# Math 115E Activity 14

Chapter 5 Section 1-2 Factoring Quadratics Part 2

### How to factor quadratic equations

### Quadratic factoring when a = 1:

When factoring, the form  $x^2 + bx + c$  can be factored as (x + m)(x + n)Start with real numbers m and n so: they both multiply to c and both add to bThere is not a value in front of either x

#### Quadratic factoring when $a \neq 1$ :

When factoring, the form  $\mathbf{a}x^2 + bx + c$  can be factored as (px + m)(qx + n)Start with two real numbers such that: multiply to  $\mathbf{a} \cdot c$  and yet add to b then we re-group the terms and factor

Example: Factor  $3x^2 - 11x + 10$ 

Step 1: Find the factors of 3 \* 10 = 30 that add up to -11, (Write the factors if needed)

Step 2: The factors of 30 are:  $\pm (1, 30), \pm (2, 15), \pm (3, 10), \pm (5, 6),$  so the pair that adds to -11 is -5 and -6

Step 3: Rewrite the quadratic:

$$3x^2 + (-6x - 5x) + 10 = 0$$

Step 4: Regroup so that each group has a common factor:  $(3x^2-6x)+(-5x+10)=0$ 

Step 5: Factor out a common term:

$$(3x)(x-2) - 5(x-2) = 0$$

Step 6: Factor again with the x-2 term:

$$(3x-5)(x-2) = 0$$

DONE: So starting with  $3x^2 - 11x + 10 = 0$ , we got (3x - 5)(x - 2) = 0

Note: If we arn't able to factor again in Step 5, then go back to Step 3 and swap the factor pair.

## Factor the following quadratic equations

#1) 
$$x^2 + 9x + 14$$

#7) 
$$9x^2 - 27x + 18$$

#2) 
$$x^2 - 8x + 7$$

#8) 
$$4x^2 - 13x + 10$$

#3) 
$$x^2 + x - \frac{30}{30}$$

#9) 
$$2x^2 - 13x - 7$$

#4) 
$$3x^2 + 10x + 8$$

#10) 
$$4x^2 + 20x + 25$$

$$\#5$$
)  $2x^2 - 9x + 10$ 

#11) 
$$3x^2 - 19x + 20$$

#6) 
$$2x^2 - 6x - 20$$

#12) 
$$8x^2 - 6x - 9$$

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Find two numbers such that: the first number and the second number both multiply to 6, and the first plus the product of 4 and the second number give us -14

Expand 
$$(2x + 3)(3x - 1)$$