

$$(1) \quad S_{50} = 4 + (44) \cdot 3 = 151$$

$$(2) \quad \sum_{k=3}^4 (2k+5) = 48$$

$$(3) \quad \sum_{i=0}^{99} \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^i$$

$$a \left(\frac{1-r^n}{1-r} \right) = \frac{1 - (-2/3)^{99}}{1 - (-2/3)} = \frac{1 - (-2/3)^{99}}{5/3}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{3(-2/3)^{99}}{5} = \boxed{0.6}$$

4

(A)

2, 7, 97, 14817

(B)

1, 5, 19, 65, 211

$$u_3 = 5(5) - 6(1) = 19$$

$$u_4 = 5(19) - 6(5) = 65$$

$$u_5 = 5(65) - 6(19) = 211$$

$$2^{n+1} + 3$$

5 $a_1 = a$ $a_n = ra_{n-1}$ for $n \geq 1$

6 $\sum_{x=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{2^x - 1} \right)$