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HIGHER DIPLOMA IN SCIENCE IN DATA ANALYTICS

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## MARCH 2020 EXAMINATIONS

*Module Code:* **B8IT109**

*Module Description:* **Advanced Data Analytics**

*Examiner:* **Dr Shahram Azizi Sazi**

*Internal Moderator:* **Mr Paul Laird**

*External Examiner:* **Ms Catherine Mulwa**

*Date:* 30/03/2020

*Time:* 18:30-20:30

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- *This is an open book-material exam, students are allowed to use their own laptop, lecture notes, code, and different websites to respond the questions.*
- *Please select four questions out of five questions. Explicitly specify your selected questions on your submission.*
- *R code and necessary outputs (i.e. graphs/plots/curves) need to be saved in word format and submit to Moodle.*

**Question 1**

Use **mtcars** dataset and consider **mpg** and **vs** as the attributes of interest.

- Use the appropriate probability models to quantify the uncertainty in mpg and vs. (5 Marks)
- Estimate the parameters of your proposed models using the dataset. (5 Marks)
- Predict the future values of mpg and vs using (a) and (b). (10 Marks)
- Using (a), (b), find  $P(\text{mpg} > 90)$ . (5 Marks)

(TOTAL: 25 Marks)

**Question 2**

In regression analysis, the **Boston** dataset is analysed in R and its output is as follows.

```
Call:
lm(formula = medv ~ crim + zn + indus + chas + nox + rm, data =
Boston)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-21.016	-3.420	-0.684	2.506	39.467

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )	
(Intercept)	-17.95464	3.21376	-5.587	3.81e-08	***
crim	-0.17691	0.03459	-5.114	4.50e-07	***
zn	0.02128	0.01385	1.537	0.1249	
indus	-0.14365	0.06394	-2.247	0.0251	*
chas	4.78468	1.05909	4.518	7.81e-06	***
nox	-7.18489	3.69353	-1.945	0.0523	.
rm	7.34159	0.41720	17.597	< 2e-16	***

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Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 5.943 on 499 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.5874, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5824

F-statistic: 118.4 on 6 and 499 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

- Using this output, specify the response and independent variables. (5 Marks)
- Based on the output, which type of GLM is proposed for this analysis. (5 Marks)
- List the assumptions for your proposed regression model. (5 Marks)
- Specify the significant independent variables on the response variable at the level of  $\alpha = 0.05$ . (5 Marks)
- Using the output, find the optimal predictive model for the response variable. (5 Marks)

(TOTAL: 25 Marks)

**Question 3**

Loading the package '**datasets**', use the dataset '**readingSkills**' and consider **nativeSpeaker** as the output variable.

- a) Split the dataset into 80% as the train-set and 20% as the test-set.  
(use `set.seed(104)`)  
(2.5 Marks)
- b) Apply Random Forest (RF) algorithm to train the classifier using train-set with 20 trees.  
(5 Marks)
- c) Predict the test-set using the trained model of classifier. (2.5 Marks)
- d) Provide the confusion matrix and obtain the accuracy. (5 Marks)
- e) Redo parts b-d to apply either Naïve Bayes or Decision Tree.  
Which model does provide the higher accuracy? (10 Marks)

(TOTAL: 25 Marks)

**Question 4**

Use `data('EuStockMarkets')` to load the in-built dataset 'EuStockMarkets' in R, consider **DAX** as your time series variable:

- (a) Validate the assumptions using graphical visualization.  
(5 Marks)
- (b) Fit the optimized ARIMA model for **DAX** and provide the coefficient estimates for the fitted model. (10 Marks)
- (c) What is the estimated order for AR and MA?  
(5 Marks)
- (d) Forecast h=10 step ahead prediction of **DAX** on the plot of the original time series.  
(5 Marks)

(Total: 25 Marks)

### Question 5

Use dataset available on

[http://users.stat.ufl.edu/~winner/data/hybrid\\_reg.csv](http://users.stat.ufl.edu/~winner/data/hybrid_reg.csv)

- (a) Use LDA to classify the dataset into few classes so that at least 85% of information of dataset is explained through new classification. (**Hint**: model the output variable “**carclass\_id**” to input variables “**msrp**”, “**accelrate**”, and “**mpg**”). How many LDs do you choose? Explain the reason. **(10 Marks)**
  
  - (b) Apply PCA to input variables, and identify the important principle components involving at least 90% of dataset variation. Explain your decision strategy? Plot principle components versus their variance (**Hint**: to sketch the plot use the Scree plot). **(5 Marks)**
  
  - (c) Use K-means clustering analysis to input variables and identify the most important classes. How many classes do you select? Why? **(5 Marks)**
  
  - (d) Split the dataset into two sets of variables so that  $\mathbf{X}=(\text{msrp}, \text{mpg})$  and  $\mathbf{Y}=(\text{accelrate}, \text{mpg})$ . Apply canonical correlation analysis to find the cross-correlation between  $\mathbf{X}$  and  $\mathbf{Y}$ . What is the correlation between *msrp* and *mpg*? **(5 Marks)**
- (Total: 25 Marks)**

## End of Examination