

# Actuator Saturation

**Title:** actuator saturation trade study

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## Summary / Key Takeaways

Percent overshoot decreases with increased actuator limits, due to decreased actuator saturation. Hence higher actuator limits are advised.

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## Assumptions / Parameters

- Controller: PID,  $T_s = 2.5$ ,  $\zeta = 0.7$ ,  $\tau = 0.2$
  - Sampling Rate: 0.1 s
  - Process Noise:  $Q = \text{diagonal } [1e-4, 1e-4, 1e-3, 1e-3]$
  - Disturbances: [zero / step / impulse / bias / random]
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## Results Table

Parameter / Scenario	Settling Time [s]	Overshoot [%]	Notes
Very Low Limit ( $\pm 1$ )	12.7	52.86	
Low Limit ( $\pm 3$ )	13	39.84	
Nominal Limit ( $\pm 5$ )	15.9	24.83	
High Limit ( $\pm 10$ )	13.7	14.54	

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## **Observations / Analysis**

- Overshoot decreases as the actuator limit increases.
  - Settling time varies across actuator limits but does not follow a clear trend.
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## **Conclusion**

- Higher actuator limits are preferred