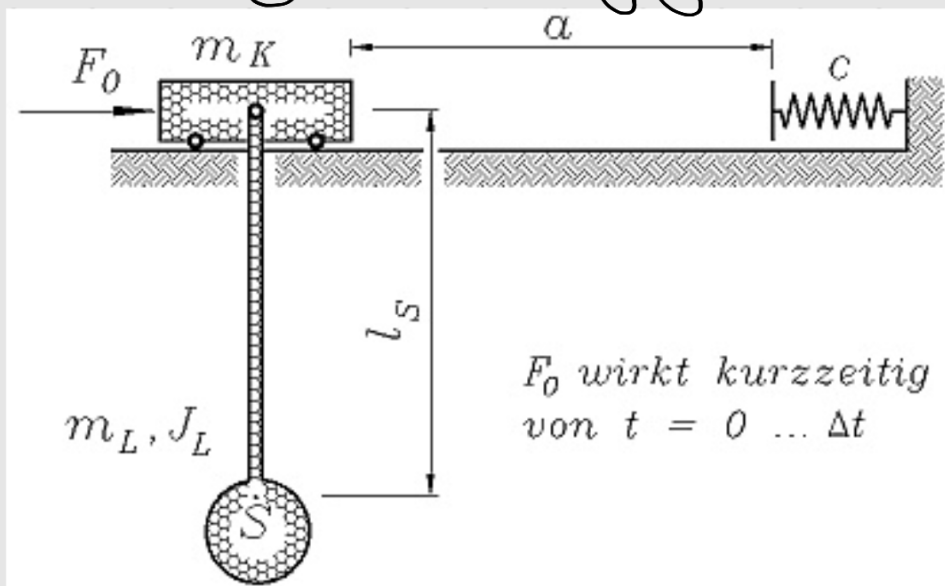


# Trolley with swinging load



given:

$$m_K = 100 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_L = 500 \text{ kg}$$

$$J_L = 400 \text{ kgm}^2$$

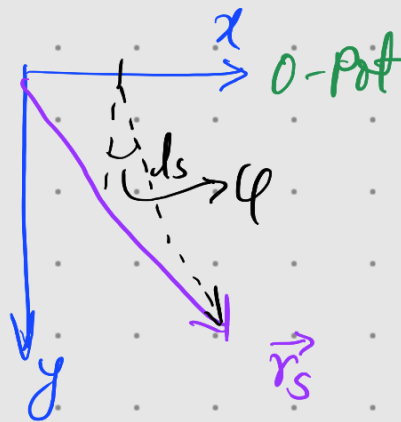
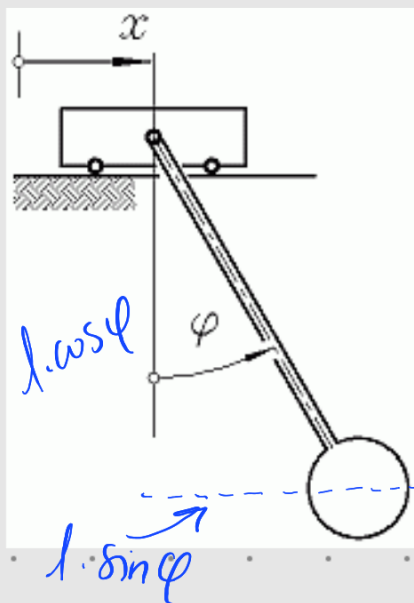
$$l_s = 4 \text{ m}$$

$$F_0 = 2000 \text{ N}$$

$$c = 200000 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\Delta t = 1 \text{ s}$$

$$a = 5 \text{ m}$$



$$F_t = \begin{cases} F_0 & \text{for } t < \Delta t \\ 0 & \text{for } t \geq \Delta t \end{cases}$$

$$c_t = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < a \\ c & \text{for } x \geq a \end{cases}$$

Soln:

$$\vec{r}_s = \begin{bmatrix} x + l_s \sin \varphi \\ l_s \cos \varphi \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{v}_s = \frac{d\vec{r}_s}{dt} = \begin{bmatrix} v_{sx} \\ v_{sy} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} + l_s \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi \\ -l_s \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \sin \varphi \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_s^2 = v_{sx}^2 + v_{sy}^2 = \dot{x}^2 + 2 \cdot l_s \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi + l_s^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 \cdot \cos^2 \varphi + l_s^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 \cdot \sin^2 \varphi$$

$$= \dot{x}^2 + l_s^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 + 2 \cdot l_s \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$T_{mx} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_x \cdot \dot{x}^2$$

$$T_{mL} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_L \cdot v_s^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot J_L \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_L \cdot (\dot{x}^2 + l_s^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 + 2 \cdot l_s \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot J_L \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_x \cdot \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_L \cdot (\dot{x}^2 + l_s^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 + 2 \cdot l_s \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot J_L \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$V_{mx} = \frac{1}{2} c_t \cdot (x - a)^2$$

$$V_{mL} = -m_L \cdot g \cdot l_s \cdot \cos \varphi$$

$$\Rightarrow V = -m_L \cdot g \cdot l_s \cdot \cos \varphi + \frac{1}{2} \cdot c_t \cdot (x - a)^2 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_x \cdot \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_L \cdot (\dot{x}^2 + l_s^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 + 2 \cdot l_s \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot J_L \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 - m_L \cdot g \cdot l_s \cdot \cos \varphi - \frac{1}{2} \cdot c_t \cdot (x - a)^2 = 0$$

## Lagrangians

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} = m_K \cdot \dot{x} + m_L \cdot \dot{x} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = (m_K + m_L) \cdot \ddot{x} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi - m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 \cdot \sin \varphi$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\varphi}} = m_L \cdot l_S^2 \cdot \dot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \cos \varphi + J_L \cdot \dot{\varphi}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\varphi}} \right) = m_L \cdot l_S^2 \cdot \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{x} \cdot \cos \varphi - m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \sin \varphi + J_L \cdot \ddot{\varphi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -\frac{1}{2} c_f \cdot x^2 + c_f \cdot x \cdot a - \frac{1}{2} c_f \cdot a^2 \right) \\ &= -c_f \cdot x + c_f \cdot a = -c_f \cdot (x - a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \varphi} = -m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \sin \varphi - m_L \cdot g \cdot l_S \cdot \sin \varphi$$

## Equations

for x

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = R_x$$

$$(m_k + m_L) \cdot \ddot{x} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{\varphi} \cdot \cos \varphi - m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 \cdot \sin \varphi + c_f \cdot (x - a) = F_t$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{1}{m_k + m_L} \left( F_t - m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \cos(\varphi) \cdot \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \sin(\varphi) \cdot \dot{\varphi}^2 - c_f \cdot (x - a) \right) //$$

for  $\varphi$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\varphi}} \right) - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \varphi} = Q_\varphi$$

$$m_L \cdot l_S^2 \cdot \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{x} \cdot \cos \varphi - m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \sin \varphi$$

$$+ J_L \cdot \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \dot{x} \cdot \dot{\varphi} \cdot \sin \varphi + m_L \cdot g \cdot l_S \cdot \sin \varphi = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m_L \cdot l_S^2 \cdot \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{x} \cdot \cos \varphi + J_L \cdot \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot g \cdot l_S \cdot \sin \varphi = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (m_L \cdot l_S^2 + J_L) \ddot{\varphi} + m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{x} \cdot \cos \varphi + m_L \cdot g \cdot l_S \cdot \sin \varphi = 0$$

$$\ddot{\varphi} = \frac{1}{m_L \cdot l_S^2 + J_L} \left( -m_L \cdot l_S \cdot \ddot{x} \cdot \cos \varphi - m_L \cdot g \cdot l_S \cdot \sin \varphi \right) //$$