

RISK

Jack Hanke

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Let $t_{a,b}$ be the probability that a attackers defeats b defenders in the board game RISK.

Theorem 1. $t_{a,b}$ can be exactly calculated.

Proof. The success chance $t_{a,b}$ has the following complicated recurrence relation.

Let

$$T(x, y) = \sum_{a, b \geq 0} t(a, b) x^a y^b.$$

Relation	Domain
$t(0, b) = 0$	$a = 0, b \geq 0$
$t(1, b) = 0$	$a = 1, b \geq 0$
$t(a, 0) = 1$	$a \geq 2, b = 0$
$t(2, b) = \left(\frac{55}{216}\right)^{b-1} \left(\frac{15}{36}\right)$	$a = 2, b \geq 1$
$t(a, 1) = 1 - \left(\frac{441}{1296}\right)^{a-3} \left(\frac{91}{216}\right) \left(\frac{21}{36}\right)$	$a \geq 3, b = 1$
$t(3, b) = \frac{295}{1296} t(3, b-2) + \left(\frac{55}{216}\right)^{b-2} \left(\frac{420}{1296}\right) \left(\frac{15}{36}\right)$	$a = 3, b \geq 2$
$t(a, b) = \frac{2890}{7776} t(a, b-2) + \frac{2611}{7776} t(a-1, b-1) + \frac{2275}{7776} t(a-2, b)$	$a \geq 4, b \geq 2$

It can be shown using the above relation that that

$$T(x, y) = \frac{x^2 P(x, y)}{Q(x, y)}$$

where

$$P(x, y) = 9043409375x^4y^4 - 35515935000x^4y^3 + 1666848925x^3y^4 - 52636437000xy^5 - 39729690000x^4y^2 + 64068612300x^3y^3 - 117017327700x^2y^4 + 207323109000xy^5 + 156029328000x^4y + 662907777840x^3y^2 - 564006330720x^2y^3 + 900580161600xy^4 - 154686672000y^5 + 932460984000x^3y - 1870090286400x^2y^2 - 235779828480xy^3 - 954637747200y^4 - 1123411161600x^3 - 1287684324864x^2y - 3612316538880xy^2 + 1095781478400y^3 + 3301453209600x^2 + 601880315904xy + 6762537123840y^2 + 3839844040704x - 1828497162240y - 11284439629824$$

and

$$Q(x, y) = 36(x - 1)(49x - 144)(55y - 216)(295y^2 - 1296)(2275x^2 + 2611xy + 2890y^2 - 7776).$$

□

Let $T(x, y) = T_1(x, y) + T_2(x, y) + T_3(x, y) + T_4(x, y) + T_5(x, y)$, where T_i is defined by the following.

$$T_1(x, y) = -x^2 \left(\frac{7776 + 7776x + 3240y + 3254xy}{(7776 - 2275x^2 - 2611xy - 2890y^2)} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$T_2(x, y) = x^2 \left(\frac{7776 - 2611xy - 2275x^2}{(1 - x)(7776 - 2275x^2 - 2611xy - 2890y^2)} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$T_3(x, y) = x^2 \left(\frac{7776 + 1260y - 2611xy - 2890y^2 - \frac{91385}{216}xy^2 - \frac{50575}{108}y^3}{(1 - \frac{55}{216}y)(7776 - 2275x^2 - 2611xy - 2890y^2)} \right) \quad (3)$$

$$T_4(x, y) = x^2 \left(\frac{3240y + \frac{3045}{2}xy - \frac{6965}{12}x^2y - \frac{2309125}{5184}x^3y - \frac{557375}{5184}x^4y}{(1 - \frac{49}{144}x)(1 - x)(7776 - 2275x^2 - 2611xy - 2890y^2)} \right) \quad (4)$$

$$T_5(x, y) = x^2 \left(\frac{7776x + 3885xy - \frac{240005}{72}xy^2 - \frac{1871275}{1296}xy^3 + \frac{46131625}{279936}xy^4}{(1 - \frac{55}{216}y)(1 - \frac{295}{1296}y^2)(7776 - 2275x^2 - 2611xy - 2890y^2)} \right) \quad (5)$$

Now we define the following notation to solve the generating function.

$$F(x, y) = \frac{1}{7776 - 2275x^2 - 2611xy - 2890y^2} \quad (6)$$

$$t_1(a, b) = F(x, y)[x^a][y^b] = \frac{1}{7776} \left(\frac{2275}{7776} \right)^{\frac{a}{2}} \left(\frac{2890}{7776} \right)^{\frac{b}{2}} \sum_{j=0}^{\frac{a+b}{2}} \frac{\left(\frac{a+b}{2} \right)!}{j!(j + \frac{a-b}{2})!(b-2j)!} \left(\frac{2611}{85\sqrt{910}} \right)^{b-2j} \quad (7)$$

$$t_1(a, b) = F(x, y)[x^a][y^b] = \frac{1}{7776} \left(\frac{2275}{7776} \right)^{\frac{a}{2}} \left(\frac{2890}{7776} \right)^{\frac{b}{2}} \sum_{j=0}^{\frac{a+b}{2}} \binom{\frac{a+b}{2}}{\frac{a-b}{2} + 2j} \binom{\frac{a-b}{2} + 2j}{j} \left(\frac{2611}{85\sqrt{910}} \right)^{b-2j} \quad (8)$$

you need to specify about $|a - b|$ TO DO

$$t_2(a, b) = \frac{1}{(1-x)} F(x, y)[x^a][y^b] = \sum_{i=0}^a t_1(i, b) \quad (9)$$

$$t_3(a, b) = \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{55}{216}y)} F(x, y)[x^a][y^b] = \sum_{j=0}^b t_1(a, j) \left(\frac{55}{216} \right)^{b-j} \quad (10)$$

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$$t_4(a, b) = \frac{1}{(1-x)(1 - \frac{49}{144}x)} F(x, y)[x^a][y^b] = \sum_{i_2=0}^a \sum_{i_1=0}^{i_2} t_1(i_1, b) \left(\frac{49}{144} \right)^{i_2-i_1} \quad (11)$$

$$t_5(a, b) = \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{55}{216}y)(1 - \frac{295}{1296}y^2)} F(x, y)[x^a][y^b] = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i_2=0}^b \sum_{i_1=0}^{i_2} t_1(a, i_1) \left(\frac{55}{216} \right)^{b-i_2} \left(\left(\sqrt{\frac{295}{1296}} \right)^{i_2-i_1} + \left(-\sqrt{\frac{295}{1296}} \right)^{i_2-i_1} \right)$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}
t(a+2, b) = & -7776t_1(a, b) - 7776t_1(a-1, b) - 3240t_1(a, b-1) - 3254t_1(a-1, b-1) \\
& + 7776t_2(a, b) - 2611t_2(a-1, b-1) - 2275t_2(a-2, b) \\
& + 7776t_3(a, b) + 1260t_3(a, b-1) - 2611t_3(a-1, b-1) - 2890t_3(a, b-2) \\
& - \frac{91385}{216}t_3(a-1, b-2) - \frac{50575}{108}t_3(a, b-3) \\
& + 3240t_4(a, b-1) + \frac{3045}{2}t_4(a-1, b-1) - \frac{6965}{12}t_4(a-2, b-1) \\
& - \frac{2309125}{5184}t_4(a-3, b-1) - \frac{557375}{5184}t_4(a-4, b-1) \\
& + 7776t_5(a-1, b) + 3885t_5(a-1, b-1) - \frac{240005}{72}t_5(a-1, b-2) \\
& - \frac{1871275}{1296}t_5(a-1, b-3) + \frac{46131625}{279936}t_5(a-1, b-4)
\end{aligned}$$