

VE281

Data Structures and Algorithms

Introduction

Outline

- Course logistics
- Introduction

Time and Location

- **Time:** Wednesday 4:00-5:40 pm, Friday 4:00-5:40 pm, and Monday 4:00-5:40 pm (even weeks)
- **Location:** East Lower Hall 305 (东下院305)

September 2019

week	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
(1)	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
(2)	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
(3)	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
(4)	29	30					

October 2019

week	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
(4)			1	2	3	4	5
(5)	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
(6)	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
(7)	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
(8)	27	28	29	30	31		

November 2019

week	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
(8)						1	2
(9)	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
(10)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
(11)	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
(12)	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

December 2019

week	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
(13)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
(14)	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
(15)	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				

Total: 14 weeks, 29 classes

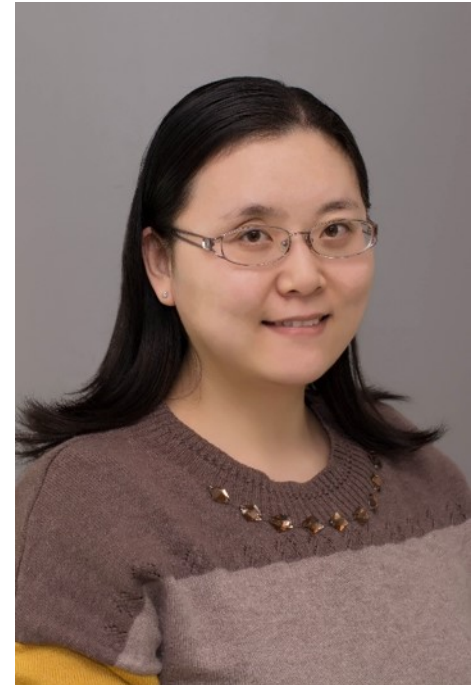
 Class Day

 Holiday

 Final Exam Week

Instructor

- Xiaofeng Gao (高晓汾)
- Email: gao-xf@cs.sjtu.edu.cn
- Phone: 34207407
- Office: SEIEE Building 3-543



Contact with me

- Office hour
 - I'm here almost every night ...
 - *By appointment*
- By email
 - Official correspondence
 - Should have proper grammar and punctuation
 - The email title should include: **Class ID/Your Purpose**

An Example

(Email Title: [VE281] Want a material for midterm)

Dear Dr. Gao,

My name is John Smith. I'm from your class VE281- Data Structures and Algorithms. I will not attend tomorrow's class due to sickness. Can you send me a copy of the midterm review so I may use it as a study tool?
Thanks a lot.

Sincerely Yours,

John Smith

SID: XXXXXXXXXXXX

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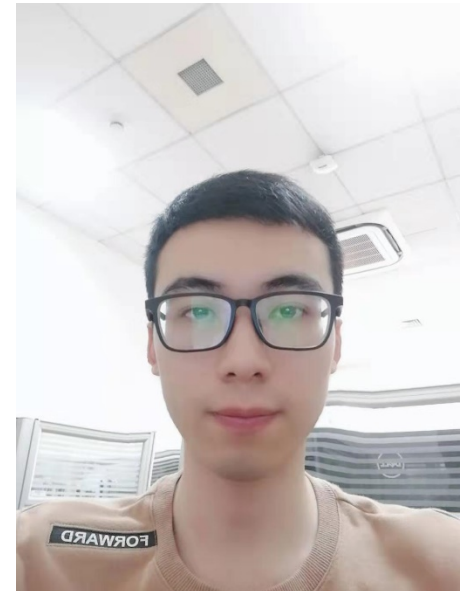
Email: JohnSmith@gmail.com

Teaching Assistants

- Name: Li Ma (马丽)
- Email: mali-cs@sjtu.edu.cn
- Phone: 18234034739

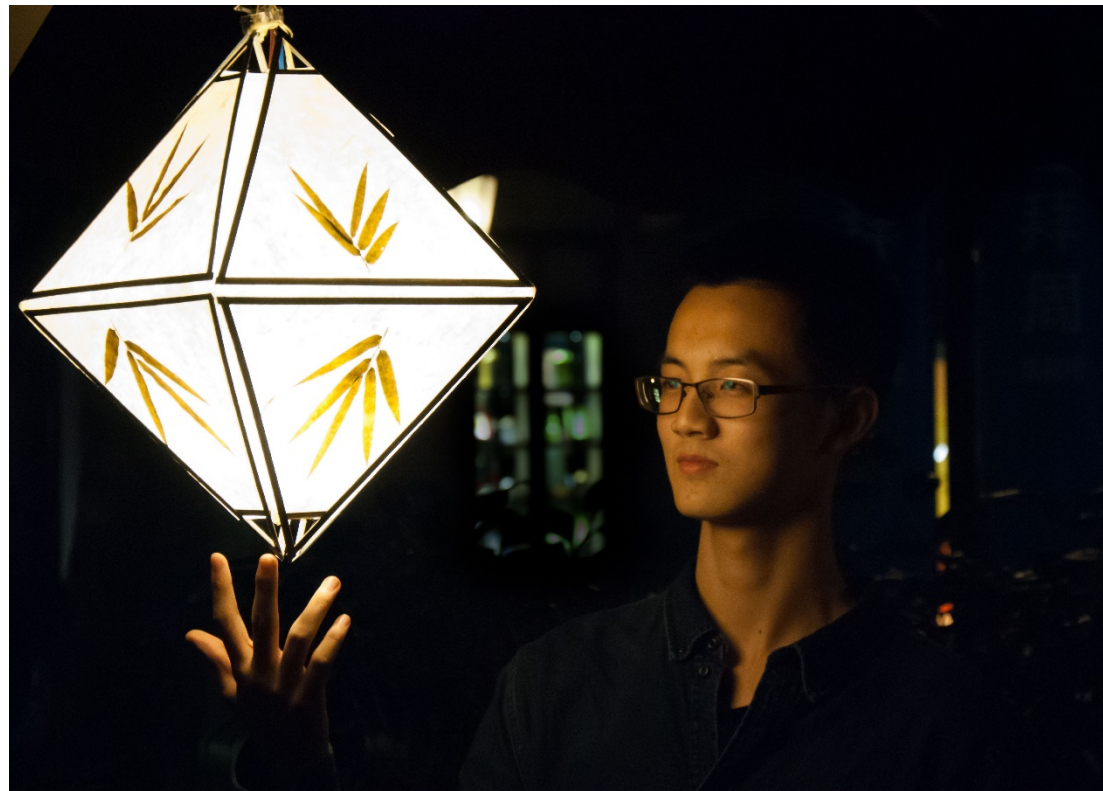


- Name: Qingmin Liu(刘庆民)
- Email: qingmin_liu@163.com
- Phone: 18217589968



Teaching Assistants

- Name: Shuxiang Xie (谢舒翔)
- Email: vidarx@sjtu.edu.cn
- Phone: 13812589090



Textbooks for Reference (Not Required)

- “Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis,” by Clifford Shaffer.
Online available:
<http://people.cs.vt.edu/~shaffer/Book/C++3e20120605.pdf>
- “Algorithms,” by S. Dasgupta, C. Papadimitriou, and U. Vazirani.
- “Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd edition,” by Thomas Cormen et al., MIT Press, 2009.
- “Data Structures and Algorithms with Object-Oriented Design Patterns in C++,” by Bruno Preiss.

Prerequisite

- Ve280 Programming and Elementary Data Structures
 - Compiling and debugging on Linux operating systems
 - C++ programming, including pointers, arrays, structs, etc.
 - Recursion
 - I/O streams, including file I/O
 - Classes
 - Dynamical memory management
 - Template
 - Linked list, stack, and queue

Prerequisite

- Ve203 Discrete Mathematics
 - Computational complexity analysis
 - Some basic sorting algorithm, e.g., bubble sort, insertion sort, merge sort
 - Divide-and-conquer algorithm, master theorem
 - Graph, graph representation, depth first search, Dijkstra's algorithm (shortest path)
- Some important concepts will be reviewed

References and Copyright

- Slides used (modified when necessary)
 - Sugih Jamin, University of Michigan
 - Sartaj Sahni, University of Florida
 - Bert Huang, Columbia University
 - Tim Roughgarden, Stanford University
 - Clifford Shaffer, Virginia Tech
 - Weikang Qian, Shanghai Jiao Tong University

Grading

- Composition
 - Class Participation: 5% (Attendance, Quizzes, ...)
 - No other conflicting event at the lecture time unless getting approval in advance
 - Assignments: 50% (Writing & Programming) 10 in total
 - Midterm exam (written): 20%
 - Final exam (written): 25%
- We will curve the final grades, if necessary.
- Questions about the grading?
 - Must be mentioned to the instructor or the TAs **within one week** after receiving the item.

Assignment Deadline

- Each assignment must be submitted online before its due date to be accepted for full credit.
- We allow you to submit your assignment within ONE days after the due date, but there is a late penalty.

Hours Late	Scaling Factor
(0, 8]	80 %
(8, 16]	60 %
(16, 24]	40 %

- No assignment will be accepted if it is more than ONE days late!

Assignment Deadline

- In very occasional cases, we accept deadline extension request.
 - Contact me, not TAs!
 - **ONLY** be granted for **documented** medical/personal emergencies that could not have been anticipated.
 - **NOT** granted for reasons such as accidental erasure/loss of files and outside conflicting commitments.

Programming Assignments

- We require you to develop your programs using C++ on **Linux operating systems** with the compiler g++.
- C++11 standard is allowed.
 - Compile with the option `-std=c++11`
- We will grade your programs in the Linux environment: they must compile and run correctly on this operating system.
- Do **experiments** on algorithms, e.g., sorting algorithm

Some Suggestions

- Taking notes in class is a good idea.
- Start doing the homework early!
 - Don't wait until the last minute. Numerous lessons before
- Back up your code frequently in case your computer crashes.
 - Consequence: “computer crash” is NOT a reason for late submission!

Collaboration and Cheating

- You may discuss in oral with your classmates.
- **But** you must do all the assignments yourself.
- Some behaviors that are considered as cheating:
 - Reading another student's answer/code, including keeping a copy of another student's answer/code.
 - Copying another student's answer/code, in whole or in part.
 - Having someone else write part of your assignment.
 - Using test cases of another student.
 - Testing your code with another one's account. (Testing chances are limited.)

“**Another student**” includes a student in the current semester or in the previous semester.

Collaboration and Cheating

- The previous lists of behaviors are **deliberate** cheating, but some **unintentional** actions could make you look like cheating. For example,
 - You use another's computer to upload your code (in some cases like network/computer problems), but upload another's copy.
- You should be extremely careful!
 - If due to network/computer problem, you need to use another's computer, double check the uploaded file.

Collaboration and Cheating

- In summary, you should be responsible for all answers/codes you submit. If you submit a copy of another student's work (or overwrite another student's work), it is considered cheating, **no matter of the reason!**

Getting Help

- If you have any technical questions, come to see TAs and instructor during the office hour!
 - Answering technical questions through email is inefficient.

Collaboration and Cheating

- Any suspect of cheating will be reported to **the Honor Council at JI**.
- For programming assignments, we will run an automated test to check for unusually similar programs. Those that are highly similar - in whole or in part - will be reported to **the Honor Council at JI**.
- Penalty of honor code violation
 1. Reduction of the grade for this assignment to 0, **plus**
 2. Reduction of the final grade for the course by one grade point, e.g., B+ → C+, for **both students** involved

Exams

mid : week 6

- Written exams.
 - Some short questions
 - Some algorithm design problems
- Closed book and closed notes.
- No electronic devices are allowed.
 - These include laptops and cell phones.

Course Webpage and Contact

- <http://cs.sjtu.edu.cn/~gao-xf/Teaching/>

Check the class webpage on the Canvas regularly for

- Announcements
 - Slides
 - Assignments
-
- Course slides will be uploaded before each lecture.

Course Webpage and Contact

Xiaofeng Gao 高晓汾
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Shanghai JiaoTong University

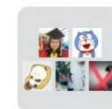
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Teachings

Data Structure and Algorithm



Introduction To Computer Science



Data Structure (VE281-2019)



该二维码7天内(9月18日前)有效, 重新进入将更新

Outline

- Course logistics
- Introduction

Fun Quizzes!

- What?
 - Multiple-choice questions on slides with
 - **Non-graded** and **Anonymous**
 - Feel free to answer even if you're not sure!
- How?
 - Scan a QR on your smartphone
 - Enter any name (possibly fake)
 - Answer
- Why?
 - Have fun!
 - Allow you to check your understanding
 - Allow the instructor to adapt his teaching
- Let's try one!





Do You Know Data Structures?

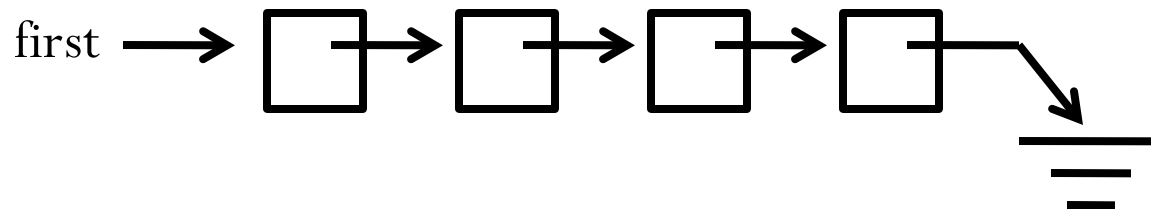
Choose one answer:

- **A.** I don't know any data structures.
- **B.** I only know some basic data structures like stacks and queues.
- **C.** I know some advanced data structures such as hash tables and binary search trees, but have never used them.
- **D.** I have used some advanced data structures before.

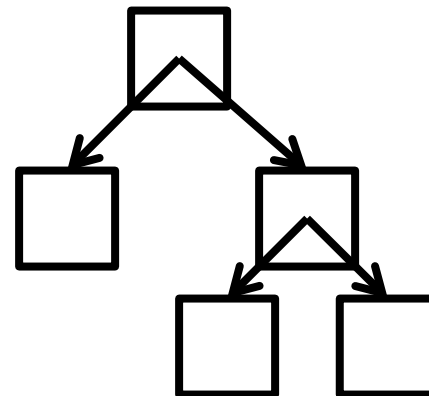


Data Structures and Algorithms

- Data structure is a particular way of organizing data in a computer so that it can be used efficiently.
 - Example: linked list



- We can store a set of records as a linked list
 - or as a tree (to be talked later).

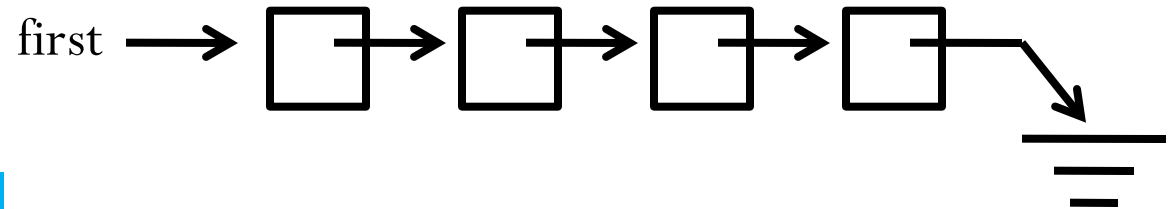


Logical versus Physical Form

- A data structure have both a **logical** and a **physical** form.
- Logical form: definition of the data structure at an abstraction level.
- Physical form: implementation of the data structure.

Data Structure Example: Linked List

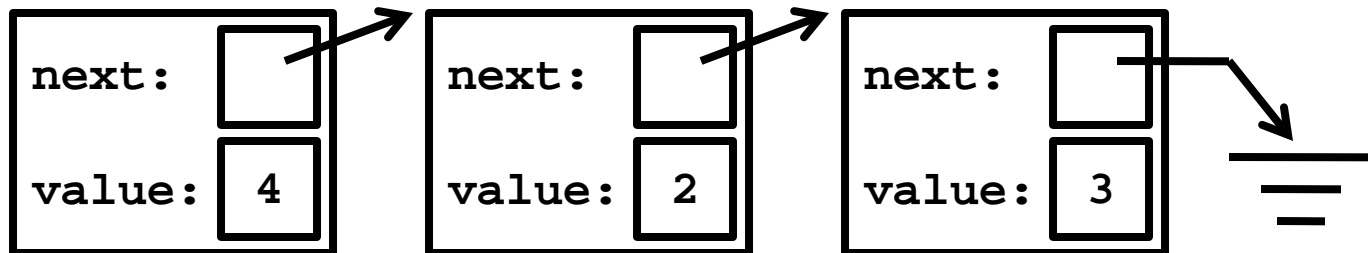
Logical Form



Physical Form

```
class IntList {  
    node *first;  
public:  
    ...  
};
```

```
struct node {  
    node *next;  
    int   value;  
};
```

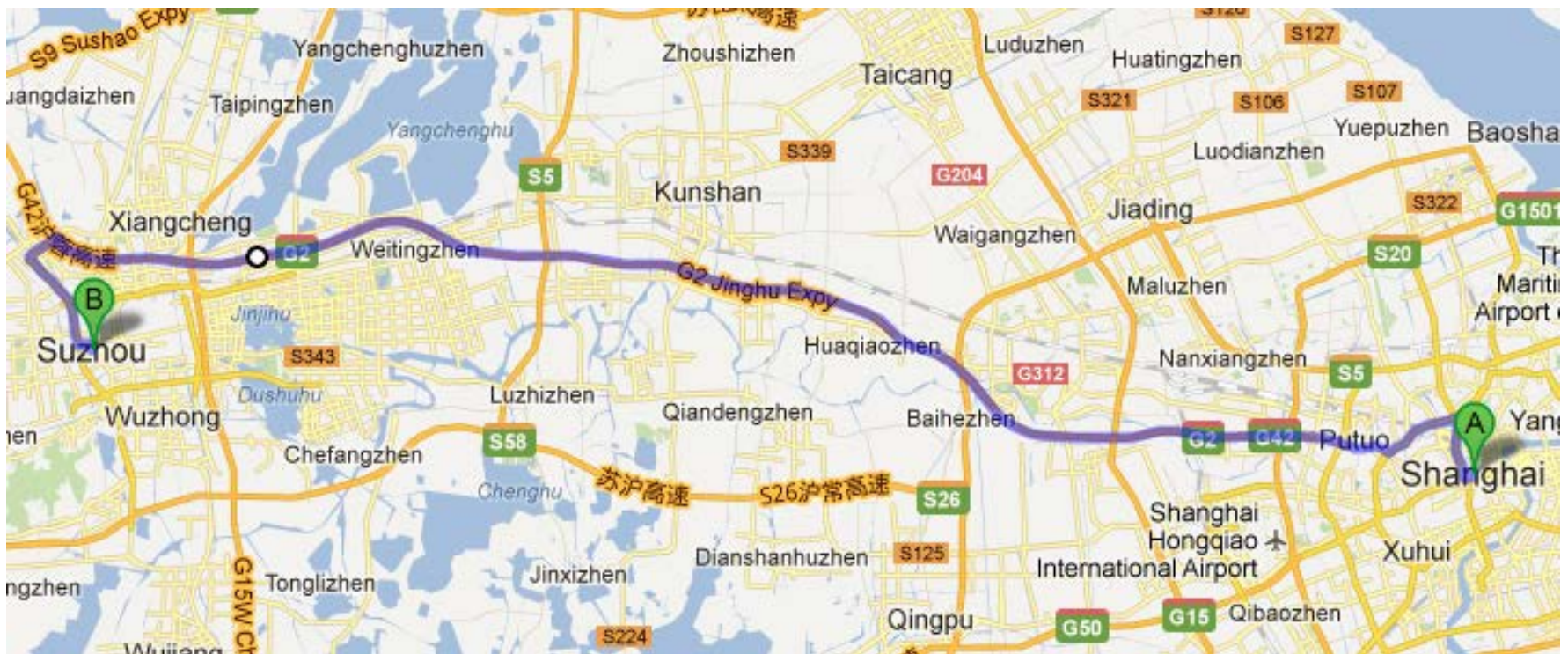


Data Structures and Algorithms

- Data manipulation requires an algorithm – a sequence of steps that solve a specific task.
- Data structures + Algorithms = Programs
- The study of data structures and algorithms is fundamental to Computer Science.
 - Database related to balanced binary search tree.
 - Computer networks related to shortest path algorithm.
 - ...

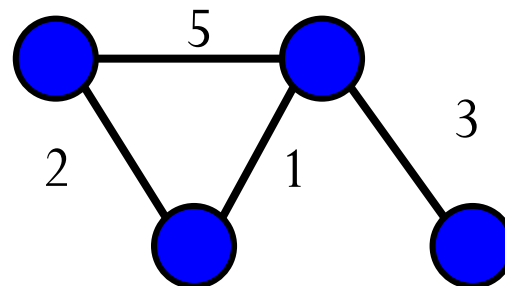
Real World Problem: Navigation

- Finding the shortest route from Shanghai to Suzhou



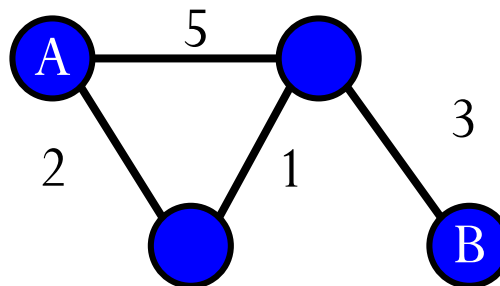
Real World Problem: Navigation

- What information do we need?
 - Streets.
 - Intersections of streets. (We assume that our departure place and destination are at certain intersections.)
- How do we store the information in computer?
 - Graph: consisting of “nodes” and “edges”.
 - Each edge has a weight to denote the distance between two nodes.



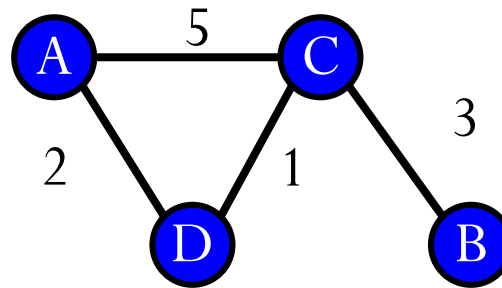
Real World Problem: Navigation

- The algorithm: finding the shortest path from a source node (A) to a sink node (B).



Challenges: Efficiency

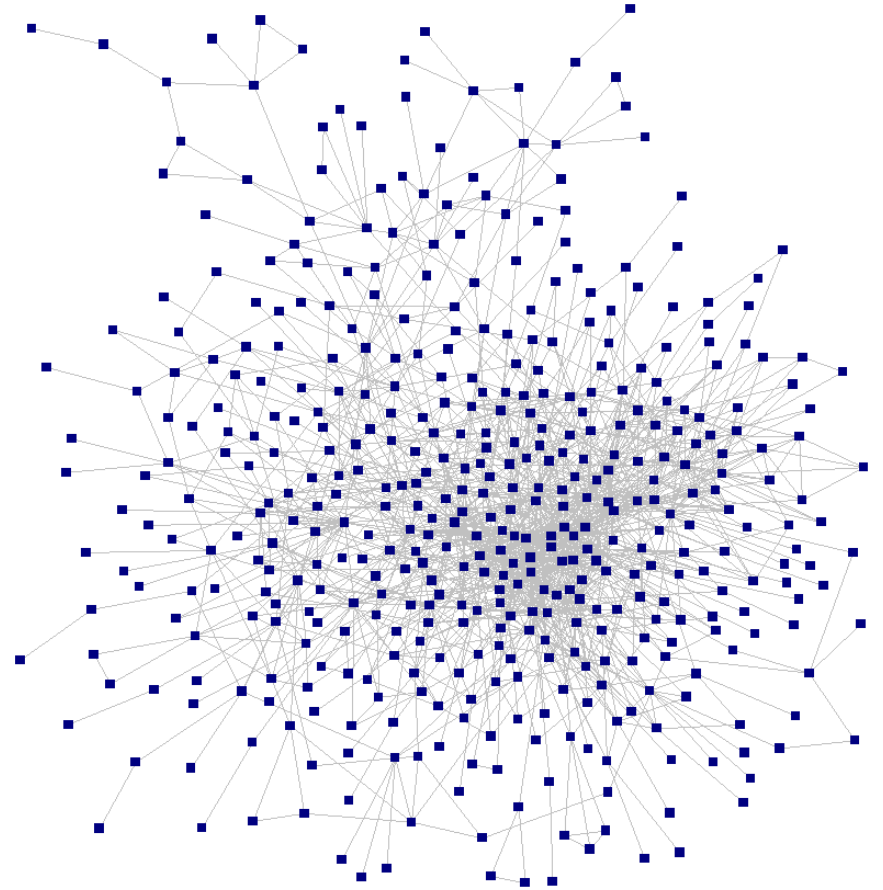
- For a small number of nodes, we can enumerate all the possible paths.



- Path $A \rightarrow C \rightarrow B$: 8;
- Path $A \rightarrow D \rightarrow C \rightarrow B$: 6;
- The minimum is 6.

Challenges: Efficiency

- However, in real world, the graph is much more complicated.
- It is impossible to enumerate all the possible paths!
- How can we solve the problem?
 - Dijkstra's algorithm



More about Efficiency

- Choice of data structures or algorithms can make the difference between a program running in a few seconds or many days.
- Example: Number of comparisons for **linear search** and **binary search** (Worst Case)

Input Size	Linear	Binary	Ratio (L/B)
64	64	6	10.7
128	128	7	18.3
256	256	8	32
512	512	9	56.9
1024	1024	10	102.4

More about Efficiency

- A solution is said to be efficient if it solves the problem within its resource constraints.
 - Space, i.e. memory consumption
 - Time ✓ **Our major concern**
- The cost of a solution is the amount of resources that the solution consumes.
- We value efficiency of the data structures and algorithms!
- We will learn how to analyze their efficiency.

Course Objectives

- Learn the tool:
 - Common data structures and algorithms
 - And their efficiency
- Apply the tool
 - Solve a problem using existing data structures and algorithms.
 - Choose the right tool: some tools are better for certain tasks than other tools. Do performance analysis.

Topics

- Asymptotic Algorithm Analysis
- Data structures
 - Trees, including binary search tree, balanced binary search tree
 - Hash table
 - Heaps
 - Graphs
- Algorithms
 - Sorting and searching
 - Graph-related algorithms, such as minimum spanning tree, topological sorting
 - Dynamic programming