Task 4

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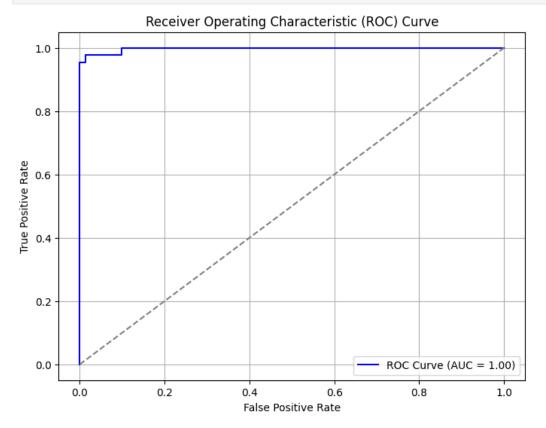
LogisticRegression()

- 1. Choose a binary classification dataset.
- 2.Train/test split and standardize features.
- 3. Fit a Logistic Regression model.
- 4. Evaluate with confusion matrix, precision, recal, ROC-AUC.
- 5.Tune threshold and explain sigmoid function

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, precision_score, recall_score, roc_auc_score, roc_curve
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
data = pd.read csv("C:/Users/JAAVANIKA L/fall semester 22-23/Downloads/intern/data.csv")
data = data.drop(columns=['id', 'Unnamed: 32'])
data['diagnosis'] = data['diagnosis'].map({'M': 1, 'B': 0})
X = data.drop(columns=['diagnosis']) # Features: everything except diagnosis
y = data['diagnosis']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
scaler = StandardScaler()
X train scaled = scaler.fit transform(X train) # Fit on training data
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X train scaled, y train)

    LogisticRegression
```

```
y_probs = model.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
y_pred = (y_probs >= 0.5).astype(int)
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_probs)
# Print the results
print("Confusion Matrix:\n", conf_matrix)
print("Precision:", round(precision, 2))
print("Recall:", round(recall, 2))
print("ROC-AUC Score:", round(roc_auc, 2))
Confusion Matrix:
 [[70 1]
 [ 2 41]]
Precision: 0.98
Recall: 0.95
ROC-AUC Score: 1.0
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_probs)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.plot(fpr, \ tpr, \ color='blue', \ label=f"ROC \ Curve \ (AUC = \{roc\_auc:.2f\})")
plt.plot([0,\,1],\,[0,\,1],\,color='gray',\,linestyle='--')\ \textit{\# Diagonal line}
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
new_threshold = 0.3
y_pred_low_thresh = (y_probs >= new_threshold).astype(int)

new_precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred_low_thresh)
new_recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred_low_thresh)

print("\nUsing Threshold = 0.3:")
print("New Precision:", round(new_precision, 2))
print("New Recall:", round(new_recall, 2))
```

Using Threshold = 0.3: New Precision: 0.91 New Recall: 0.98