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Practical Spring for Apache Kafka

Kafka Applications via Dependency Injection and Inversion of Control Principle



Fundamentals

What is Spring for Apache Kafka?

- The Spring Framework abstraction of Apache Kafka to create Kafka-based application
- Used of Dependency Injection and Inversion of Control when creating Kafka-based application
- Managed Apache Kafka client by Spring



The Architecture

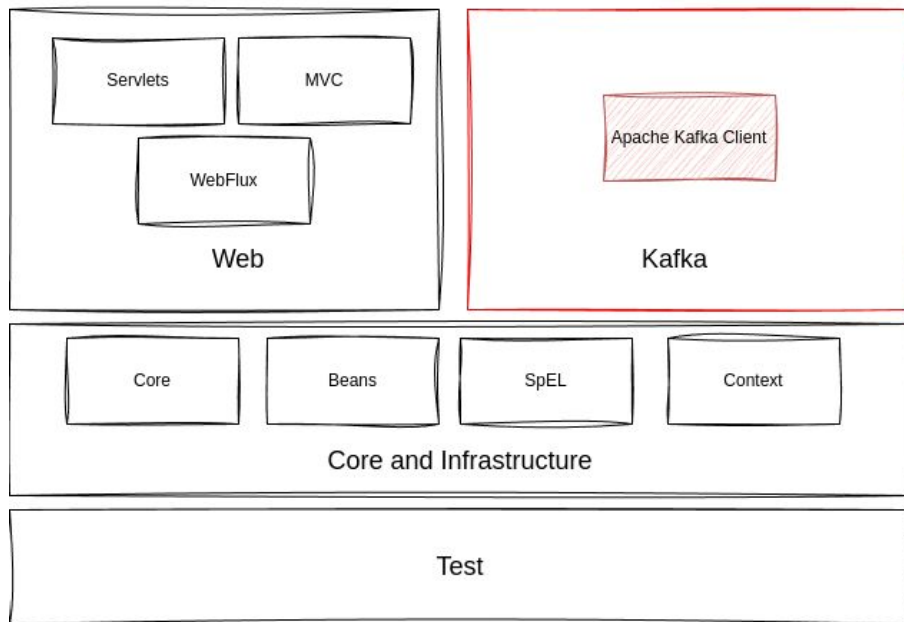
Spring for Apache Kafka is managed by Spring Framework. It works with the current Spring Components spanning from Core, Infrastructure, Web, and Test.

Spring for Apache Kafka today is used together with Spring Boot.



Spring for Apache Kafka

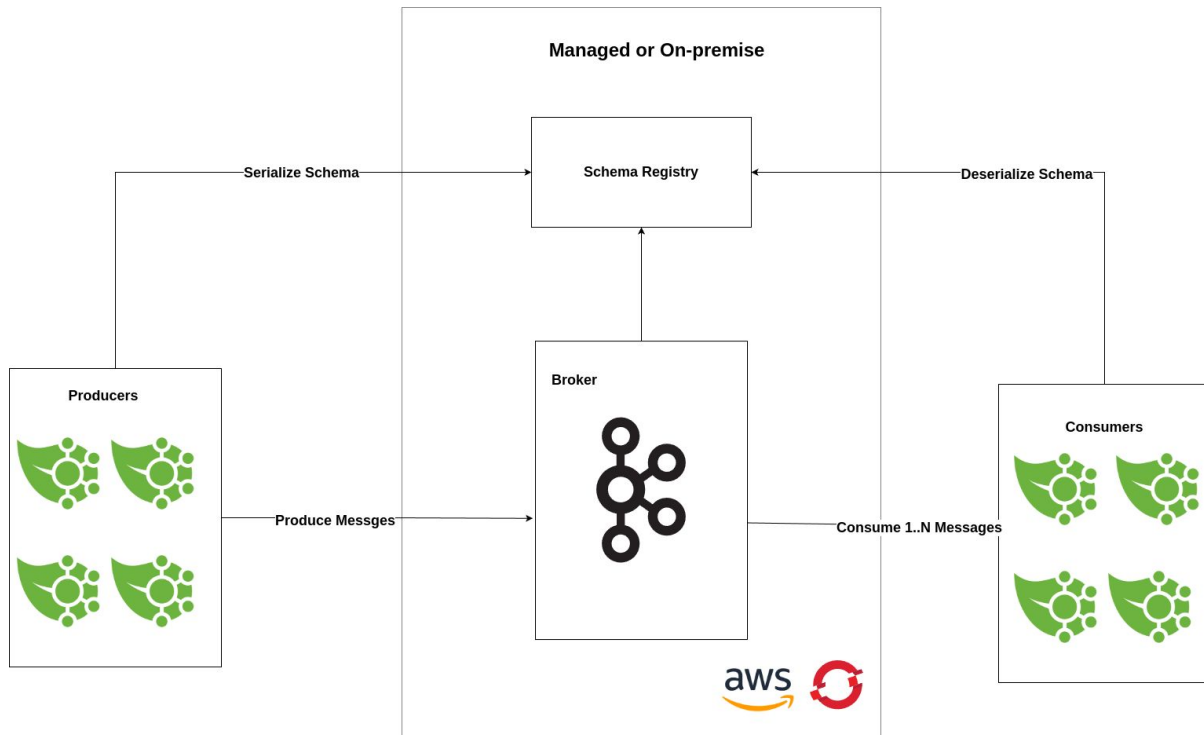
Spring for Apache Kafka sits on top of Spring Framework specifically for Messaging support. Additionally it is support using Spring Boot



Kafka Architecture

The architecture consists of producers, consumers and a broker.

- A **producer** can produce 1..N messages in a given topic. It can produce to multiple topics
- A **consumer** can consume 1..N message from a given topic. Consumers is grouped via a consumer group.
- The **broker** is responsible for managing the topics, partitions, and consumer groups. Additionally, it manages transaction ids for transactional messages.
- The **schema registry** stores the schema being serialized and deserialized through the network. Apache Avro is the common schema used.



Confluent Cloud

A fully managed, cloud-native data streaming platform built around Apache Kafka.

Essentially, it takes the power of Kafka and delivers it as a service, removing the complexities of infrastructure management

The screenshot displays the Confluent Cloud web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Confluent logo, a search bar, and links for 'Learn', notifications, and help. The breadcrumb trail shows 'Home > Environments > default > jugph-cluster'. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with options like 'Cluster', 'Cluster Overview', 'Networking', 'API Keys', 'Cluster Settings', 'Stream Lineage', 'Topics', 'Tableflow', 'ksqlDB', 'Connectors', 'Clients', 'Kafka Streams', 'Schema Registry', and 'CLI and Tools'. The main content area is titled 'Overview' and features a warning icon with the text 'Here are more ways to get data moving through your cluster!'. Below this, there are three prominent cards: 'Set up connector' (Integrate your cluster to the most popular data sources within the Kafka ecosystem), 'Set up client' (Write to Kafka in the programming language of your choice), and 'Produce sample data' (Set up the Datagen Kafka Connector to produce sample events). Each card has a 'Get started' button. At the bottom of the main area, there are sections for 'Throughput' (Production and Consumption in bytes/sec) and a 'Last hour' dropdown menu. The right sidebar provides cluster details: 'Description' (Add description), 'Tags' (Add tags to this cluster, Add business metadata), 'Cluster ID' (lkc-xv2pnz), 'Cluster type' (Standard), 'Date created' (Mar. 26 2025 7:22 AM), 'Date modified' (Mar. 26 2025 7:22 AM), 'Cloud provider' (AWS), 'Cloud region' (us-east-2), and 'Uptime SLA' (99.9%).

Advantage of a Managed Kafka

- Reduced Operational Overhead
- Scalability and Elasticity
- Cost Optimization
- Increased Reliability and Availability
- Faster Time to Market
- Focus on Core Business

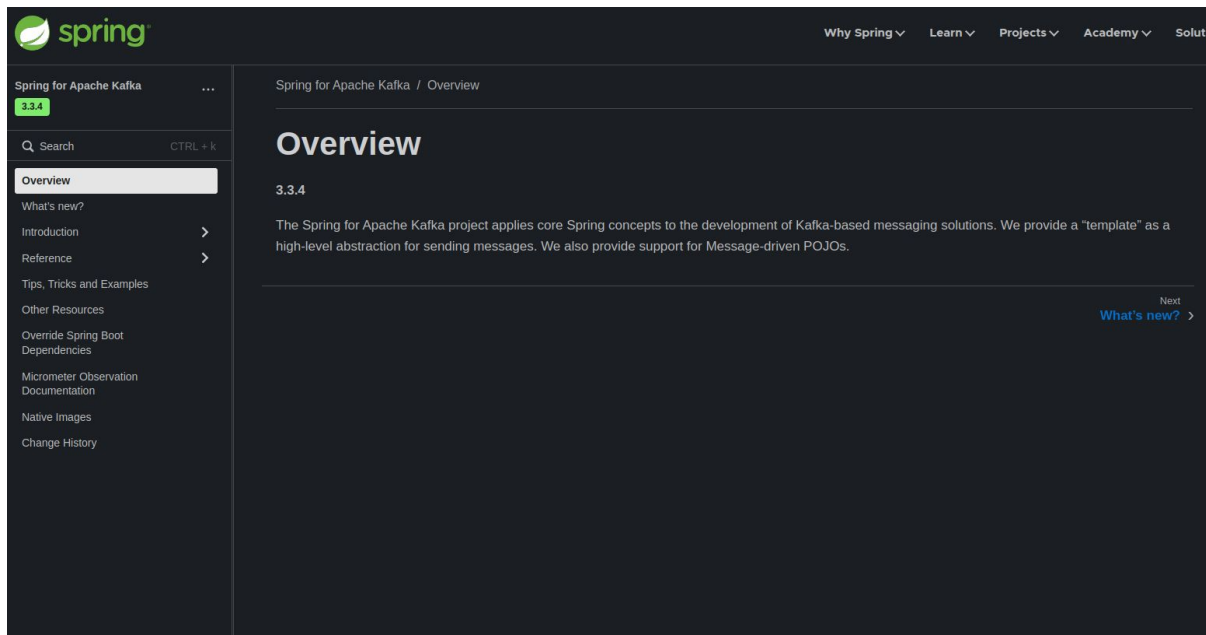
How to develop?

How to get started?


Spring Framework documentation consist of rich information about different Spring components showing its reference and API documentation.

You can learn Spring for Apache Kafka by visiting

<https://docs.spring.io/spring-kafka/reference/index.html>



Dependencies

```
dependencies { Add Starters...  
    implementation 'org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web'  
    implementation 'org.springframework.kafka:spring-kafka'  
    implementation 'org.apache.avro:avro:1.11.4'  
     implementation 'io.confluent:kafka-avro-serializer:7.5.1'  
  
    developmentOnly 'org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-devtools'  
  
    annotationProcessor 'org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-configuration-processor'  
    testImplementation 'org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-test'  
    testImplementation 'org.springframework.kafka:spring-kafka-test'  
    testRuntimeOnly 'org.junit.platform:junit-platform-launcher'  
}
```



Annotations and Classes

In this session we will discuss how to quickly implement a Kafka application using the following annotations to push and consume a message to a Kafka broker.

- `ProducerFactory<K, V>`
- `ConsumerFactory<K, V>`
- `KafkaTemplate<K, V>`
- `ConsumerRecord<K, V>`
- `Kafka`
- `@Payload`
- `NewTopic`
- `KafkaTransactionManager`



DEMO



Kafka Producer



[Kafka Producer Service Repository](#)



Kafka Consumer



[Kafka Consumer Service Repository](#)



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