# Shell Topic 04: Conditional Expressions

Note 1. Like for loops, if statements have subtle interactions with the \$ operator and various types of quotation marks. In the shell, expressions are contained within square brackets [ ], the operator && is and, | | is or, and ! is not.

**Problem 2.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 if [ $foo = "hello" ]; then
6     touch if
7 fi
8 EOF
9 $ sh quiz.sh
10 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 5 / 19 = 0.26

Problem 3. Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 if [ $foo != "hello" ]; then
6 touch if
7 fi
8 EOF
9 $ sh quiz.sh
10 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 4 / 19 = 0.21

#### **Problem 4.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<EOF
4 foo='hello'
5 if [ $foo = "hello" ]; then
6     touch if
7 fi
8 EOF
9 $ sh quiz.sh
10 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 0 / 19 = 0.00

## **Problem 5.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello world'
5 if [ $foo = "hello" ]; then
6 touch if
7 fi
8 EOF
9 $ sh quiz.sh
10 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 7 / 19 = 0.37

#### **Problem 6.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello world'
5 if [ $foo = "hello" ]; then
6 touch if
7 else
8 touch else
9 fi
10 EOF
11 $ sh quiz.sh
12 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 3 / 19 = 0.16

#### **Problem 7.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<EOF
4 foo='hello'
5 if [ "$foo" = "hello" ]; then
6    touch if
7 elif [ "$foo" = "hola" ]; then
8    touch elif
9 else
10    touch else
11 fi
12 EOF
13 $ sh quiz.sh
14 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 2 / 19 = 0.11

## **Problem 8.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<EOF
4 foo='hello'
5 if [ "$foo" = "hello" ]; then
6     touch if
7 elif [ "$foo" = "hola" ]; then
8     touch elif
9 else
10     touch else
11 fi
12 EOF
13 $ sh quiz.sh
14 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 2 / 19 = 0.11

## **Problem 9.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1  $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2  $ foo='hola'
3  $ cat > quiz.sh <<EOF
4  foo='hello'
5  if [ "$foo" = "hello" ] || [ "$foo" = "hola" ]; then
6     touch if
7  else
8     touch else
9  fi
10  EOF
11  $ sh quiz.sh
12  $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 5 / 19 = 0.26

## **Problem 10.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 6 / 19 = 0.32

## **Problem 11.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 bar='salve'
6 if true && [ "$bar" = "salve" ]; then
7 touch if
8 else
9 touch else
10 fi
11 EOF
12 $ sh quiz.sh
13 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 5 / 19 = 0.26

## **Problem 12.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 bar='salve'
6 if false || ([ "$bar" = "salve" ] && true); then
7 touch if
8 else
9 touch else
10 fi
11 EOF
12 $ sh quiz.sh
13 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 3 / 19 = 0.16

#### **Problem 13.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 if ! [ $foo = "hello" ]; then
6     touch if
7 fi
8 EOF
9 $ sh quiz.sh
10 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 5 / 19 = 0.26

## **Problem 14.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 if ! [ $foo != "hello" ]; then
6 touch if
7 fi
8 EOF
9 $ sh quiz.sh
$ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 5 / 19 = 0.26

#### **Problem 15.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
4 foo='hello'
5 bar='salve'
6 if ! true || [ "$bar" != "salve" ]; then
7 touch if
8 else
9 touch else
10 fi
11 EOF
12 $ sh quiz.sh
13 $ ls</pre>
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 4 / 19 = 0.21

Note 16. Inline conditional statements are possible in most programming languages (including python), but they are particularly common in the shell. These statements take advantage of the *short circuiting* behavior of boolean operators. That is, the and operator && only evaluates its second argument if the first argument is true, and the or operator  $|\cdot|$  only evaluates its second argument if the first argument is false.

**Problem 17.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ false || echo $foo > false
4 $ true || echo $foo > true
5 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 7 / 19 = 0.37

**Problem 18.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ false && echo $foo > false
4 $ true && echo $foo > true
5 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 10 / 19 = 0.53

**Problem 19.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ (false && echo $foo) > false
4 $ (true && echo $foo) > true
5 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 13 / 19 = 0.68

**Problem 20.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ [ "$foo" = 'hello' ] && echo $foo > false
4 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 19 / 19 = 1.00

**Problem 21.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ foo='hola'
3 $ [ "$foo" = 'hello' ] || echo $foo > false
4 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 11 / 19 = 0.58

**Problem 22.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
s cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
foo='hola'
s ! [ "$foo" = 'hello' ] || echo $foo > false
s ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 19 / 19 = 1.00

**Note 23.** All programs have an exit code associated with them that indicate whether the program succeeded (exit code 0) or failed (a non-zero value). Success is interpreted as true within boolean expressions, and failure is interpreted as false. The grep program succeeds whenever it finds a match for its regular expression in the input.

Many of the shell features we've observed above are special cases of the exit code behavior. The true and false commands are actually programs that always return 0 and 1 respectively. The [ operator is just a normal executable program that interprets is command line arguments as a boolean expresson and returns 0 if the expression is true and 1 otherwise.

**Problem 24.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ cat > logs <<EOF
3 INFO: blah
4 INFO: blah
5 ERROR: blah blah blah
6 INFO: blah
7 EOF
8 $ cat logs | grep 'ERROR' || echo 'hello world' > foo
9 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 1 / 19 = 0.05

#### **Problem 25.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ cat > logs <<EOF
3 INFO: blah
4 INFO: blah
5 WARNING: blah blah blah
6 INFO: blah
7 EOF
8 $ cat logs | grep 'ERROR' || echo 'hello world' > foo
9 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 10 / 19 = 0.53

**Problem 26.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1  $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2  $ cat > logs <<EOF
3  INFO: blah
4  INFO: blah
5  WARNING: blah blah blah
6  INFO: blah
7  EOF
8  $ cat logs | grep 'ERROR' && echo 'hello world' > foo
9  $ ls
Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 9 / 19 = 0.47
```

Problem 27. Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ cat > logs <<EOF
3 INFO: blah
4 INFO: blah
5 ERROR: blah blah blah
6 INFO: blah
7 EOF
8 $ cat logs | grep 'ERROR' && echo 'hello world' > foo
9 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 13 / 19 = 0.68

#### **Problem 28.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ cat > logs <<EOF
3 INFO: blah
4 INFO: blah
5 ERROR: blah blah blah
6 INFO: blah
7 EOF
8 $ cat logs | grep 'ERROR' > /dev/null && echo 'hello world' > foo
9 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 11 / 19 = 0.58

## Problem 29. Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ cat > logs <<EOF
3 INFO: blah
4 INFO: blah
5 ERROR: blah blah blah
6 INFO: blah
7 EOF
8 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'
9 if cat logs | grep ERROR > /dev/null; then
10 touch if
11 fi
12 EOF
13 $ sh quiz.sh
14 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 11 / 19 = 0.58

**Problem 30.** Write the output of the final command in the following shell script.

```
1 $ cd; rm -rf quiz; mkdir quiz; cd quiz
2 $ cat > logs <<EOF
з INFO: blah
4 INFO: blah
5 WARNING: blah blah blah
6 INFO: blah
7 EOF
8 $ cat > quiz.sh <<'EOF'</pre>
 if cat logs | grep ERROR > /dev/null; then
      touch error
elif cat logs | grep WARNING > /dev/null; then
      touch warning
  elif cat logs | grep INFO > /dev/null; then
13
      touch info
14
15 fi
16 EOF
17 $ sh quiz.sh
18 $ ls
```

Fraction of LLMs with correct answer: 3 / 19 = 0.16

# LLM Model Performance

