

Search for Flavor Changing Neutral Currents in Top Quark Decays

$$t \rightarrow q\gamma$$

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Overview

Brief Background

- The Top Quark
- FCNC at the LHC

Searching for Flavor Changing Neutral Current Signatures

- FCNCs with Photons
- Object Preselection Cuts

Neural Network

- Architecture
- Neural Network Outcomes

Continuing Analysis

- Region Creation
- New Ntuple Production

Outlook and Conclusions

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Brief Background

The Top Quark

FCNC at the LHC

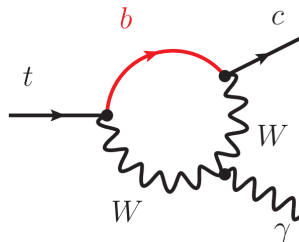
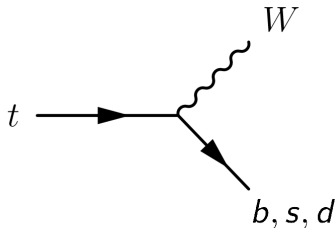
Searching for Flavor Changing Neutral Current Signatures

Neural Network

Continuing Analysis

Outlook and Conclusions

Top Quark Decays in the SM

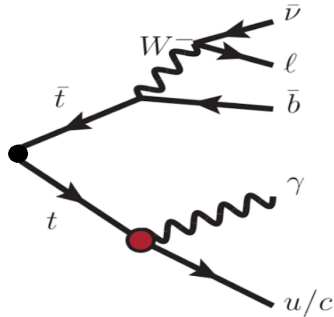


- ▶ $t \rightarrow bW \approx 99.83\%$
- ▶ $t \rightarrow sW \approx 0.16\%$
- ▶ $t \rightarrow dW \approx 0.01\%$

- ▶ $t \rightarrow q_{u,c}X \approx 10^{-17} - 10^{-12}$
- ▶ Limits on $t \rightarrow \gamma q$ processes:
[JHEP 04 (2016) 035]
 - ▶ $t \rightarrow \gamma u < 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$
 - ▶ $t \rightarrow \gamma c < 1.7 \times 10^{-3}$

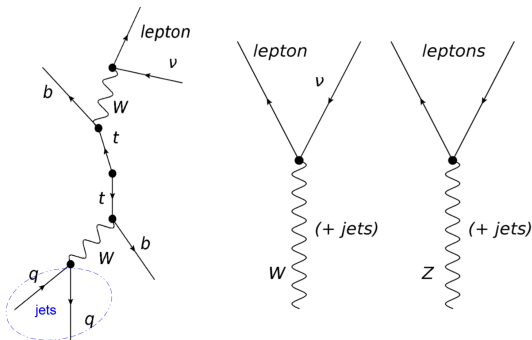
FCNC: What are we looking for? $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W(\rightarrow l\nu)b + q\gamma$

- ▶ Final state topology
 - ▶ One Neutrino, from W
 - ▶ One Lepton, from W
 - ▶ One B-jet, SM Top
 - ▶ One Photon, FCNC Top
 - ▶ One Jet, FCNC Top



Background Processes

- Due to all of the processes at hadron colliders, it is important to model similar event topologies well
- Major backgrounds include $t\bar{t}$, W +Jets, Z +Jets, + processes with an associated photon



Object Preselection

- ▶ We preselect events with objects that look like similar to our expected topology
- ▶ Require:
 - ▶ Exactly one lepton (e or μ) ≥ 25 GeV
 - ▶ Exactly one good photon ≥ 15 GeV
 - ▶ Missing Transverse Energy ≥ 30 GeV
 - ▶ ≥ 2 Jets (at least 1 b-tag)

Preselection Objects with $N_{BJet} = 1$

Electron Channel

Muon Channel

- ▶ Leading Jet p_T
- ▶ Lead Photon
- ▶ Lepton E

Neural Network Architecture

- ▶ Using Keras on top of Tensorflow various input parameters are tested for model behavior
- ▶ A Dense Neural Network with variable number of input variables and hidden layers are explored
- ▶ Cut optimization has been performed with full Run 2 luminosity for potential reach of the search

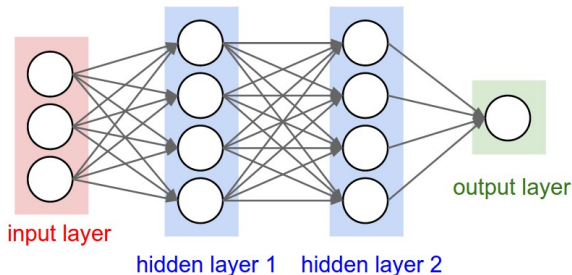


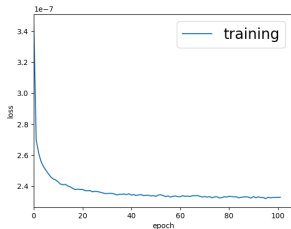
Figure: [Ref: Neural Network]

Neural Network Model Inputs

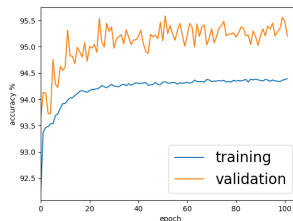
- ▶ Using keras on top of tensorflow various input parameters are tested for model behavior
- ▶ Networks are set up with 1 input layer, 2 hidden layers with 10 nodes (+1 bias node), and 1 output node
- ▶ Each hidden layer has 20% dropout to prevent overtraining by removing codependency between nodes
- ▶ Batch size of 100 used and each network is allowed 200 epochs (with patience=50), all models converge and end early with reasonable batch sizes
- ▶ Optimizer: Adam
- ▶ Loss Function: Binary Cross Entropy
- ▶ Many sets of input variables tested, best results from follow-up studies shown

Neural Network, Electron Channel

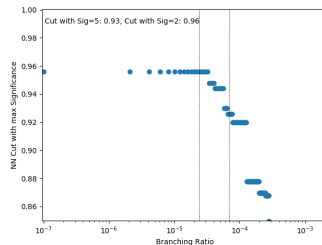
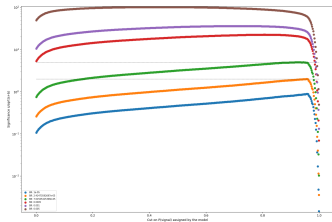
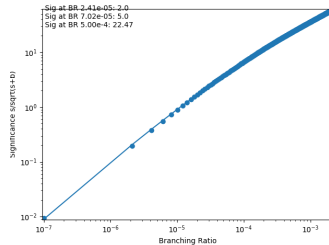
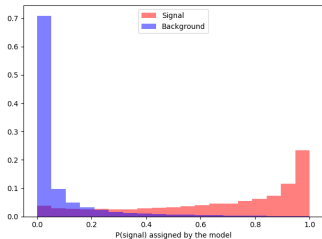
► Loss



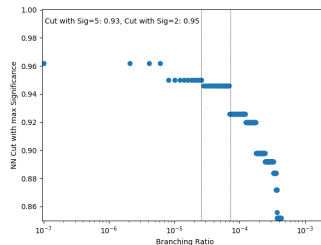
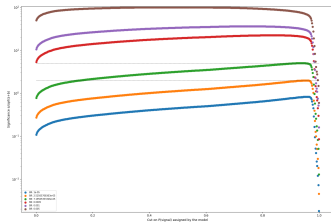
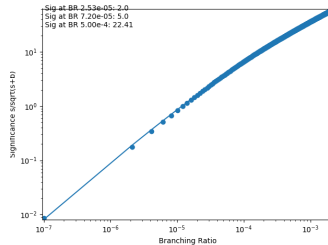
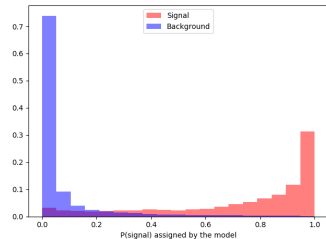
► Accuracy



Significance Plots, Electron Channel



Significance Plots, Muon Channel



Cut Optimization

- ▶ Follow up changes allow a better limit with a cut that is less tempermental and harsh (0.92/0.95 instead of 0.98)
- ▶ Estimated limit reduced by a factor of 2 by reweighting the number of events the model saw by taking advantage of the loss function

$$-(y\log(p) + (1 - y)\log(1 - p))$$

- ▶ y - binary indicator (0 or 1) if class label is the correct classification for observation
- ▶ p - predicted probability observation is the class label (0 or 1)

Validation Region - With Real Photons

- ▶ Validation and Control Regions are created orthogonal to Signal Region for large backgrounds
- ▶ VR for $(t\bar{t} + \gamma)$
 - ▶ Same preselection cuts as SR
 - ▶ > 4 jets
 - ▶ Reverse FCNC top mass cut $|m_{q\gamma} - m_{top}| > 50\text{GeV}$: Guarantees orthogonality
- ▶ VR for $W + \gamma$
 - ▶ Similar preselection cuts to SR
 - ▶ $= 0$ BJets (orthogonal cut)
- ▶ Similar regions have been created for regions without real photons - included in recent grid run
 - ▶ These regions include $t\bar{t}$ and W rich samples with 0 good photons and different amounts of jets
 - ▶ Including these regions greatly increases processing time necessary because of glut of $0b/0\gamma$ events - Requires reoptimization of current analysis code

New Ntuple Production

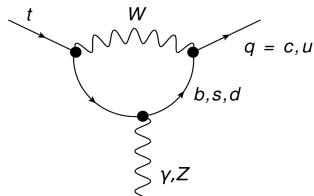
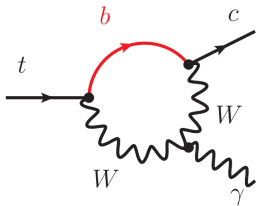
- ▶ New tools have been recently developed in the Top Group (VORGamma, Duplicate Event Removal)
- ▶ Replacing Custom Event Saver with that of tt+gamma group, more support
- ▶ Custom post-grid local processing code developing
- ▶ Will transition with the currently running ntuples to local mini-ntuple creation
- ▶ Beginning to work with TRExFitter to push toward the statistical part of the analysis

Outlook

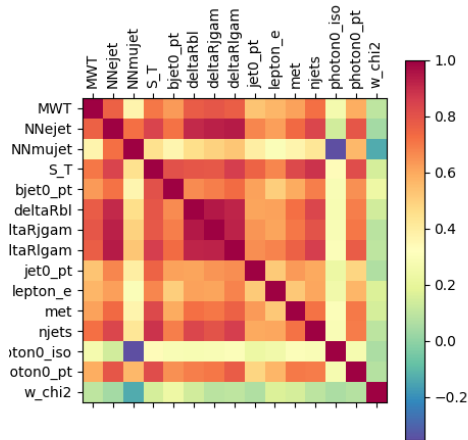
- ▶ Still lots to be done
- ▶ Fake Rates $e \rightarrow \gamma$ and $j \rightarrow \gamma$ will be investigated next
- ▶ Full MC grid run of MC16a/d/e samples is complete, using for current investigations
- ▶ Happy with the state of the neural network studies, any further reduction would require significant time for insignificant gain
- ▶ Questions?

Backup

FCNC Diagrams



NN Input Variable Correlations



Neural Network Model Inputs

$$\text{Separation} = \sum_i^{\text{bins}} \frac{n_{si} - n_{bi}}{n_{si} + n_{bi}}$$

mu+jets channel

| Variable | Separation |
|------------|------------|
| photon0iso | 41.18 |
| mqgam | 28.27 |
| photon0pt | 24.07 |
| mtSM | 11.60 |
| mlgam | 7.56 |
| deltaRjgam | 5.64 |
| deltaRbl | 4.42 |
| MWT | 3.34 |
| ST | 3.30 |
| nuchi2 | 3.12 |
| jet0pt | 2.81 |
| njets | 2.07 |
| smchi2 | 1.89 |
| wchi2 | 1.87 |
| jet0e | 1.52 |
| deltaRlgam | 1.17 |
| leptone | 0.87 |
| deltaRjb | 0.86 |
| met | 0.68 |
| bjet0pt | 0.52 |
| leptoniso | 0.27 |

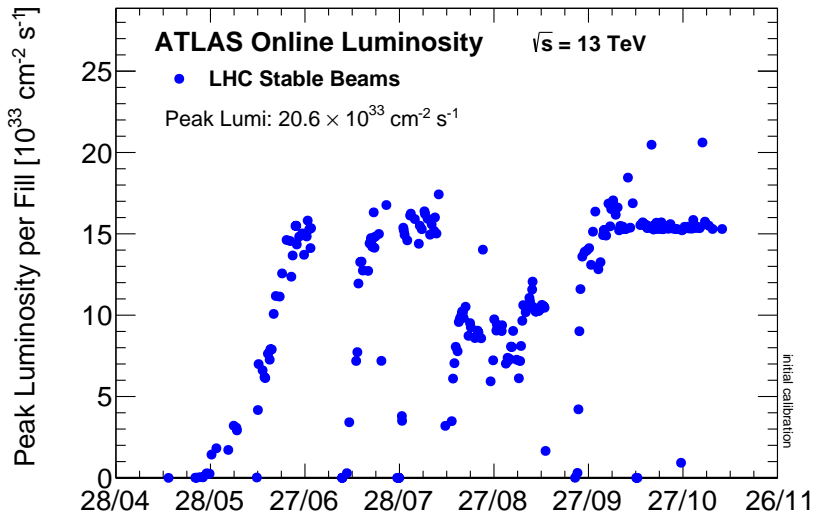
e+jets channel

| Variable | Separation |
|------------|------------|
| photon0pt | 23.14 |
| mqgam | 22.73 |
| photon0iso | 18.70 |
| mtSM | 11.02 |
| mlgam | 9.53 |
| deltaRbl | 5.00 |
| deltaRjgam | 4.60 |
| ST | 3.83 |
| MWT | 3.16 |
| jet0pt | 2.47 |
| njets | 1.70 |
| nuchi2 | 1.59 |
| deltaRlgam | 1.40 |
| wchi2 | 1.33 |
| smchi2 | 1.09 |
| deltaRjb | 0.88 |
| leptone | 0.85 |
| leptoniso | 0.56 |
| bjet0pt | 0.50 |
| met | 0.47 |

Input Variables

```
['photon0iso', 'photon0pt', 'mqgam', 'mlgam', 'mtSM', 'deltaRjgam', 'deltaRbl',  
'MWT', 'ST', 'njets', 'wchi2', 'jet0pt', 'deltaRlgam', 'leptone', 'met', 'bjet0pt']
```

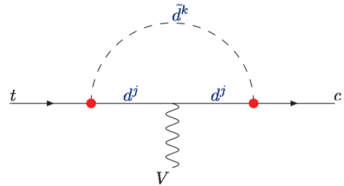
Integrated Luminosity



A Couple BSM Diagrams

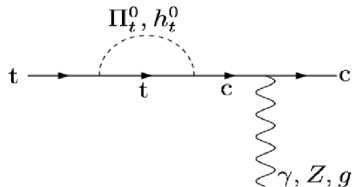
- R-parity-violating supersymmetric models

[arXiv:hep-ph/9705341]



- Top-color-assisted technicolor models

[arXiv:hep-ph/0303122]



Jets/AntiKT

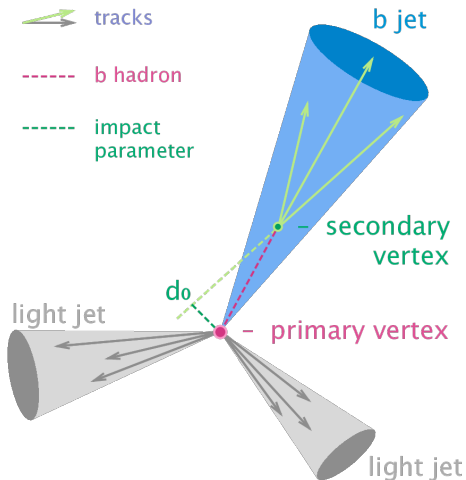
$$d_{ij} = \min\left(\frac{1}{p_{ti}^2}, \frac{1}{p_{tj}^2}\right) \frac{\Delta_{ij}^2}{R^2}$$

$$d_{iB} = \frac{1}{p_{ti}^2}$$

$$\Delta_{ij}^2 = (\eta_i - \eta_j)^2 + (\phi_i - \phi_j)^2$$

- ▶ Find minimum of entire set of $\{d_{ij}, d_{iB}\}$
- ▶ If d_{ij} is the minimum particles i, j are combined into one particle and removed from the list of particles
- ▶ If d_{iB} is the minimum i is labelled as a final jet and removed from the list of particles
- ▶ Repeat until all particles are part of a jet with distance between jet axes Δ_{ij} is greater than R

B-tagging



$$\mathcal{L}_{tq\gamma}^{\text{eff}} = -e\bar{c}\frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu}q_\nu}{m_t}(\lambda_{ct}^L P_L + \lambda_{ct}^R P_R)tA_\mu + H.c.$$