

Do Now

Test the ordered pairs (1,3) and (-4,2) and graph each equation in the same coordinate plane.

$$5x + 4y = -12$$

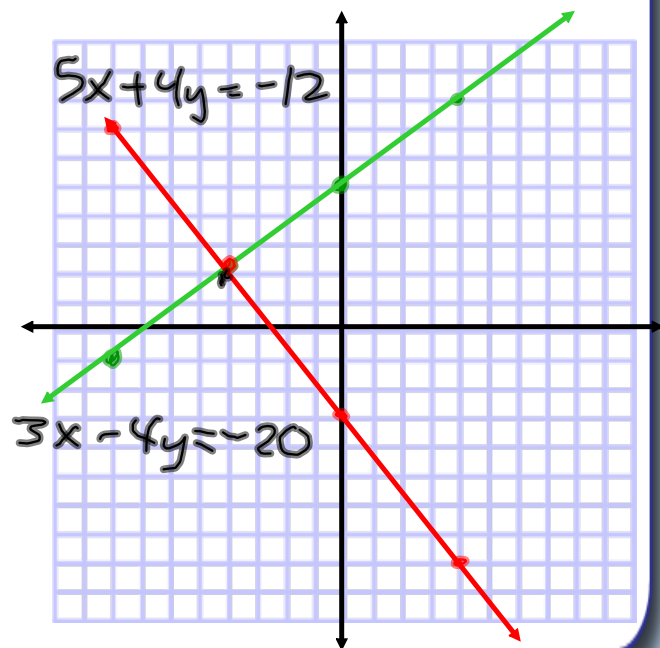
Equation 1

$$3x - 4y = -20$$

Equation 2

Lesson notes

$$\begin{array}{l} 5(-4) + 4(2) = -12 \\ \checkmark -20 + 8 = -12 \\ \hline 3(-4) - 4(2) = -20 \\ -12 - 8 = -20 \\ \checkmark \end{array}$$



Lesson 5: Solving linear systems by substitution

By the end of this lesson you should be able to:

- List the steps required to find the POI of a linear system using the substitution method
- Find the solution (x, y) to any given linear system using the substitution method

What is a System of Equations?

Two equations in two variables form a **system of linear equations** or simply a **linear system**.

A **solution of a system of linear equations** in two variables is an ordered pair (x, y) that satisfies each equation in the system.

Which of the following ordered pairs are solutions to the system?

~~$(1, 3)$~~ ~~$(6, 1)$~~ $(4, 2)$

$$3x - 4y = 4$$

$$x + 2y = 8$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3(4) - 4(2) = 4 \\ 12 - 8 = 4 \checkmark \\ \hline 4 + 4 = 8 \checkmark \end{array}$$



Next

Solving A System By Substitution

SOLVING A LINEAR SYSTEM BY SUBSTITUTION

- STEP 1** Solve one of the equations for one of its variables. *y = _____ or x = _____ isolate x or y.*
- STEP 2** Substitute the expression from Step 1 into the other equation and solve for the other variable.
- STEP 3** Substitute the value from Step 2 into the revised equation from Step 1 and solve. *Solving for x or y*
- STEP 4** Check the solution in each of the original equations. *LS/RS check*

The Substitution Method

Solve the linear system.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 1 \quad \text{Equation 1} \\ 2x - 3y & = & 12 \quad \text{Equation 2} \end{array}$$

Step 1: isolate x in equation 1.

$$x = 1 - y$$

Step 2: Substitute $x = 1 - y$ into equation 2.

$$\begin{array}{l} 2(1 - y) - 3y = 12 \\ 2 - 2y - 3y = 12 \end{array}$$

Step 3: Solve for y

$$\begin{array}{l} -5y = 12 - 2 \\ -5y = 10 \\ \underline{-5y = 10} \\ y = -2 \end{array}$$

Step 4:

$$y = -2$$

Step 4: Sub the value of y into eqn 1.

$$\begin{array}{l} x + y = 1 \\ x + (-2) = 1 \\ x - 2 = 1 \\ x = 1 + 2 \\ x = 3 \end{array}$$

\therefore The P.O.I is $(3, -2)$

Use the substitution method to solve the linear system.

1. $x + 2y = -5$

$$4x - 3y = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4(-5 - 2y) - 3y = 2 \\ -20 - 8y - 3y = 2 \\ -11y = 2 + 20 \\ -11y = 22 \\ \underline{-11y = 22} \\ y = -2 \end{array}$$

\therefore P.O.I is $(-1, -2)$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + y = 1 \\ 3 - 2 = 1 \\ \text{② } 2x - 3y = 12 \\ 2(3) - 3(-2) = 12 \\ 6 + 6 = 12 \checkmark \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 2y = -5 \\ x + 2(-2) = -5 \\ x - 4 = -5 \\ x = -5 + 4 \\ x = -1 \end{array}$$

2. $3x - 2y = 4$

$$\begin{array}{l} x = 5 - 3y \\ 3(5 - 3y) - 2y = 4 \\ 15 - 9y - 2y = 4 \\ -11y = 4 - 15 \\ -11y = -11 \\ \underline{-11y = -11} \\ y = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3(1) = 5 \\ x + 3 = 5 \\ x = 5 - 3 \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

3. $3x + y = -2$

$$x + 3y = 2$$

Check For Understanding

What is the value of x? Of y?



$$2x - 5y = -13$$

$$x + 3y = -1 \quad \rightarrow x = -1 - 3y$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(-1 - 3y) - 5y &= -13 \\ -2 - 6y - 5y &= -13 \\ -11y &= -11 \\ y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3(1) &= -1 \\ x + 3 &= -1 \\ x &= -1 - 3 \\ x &= -4 \end{aligned}$$

□