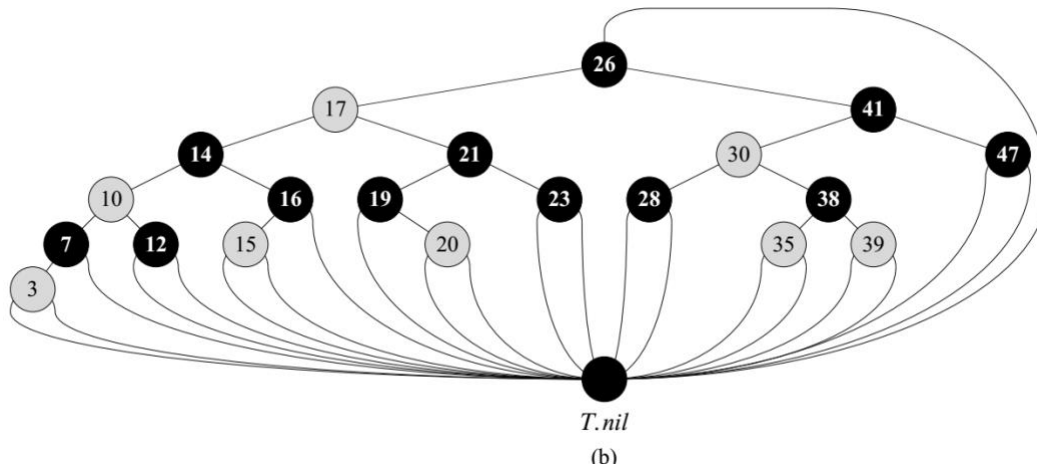


## CIS263 Assignment Four

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Create a red-black tree data structure and implement the below methods based on the pseudocode given.



The program should create a print method that prints the red-black tree in an easy to read/follow format.

Create a red black tree data structure based on the pseudocode from the methods listed in the textbook (and below) and create a red-black tree by inserting the keys/values show in in figure 13.1b of the textbook. Minimal methods implemented should be: leftRotate, rightRotate, rbInsert, rbInsertFixup, rbTransplant, rbDelete, rbDeleteFixup.

Extra Credit: Determine the sequence that the keys must be entered to generate the RB tree shown in Figure 13.1b from the textbook (displayed above for convenience).

Psuedocode from CRLS Textbook:

RB-INSERT( $T, z$ )

```
1   $y = T.nil$ 
2   $x = T.root$ 
3  while  $x \neq T.nil$ 
4       $y = x$ 
5      if  $z.key < x.key$ 
6           $x = x.left$ 
7      else  $x = x.right$ 
8   $z.p = y$ 
9  if  $y == T.nil$ 
10      $T.root = z$ 
11 elseif  $z.key < y.key$ 
12      $y.left = z$ 
13 else  $y.right = z$ 
14  $z.left = T.nil$ 
15  $z.right = T.nil$ 
16  $z.color = RED$ 
17 RB-INSERT-FIXUP( $T, z$ )
```

LEFT-ROTATE( $T, x$ )

```
1   $y = x.right$            // set y
2   $x.right = y.left$        // turn y's left subtree into x's right subtree
3  if  $y.left \neq T.nil$ 
4       $y.left.p = x$ 
5   $y.p = x.p$              // link x's parent to y
6  if  $x.p == T.nil$ 
7       $T.root = y$ 
8  elseif  $x == x.p.left$ 
9       $x.p.left = y$ 
10 else  $x.p.right = y$ 
11  $y.left = x$              // put x on y's left
12  $x.p = y$ 
```

RB-INSERT-FIXUP( $T, z$ )

```
1  while  $z.p.color == \text{RED}$ 
2      if  $z.p == z.p.p.left$ 
3           $y = z.p.p.right$ 
4          if  $y.color == \text{RED}$ 
5               $z.p.color = \text{BLACK}$  // case 1
6               $y.color = \text{BLACK}$  // case 1
7               $z.p.p.color = \text{RED}$  // case 1
8               $z = z.p.p$  // case 1
9          else if  $z == z.p.right$ 
10              $z = z.p$  // case 2
11             LEFT-ROTATE( $T, z$ ) // case 2
12              $z.p.color = \text{BLACK}$  // case 3
13              $z.p.p.color = \text{RED}$  // case 3
14             RIGHT-ROTATE( $T, z.p.p$ ) // case 3
15      else (same as then clause
            with “right” and “left” exchanged)
16   $T.root.color = \text{BLACK}$ 
```

RB-TRANSPLANT( $T, u, v$ )

```
1  if  $u.p == T.nil$ 
2       $T.root = v$ 
3  elseif  $u == u.p.left$ 
4       $u.p.left = v$ 
5  else  $u.p.right = v$ 
6   $v.p = u.p$ 
```

RB-DELETE( $T, z$ )

```
1   $y = z$ 
2   $y\text{-original-color} = y.\text{color}$ 
3  if  $z.\text{left} == T.\text{nil}$ 
4       $x = z.\text{right}$ 
5      RB-TRANSPLANT( $T, z, z.\text{right}$ )
6  elseif  $z.\text{right} == T.\text{nil}$ 
7       $x = z.\text{left}$ 
8      RB-TRANSPLANT( $T, z, z.\text{left}$ )
9  else  $y = \text{TREE-MINIMUM}(z.\text{right})$ 
10      $y\text{-original-color} = y.\text{color}$ 
11      $x = y.\text{right}$ 
12     if  $y.p == z$ 
13          $x.p = y$ 
14     else RB-TRANSPLANT( $T, y, y.\text{right}$ )
15          $y.\text{right} = z.\text{right}$ 
16          $y.\text{right}.p = y$ 
17     RB-TRANSPLANT( $T, z, y$ )
18      $y.\text{left} = z.\text{left}$ 
19      $y.\text{left}.p = y$ 
20      $y.\text{color} = z.\text{color}$ 
21 if  $y\text{-original-color} == \text{BLACK}$ 
22     RB-DELETE-FIXUP( $T, x$ )
```

RB-DELETE-FIXUP( $T, x$ )

```
1  while  $x \neq T.\text{root}$  and  $x.\text{color} == \text{BLACK}$ 
2      if  $x == x.p.\text{left}$ 
3           $w = x.p.\text{right}$ 
4          if  $w.\text{color} == \text{RED}$ 
5               $w.\text{color} = \text{BLACK}$  // case 1
6               $x.p.\text{color} = \text{RED}$  // case 1
7              LEFT-ROTATE( $T, x.p$ ) // case 1
8               $w = x.p.\text{right}$  // case 1
9          if  $w.\text{left}.color == \text{BLACK}$  and  $w.\text{right}.color == \text{BLACK}$ 
10              $w.\text{color} = \text{RED}$  // case 2
11              $x = x.p$  // case 2
12          else if  $w.\text{right}.color == \text{BLACK}$ 
13              $w.\text{left}.color = \text{BLACK}$  // case 3
14              $w.\text{color} = \text{RED}$  // case 3
15             RIGHT-ROTATE( $T, w$ ) // case 3
16              $w = x.p.\text{right}$  // case 3
17              $w.\text{color} = x.p.\text{color}$  // case 4
18              $x.p.\text{color} = \text{BLACK}$  // case 4
19              $w.\text{right}.color = \text{BLACK}$  // case 4
20             LEFT-ROTATE( $T, x.p$ ) // case 4
21              $x = T.\text{root}$  // case 4
22          else (same as then clause with “right” and “left” exchanged)
23       $x.\text{color} = \text{BLACK}$ 
```

Approved programming languages: C, C++, C#, Python, Java.

**Hand-in:**

The output demonstrating the functionality of your program

A file containing the implementation source code (no zip files).

**Grading Rubric**

	0%	50%	100%
Insert (10%)	Not implemented	Implemented but doesn't follow the pseudocode	Implemented and follows the pseudocode
Left Rotate (10%)	-	-	-
Right Rotate (10%)	-	-	-
RB-Insert-Fixup (10%)	-	-	-
RB-Transplant (10%)	-	-	-
RB-Delete (10%)	-	-	-
RB-Delete-Fixup (10%)	-	-	-
Tree Print Method (10%)	Not implemented	Tree output, but difficult to understand structure	Tree output and structure is clearly represented visually
Demonstrate functionality of red black tree implementation (20%)	Not clearly demonstrated	Some functionality demonstrated	Functionality demonstrated clearly

See blackboard for point breakdown.