

Data Set for the executed Stroop Test for one sample group with different word conditions (Congruent, Incongruent)

Interpretation of the DataPlot referring to Question 4 of the Instructions:

1. $\Delta[t(\text{Incongruent})-t(\text{Congruent})]$

1*s Interval: $\Delta x - s \leq [t(\text{Incongruent}) - t(\text{Congruent})] \leq \Delta x + s$

2*s Interval: $\Delta x - 2s \leq \Delta[t(\text{Incongruent}) - t(\text{Congruent})] \leq \Delta x + 2s$

Question number 5 t-statistic:

The t-value for this sample t-test with depending variables is: $t = \Delta\mu/(s/\sqrt{n}) = 8.021$

Depending on our significance level Alpha we can reject or keep the Null Hypothesis:

For Alpha=0.05 and in my expectation of a one tale test the critical value for t is (referring to the Data Sheet/image) is $t(\text{critical})=1.714$ (df=23). So our t value is exceeding the critical value therefore the Null Hypothesis is rejected. The confidence level is 95 % for this significance value

If we choose Alpha= 0.01 regarding a one tailed test the critical value is $t(\text{critical})=2.500$ (df=23)

So our t value is exceeding the critical value therefore we reject the Null Hypothesis and stay we the alternative one:
The confidence level is 99% for this significance value

This matches up with my expectation. The incongruent word condition influenced in the way that the time increased. The expected population mean for the incongruent word condition is in general (mean) about 8 sec longer than the time for the congruent condition population mean

