Usage: curl [options...] <url>

- --abstract-unix-socket <path> Connect via abstract Unix domain socket
- --alt-svc <file name> Enable alt-svc with this cache file
- --anyauth Pick any authentication method
- -a, --append Append to target file when uploading
 - --basic Use HTTP Basic Authentication
 - --cacert <file> CA certificate to verify peer against
 - --capath <dir> CA directory to verify peer against
- -E, --cert <certificate[:password]> Client certificate file and password
 - --cert-status Verify the status of the server certificate
 - --cert-type <type> Certificate file type (DER/PEM/ENG)
 - --ciphers < list of ciphers > SSL ciphers to use
 - --compressed Request compressed response
 - --compressed-ssh Enable SSH compression
- -K, --config <file> Read config from a file
 - --connect-timeout <seconds> Maximum time allowed for connection
 - --connect-to <HOST1:PORT1:HOST2:PORT2> Connect to host
- -C, --continue-at <offset> Resumed transfer offset
- -b, --cookie <data|filename> Send cookies from string/file
- -c, --cookie-jar <filename> Write cookies to <filename> after operation
 - --create-dirs Create necessary local directory hierarchy
 - --crlf Convert LF to CRLF in upload
 - --crlfile <file> Get a CRL list in PEM format from the given file
- -d, --data <data> HTTP POST data
 - --data-ascii <data> HTTP POST ASCII data
 - --data-binary <data> HTTP POST binary data
 - --data-raw <data> HTTP POST data, '@' allowed
 - --data-urlencode <data> HTTP POST data url encoded
 - --delegation <LEVEL> GSS-API delegation permission
- -q, --disable Disable .curlrc
 - --disable-eprt Inhibit using EPRT or LPRT
 - --disable-epsv Inhibit using EPSV
 - --disallow-username-in-url Disallow username in url
 - --dns-interface <interface > Interface to use for DNS requests
 - --dns-ipv4-addr <address> IPv4 address to use for DNS requests
 - --dns-ipv6-addr <address> IPv6 address to use for DNS requests
 - --dns-servers <addresses> DNS server addrs to use
 - --doh-url <URL> Resolve host names over DOH
- -D, --dump-header <filename> Write the received headers to <filename>
 - --egd-file <file> EGD socket path for random data
 - --engine <name> Crypto engine to use

- --expect100-timeout <seconds> How long to wait for 100-continue
- -f, --fail Fail silently (no output at all) on HTTP errors
 - --fail-early Fail on first transfer error, do not continue
 - --false-start Enable TLS False Start
- -F, --form <name=content> Specify multipart MIME data
 - --form-string <name=string> Specify multipart MIME data
 - --ftp-account <data > Account data string
 - --ftp-alternative-to-user <command> String to replace USER [name]
 - --ftp-create-dirs Create the remote dirs if not present
 - --ftp-method <method> Control CWD usage
- -P, --ftp-port <address> Use PORT instead of PASV
 - --ftp-pret Send PRET before PASV
 - --ftp-skip-pasv-ip Skip the IP address for PASV
 - --ftp-ssl-ccc Send CCC after authenticating
 - --ftp-ssl-ccc-mode <active/passive> Set CCC mode
 - --ftp-ssl-control Require SSL/TLS for FTP login, clear for transfer
- -G, --get Put the post data in the URL and use GET
- -g, --globoff Disable URL sequences and ranges using {} and []
- --happy-eyeballs-timeout-ms <milliseconds> How long to wait in milliseconds for IPv6 before trying IPv4
 - --haproxy-protocol Send HAProxy PROXY protocol v1 header
- -I, --head Show document info only
- -H, --header <header/@file> Pass custom header(s) to server
- -h, --help This help text
 - --hostpubmd5 <md5> Acceptable MD5 hash of the host public key
 - --http0.9 Allow HTTP 0.9 responses
- -0, --http1.0 Use HTTP 1.0
 - --http1.1 Use HTTP 1.1
 - --http2 Use HTTP 2
 - --http2-prior-knowledge Use HTTP 2 without HTTP/1.1 Upgrade
 - --ignore-content-length Ignore the size of the remote resource
- -i, --include Include protocol response headers in the output
- -k, --insecure Allow insecure server connections when using SSL
 - --interface <name> Use network INTERFACE (or address)
- -4, --ipv4 Resolve names to IPv4 addresses
- -6, --ipv6 Resolve names to IPv6 addresses
- -i, --junk-session-cookies Ignore session cookies read from file
 - --keepalive-time <seconds> Interval time for keepalive probes
 - --key <key> Private key file name
 - --key-type <type> Private key file type (DER/PEM/ENG)
 - --krb <level> Enable Kerberos with security <level>
 - --libcurl <file> Dump libcurl equivalent code of this command line
 - --limit-rate <speed> Limit transfer speed to RATE

- -l, --list-only List only mode
 - --local-port <num/range> Force use of RANGE for local port numbers
- -L, --location Follow redirects
 - --location-trusted Like --location, and send auth to other hosts
 - --login-options <options > Server login options
 - --mail-auth <address> Originator address of the original email
 - --mail-from <address> Mail from this address
 - --mail-rcpt <address> Mail to this address
- -M, --manual Display the full manual
 - --max-filesize <bytes> Maximum file size to download
 - --max-redirs <num> Maximum number of redirects allowed
- -m, --max-time <seconds> Maximum time allowed for the transfer
 - --metalink Process given URLs as metalink XML file
- -n, --netrc Must read .netrc for user name and password
 - --netrc-file <filename> Specify FILE for netrc
 - --netrc-optional Use either .netrc or URL
- -:, --next Make next URL use its separate set of options
 - --no-alpn Disable the ALPN TLS extension
- -N, --no-buffer Disable buffering of the output stream
 - --no-keepalive Disable TCP keepalive on the connection
 - --no-npn Disable the NPN TLS extension
 - --no-sessionid Disable SSL session-ID reusing
 - --noproxy <no-proxy-list> List of hosts which do not use proxy
 - --ntlm Use HTTP NTLM authentication
 - --ntlm-wb Use HTTP NTLM authentication with winbind
 - --oauth2-bearer <token> OAuth 2 Bearer Token
- -o. --output <file> Write to file instead of stdout
 - --pass <phrase> Pass phrase for the private key
 - --path-as-is Do not squash .. sequences in URL path
 - --pinnedpubkey <hashes> FILE/HASHES Public key to verify peer against
 - --post301 Do not switch to GET after following a 301
 - --post302 Do not switch to GET after following a 302
 - --post303 Do not switch to GET after following a 303
 - --preproxy [protocol://]host[:port] Use this proxy first
- -#, --progress-bar Display transfer progress as a bar
 - --proto <protocols> Enable/disable PROTOCOLS
 - --proto-default <protocol> Use PROTOCOL for any URL missing a scheme
 - --proto-redir c--proto-redir c--proto-red
- -x, --proxy [protocol://]host[:port] Use this proxy
 - --proxy-anyauth Pick any proxy authentication method
 - --proxy-basic Use Basic authentication on the proxy
 - --proxy-cacert <file> CA certificate to verify peer against for proxy
 - --proxy-capath <dir> CA directory to verify peer against for proxy

- --proxy-cert <cert[:passwd]> Set client certificate for proxy
- --proxy-cert-type <type> Client certificate type for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-ciphers < list > SSL ciphers to use for proxy
- --proxy-crlfile <file> Set a CRL list for proxy
- --proxy-digest Use Digest authentication on the proxy
- --proxy-header <header/@file> Pass custom header(s) to proxy
- --proxy-insecure Do HTTPS proxy connections without verifying the proxy
- --proxy-key <key> Private key for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-key-type <type> Private key file type for proxy
- --proxy-negotiate Use HTTP Negotiate (SPNEGO) authentication on the proxy
- --proxy-pass <phrase> Pass phrase for the private key for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-pinnedpubkey <hashes> FILE/HASHES public key to verify proxy with
- --proxy-service-name <name > SPNEGO proxy service name
- --proxy-ssl-allow-beast Allow security flaw for interop for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-tls13-ciphers <ciphersuite list> TLS 1.3 proxy cipher suites
- --proxy-tlsauthtype <type> TLS authentication type for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-tlspassword <string> TLS password for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-tlsuser <name> TLS username for HTTPS proxy
- --proxy-tlsv1 Use TLSv1 for HTTPS proxy
- -U, --proxy-user <user:password> Proxy user and password
 - --proxy1.0 <host[:port]> Use HTTP/1.0 proxy on given port
- -p, --proxytunnel Operate through an HTTP proxy tunnel (using CONNECT)
 - --pubkey <key> SSH Public key file name
- -Q, --quote Send command(s) to server before transfer
 - --random-file <file> File for reading random data from
- -r, --range <range> Retrieve only the bytes within RANGE
 - --raw Do HTTP "raw"; no transfer decoding
- -e. --referer <URL> Referrer URL
- -J, --remote-header-name Use the header-provided filename
- -O, --remote-name Write output to a file named as the remote file
 - --remote-name-all Use the remote file name for all URLs
- -R, --remote-time Set the remote file's time on the local output
- -X, --request <command> Specify request command to use
 - --request-target Specify the target for this request
 - --resolve <host:port:address[,address]...> Resolve the host+port to this address
 - --retry <num> Retry request if transient problems occur
 - --retry-connrefused Retry on connection refused (use with --retry)
 - --retry-delay <seconds> Wait time between retries
 - --retry-max-time <seconds> Retry only within this period
 - --sasl-ir Enable initial response in SASL authentication
 - --service-name <name > SPNEGO service name
- -S, --show-error Show error even when -s is used
- -s, --silent Silent mode

- --socks4 <host[:port]> SOCKS4 proxy on given host + port
- --socks4a <host[:port]> SOCKS4a proxy on given host + port
- --socks5 <host[:port]> SOCKS5 proxy on given host + port
- --socks5-basic Enable username/password auth for SOCKS5 proxies
- --socks5-gssapi Enable GSS-API auth for SOCKS5 proxies
- --socks5-gssapi-nec Compatibility with NEC SOCKS5 server
- --socks5-gssapi-service <name> SOCKS5 proxy service name for GSS-API
- --socks5-hostname <host[:port]> SOCKS5 proxy, pass host name to proxy
- -Y, --speed-limit <speed> Stop transfers slower than this
- -y, --speed-time <seconds> Trigger 'speed-limit' abort after this time
 - --ssl Try SSL/TLS
 - --ssl-allow-beast Allow security flaw to improve interop
 - --ssl-no-revoke Disable cert revocation checks (Schannel)
 - --ssl-regd Require SSL/TLS
- -2, --sslv2 Use SSLv2
- -3, --sslv3 Use SSLv3
 - --stderr Where to redirect stderr
 - --styled-output Enable styled output for HTTP headers
 - --suppress-connect-headers Suppress proxy CONNECT response headers
 - --tcp-fastopen Use TCP Fast Open
- -t, --telnet-option <opt=val> Set telnet option
 - --tftp-blksize <value> Set TFTP BLKSIZE option
 - --tftp-no-options Do not send any TFTP options
- -z, --time-cond <time> Transfer based on a time condition
 - --tls-max <VERSION> Set maximum allowed TLS version
 - --tls13-ciphers <list of TLS 1.3 ciphersuites> TLS 1.3 cipher suites to use
 - --tlsauthtype <type> TLS authentication type
 - --tlspassword TLS password
 - --tlsuser <name> TLS user name
- -1, --tlsv1 Use TLSv1.0 or greater
 - --tlsv1.0 Use TLSv1.0 or greater
 - --tlsv1.1 Use TLSv1.1 or greater
 - --tlsv1.2 Use TLSv1.2 or greater
 - --tlsv1.3 Use TLSv1.3 or greater
 - --tr-encoding Request compressed transfer encoding
 - --trace <file> Write a debug trace to FILE
 - --trace-ascii <file> Like --trace, but without hex output
 - --trace-time Add time stamps to trace/verbose output
 - --unix-socket <path> Connect through this Unix domain socket
- -T, --upload-file <file> Transfer local FILE to destination
 - --url <url>
- -B, --use-ascii Use ASCII/text transfer
- -u, --user <user:password> Server user and password

- -A, --user-agent <name> Send User-Agent <name> to server
- -v, --verbose Make the operation more talkative
- -V, --version Show version number and quit
- -w, --write-out <format> Use output FORMAT after completion
 - --xattr Store metadata in extended file attributes