### Funky Systems and Neural Networks

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# Part I Fuzzy System

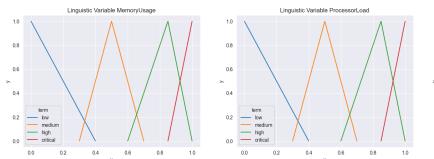
Firstly we started by deciding between which type of fuzzy system we should implement: Mamdani, Takagi-Sugeno or Tsukamoto. From the project statement we observe that the output *CLP-Variation* is not any clear function of the input, rulling out Takagi-Sugeno, also meaning that our output is a **Fuzzy Set**. If we wish for our output to be monotonic then the choice would be Tsukomoto, since we did not want this restriction and decided for starting with a simple approach then later on adding difficulty when needed. (Early on we decided to try to make data-driven decisions with an iterative improving process)

#### 0.1 First Iterations

In the initial iteration, we selected the variables ProcessorLoad, MemoryUsage, and Latency based on common sense. These variables were chosen as inputs, while CLP was designated as the output. We opted for triangular membership functions, defining four levels for each input variable: (low, medium, high, critical) for ProcessorLoad and MemoryUsage, and (poor, fair, good, great) for Latency.

To start building the system, we decided to focus on just two variables: *MemoryUsage* and *ProcessorLoad*. We then defined the range of the membership functions associated with each term of the two linguistic variables. Considering that a device with more than 85% processor load or memory usage is typically unable to perform its basic tasks, it became clear that this threshold would correspond to a specific term, which we labeled as "critical". The ranges for the other membership function terms were distributed between 0 and 1 based on what we deemed appropriate. We also decided to keep the terms associated with *CLP* straightforward, using only three terms: "decrease", "increase", and "maintain". The values for the membership functions of these terms were distributed between -1 and 1.

The figures below illustrate the membership function graphs for these variables.



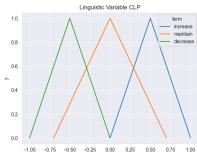


Figure 1: Memory Usage

Figure 2: Processor Load

Figure 3: CLP Variation

To visualize the system's output, we generated 50 data points for *MemoryUsage* and *Processor-Load* ranging between 0 and 1. We then created an interactive 3D graph that showed the evolution of *CLP* based on these two values.

Subsequently, we explored the effect of switching the membership functions to a Gaussian distribution.

During the experimentation phase with different membership functions, the need for visualization became apparent. To facilitate this, we developed a helper script [fuzzy/visualization/fuzzy\_system\_to\_dataframe] that converts the FuzzySystem Python object into a dynamic dataframe, enabling easy plotting and analysis of the membership functions.

CLP Variation		Latency			
		low	moderate	high	very high
System Load	low	IS	IS	I	I
	moderate	I	I	I	I
	high	M	M	D	D
	critical	DS	DS	DS	DS

#### 0.2 Generalized Bell

We decided to experiment with a more generic Membership function, so we extended simpful's Base Membership Function class and created Bell\_MF [in fuzzy/models/bell\_mf.py]. The first results are shown in the figure bellow.

#### 0.3 Architecture

This should contain choice of architecture and why.

#### 0.4 Membership Functions

all the membership functions and linguistic terms

#### 0.5 Rules

rules

#### 0.6 Results

## Part II Neural Networks