1. Besides the creation and dropping of tables and columns, you can also read from the tables via queries and update the tables. For example, you might write a query that looks like:

SELECT column1, column2, ...

FROM table name;

Also, the SQL LIMIT clause restricts how many rows are returned from a query.

https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_select.asp

https://careerkarma.com/blog/sql-

 $\label{limit/#:} $$\lim | \#: ``: text = The \% 20 SQL \% 20 LIMIT \% 20 clause \% 20 restricts, five \% 20 players \% 20 on \% 20 a \% 20 leade roord.$

2. My favorite thing I learned this week was how to create tables from scratch. This allows us to build a database from scratch which will be useful to me later when I want to run some data analysis on databases that I construct and populate.