

# PLSQL programming Exercises

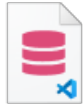
## Exercise 1: Control Structures



Sample\_Schema.sql

**Scenario 1:** The bank wants to apply a discount to loan interest rates for customers above 60 years old.

- **Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that loops through all customers, checks their age, and if they are above 60, apply a 1% discount to their current loan interest rates.



Scenario\_1.sql

**OUTPUT:**

```
1% discount applied for Jvethesh  
1% discount applied for Divya
```

**Scenario 2:** A customer can be promoted to VIP status based on their balance.

- **Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that iterates through all customers and sets a flag IsVIP to TRUE for those with a balance over \$10,000.



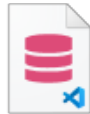
Scenario\_2.sql

**OUTPUT:**

```
Jvethesh is promoted to VIP.  
Ravi is promoted to VIP.
```

**Scenario 3:** The bank wants to send reminders to customers whose loans are due within the next 30 days.

- **Question:** Write a PL/SQL block that fetches all loans due in the next 30 days and prints a reminder message for each customer.



Scenario\_3.sql

**OUTPUT:**

```
Reminder: Loan ID 101 is due for Jvethesh on 05-JUL-2025  
Reminder: Loan ID 103 is due for Ravi on 30-JUN-2025
```

## Exercise 3: Stored Procedures



Sample\_Schema.sql

**Scenario 1:** The bank needs to process monthly interest for all savings accounts.

- **Question:** Write a stored procedure **ProcessMonthlyInterest** that calculates and updates the balance of all savings accounts by applying an interest rate of 1% to the current balance.



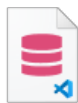
Scenario\_1.sql

**OUTPUT:**

```
Monthly interest processed for all savings accounts.
```

**Scenario 2:** The bank wants to implement a bonus scheme for employees based on their performance.

- **Question:** Write a stored procedure **UpdateEmployeeBonus** that updates the salary of employees in a given department by adding a bonus percentage passed as a parameter.



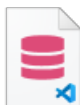
Scenario\_2.sql

**OUTPUT:**

```
Bonus applied to employees in Sales department.
```

**Scenario 3:** Customers should be able to transfer funds between their accounts.

- **Question:** Write a stored procedure **TransferFunds** that transfers a specified amount from one account to another, checking that the source account has sufficient balance before making the transfer.



Scenario\_3.sql

## OUTPUT:

```
₹500 transferred from account 101 to account 102.
```

## JUnit Testing Exercises

### Exercise 1: Setting Up JUnit

Scenario:

You need to set up JUnit in your Java project to start writing unit tests.

Steps:

1. Create a new Java project in your IDE (e.g., IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse).
2. Add JUnit dependency to your project. If you are using Maven, add the following to your pom.xml:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>junit</groupId>
  <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
  <version>4.13.2</version>
  <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

3. Create a new test class in your project.

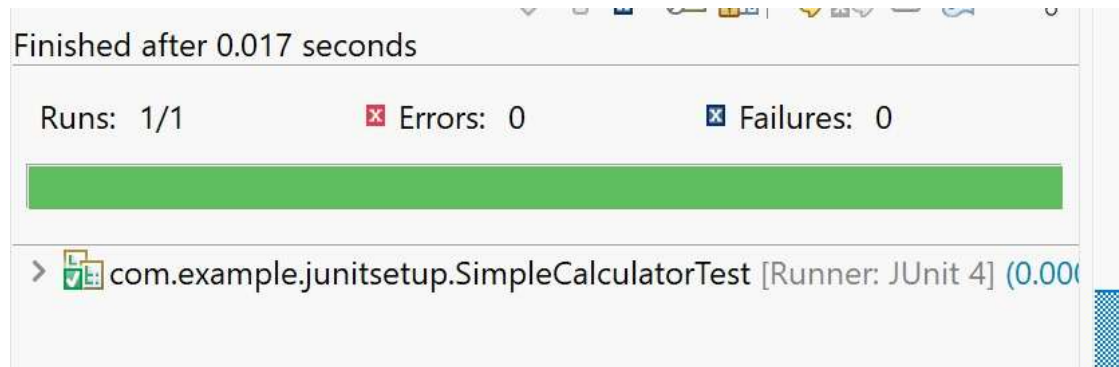


SimpleCalculator.java



SimpleCalculatorTest.  
java

## OUTPUT:



### Exercise 3: Assertions in JUnit Scenario:

You need to use different assertions in JUnit to validate your test results.

Steps:

1. Write tests using various JUnit assertions.

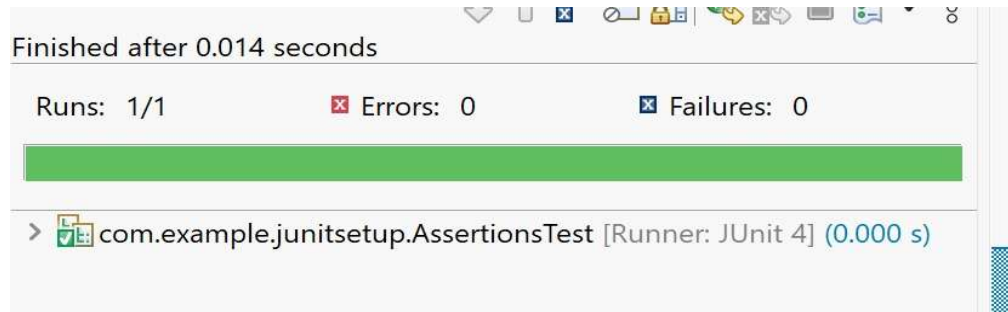
Solution Code:

```
public class AssertionsTest {  
  
    @Test  
    public void testAssertions() {  
        // Assert equals  
        assertEquals(5, 2 + 3);  
  
        // Assert true  
        assertTrue(5 > 3);  
  
        // Assert false  
        assertFalse(5 < 3);  
  
        // Assert null  
        assertNull(null);  
  
        // Assert not null  
        assertNotNull(new Object());  
    }  
}
```



AssertionsTest.java

#### OUTPUT:



### Exercise 4: Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) Pattern, Test Fixtures, Setup and Teardown Methods in Junit

**Scenario:** You need to organize your tests using the Arrange-Act-Assert (AAA) pattern and use setup and teardown methods.

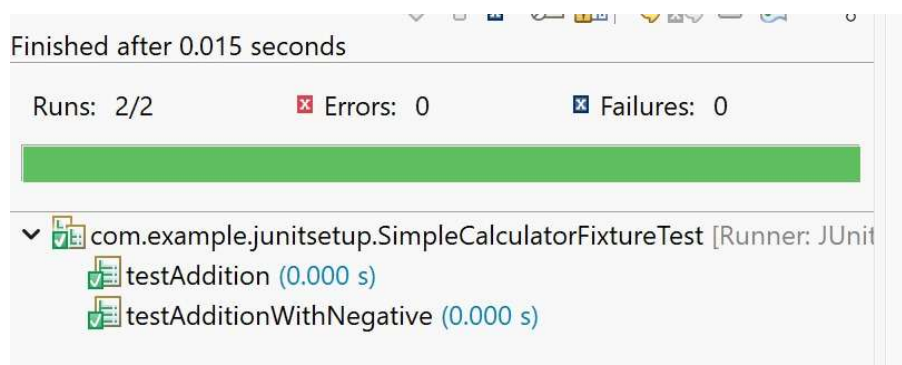
#### Steps:

1. Write tests using the AAA pattern.
2. Use `@Before` and `@After` annotations for setup and teardown methods.



SimpleCalculatorFixtureTest.java

#### OUTPUT:



# Mockito Hands-On Exercises

## Exercise 1: Mocking and Stubbing

Scenario:

You need to test a service that depends on an external API. Use Mockito to mock the external API and stub its methods.

Steps:

1. Create a mock object for the external API.
2. Stub the methods to return predefined values.
3. Write a test case that uses the mock object.



ExternalApi.java

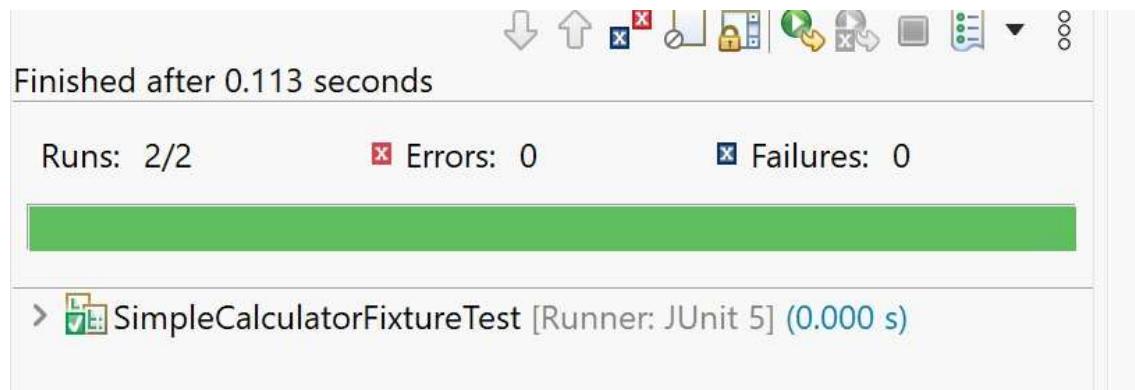


SimpleCalculatorFixtureTest.java



MyServiceTest.java

**OUTPUT:**



## Exercise 2: Verifying Interactions

Scenario:

You need to ensure that a method is called with specific arguments.

Steps:

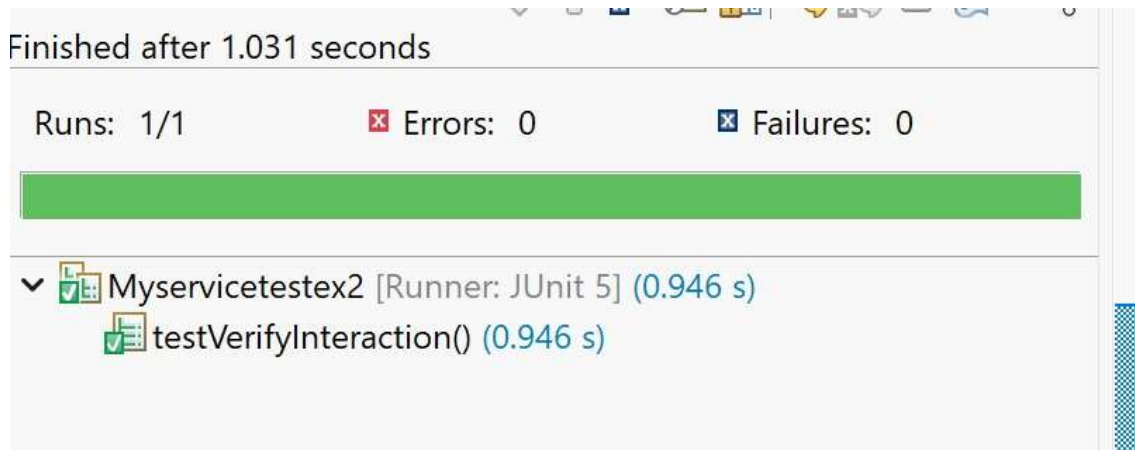
1. Create a mock object.
2. Call the method with specific arguments.
3. Verify the interaction.



Myservicetestex2.jav

a

**OUTPUT:**





# Logging using SLF4J

## Exercise 1: Logging Error Messages and Warning Levels

Task: Write a Java application that demonstrates logging error messages and warning levels using SLF4J.

1. Add SLF4J and Logback dependencies to your `pom.xml` file:

```
<dependency>
```

```
    <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
```

```
    <artifactId>slf4j-api</artifactId>
```

```
    <version>1.7.30</version>
```

```
</dependency>
```

```
<dependency>
```

```
    <groupId>ch.qos.logback</groupId>
```

```
    <artifactId>logback-classic</artifactId>
```

```
    <version>1.2.3</version>
```

```
</dependency>
```

2. Create a Java class that uses SLF4J for logging:



LoggingExample.java

### OUTPUT:

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console X
<terminated> LoggingExample [Java Application] C:\Users\pjvet\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_21.0.6.v2025
15:37:50.204 [main] ERROR com.example.junitsetup.LoggingExample - ! This is an error message
15:37:50.206 [main] WARN com.example.junitsetup.LoggingExample - ⚠ This is a warning message
```