

## Lesson 18

- (1) Suppose on December 31, 2000, a deposit of \$100 is made in a savings account that pays 10% annual interest (Ah, those were the days!). So one year after the initial deposit, on December 31, 2001, the account will be credited with \$10, and have a value of \$110. On December 31, 2002 that account will be credited with an additional \$11, and have value \$121. Find a **recursive relation** that gives the value of the account  $n$  years after the initial deposit.
- (2) Sal climbs stairs by taking either one, two, or three steps at a time.
  - (a) Determine a recursive formula for the number of different ways Sal can climb a flight of  $n$  steps. Don't forget to include the initial conditions.
  - (b) In how many different ways can Sal climb a flight of ten steps?
- (3) Passwords for a certain computer system are strings of uppercase letters. A valid password must contain an even number of  $X$ 's. Determine a recurrence relation for the number of valid passwords of length  $n$ . Note: 0 is an even number, so  $ABBC$  is a valid password. This counting problem is pretty tricky. Here's a good way to think about it: to make a good password of length  $n$  you can either (a) add any non- $X$  to the end of a good password of length  $n - 1$ , or (b) add an  $X$  to the end of a *bad* password of length  $n - 1$ . For (b) you can use the *Good = Total-Bad* trick to count the number of bad passwords of length  $n - 1$ .
- (4) Solve by unfolding:  $a_0 = 3$ , and, for  $n \geq 1$ ,  $a_n = 5a_{n-1}$ .
- (5) Solve by unfolding:  $a_0 = 3$ , and, for  $n \geq 1$ ,  $a_n = 5a_{n-1} + 3$ . Hint: This one will involve applying the geometric sum formula.
- (6) (bonus) Suppose the Tower of Hanoi rules are changed so that stones may only be transferred to an adjacent clearing in one move. Let  $I_n$  be the minimum number of moves required to transfer tower from clearing  $A$  to clearing  $C$ ? For example, it takes two moves to move a one stone tower from  $A$  to  $C$ : One move from  $A$  to  $B$ , then a second move from  $B$  to  $C$ . So  $I_1 = 2$ 
  - (a) By brute force, determine  $I_2$ , and  $I_3$ .
  - (b) Find a recursive relation for  $I_n$ .
  - (c) Guess a formula for  $I_n$ .