C., & Assenova, V. A. (2017). Cluster-robust variance estimation for dyadic data. *Political Analysis*, 23(4), 564 – 577.
- Atalay, E., Hortaçsu, A., Roberts, J., & Syverson, C. (2011). Network structure of production. *Proceedings* of the National Academy of Sciences, 108(13), 5199 5202.
- Bhattacharya, S. & Bickel, P. J. (2015). Subsampling bootstrap of count features of networks. *Annals of Statistics*, 43(6), 2384 2411.
- Bickel, P. J., Chen, A., & Levina, E. (2011). The method of moments and degree distributions for network models. *Annals of Statistics*, 39(5), 2280 2301.
- Blitzstein, J. & Diaconis, P. (2011). A sequential importance sampling algorithm for generating random graphs with prescribed degrees. *Internet Mathematics*, 6(4), 489 522.
- Bonhomme, S., Lamadon, T., & Manresa, E. (2019). A distributional framework for matched employer employee data. *Econometrica*, 87(3), 699 738.
- Bramoullé, Y., Djebbari, H., & Fortin, B. (2009). Identification of peer effects through social networks. Journal of Econometrics, 150(1), 41 – 55.
- Bramoullé, Y., Djebbari, H., & Fortin, B. (2020). Peer effects in networks: a survey. *Annual Review of Economics*, 12, 603 629.
- Carvalho, V. M., Nirei, M., Saito, Y. K., & Tahbaz-Salehi, A. (2020). Supply chain disruptions: evidence from the great east japan earthquake. Cambridge University.
- Carvalho, V. M. & Tahbaz-Salehi, A. (2019). Production networks: a primer. *Annual Review of Economics*, 11, 635 663.
- Chatterjee, S., Diaconis, P., & Sly, A. (2011). Random graphs with a given degree sequence. *Annals of Applied Probability*, 21(4), 1400 1435.

- Christakis, N. A., Fowler, J. H., Imbens, G. W., & Kalyanaraman, K. (2020). The Econometric Analysis of Network Data, chapter An empirical model for strategic network formation, (pp. 123 148). Academic Press.
- de Paula, Á. (2020). Econometric models of network formation. Annual Review of Economics, 12, 775 799.
- de Paula, Á., Richards-Shubik, S., & Tamer, E. (2018). Identifying preferences in networks with bounded degree. *Econometrica*, 86(1), 263 288.
- Dzemski, A. (2018). An empirical model of dyadic link formation in a network with unobserved heterogeneity. *Review of Economics and Statistics*. University of Mannheim.
- Faschamps, M. & Gubert, F. (2007). The formation of risk sharing networks. *Journal of Development Economics*, 83(2), 326 350.
- Galeotti, A., Golub, B., & Goyal, S. (2020). Targeting interventions in networks. *Econometrica*.
- Goldenberg, A., Zheng, A., Fienberg, S. E., & Airoldi, E. M. (2009). A survey of statistical network models. Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, 2(2), 129–333.
- Goyal, S., van der Leij, M. J., & Moraga-Gonzalez, J. L. (2016). Economics: an emerging small world. Journal of Political Economy, 114(2), 403 – 412.
- Graham, B. (2008). Identifying social interactions through conditional variance restrictions. *Econometrica*, 76(3), 643–660.
- Graham, B. S. (2017). An econometric model of network formation with degree heterogeneity. Econometrica, 85(4), 1033 1063.
- Graham, B. S. (2018). Identifying and estimating neighborhood effects. *Journal of Economic Literature*, 56(2), 450 500.
- Graham, B. S. (2020a). The Econometrics of Social and Economic Networks, chapter Dyadic regression, (pp. 25 41). Elsevier: Amsterdam.
- Graham, B. S. (2020b). *Handbook of Econometrics*, volume 7, chapter Network data. North-Holland: Amsterdam.
- Graham, B. S. & de Paula, A., Eds. (2020a). The Econometric Analysis of Network Data. Academic Press.
- Graham, B. S. & de Paula, Á. (2020b). The Econometrics of Social and Economic Networks, chapter Introduction, (pp. 4-24). Elsevier: Amsterdam.
- Graham, B. S., Imbens, G. W., & Ridder, G. (2010). Measuring the effects of segregation in the presence of social spillovers: a nonparametric approach. Working Paper 16499, NBER.
- Graham, B. S., Imbens, G. W., & Ridder, G. (2018). Identification and efficiency bounds for the average match function under conditionally exogenous matching. *Journal of Business and Economic Statistics*.

- Graham, B. S., Niu, F., & Powell, J. L. (2019). Kernel density estimation for undirected dyadic data. Technical report, University of California Berkeley.
- Graham, B. S. & Pelican, A. (2020). The Econometric Analysis of Network Data, chapter Testing for externalities in network formation using simulation, (pp. 65 82). Academic Press: London.
- Graham, B. S., Ridder, G., Thiemann, P., & Zamarro, G. (2020). Teacher-to-classroom assignment and student achievement. Lund University.
- Granovetter, M. S. (1973). The strength of weak ties. American Journal of Sociology, 78(6), 1360 1380.
- Guttag, J. V. (2013). Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python. Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press.
- Holland, P. W. & Leinhardt, S. (1976). Local structure in social networks. *Sociological Methodology*, 7, 1 45.
- Jackson, M. (2006). The economics of social networks. In R. Blundell, W. Newey, & T. Persson (Eds.), Advances in Economics and Econometrics, Theory and Applications: Ninth World Congress of the Econometric Society. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Jackson, M. O., Rodriguez-Barraquer, T., & Tan, X. (2012). Social capital and social quilts: network patterns of favor exchange. *American Economic Review*, 102(5), 1857–1897.
- Jackson, M. O., Rogers, B. W., & Zenou, Y. (2017). The economic consequences of social-network structure. Journal of Economic Literature, 55(1), 49 – 95.
- Jackson, M. O. & Zenou, Y. (2015). *Handbook of Game Theory*, volume 4, chapter Games on networks, (pp. 95 163). North-Holland: Amsterdam.
- Jochmans, K. (2018). Semiparametric analysis of network formation. *Journal of Business and Economic Statistics*, 36(4), 705 713.
- Jochmans, K. & Weidner, M. (2019). Fixed-effect regressions on network data. *Econometrica*, 87(5), 1543 1560.
- Kim, D. A., Hwong, A. R., Stafford, D., Hughes, D. A., O'Malley, A. J., Fowler, J. H., & Christakis, N. A. (2015). Social network targeting to maximise population behaviour change: a cluster randomised controlled trial. *Lancet*, 386(9989), 145 – 153.
- König, M. D., Liu, X., & Zenou, Y. (2019). R&d networks: theory, empirics and policy implications. *Review of Economics and Statistics*, 101(3), 476 491.
- Manski, C. F. (1993). Identification of endogenous social effects: the reflection problem,. Review of Economic Studies, 60(3), 531 542.
- Marotta, L., Miccichè, S., Fujiwara, Y., Iyetomi, H., Aoyama, H., Gallegati, M., & Mantegna, R. N. (2015). Bank-firm credit network in japan: an analysis of a bipartite network. *Plos One*, 10(5), e0123079.

- McDonald, J. W., Smith, P. W. F., & Forster, J. J. (2007). Markov chain monte carlo exact inference for social networks. *Social Networks*, 29(1), 127 136.
- McKinney, W. (2017). Python for Data Analysis. Cambridge: O'Reilly.
- McPherson, M., Smith-Lovin, L., & Cook, J. M. (2001). Birds of a feather: homophily in social networks. Annual Review of Sociology, 27(1), 415 – 444.
- Menzel, K. (2017). Bootstrap with clustering in two or more dimensions. Technical Report 1703.03043v2, arXiv.
- Milgram, S. (1967). The small-world problem. Psychology Today, 1(1), 61 67.
- Mitzenmacher, M. (2004). A brief history of generative models for power law and lognormal distributions. *Internet Mathematics*, 1(2), 226 – 251.
- Miyauchi, Y. (2016). Structural estimation of a pairwise stable network with nonnegative externality. Journal of Econometrics, 195(2), 224 – 235.
- Mizuno, T., Souma, W., & Watanabe, T. (2014). The structure and evolution of buyer-supplier networks. *Plos One*, 9(7), e100712.
- Newman, M. E. J. (2010). Networks: An Introduction. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Pelican, A. & Graham, B. S. (2019). Testing for strategic interaction in social and economic network formation. Technical report, University of California Berkeley.
- Picard, F., Daudin, J. J., Koskas, M., Schbath, S., & Robin, S. (2008). Assessing the exceptionality of network motifs. *Journal of Computational Biology*, 15(1), 1 20.
- Rose, A. K. (2004). Do we really know that the wto increases trade? American Economic Review, 94(1), 98-114.
- Santos Silva, J. & Tenreyro, S. (2006). The log of gravity. Review of Economics and Statistics, 88(4), 641 658.
- Santos Silva, J. & Tenreyro, S. (2010). Currency unions in prospect and retrospect. *Annual Review of Economics*, 2, 51 74.
- Seongjoo, M. (2019). Network of loyalty programs: a sequential formation. University of California Berkeley.
- VanderPlas, J. (2017). Python Data Science Handbook. Boston: O'Reilly.