# **ECONOMICS**

The best way to understand the world you live in is arguably to understand the economics that drive it. The world is constantly and increasingly confronted with public policy issues that are essentially economic in character. Economic analysis provides a coherent and logical ordered framework for examining these issues and understanding the tradeoffs involved in attempting to solve social and business problems.

The economics curriculum at NYU Shanghai is designed to introduce students to these fundamental dynamics of human life and, in doing so, is grounded in three basic pedagogical principles:

- Undergraduate students must be exposed to the "big ideas" and pressing social issues of our world and given economic frameworks for thinking about them.
- Meaningful study of economics requires being able to think about problems from local, regional, and global perspectives.
   Understanding how individuals make decisions also requires incorporating insights from neuroscience and psychology.
- Effective economic analysis increasingly involves both conducting and effectively communicating the results from quantitative analyses of data using econometric methods.

Building on these principles, the Economics major is designed to foster rigorous analytical abilities both in neoclassical and behavioral economics, critical writing and communication skills, and the capacity to use and interpret statistical data—all in the service of developing sound economic reasoning and problem-solving skills. These transferable strengths are of value in a broad array of academic and professional paths, from economics, business, or law, to public service or graduate studies.

### REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MAJOR

### **Required Courses**

•	ECON-SHU 1	Principles of Macroeconomics <b>OR</b>
	ECON-SHU 251	Economics of Global Business
•	ECON-SHU 3	Microeconomics OR
	ECON-SHU 2	Principles of Microeconomics
•	ECON-SHU 10	Intermediate Microeconomics
•	ECON-SHU 202	Intermediate Macroeconomics
•	ECON-SHU 301	Econometrics
•	MATH-SHU 235	Probability and Statistics OR
	BUSF-SHU 101	Statistics for Business and Economics

# Economics Electives - 24 credits, at least 8 credits must be from "Advanced Economics Electives" and one course must be from "Economics Capstone Electives"

Note: The courses listed below are not an exhaustive list. If you would like to see if a course not listed below can count as an Economics Elective, please contact your advisor to have the course reviewed.

Algebra AND Multivariable Calculus)

Market Design

Mathematics for Economists (substituted by taking both Linear

# • ECON-SHU 201 Ma

ECON-SHU 210

•	ECON-SHU 225	Advanced Economic Theory
•	ECON-SHU 315	Competitive Analysis
•	ECON-SHU 402	Advanced Econometrics
•	ECON-SHU 416	Game Theory: Advanced Applications
Econo	mics Electives	
•	BPEP-SHU 238	International Economics
•	BPEP-SHU 9042	The Political Economy of East Asia
•	ECON-SHU 5	Math for Econ 1: Optimization
•	ECON-SHU 208	Money and Banking
•	ECON-SHU 213	Causal Inference in the Social Sciences
•	ECON-SHU 215	Economic History
•	ECON-SHU 216	Introduction to Game Theory
•	ECON-SHU 218	International Trade and the Chinese Economy
•	ECON SHU 221	China's Financial System
•	ECON-SHU 232	Blockchain, Cryptocurrency, and Money
•	ECON-SHU 238	History of Modern Economic Growth: Exploring China From a
		Comparative Perspective
•	ECON-SHU 239	China's Economics Transition
•	ECON-SHU 315	Competitive Analysis
•	ECON-SHU 317	Quantitative Methods for the Economics of Gender
•	ECON-SHU 335	Development Economics
•	ECON-SHU 336	Macroeconomic Policy
•	ECON-SHU 342	Behavioral Economics
•	ECON-SHU 351	Labor Economics
•	ECON-SHU 353	Public Economics
•	ECON-SHU 356	Antitrust and Competition Policy in the Digital Era
•	ECON-SHU 360	Experimental Economics

### **Economics Capstone Electives**

ECON-SHU 368 ECON-SHU 997

Note: Both courses are offered in fall-spring sequences, with 2 credits each semester.

Financial Economics

**Economics Independent Study** 

•	ECON-SHU 400	Economics Capstone Research <b>OR</b>
	ECON-SHU 453	Economics Honors Seminar (same as BUSF-SHU 3 Business and Economics
Honors Seminar)		Honors Seminar)

### General Electives

General Elective courses to meet 128 credit requirements.

### **Economics and Data Science Double Major Guidelines**

Students who are interested in pursuing a Data Science major along with an Economics major have the option to double-count more than two courses between the majors. To complete both majors successfully, students would need to complete the course requirements for both majors. However, the following courses are allowed to be double-counted toward both majors:

Economics and Data Science (Concentration in Economics)

- Probability and Statistics / Statistics for Business and Economics
- Microeconomics
- Macroeconomics
- Econometrics
- Linear Algebra\*
- Multivariable Calculus\*

Data Science (Concentration in Finance) and Economics

- Probability and Statistics / Statistics for Business and Economics
- Microeconomics
- Linear Algebra\*\*
- Multivariable Calculus\*\*

### Footnotes:

- Not every course listed is taught every semester, and in any given semester other courses may be
  offered that fulfill these requirements. Requirements may be met through equivalent courses in
  NYU's global network with prior approval. 3-credit versions of courses can generally substitute for
  a 4-credit required course but note that a 2-credit course with a similar title or content will not by
  itself meet the requirement of the named required course.
- 2) Economics major students must either take MATH-SHU 131 Calculus, place out of Calculus, or take Honors Calculus, in order to satisfy the Mathematics requirement in the core curriculum.
- 3) The program is formed by four components: (1) core requirements, (2) required major courses, (3) major electives, and (4) general electives.
- 4) For core requirements see "Core Curriculum" section.

### Economics Minor (For details see "Requirements for Minors" section)

### **Economics Program Learning Outcomes**

- PLO 1: Proficiency in critical thinking. Students are able to work in an independent fashion
  to analyze the logical essentials of a problem. They understand basic microeconomic and
  macroeconomic concepts and can apply them to analyze real-world events.
- PLO 2: Proficiency in written and oral communication. Students are able to write coherent and
  accurate reports when analyzing current economic events and when interpreting their own
  findings. They can deliver effective oral presentations that explain economic concepts, and
  they know how to justify their economic analysis carefully and accurately. They demonstrate
  computer literacy in the preparation of reports and presentations.
- PLO 3: Proficiency in neoclassical economic analysis. Students are sufficiently prepared to be
  able to understand the contributions of current research papers and of other current work in
  neoclassical microeconomics and macroeconomics. They are able to use the concepts they
  encounter to analyze contemporary economics events and policies.

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Students who take both Linear Algebra and Multivariable Calculus can substitute Mathematics for Economists (Advanced Economics Elective) with these two courses. If the student chooses this option, they would need to take one Additional approved quantitative economics course.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: Students who take both Linear Algebra and Multivariable Calculus can substitute Mathematics for Economists (Advanced Economics Elective) with these two courses.

- PLO 4: Proficiency in behavioral Economic analysis. Students are able to articulate the limitations
  of neoclassical economic analysis and can also appreciate how insights from psychology,
  neuroscience, and other cognitive sciences can expand the explanatory power of economic
  analysis and can reshape the design of public policies.
- PLO 5: Proficiency in empirical analysis. Students understand how to turn economic theories
  into testable hypotheses. They can work independently to collect and use economic data from a
  wide variety of sources and can conduct empirical tests of hypothesized relationships. They have
  familiarity with a range of research designs that can help uncover causal relationships in data.
  Students have achieved an effective working knowledge of current statistical software and data
  management tools.
- PLO 6: Interpret data through various forms of evidence by employing qualitative and quantitative methods by means of appropriate research design, rigorous investigation, and critical analysis of a wide range of social phenomena.

# ECONOMICS SAMPLE SCHEDULE 1

This is just one example of how a student could organize their courses if pursuing an Economics major. It assumes a student begins taking Economics major courses in the first year. Sample Schedule 2 offers an alternate plan that begins in the second year. Students may propose alternative schedules to their advisors as well.

1st Semester, Fall	Credits
Global Perspectives on Society	4
Core Course (Calculus) Core Course or Principles of Macroeconomics	4
Chinese or EAP	4
Credits	16
2nd Semester, Spring	Credits
Writing as Inquiry Microeconomics	4
Probability and Statistics or alternate course	4
Chinese or EAP	4
Credits	16
3rd Semester, Fall	Credits
Perspectives on the Humanities	4
Intermediate Microeconomics Principles of Macroeconomics or Econometrics	4
Chinese or Core Course Credits	4 16
Credits	10
4th Semester, Spring	Credits
Intermediate Macroeconomics	4
Econometrics or Multivariable Calculus Economics Elective or Core Course	4
Chinese or Core Course	4
Credits	16
5th Semester, Fall	Credits
Core Course	4
Economics Elective General Elective	4
General Elective	4
Credits	16
6th Semester, Spring	Credits
Core Course	4
Economics Elective Advanced Economics Elective	4
General Elective	4
Credits	16
7th Semester, Fall	Credits
Core Course	4
Economics Capstone Elective (2 credits) Advanced Economics Elective	2 4
General Elective	4
General Elective (2 credits)  Credits	2 <b>16</b>
8th Semester, Spring	Credits
Core Course	4
Economics Capstone Elective (2 credits)	2
General Elective General Elective	4 4
General Elective (2 credits)	2
Credits	16

**Total Credits: 128** 

# **ECONOMICS**

# **SAMPLE SCHEDULE 2**

1st Semester, Fall	Credits
Global Perspectives on Society	4
Core Course (Pre-Calculus or Calculus)	4
Core Course or General Elective	4
Chinese or EAP	4
Credits	16
2nd Semester, Spring	Credits
Writing as Inquiry	4
Calculus or Core Course	4
Core Course or General Elective	4
Chinese or EAP Credits	4 16
- 1	- "
3rd Semester, Fall	Credits
Perspectives on the Humanities Microeconomics	4
Probability and Statistics or alternate course	4
Core Course or General Elective	4
Credits	16
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4th Semester, Spring	Credits
Principles of Macroeconomics	4
Econometrics Multivariable Calculus or General Elective	4
Core Course or General Elective	4
Credits	16
5th Semester, Fall	Credits
Intermediate Microeconomics	4
Intermediate Macroeconomics	4
Core Course or General Elective	4
General Elective Credits	4 16
cicuis	
6th Semester, Spring	Credits
Core Course or General Elective	4
Economics Elective	4
Economics Elective General Elective	4
Credits	16
7th Committee Full	Con lite
7th Semester, Fall	Credits
Core Course or General Elective	4 4
Economics Elective Economics Capstone Elective (2 credits)	2
Advanced Economics Elective	4
General Elective (2 credits)	2
Credits	16
8th Semester, Spring	Credits
Core Course or General Elective	4
Advanced Economics Elective	4
Economics Capstone Elective (2 credits)	2 4
General Elective General Elective (2 credits)	2
Credits	16

**Total Credits: 128**