

Circulation theory of enzyme kinetics

Yuhao Jiang

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Here we adopt the presentation given by Kalpazatidou. Let $(\xi_l)_{l \geq 0}$ be a discrete-time Markov chain with finite state space S defined on some space (Ω, \mathcal{F}, P) .

Definition 0.1. Let $\{\mu_n : n \in N^*\}$ be a family of probability measures on a Polish space E . Then we say that $\{\mu_n : n \in N^*\}$ satisfies a large deviation principle with rate n and good rate function $I : E \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ if:

- (i) for each $\alpha > 0$, the level set $\{x \in E : I(x) < \alpha\}$ is compact in E ;
- (ii) for each closed subset F of E ,

$$\limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \log \mu_n(F) \leq - \inf_{x \in F} I(x); \quad (1)$$

- (iii) for each open subset U of E ,

$$\liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \log \mu_n(U) \geq - \inf_{x \in U} I(x); \quad (2)$$