

中国科学技术大学计算机学院

网络系统实验报告

实验一

交换机、虚拟局域网组网 (VLAN)技术与配置

学 号：PE20060014

姓 名：王晨

专 业：计算机科学与技术

指导老师：张信明

中国科学技术大学计算机学院

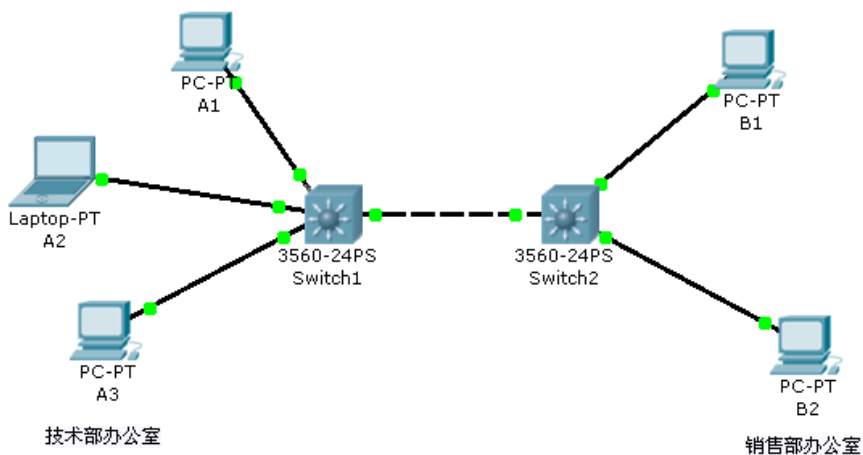
2021 年 3 月 18 日

一、 实验目的

- 了解 VLAN 交换机的特性与应用场合
- 掌握 VLAN 交换机组网的基本配置方法

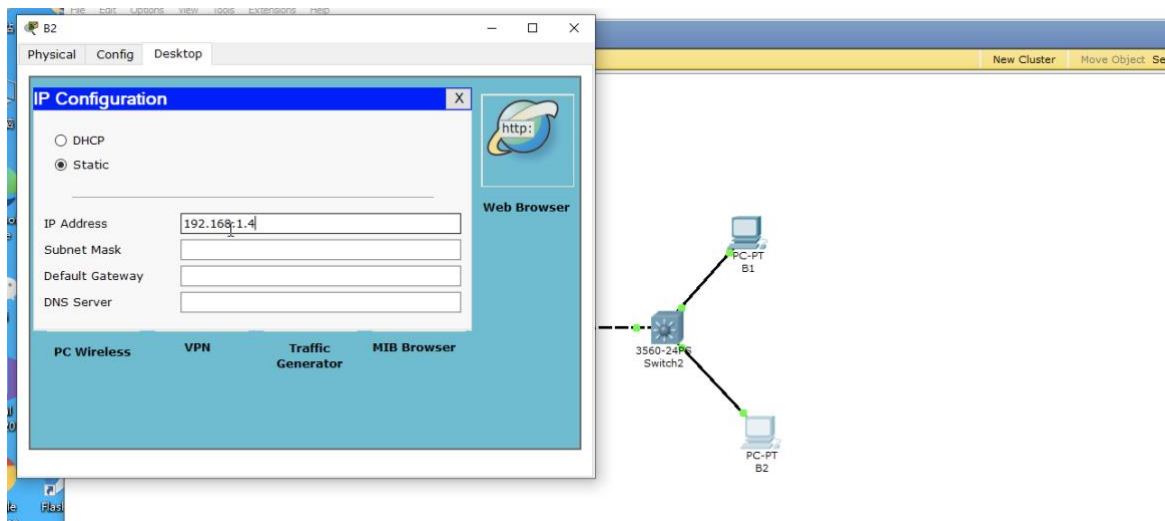
二、 实验环境

- 模拟软件 Cisco Packet Tracer 5.2
- 实验器材：3560 交换机 2 台，PC 机 5 台，连接线若干。
- 网络拓扑图如下：图中，A1、A2、A3 连接在 Switch1 上，B1、B2 连接在 Switch2 上。假定应用场景是 A1、A3 属于技术部，B1、B2、A2 属于销售部，要求同一部门的主机在同一个局域网。



三、实验过程

1. 依次放置终端和交换机后，配置 IP 地址和子网掩码。



2. 配置完主机 IP 地址，回答【问题 1】：每台主机相互 ping，查看哪些主机可以连通，哪些不可以？为什么？

使用任意一台主机对其他主机 ping，可以收到其他主机的数据，因此这五台主机都是连通的，这是因为这五台主机都在一个网络中。

```
PC>ping -n 1 255.255.255.255

Pinging 255.255.255.255 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=29ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time=33ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.4: bytes=32 time=37ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.5: bytes=32 time=77ms TTL=128

PC>
```

3. 在交换机上配置 VLAN，配置信息和流程如下：

VLAN num	VLAN name	Switch port
2	tech	Switch1, port 2, 3
3	sales	Switch1, port1; Switch2, port2, 3

```

Switch(vlan)#vlan 2 name tech
VLAN 2 modified:
  Name: tech
Switch(vlan)#vlan 3 name sales
VLAN 3 modified:
  Name: sales
Switch(vlan)#exit
APPLY completed.
Exiting....
Switch#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/1
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch(config-if)#interface FastEthernet 0/2
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 3
Switch(config-if)#interface FastEthernet 0/3
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch(config-if)#interface FastEthernet 0/11
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state
to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state
to up
Switch(config-if)#

```

- 在 Switch1 上用 show vlan 查看 vlan 信息如下：

```

Switch#show vlan

```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7 Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gig0/1, Gig0/2
2	tech	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/3
3	sales	active	Fa0/2
1002	fddi-default	act/unsup	
1003	token-ring-default	act/unsup	
1004	fddinet-default	act/unsup	
1005	trnet-default	act/unsup	

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
2	enet	100002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0

--More--

- 在 Switch1 上用 show interfaces FastEthernet 0/1、0/2、0/11 switchport 查看端口信息如下：

```
Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/1 switchport
Name: Fa0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: static access
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 2 (tech)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--
```

```
Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/2 switchport
Name: Fa0/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: static access
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 3 (sales)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--
```

```

Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/11 switchport
Name: Fa0/11
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: trunk
Operational Mode: trunk
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--

```

- 在 Switch2 上用 show vlan 查看 vlan 信息如下：

```

%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Switch#show vlan

```

VLAN Name	Status	Ports
1 default	active	Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6 Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10 Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15 Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19 Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23 Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
3 sales	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2
1002 fddi-default	act/unsup	
1003 token-ring-default	act/unsup	
1004 fddinet-default	act/unsup	
1005 trnet-default	act/unsup	

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
3	enet	100003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1002	fddi	101002	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1003	tr	101003	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
1004	fdnet	101004	1500	-	-	-	ieee	-	0	0

```

--More--

```

- 在 Switch2 上用 show interfaces FastEthernet 0/1、0/11 switchport 查看端口信息如下：

```

Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/1 switchport
Name: Fa0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: static access
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 3 (sales)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--

```

```

Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/11 switchport
Name: Fa0/11
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: trunk
Operational Mode: trunk
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--

```

- 在配置 VLAN 之后，回答【问题 2】：每台主机相互 ping，查看哪些主机可以连通，哪些可以？为什么？

答：主机 A1 只能接收到 A3 的数据，与其他主机不连通。A2，B1，B2 互相连通。原因是划分了 Vlan 后，A1 和 A3 同处于一个 vlan 网络中，而 A2，B1，B2 同处于另一个 vlan 网络中。


```
PC>ping -n 1 255.255.255.255

Pinging 255.255.255.255 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=128

PC>
```

4. DTP 的配置，其配置信息和流程如下：

- 将 Switch1 的 FastEthernet 0/11 接口的 Trunk 配置为：

```
Switch>enable
Switch#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/11
Switch(config-if)#shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to administratively d
own
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state
to down
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode dynamic desirable
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state
to up
Switch(config-if)#
```

- 将 Switch2 的 FastEthernet 0/11 接口的 Trunk 配置为 auto 模式：

```
Switch#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/11
Switch(config-if)#shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to administratively d
own
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state
to down
Switch(config-if)#switchport mode dynamic auto
Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state
to up
Switch(config-if)#
```

- 在 Switch1 上用 show interfaces FastEthernet 0/11 switchport 查看端口信息如下：


```
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/11 switchport
Name: Fa0/11
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: dynamic desirable
Operational Mode: trunk
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--
```

- 在 Switch2 上用 show interfaces FastEthernet 0/11 switchport 查看端口信息如下：

```
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Switch#show interfaces FastEthernet 0/11 switchport
Name: Fa0/11
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: dynamic auto
Operational Mode: trunk
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More--
```

5. 按照课件中拓扑及端口配置，修改 Switch1 和 Switch2 的 FastEthernet 0/11 端口，考察 DTP 协议的运行规则，并通过实验回答以下问题：

- 将 Switch1 和 Switch2 都设置为 negotiate 模式，考察以下组合，哪些可以形成 Trunk？

	Switch2 trunk	Switch2 dynamic desirable	Switch2 dynamic auto
Switch1 trunk	可以	可以	可以
Switch1 dynamic desirable	可以	可以	可以
Switch1 dynamic auto	可以	可以	不可以

- 将 Switch1 设置为 nonegotiate 模式，Switch2 仍为 negotiate 模式，再考察以下组合，哪些可以形成 Trunk？

	Switch2 trunk	Switch2 dynamic desirable	Switch2 dynamic auto
Switch1 trunk	可以	可以	可以
Switch1 dynamic desirable	不可以	不可以	不可以
Switch1 dynamic auto	不可以	不可以	不可以

- 在配置时与两者都是 negotiate 模式时有什么区别？

答：两边都是 negotiate 模式下,只有两边都为 dynamicauto 时才不能形成 trunk,因为都在等待对方交换机主动和自己协商造成无限等待。一边是 negotiate 另一边是 nonegotiate 时，nonegotiate 的一方的接口模式只能为 trunk（或 access）,nonegotiate 的作用是启用 trunking 禁用 DTP,故可以和 trunk/dynamicdesirable/dynamic auto 形成 trunk.

- 考虑将 Switch1 设置为 nonegotiate 模式时，Switch1 还能否设置为 dynamic desirable dynamic auto 模式？

答：不能，输入指令后 switch 模式不变。