$$\frac{1}{2!} \left( \frac{3!}{3!} \right)^{2} \int d^{3}x_{1} d^{3}x_{2} \left( \frac{1}{2!} \frac{5}{5!} (x_{1}) \right)^{3} \left( \frac{1}{2!} \frac{5}{5!} (x_{2}) \right)^{3} \times$$

$$\times \frac{\Lambda}{3!} \stackrel{:}{=} \int d^{9}y_{1} d^{9}z_{1} J(y_{1}) \Delta(y_{1}-z_{1}) J(z_{1}) \times$$

$$\times \frac{1}{2} \int d^{D}y_{2} d^{D}z_{2} J(y_{2}) \Delta(y_{2}-\bar{z}_{2}) J(\bar{z}_{2})$$

$$\times \frac{i}{2} \int d^{D}y_3 d^{D}z_3 T(y_3) \Delta(y_3-z_3) T(z_3) =$$

$$\times$$
  $\Delta(y_1-z_1)$   $\Delta(y_2-z_2)$   $\Delta(y_3-z_3)$ 

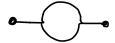
$$\left(\frac{5}{57(x_1)}\right)^3 \left(\frac{5}{57(x_2)}\right)^3 7(y_1)7(z_1)7(y_2)7(z_2)7(z_3).$$

$$\frac{1}{3!}$$
  $\frac{1}{1}$   $\frac{1}{(3!)^2}$   $\frac{1}{2^3}$   $\frac{1}{2^3}$   $\frac{1}{(3!)^2}$   $\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3!}$ 

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $\langle T \phi(x) \phi(y) \rangle = \frac{1}{i} \Delta(x-y)$ 

$$O(q^2)$$
:  $V=2$   $E=2P-6=2$   $P=4$ .



Combinatorial factors

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda}{3!} \frac{\lambda}{3!} \frac{\lambda}{4!} \frac{\lambda}{2!} \frac{4!}{2!2!} \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{2!} = \frac{\lambda}{2^2}$$

choose ext.

= 
$$\frac{1}{4}\int_{0}^{D}d^{2}x_{1}d^{2}x_{2}d^{2}x_{3}d^{2}x_{4}\int_{0}^{D}d^{2}x_{1}\int_{0}^{D}(x_{1}-x_{2})\int_{0}^{D}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad - \frac{1}{2} \int d^{D}z_{1} d^{D}z_{2} \Delta(x-z_{1}) \Delta(z_{1}-z_{2})^{2} \Delta(z_{2}-y).$$



combinatorial factor:

 $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3!} \frac{1}{3!} \frac{1}{4!} \frac{1}{2^{4}} \frac{1}{2^{12!}} 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = \frac{1}{2^{2}}$ choon for

 $= \frac{1}{4} \int d^{D}_{x_{1}} d^{D}_{x_{2}} d^{D}_{z_{1}} d^{D}_{z_{1}} d^{D}_{z_{2}} T(x_{1}) \Delta(x_{1}-z_{1}) \Delta(z_{1}-z_{1}) \Delta(z_{1}-z_{1}) \Delta(z_{1}-z_{1})$   $\times \Delta(z_{1}-x_{2}) T(x_{2})$ 

 $\Rightarrow \quad = \frac{1}{2} \int d^{D}_{z_1} d^{D}_{z_2} \Delta^{D}_{(x-z_1)} \Delta(z_1-z_2) \Delta(z_1-z_2) \Delta(z_1-z_2)$ 

$$Z[J] = vxp \left\{ -i \frac{\lambda}{4!} \int d^3x \left( \frac{s}{i} \frac{s}{sJ(x)} \right)^4 \right\} Z_0[J]$$



$$Z[J] = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\frac{1}{4!} \int_{A_{i}}^{a_{i}} \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{5}{5J(a)} \right)^{4} \right]^{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2!} \left[ \frac{1}{2!} \int_{A_{i}}^{a_{i}} A^{a_{i}} J(b) \right]^{2}$$

$$\lambda$$
 °

$$\lambda^{2}$$

$$\simeq$$



5 = 2-3!

E = 4

 $\lambda^{\mathfrak{o}}$ 

P=4 Y=1

λ ^

P = 6 V = 2

 $\lambda^{ullet}$ 

 $\lambda^{\mathfrak{o}}$  ,

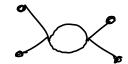


disconnected!

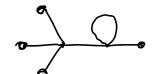
λ',



5 = 4!



1 2 2 4



2 = 3 ! - 5