

# Multi-Agent Oriented Programming

## Introduction

***Credits:** Slides are based on previous presentations by  
Olivier Boissier, Andrei Ciortea, Jomi F. Hübner*



# Motivation



- *Complex system* are systems composed of **many components** which may **interact with each other** and present **non-trivial relationships** between cause and effect
  - each effect > multiple causes
  - each cause > multiple effects
  - feedback loops
  - non-linear cause-effect chains
- **Complex cyber-physical social systems**
  - Smart cities
  - Smart grids
  - Manufacturing
  - Mobility systems



# Motivation – Requirements



Distribution of data, knowledge, decision, intelligence



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Autonomy, Loose coupling, Decentralization, Coordination





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Explainability



# Multi-Agent System

A Multi-Agent System (MAS) is a **loosely coupled** network of problem solvers that **interact** to solve problems that are **beyond the individual capabilities** or **knowledge** of each problem solver

Durfee & Lesser, 1989



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*direct communicative / indirect actions through the environment*



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e.g., coordination and regulation activities

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**A Multi-Agent System is more than a simple set of agents**

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# Multi-Agent System



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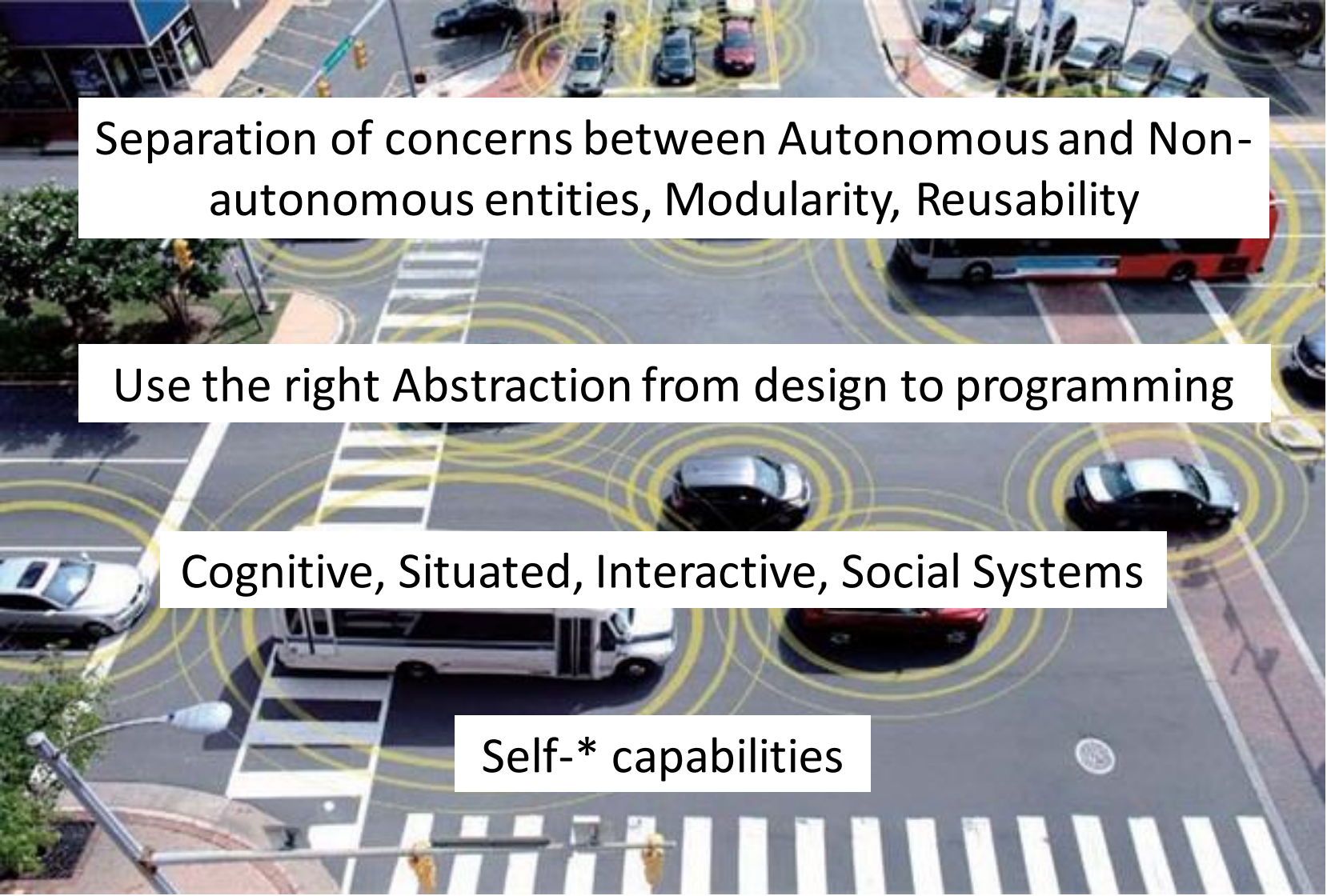
**Multi-Agent-Based Simulation** models used to describe and simulate complex systems, either natural or artificial, to analyze their properties

- Local representations of different points of view, decisions, goals, motivations, behaviors, etc.
- Interaction between local strategies, behaviors and global and common strategies of control
- Continuous operation and evolution
- Solution is the result of interaction between local processes

**Multi-Agent-Based System Engineering** models used to design and develop systems and applications

- Multi-\* (sites, expertise, domains, points of view, decisions, goals, motivations, ...)
- Incremental and collaborative development
- Continuous execution and adaptation
- Increasingly user-centric

# Multi-Agent-Based System Engineering



Separation of concerns between Autonomous and Non-autonomous entities, Modularity, Reusability

Use the right Abstraction from design to programming

Cognitive, Situated, Interactive, Social Systems

Self-\* capabilities



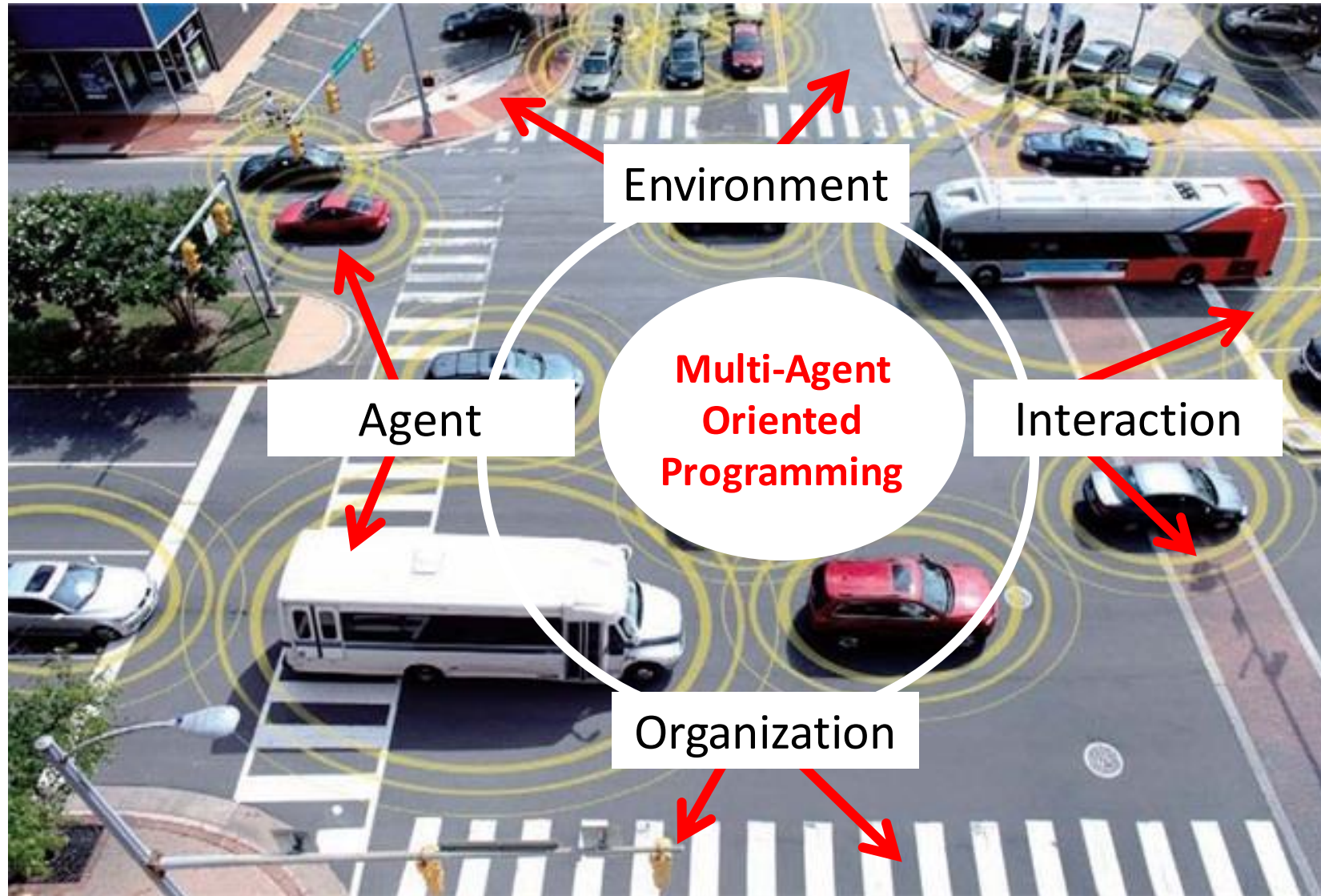
# Multi-Agent Oriented Programming (MAOP)

- Provide first-class abstractions to model and implement Agents, Environments, Interactions and Organizations
- MAOP aims at engineering systems
  - as organization of autonomous agents that interact with each other within a shared environment,
  - by keeping alive, from design to execution, concepts pertaining to each of the Agent / Environment / Interaction / Organization dimensions as well as their control/life cycles

NOTE: Inspired by the VOWELS' perspective (Demazeau, 1995)

Go beyond the AOP (Shoham, 1993), EOP (Ricci et al., 2010), IOP (Huhns, 2001), OOP (Pynadath et al., 1999) approaches

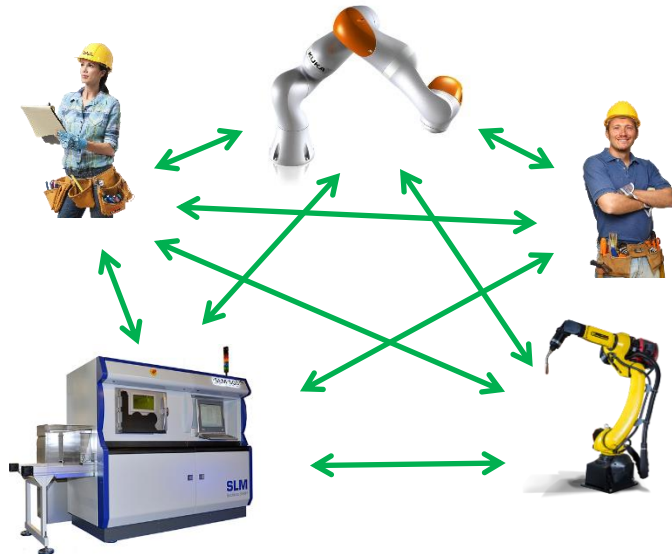
# Multi-Agent Oriented Programming (MAOP)



# Example: Flexible Industrial Manufacturing

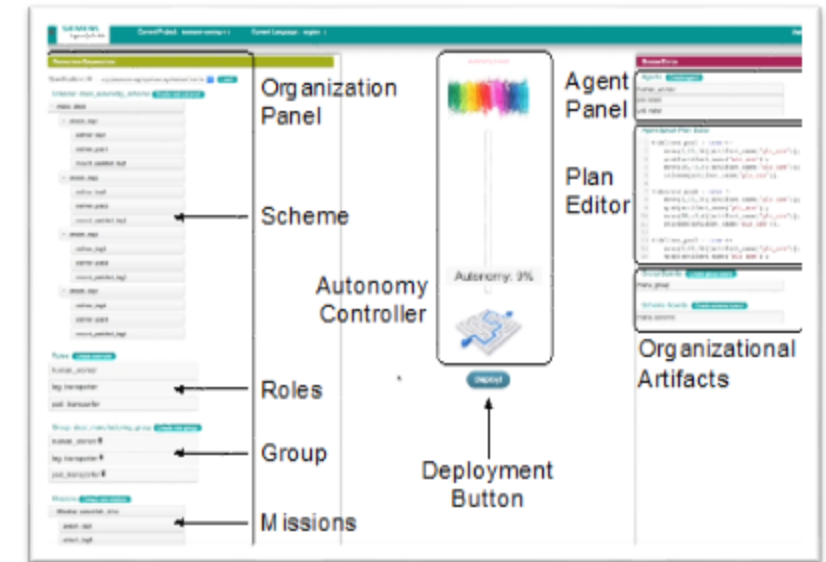
**Domain problem** (“lot-size-one manufacturing”): **unique** products at **mass production costs**

- customization is **expensive**: production lines are **optimized, inflexible**, and have **large lifespans** (> 30yr)
  - we need production lines that can be **repurposed on-the-fly**



Factory workers and artificial agents working towards shared goals

**SIEMENS**



End-user programming for production engineers

(Ciortea et al., 2018)

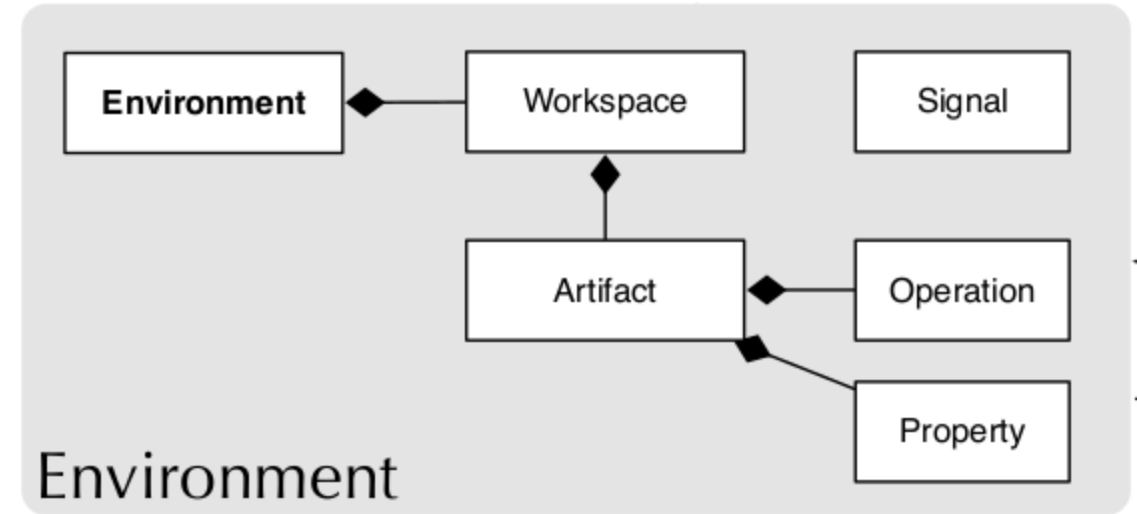
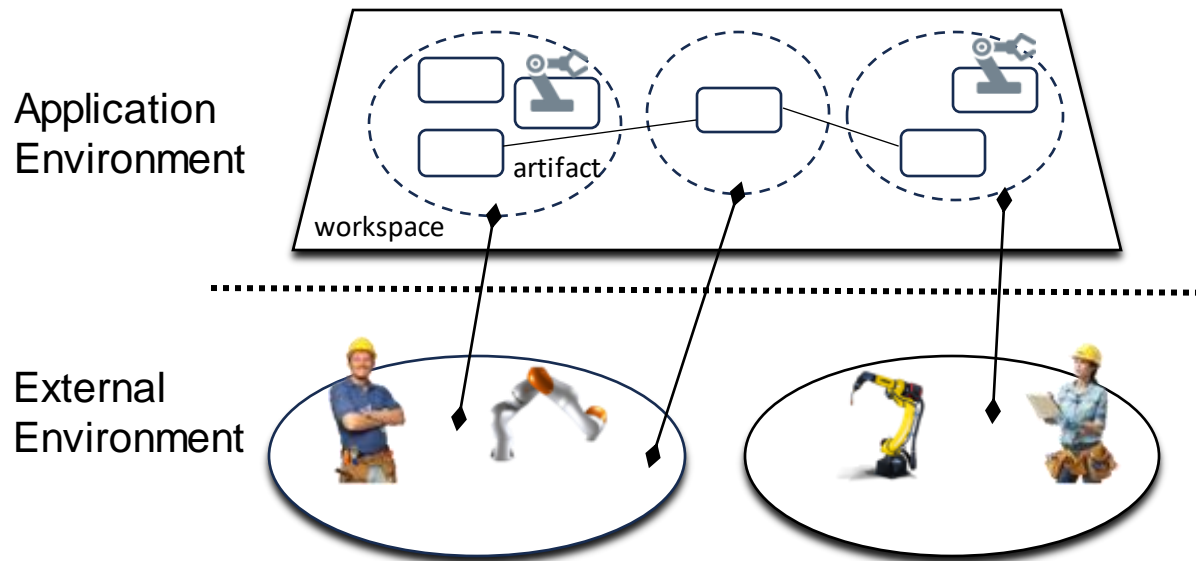
# Flexible Industrial Manufacturing

External  
Environment

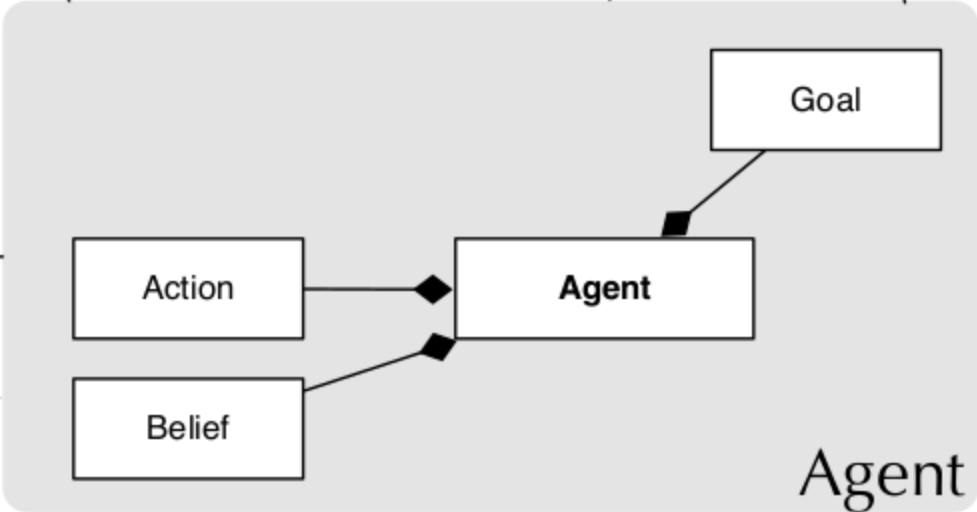
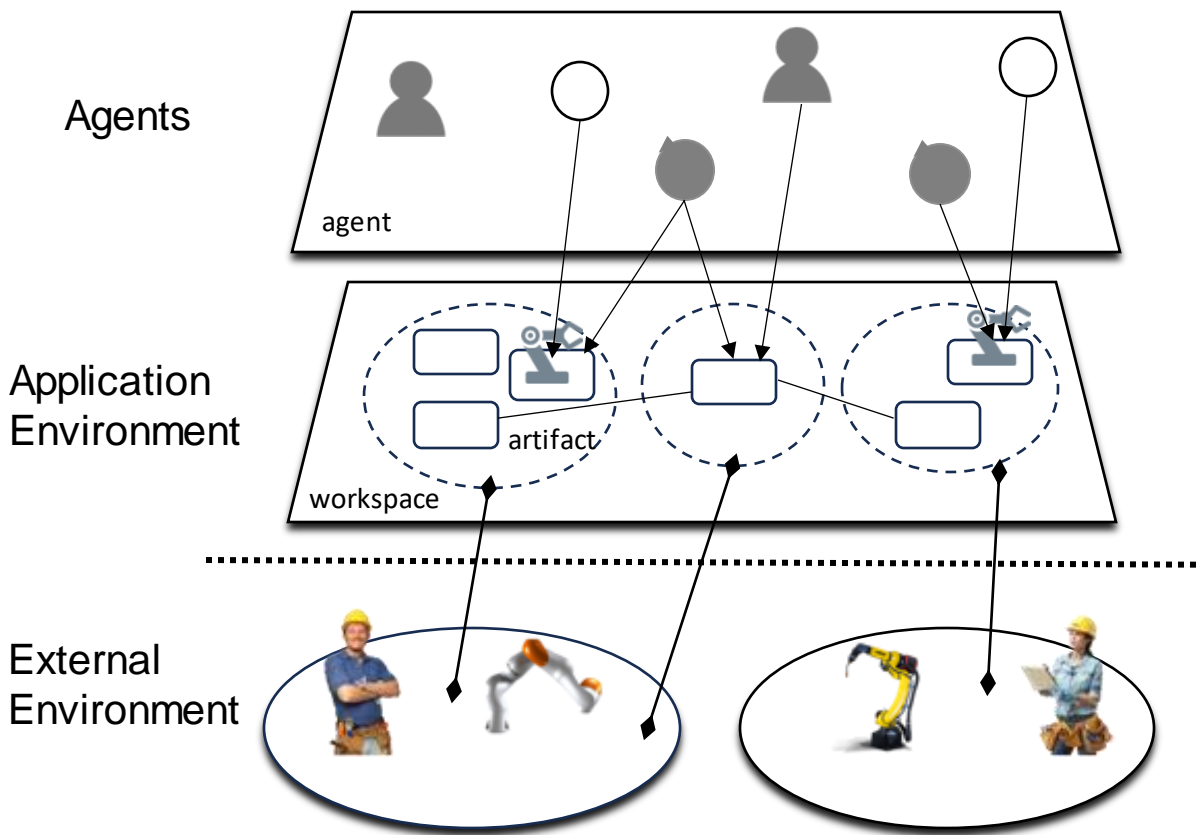




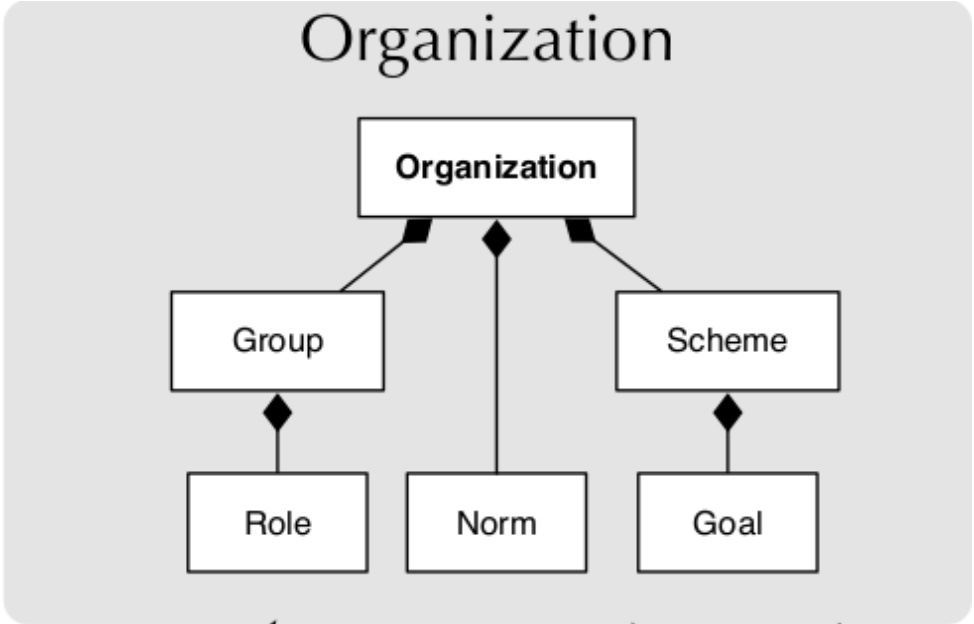
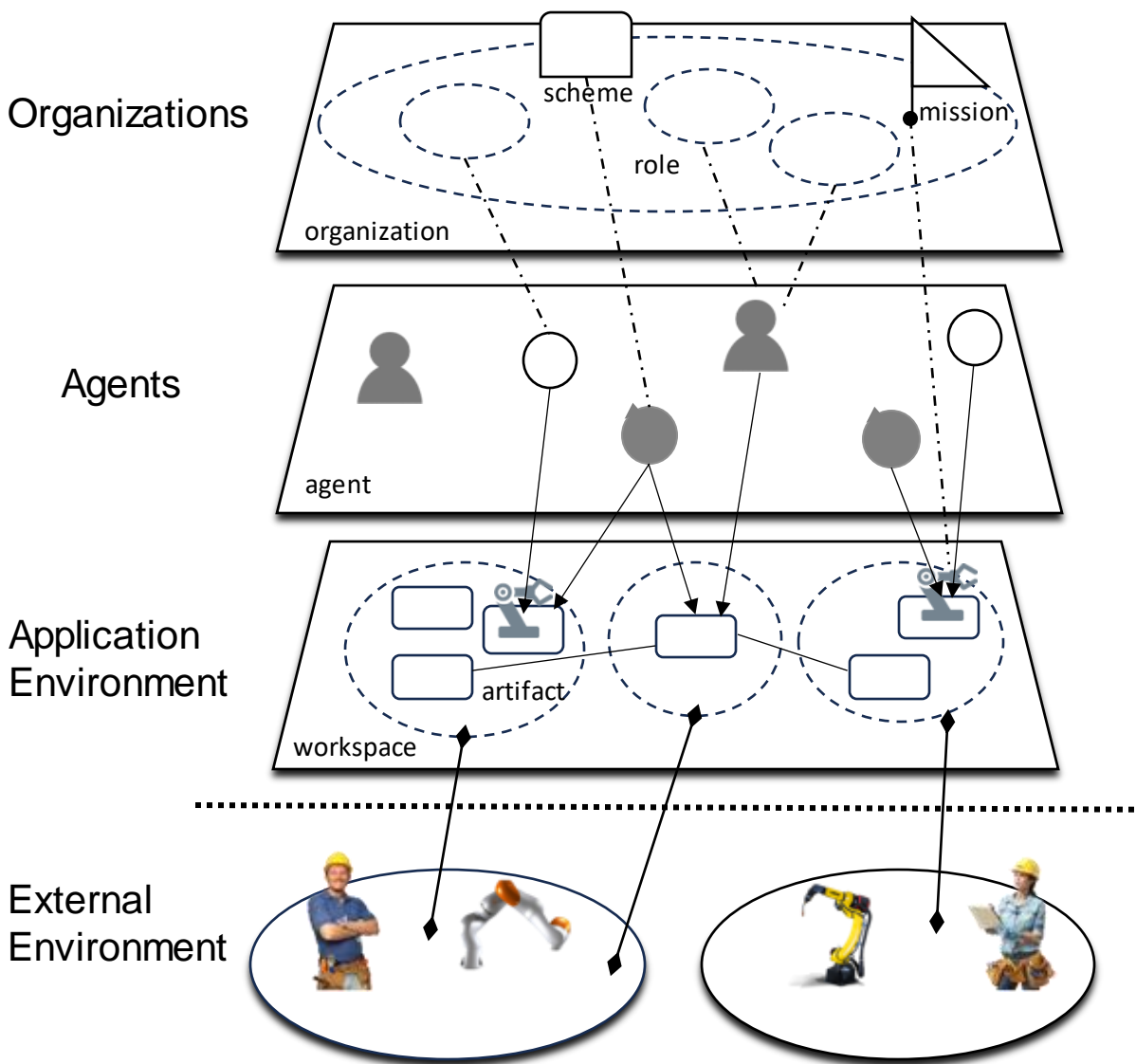
# Environment Dimension



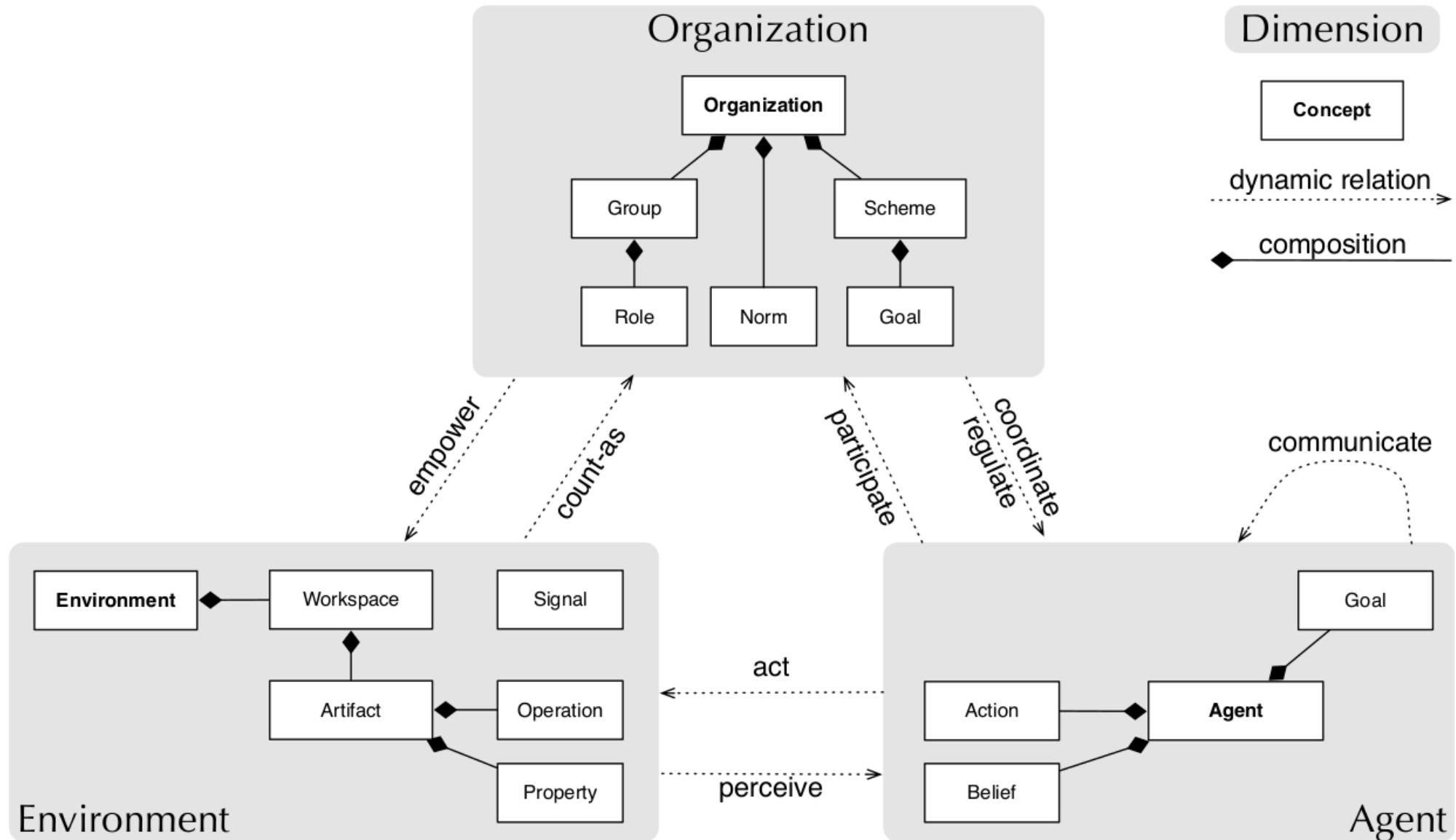
# Agent Dimension



# Organization Dimension

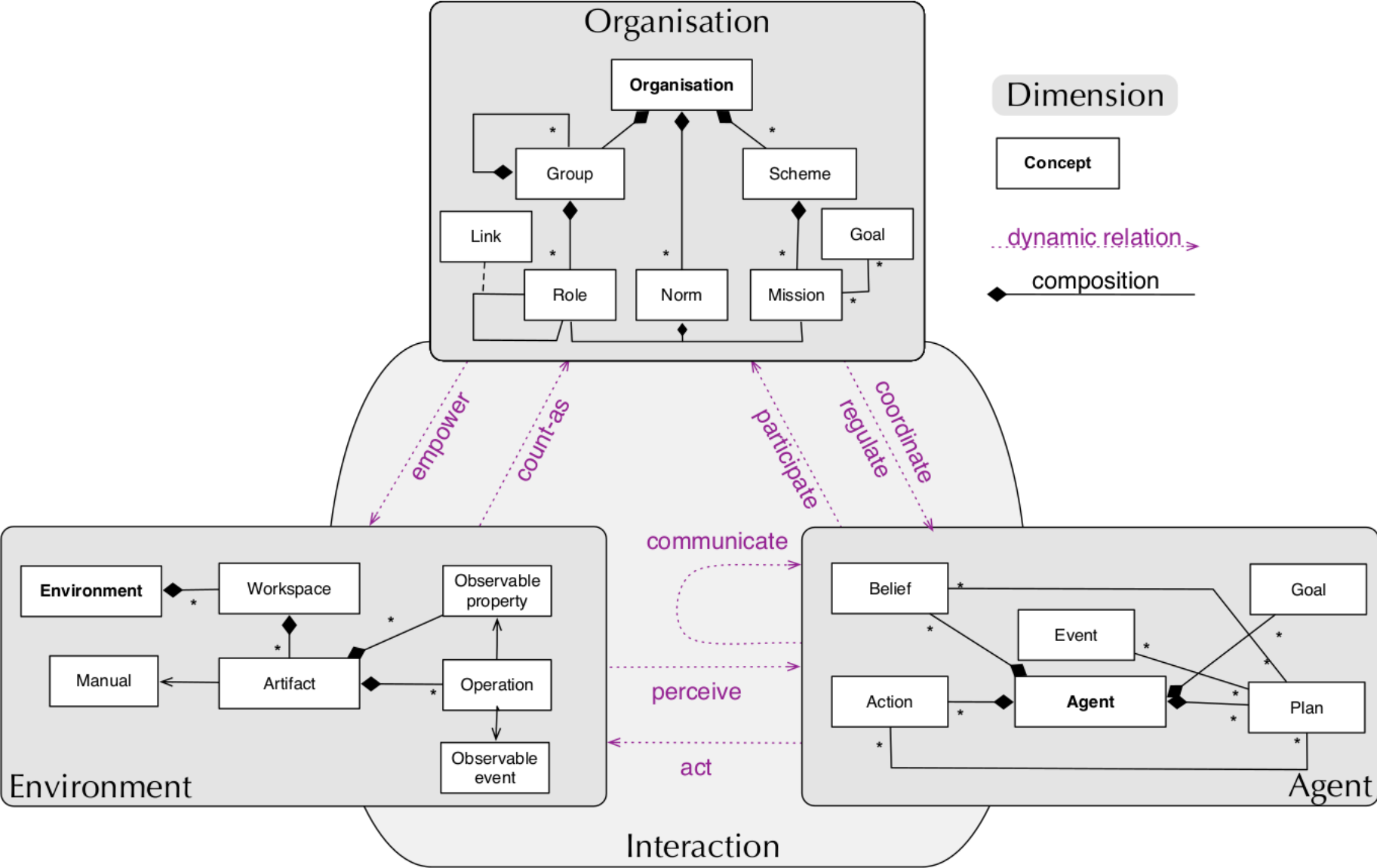


# Interaction Dimension

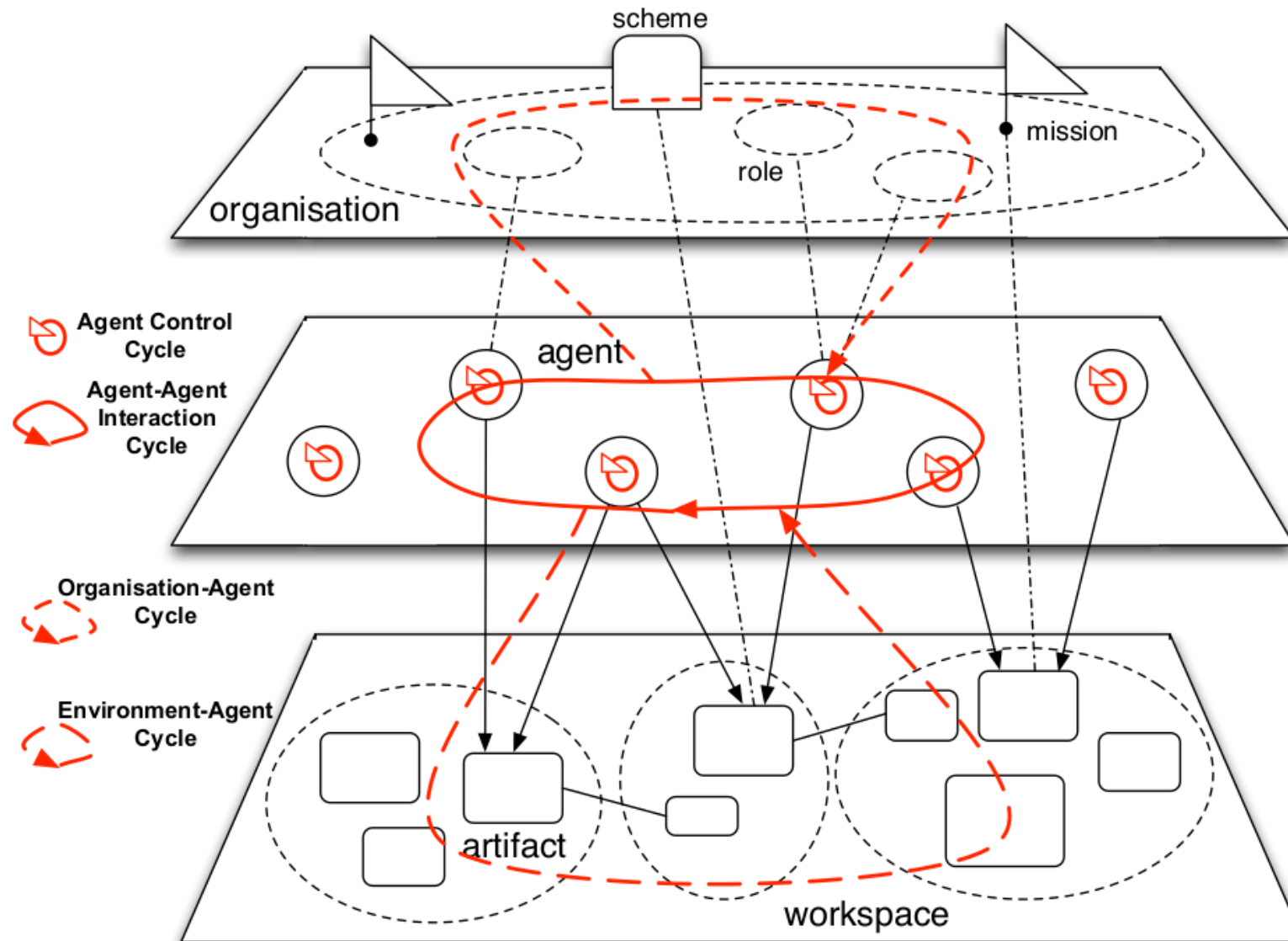




# JaCaMo Metamodel – Multi-Agent Concepts



# JaCaMo Metamodel – Multi-Agent Dynamics



# Applications

- Governance of Room Allocation in a Smart Co-working Space
- Governance of a Machine-To-Machine Management Infrastructure
- Governance of Online Forum
- Tackling Online Disinformation
- Coordination of Rover on Mars
- Coordination of Fleet of Autonomous Vehicles

# Smart Room Scenario

*Develop one room controller agent to manage a “Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning” (HVAC) device to reach a desired temperature based on agents’ preferences acting on behalf of users*



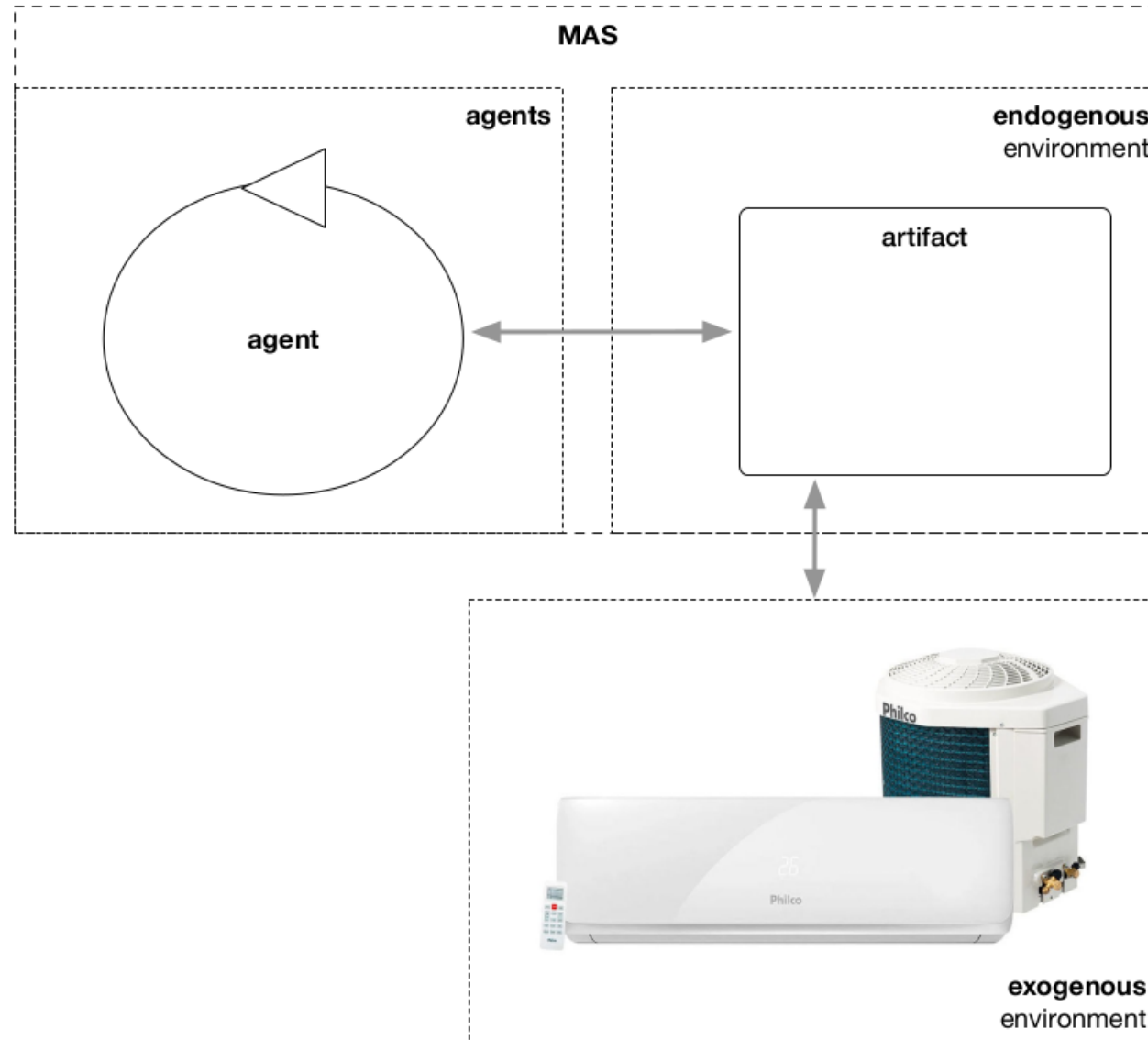
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## Separation of concerns

- Integration and interoperability with the HVAC
  - **environment** modeling
- Strategy to keep the right temperature
  - **agent** modeling

# Smart Room Scenario



# References

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