

Question 1

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{36} & \text{for } x > y \\ \frac{7-x}{36} & \text{for } x = y \\ 0 & \text{for } x < y \end{cases}$$

$f(x, y)$	$x = 1$	$x = 2$	$x = 3$	$x = 4$	$x = 5$	$x = 6$
$y = 1$	$\frac{6}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$
$y = 2$	0	$\frac{5}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$
$y = 3$	0	0	$\frac{4}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$
$y = 4$	0	0	0	$\frac{3}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$
$y = 5$	0	0	0	0	$\frac{2}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$
$y = 6$	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{36}$

Question 2

(a) $Cov(X + Y, X - Y) = Cov(X, X - Y) + Cov(Y, X - Y)$
 $= Cov(X, X) - Cov(X, Y) + Cov(Y, X) - Cov(Y, Y)$
 $= Var(X) - Var(Y)$
 $= np(1 - p) - np(1 - p)$
 $= 0$

(b) $X + Y$ and $X - Y$ are not independent. Consider if $X + Y = 2n$, then $X = Y = n$. We have $X - Y = 0$, such that

$$P(X - Y = 0 \mid X + Y = 12) = \frac{P(X - Y = 0 \cap X + Y = 12)}{P(X + Y = 12)} = 1 \neq P(X - Y = 0)$$

which shows that $X + Y$ and $X - Y$ are not independent.

Question 3

$$f_X(x) = \int_x^1 2(x + y) dy = [2xy + y^2]_x^1 = 1 + 2x - 3x^2 \text{ for } 0 < x < 1$$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_0^y 2(x + y) dx = [x^2 + 2xy]_0^y = 3y^2 \text{ for } 0 < y < 1$$

Since the support of joint distribution is not the product set of space of X and space of Y , X and Y are not independent.

Question 4

$$\begin{aligned} P(X + Y > 2) &= \int_2^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x+y)} dy dx + \int_0^2 \int_2^\infty e^{-(x+y)} dy dx + \int_0^2 \int_0^{2-x} e^{-(x+y)} dy dx \\ &= \int_2^\infty e^{-x} [-e^{-y}]_0^\infty dx + \int_0^2 e^{-x} [-e^{-y}]_2^\infty dx + \int_0^2 e^{-x} [-e^{-y}]_0^{2-x} dx \\ &= [-e^{-x}]_2^\infty + e^{-2} [-e^{-x}]_0^2 - e^{-2} [x]_0^2 + [-e^{-x}]_0^2 \\ &= 1 - e^{-4} - e^{-2} \\ &\approx 0.8463 \end{aligned}$$

Question 5

$$f_X(x) = \int_0^x 6y dy = [3y^2]_0^x = 3x^2 \text{ for } 0 < x < 1$$

$$f_{Y|X=0.3}(y) = \frac{6y}{3(0.3)^2} = \frac{200y}{9} \text{ for } 0 < y < 0.3$$

$$E(Y | X = 0.3) = \int_0^{0.3} y \cdot \frac{200y}{9} dy = \left[\frac{200y^3}{27} \right]_0^{0.3} = 0.2$$

$$\text{Var}(Y | X = 0.3) = \int_0^{0.3} y^2 \cdot \frac{200y}{9} dy - (0.2)^2 = \left[\frac{200y^4}{36} \right]_0^{0.3} - 0.04 = 0.005$$

Question 6

$$M_{X+Y}(t) = E[e^{(x+y)t}] = E(e^{xt})E(e^{yt}) = \frac{pe^t}{1 - (1-p)e^t} \cdot \frac{pe^t}{1 - (1-p)e^t} = \left[\frac{pe^t}{1 - (1-p)e^t} \right]^2$$

$$X + Y \sim \text{Negative Binomial}(2, p)$$

Question 7

$$E(X) = (1)\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + (2)\left(\frac{7}{15}\right) + (3)\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) = 2$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = (1)^2\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + (2)^2\left(\frac{7}{15}\right) + (3)^2\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) - (2)^2 = \frac{8}{15}$$

$$E(Y) = (1)\left(\frac{9}{15}\right) + (2)\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + (3)\left(\frac{2}{15}\right) = \frac{23}{15}$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = (1)^2\left(\frac{9}{15}\right) + (2)^2\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + (3)^2\left(\frac{2}{15}\right) - \left(\frac{23}{15}\right)^2 = \frac{116}{225}$$

$$E(XY) = (1)\left(\frac{1}{15}\right) + (2)\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + (3)\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + (2)\left(\frac{1}{15}\right) + (3)\left(\frac{2}{15}\right) + (4)\left(\frac{3}{15}\right) = \frac{41}{15}$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \frac{41}{15} - (2)\left(\frac{23}{15}\right) = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{Corr}(X, Y) = \frac{-1/3}{\sqrt{(8/15)(116/225)}} \approx -0.6357$$
