```
In [1]: # Import necessary libraries
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         #Read the data
         df = pd.read_csv('Reviews.csv', nrows=500)
         # Look at the top 5 rows of the data
         df.head(3)
Out[1]:
           Id
                 ProductId
                                     UserId ProfileName HelpfulnessNumerator HelpfulnessDenomina
           1 B001E4KFG0 A3SGXH7AUHU8GW
                                              delmartian
                                                                         1
           2 B00813GRG4
                            A1D87F6ZCVE5NK
                                                  dll pa
                                                                         0
                                                 Natalia
                                                 Corres
         2 3 B000LQOCH0
                             ABXLMWJIXXAIN
                                                                          1
                                                "Natalia
                                                 Corres"
In [2]: df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
        Data columns (total 10 columns):
         #
             Column
                                      Non-Null Count Dtype
         0
             Id
                                                      int64
                                      1000 non-null
         1
             ProductId
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      object
         2
             UserId
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      object
         3
             ProfileName
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      object
             HelpfulnessNumerator
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      int64
         5
             HelpfulnessDenominator 1000 non-null
                                                      int64
             Score
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      int64
         6
         7
             Time
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      int64
         8
             Summary
                                      1000 non-null
                                                      object
                                      1000 non-null
              Text
                                                      object
         dtypes: int64(5), object(5)
        memory usage: 78.2+ KB
         df.Summary.head()
In [3]:
```

```
Good Quality Dog Food
Out[3]:
                 Not as Advertised
        1
             "Delight" says it all
        2
        3
                    Cough Medicine
                       Great taffy
        Name: Summary, dtype: object
        df.Text.head()
In [4]:
             I have bought several of the Vitality canned d...
Out[4]:
             Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanut...
             This is a confection that has been around a fe...
        2
             If you are looking for the secret ingredient i...
             Great taffy at a great price. There was a wid...
        Name: Text, dtype: object
In [5]: 3!pip install TextBlob
        Requirement already satisfied: TextBlob in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packa
        ges (0.19.0)
        Requirement already satisfied: nltk>=3.9 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-pack
         ages (from TextBlob) (3.9.1)
        Requirement already satisfied: click in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
         (from nltk>=3.9->TextBlob) (8.0.4)
        Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
         (from nltk>=3.9->TextBlob) (4.64.1)
        Requirement already satisfied: joblib in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-package
         s (from nltk>=3.9->TextBlob) (1.1.0)
        Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\sit
        e-packages (from nltk>=3.9->TextBlob) (2022.7.9)
        Requirement already satisfied: colorama in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packa
        ges (from click->nltk>=3.9->TextBlob) (0.4.6)
In [6]: # Import Libraries
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from textblob import TextBlob
         from textblob import Word
         # Lower casing and removing punctuations
         df['Text'] = df['Text'].apply(lambda x: " ".join(x.lower() for x in x.split()))
         df['Text'] = df['Text'].str.replace('[^\w\s]',' ')
         # Removal of stop words
         stop = stopwords.words('english')
         df['Text'] = df['Text'].apply(lambda x: " ".join(x for x in x.split() if x not in s
         # Spelling correction
         df['Text'] = df['Text'].apply(lambda x: str(TextBlob(x).correct()))
         # Lemmatization
         df['Text'] = df['Text'].apply(lambda x: " ".join([Word(word).lemmatize() for word i
         df.Text.head()
        C:\Users\91939\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10716\368340856.py:13: FutureWarning:
        The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version.
          df['Text'] = df['Text'].str.replace('[^\w\s]',' ')
```

```
sentiment Analysis 2
              bought several vitality canned dog food produc...
Out[6]:
         1
              product arrived labelled lumbo halted peanut p...
              connection around century light pillow city ge...
         3
              looking secret ingredient robitussin believe f...
              great staff great price wide assortment mummy ...
         Name: Text, dtype: object
 In [7]: # Create a new data frame "reviews" to perform exploratory data analysis upon that
          reviews = df
          # Dropping null values
          reviews.dropna(inplace=True)
          # The histogram reveals this dataset is highly unbalanced towards high rating.
          reviews.Score.hist(bins=5,grid=False)
          plt.show()
          print(reviews.groupby('Score').count().Id)
          600
          500
          400
          300
          200
          100
                                 2.0
                         1.5
                                         2.5
                                                 3.0
                                                                  4.0
                                                                          4.5
                 1.0
                                                         3.5
                                                                                  5.0
         Score
         1
               98
         2
               47
         3
               75
         4
              138
              642
         Name: Id, dtype: int64
In [12]: # To make it balanced data, we sampled each score by the lowest n-count from above.
          score_1 = reviews[reviews['Score'] == 1].sample(n=47)
          score_2 = reviews[reviews['Score'] == 2].sample(n=47)
          score_3 = reviews[reviews['Score'] == 3].sample(n=47)
          score_4 = reviews[reviews['Score'] == 4].sample(n=47)
          score 5 = reviews[reviews['Score'] == 5].sample(n=47)
 In [9]: # Here we recreate a 'balanced' dataset.
          reviews_sample = pd.concat([score_1,score_2,score_3,score_4,score_5],axis=0)
```

reviews_sample.reset_index(drop=True,inplace=True)

```
# Printing count by 'Score' to check dataset is now balanced.
         print(reviews_sample.groupby('Score').count().Id)
         Score
         1
              47
         2
              47
         3
              47
         4
              47
         5
              47
         Name: Id, dtype: int64
In [10]: 3!pip install WordCloud
         Requirement already satisfied: WordCloud in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-pack
         ages (1.9.4)
         Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.6.1 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-p
         ackages (from WordCloud) (1.21.5)
         Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-pac
         kages (from WordCloud) (3.5.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: pillow in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-package
         s (from WordCloud) (9.2.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\sit
         e-packages (from matplotlib->WordCloud) (21.3)
         Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\si
         te-packages (from matplotlib->WordCloud) (3.0.9)
         Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-p
         ackages (from matplotlib->WordCloud) (0.11.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\s
         ite-packages (from matplotlib->WordCloud) (1.4.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\li
         b\site-packages (from matplotlib->WordCloud) (2.8.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\s
         ite-packages (from matplotlib->WordCloud) (4.25.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packa
         ges (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib->WordCloud) (1.16.0)
In [11]: # Let's build a word cloud looking at the 'Summary' text
         from wordcloud import WordCloud
```

```
from wordcloud import WordCloud
  reviews_str = " ".join(reviews_sample["Summary"].to_numpy())
  #reviews_str = reviews_sample.Summary.str.cat()
  wordcloud = WordCloud(background_color='white').generate(reviews_str)

plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))

plt.imshow(wordcloud,interpolation='bilinear')

plt.axis("off")

plt.show()
```



```
In [20]: # Now let's split the data into Negative (Score is 1 or 2) and Positive (4 or #5) R
    negative_reviews = reviews_sample[reviews_sample['Score'].isin([1,2])]
    positive_reviews = reviews_sample[reviews_sample['Score'].isin([4,5])]

# Transform to single string
    negative_reviews_str = negative_reviews.Summary.str.cat()
    positive_reviews_str = positive_reviews.Summary.str.cat()
```

```
In [22]: # Create wordclouds

wordcloud_negative = WordCloud(background_color='white').generate(negative_reviews_
wordcloud_positive = WordCloud(background_color='white').generate(positive_reviews_
# Plot

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))

ax1 = fig.add_subplot(211)

ax1.imshow(wordcloud_negative,interpolation='bilinear')

ax1.axis("off")

ax1.set_title('Reviews with Negative Scores',fontsize=20)

ax2 = fig.add_subplot(212)

ax2.imshow(wordcloud_positive,interpolation='bilinear')

ax2.axis("off")

ax2.set_title('Reviews with Positive Scores',fontsize=20)

plt.show()
```

Reviews with Negative Scores



Reviews with Positive Scores



In [23]: !pip install vaderSentiment

Collecting vaderSentiment

Downloading vaderSentiment-3.3.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (125 kB)

----- 126.0/126.0 kB 3.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00

Requirement already satisfied: requests in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packa ges (from vaderSentiment) (2.28.1)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\l ib\site-packages (from requests->vaderSentiment) (1.26.11)

Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<3,>=2 in c:\users\91939\anaconda 3\lib\site-packages (from requests->vaderSentiment) (2.0.4)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from requests->vaderSentiment) (2022.9.14)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in c:\users\91939\anaconda3\lib\site-p ackages (from requests->vaderSentiment) (3.3)

Installing collected packages: vaderSentiment

Successfully installed vaderSentiment-3.3.2

In [24]: import seaborn as sns

from vaderSentiment.vaderSentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer

```
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
          # Function for getting the sentiment
          cp = sns.color_palette()
          analyzer = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
          # Generating sentiment for all the sentence present in the dataset
          emptyline=[]
          for row in df['Text']:
              vs=analyzer.polarity_scores(row)
             emptyline.append(vs)
In [25]: # Creating new dataframe with sentiments
          df_sentiments=pd.DataFrame(emptyline)
          df_sentiments.head()
Out[25]:
             neg neu
                        pos compound
          0 0.000 0.503 0.497
                                 0.9413
         1 0.258 0.644 0.099
                                 -0.5719
         2 0.134 0.602 0.264
                                 0.7880
         3 0.000 0.854 0.146
                                 0.4404
          4 0.000 0.455 0.545
                                 0.9186
```