# Search for Flavor Changing Neutral Currents in Top Quark Decays

$$t o q \gamma$$

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#### Overview

Brief Background The Top Quark FCNC at the LHC

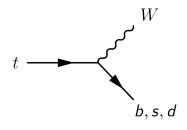
Searching for Flavor Changing Neutral Current Signatures FCNCs with Photons Object Preselection Cuts

Neural Network
Neural Network Studies

Continuing Analysis
Region Creation
New Ntuple Production

Outlook and Conclusions

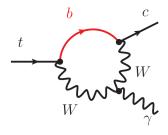
## Top Quark Decays in the SM



► 
$$t \rightarrow bW \approx 99.83\%$$

$$ightharpoonup t 
ightarrow sW pprox 0.16\%$$

▶ 
$$t \rightarrow dW \approx 0.01\%$$



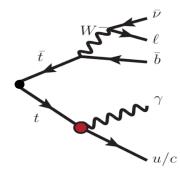
$$ightharpoonup t o q_{u,c} X pprox 10^{-17} - 10^{-12}$$

- Limits on  $t \rightarrow \gamma q$  processes: [JHEP 04 (2016) 035]
  - ►  $t \to \gamma u < 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$

► 
$$t \to \gamma c < 1.7 \times 10^{-3}$$

# FCNC: What are we looking for? $t \bar t o W( o I u) b + q \gamma$

- ► Final state topology
  - One Neutrino, from W
  - One Lepton, from W
  - One B-jet, SM Top
  - ► One Photon, FCNC Top
  - ► One Jet, FCNC Top



## Object Preselection

- We preselect events with objects that look like similar to our expected topology
- ► Require:
  - ightharpoonup Exactly one lepton (e or  $\mu$ )  $\geq$  25 GeV
  - ► Exactly one good photon ≥ 15GeV
  - ► Missing Transverse Energy ≥ 30GeV
  - ► ≥ 2 Jets (at least 1 b-tag)
- ▶ Plots shown will be with MC16a and Data15/16 (36.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

## Preselection Objects with $N_{BJet} = 1$

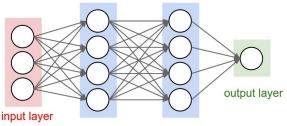
Leading Jet  $p_T$ 

► Lead Photon

► Lepton E

#### Neural Network Architecture

- Using Keras on top of Tensorflow various input parameters are tested for model behavior
- ► A Dense Neural Network with variable number of input variables and hidden layers are explored
- Cut optimization has been performed with full Run 2 luminosity for potential reach of the search



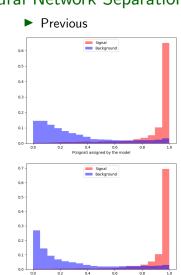
hidden layer 1 hidden layer 2

Figure: [Ref: Neural Network]

## Neural Network Model Inputs

- Using keras on top of tensorflow various input parameters are tested for model behavior
- ▶ Networks are set up with 1 input layer, 2 hidden layers with 10 nodes (+1 bias node) [Ref: Bias], and 1 output node
- ► Each hidden layer has 20% dropout to prevent overtraining by removing codependency between nodes
- ► Batch size of 100 used and each network is allowed 200 epochs (with patience=50), all models converge and end early with reasonable batch sizes
- ► Optimizer: Adam
- Loss Function: Binary Cross Entropy
- Many sets of input variables tested, best results from follow-up studies shown

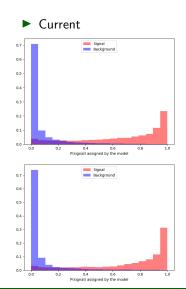
## Neural Network Separation



P(signal) assigned by the model

Electron Channel

Muon Channel



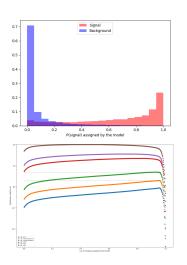
## Cut Optimization

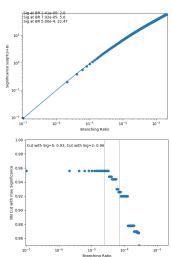
- ► Follow up changes allow a better limit with a cut that is less tempermental and harsh (0.92/0.95 instead of 0.98)
- ► Estimated limit reduced by a factor of 2 by reweighting the number of events the model saw by taking advantage of the loss function

$$\mathsf{Loss} = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} y_i \mathsf{log}(p(y_i)) + (1 - y_i) \mathsf{log}(1 - p(y_i))$$

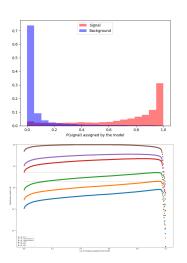
- ▶ y binary indicator (0 or 1) if class label is the correct classification for observation
- ▶ p predicted probability observation is the class label (0 or 1)

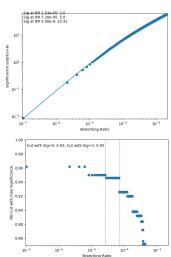
## Significance Plots, Electron Channel





## Significance Plots, Muon Channel





## Control and Validation Regions

- Validation and Control Regions are created orthogonal to Signal Region for large backgrounds
- ▶ VR for  $(t\bar{t} + \gamma)$ ,  $(W + \gamma)$
- ► CRs for regions without real photons
  - ▶ These regions include  $t\bar{t}$  and W rich samples with 0 good photons, so many events new regions should probably be created
- Previous cuts to make these regions make less sense to do now with NN Cuts

## New Ntuple Production

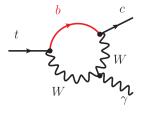
- ► New tools have been recently developed in the Top Group (VGammaORTool, Duplicate Event Removal)
- ► Replacing Custom Event Saver with that of tt+gamma group, more support and faster integration of new tools
- Custom post-grid local processing code developing
- Will transition with the currently running ntuples to local mini-ntuple creation
- Beginning to work with TRExFitter to push toward the statistical part of the analysis

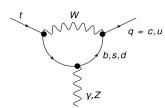
#### Outlook

- ► Still lots to be done
- ▶ Fake Rates  $e \rightarrow \gamma$  and  $j \rightarrow \gamma$  to be investigated
- Using full MC16a/Data15,16 for quick iterations, have access to full MC/Data sets
- ► Happy with the state of the neural network studies, any further reduction would require significant time for insignificant gain
- ► Questions?

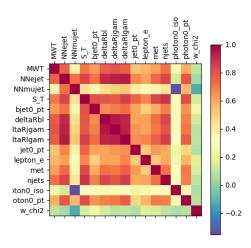
## Backup

## FCNC Diagrams





## NN Input Variable Correlations



## Neural Network Model Inputs

Separation =  $\sum_{i}^{bins} \frac{n_{si} - n_{bi}}{n_{si} + n_{bi}}$ 

### mu+jets channel

| ٠. ر       |            |
|------------|------------|
| Variable   | Separation |
| photon0iso | 41.18      |
| mqgam      | 28.27      |
| photon0pt  | 24.07      |
| mtSM       | 11.60      |
| mlgam      | 7.56       |
| deltaRjgam | 5.64       |
| deltaRbl   | 4.42       |
| MWT        | 3.34       |
| ST         | 3.30       |
| nuchi2     | 3.12       |
| jet0pt     | 2.81       |
| njets      | 2.07       |
| smchi2     | 1.89       |
| wchi2      | 1.87       |
| jet0e      | 1.52       |
| deltaRlgam | 1.17       |
| leptone    | 0.87       |
| deltaRjb   | 0.86       |
| met        | 0.68       |
| bjet0pt    | 0.52       |
| leptoniso  | 0.27       |

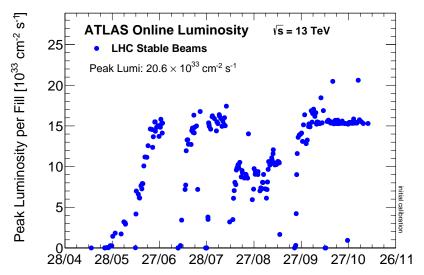
#### e+jets channel

| e+jets     | cnannei    |
|------------|------------|
| Variable   | Separation |
| photon0pt  | 23.14      |
| mqgam      | 22.73      |
| photon0iso | 18.70      |
| mtSM       | 11.02      |
| mlgam      | 9.53       |
| deltaRbl   | 5.00       |
| deltaRjgam | 4.60       |
| ST         | 3.83       |
| MWT        | 3.16       |
| jet0pt     | 2.47       |
| njets      | 1.70       |
| nuchi2     | 1.59       |
| deltaRlgam | 1.40       |
| wchi2      | 1.33       |
| smchi2     | 1.09       |
| deltaRjb   | 0.88       |
| leptone    | 0.85       |
| leptoniso  | 0.56       |
| bjet0pt    | 0.50       |
| met        | 0.47       |

## Input Variables

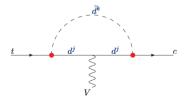
```
\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} ['photon0iso', 'photon0pt', 'mqgam', 'mlgam', 'mtSM', 'deltaRjgam', 'deltaRbl', 'MWT', 'ST', 'njets', 'wchi2', 'jet0pt', 'deltaRlgam', 'leptone', 'met', 'bjet0pt'] \end{tabular}
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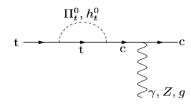
## Integrated Luminosity



## A Couple BSM Diagrams

- R-parity-violating supersymmetric models
   [arXiv:hep-ph/9705341]
- Top-color-assisted technicolor models
   [arXiv:hep-ph/0303122]



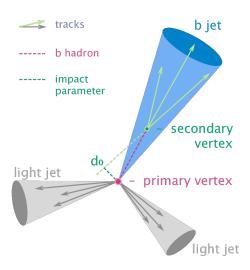


## Jets/AntiKT

$$d_{ij} = min(rac{1}{
ho_{ti}^2}, rac{1}{
ho_{tj}^2})rac{\Delta_{ij}^2}{R^2}$$
  $d_{iB} = rac{1}{
ho_{ti}^2}$   $\Delta_{ij}^2 = (\eta_i - \eta_j)^2 + (\phi_i - \phi_j)^2$ 

- ▶ Find minimum of entire set of  $\{d_{ij}, d_{iB}\}$
- ▶ If d<sub>ij</sub> is the minimum particles i,j are combined into one particle and removed from the list of particles
- ► If *d<sub>iB</sub>* is the minimum i is labelled as a final jet and removed from the list of particles
- ▶ Repeat until all particles are part of a jet with distance between jet axes  $\Delta_{ij}$  is greater than R

## **B**-tagging



$$\mathcal{L}_{tq\gamma}^{eff} = -e\bar{c}\frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu}q_{\nu}}{m_{t}}(\lambda_{ct}^{L}P_{L} + \lambda_{ct}^{R}P_{R})tA_{\mu} + H.c.$$