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### Question 1

a)	GFR	GFR'
Group D	52	300
Group A	66	753

$$\hat{OR} = \frac{52(753)}{66(300)} \approx 1.9776$$

$$b) \text{ 95\% CI for OR} = e^{\ln(1.9776) \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{1}{52} + \frac{1}{300} + \frac{1}{66} + \frac{1}{753}}} \approx (1.3426, 2.913)$$

### Question 2

a)  $H_0$ : raloxifene is independent of the incidence of new fracture

$H_1$ : raloxifene is dependent of the incidence of new fracture

$$\chi^2_0 = \frac{(134-511-0.5)^2}{51} + \frac{(11466-14491-0.5)^2}{1449} + \frac{(168-511-0.5)^2}{51} + \frac{(1432-14491-0.5)^2}{1449}$$

$$\approx 11.0522$$

$$p\text{-value} \approx 0.0009$$

Since  $p\text{-value} < 0.05$ , we reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha = 0.05$

$$b) \hat{RR} = \frac{34/1500}{68/1500} = 0.5$$

$$\text{95\% CI for RR} = e^{\ln(0.5) \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{1}{34} + \frac{1}{1500} + \frac{1}{68} + \frac{1}{1500}}} = e^{\ln(0.5) \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{1}{34} + \frac{1}{1500} + \frac{1}{68} + \frac{1}{1500}}}$$

$$\approx (0.3333, 0.75)$$

c)  $H_0$ : raloxifene is independent of the incidence of new fracture

$H_1$ : raloxifene is dependent of the incidence of new fracture

$$\chi^2_0 = \frac{(1137-183.3333-0.5)^2}{183.3333} + \frac{(12063-2016.6666-0.5)^2}{2016.6666} + \frac{(1238-191.6666-0.5)^2}{191.6666} + \frac{(12062-2108.3333-0.5)^2}{2108.3333}$$

$$\approx 24.4565$$

$$p\text{-value} \approx 7.601 \times 10^{-7}$$

Since  $p\text{-value} < 0.05$ , we reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha = 0.05$

$$d) \text{ standardized } \hat{RR} = \frac{137/4500}{238/4500} \approx 0.5756$$

e) Since standardized  $\hat{RR} \neq$  adjusted  $\hat{RR}$ , pre-existing fracture is a confounder in given data

### Question 3

a) Right censored data

$$b) \hat{\lambda}_{PMH \text{ user}} = \frac{2}{133} \approx 0.015$$

$$\hat{\lambda}_{\text{non-PMH user}} = \frac{9}{716} \approx 0.0126$$

c) Two-sample inference for incidence rate

d)  $H_0: \lambda_{PMH} = \lambda_{\text{non-PMH}}$  vs  $H_1: \lambda_{PMH} \neq \lambda_{\text{non-PMH}}$

$$V_1 = \frac{(219)(133)(716)}{(133+716)^2}$$

$$\approx 1.4533$$

Since  $V_1 < 5$ , exact test being used.

$$p\text{-value} = \min \left\{ 1, 2 \sum_{i=2}^{\infty} \binom{V_1}{i} (0.1567)^i (0.8433)^{V_1-i} \right\} = 1$$

Since  $p\text{-value} > 0.05$ , we do not reject  $H_0$  at  $\alpha = 0.05$ .