

Homework10 Motion estimation

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Question

二选一:

- 1. 动态检测光流
- 2. 用光流场方法,标出前景(运动)和背景(静止)。

Answer

- 选择作业一
- 代码:

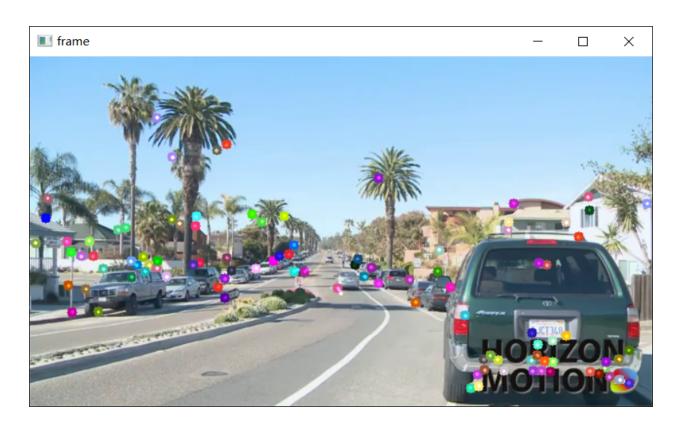
```
import numpy as np
import cv2
cap = cv2.VideoCapture("road.mp4")
# ShiTomasi 角点检测参数
feature_params = dict(maxCorners=100,
                     qualityLevel=0.3,
                     minDistance=7,
                     blockSize=7)
# lucas kanade光流法参数
lk_params = dict(winSize=(15, 15),
                maxLevel=2,
                criteria=(cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_EPS | cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_COUNT, 30, 0.1))
# 创建随机颜色
color = np.random.randint(0, 255, (100, 3))
# 获取第一帧,找到角点
ret, old_frame = cap.read()
# 找到原始灰度图
```

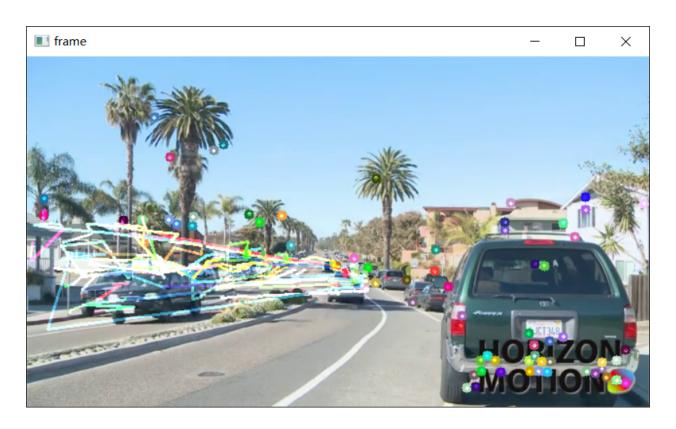
```
old_gray = cv2.cvtColor(old_frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
# 获取图像中的角点,返回到p0中
p0 = cv2.goodFeaturesToTrack(old_gray, mask=None, **feature_params)
# 创建一个蒙版用来画轨迹
mask = np.zeros_like(old_frame)
while (1):
   ret, frame = cap.read()
   frame_gray = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
   # 计算光流
   p1, st, err = cv2.calcOpticalFlowPyrLK(old_gray, frame_gray, p0, None, **lk_params)
   # 选取好的跟踪点
   good_new = p1[st == 1]
   good_old = p0[st == 1]
   # 画出轨迹
   for i, (new, old) in enumerate(zip(good_new, good_old)):
       a, b = new.ravel()
       c, d = old.ravel()
          mask = cv2.line(mask, (0,0.01), (0,0.02), color[i].tolist(), 2)
       mask = cv2.line(mask, (int(a), int(b)), (int(c), int(d)), color[i].tolist(), 2)
       frame = cv2.circle(frame, (int(a), int(b)), 5, color[i].tolist(), -1)
   img = cv2.add(frame, mask)
   cv2.imshow('frame', img)
   k = cv2.waitKey(20)
   if k == 27:
       break
   # 更新上一帧的图像和追踪点
   old_gray = frame_gray.copy()
   p0 = good_new.reshape(-1, 1, 2)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
cap.release()
```

输入视频:



输出视频(帧):





• 总结:光流法检测视频中的运动效果十分明显,轨迹清晰。