

Introduction

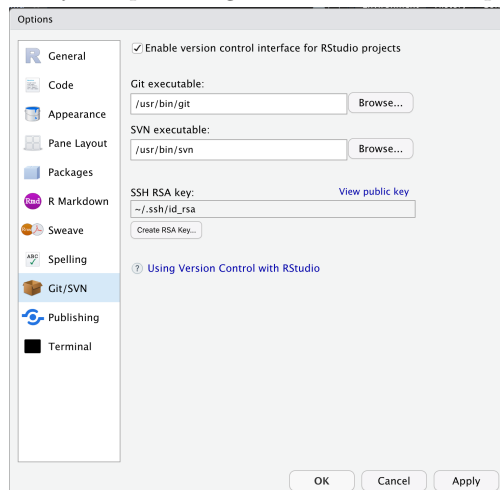
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R will be the main computer language we will be using. We want to make sure we have the right tools installed. There are many other ways to utilize the R program. I'll present the most common setup first.

Setup RStudio

- R 3.6.2
- RStudio 1.2.5033 (Help - About RStudio)
- git client, do not mix up with “github” client
 - Windows:
 1. git for windows <https://git-scm.com/download/win>
 2. msys2 (for hard core people) <http://www.msys2.org/>
 - macOS: there are multiple ways to install git
 1. Command Line Tools

```
xcode-select --install
```
 2. git for mac <https://git-scm.com/download/mac>
 - linux / other platforms: do it yourself
 - verify the path to git client at RStudio option



- A GitHub account. What is GitHub? It is a centralized location for users to upload project source code. Think of it as DropBox but much better.
- <https://happygitwithr.com/> has very good materials on **git** and **github**. (We will come back to this)

Other R environments

For the sake of consistency and from the point of management, you are required to use RStudio in this course. But certainly, RStudio is not the only way to run R program (at least it is not my way). Here are some of the alternatives.

- Command line:
 - most useful if one need to run R on a remote server via ssh
 - radian is an alternative to the original R console.
- Editor based environments:
 - VSCode: see this blog
 - neovim/ vim: Nvim-R or via R languageserver
 - emacs: ESS or via R languageserver
- Via Browser:
 - Jupyter notebook/lab (<https://jupyter.org/>) or JupyterHub (<https://jupyterhub.readthedocs.io/en/stable/>)
 - RStudio Server <https://rstudio.com/products/rstudio/#rstudio-server>

Using git

Refer to <https://happygitwithr.com/> Chapter 7 and 9. For authentications, see chapters 10, 11.

Using git in RStudio

Refer to <https://happygitwithr.com/> Chapter 12. Read also section III, IV and V of the book.