LOBBYING AND LEGISLATIVE UNCERTAINTY

Kristy Buzard*

Sebastian Saiegh[†]

February 10, 2016

I Introduction

In democratic countries, legislatures are the authoritative source of statutory law. The PFS model doesn't capture several general features of policymaking in this environment: (2) how uncertainty affects the incentives for lobbying and the associated prospects for ratification of trade agreements; and (3) how the voting intentions of multiple legislators, rather than a single agent, change in response to incentives.

In this vein, Saiegh (2011) identifies two major factors that shape lawmaking: the unpredictability of legislators' voting behavior, and whether buying legislative votes is a feasible option. The source of the uncertainty is the existence of cross-pressured legislators: in deciding how to vote, lawmakers consider a variety of influences, including their personal values, announced positions, the views of their constituents, and the preferences of their party leadership. Therefore, legislators' voting behavior can seldom be perfectly anticipated.

From an empirical standpoint, the project will contribute to our understanding of the political uncertainty that surrounds statutory lawmaking. We will introduce an innovative methodology for quantifying cross-industry political uncertainty, establish the relevance of the resulting measures for policy-making and make the data available for future use in a wide range of applications. For example,

^{*}Syracuse University, Economics Department, 110 Eggers Hall, Syracuse, NY 13244. Ph: 315-443-4079. Fax: 315-443-3717. Email: kbuzard@syr.edu. http://faculty.maxwell.syr.edu/kbuzard.

[†]University of California, San Diego, Department of Political Science, Social Sciences Building 365, 9500 Gilman Drive, La Jolla, CA 92093. Ph: 858-534-7237. Fax: 858-534-7130. Email: ssaiegh@ucsd.edu. http://pages.ucsd.edu/ ssaiegh/.

our measure could be used to study he impact of policy uncertainty on firm-level investment and employment.

I.I Related Literature

Related is Le Breton and Salanie (2003), which studies lobbying when the lobby is uncertain about the preferences of a unitary decision maker. Le Breton and Zaporozhets (2007) go a step further and replace the unitary decision maker with a legislature with multiple actors. Song (2008) is a model of endogenous lobbying with a ratification constraint in a context of unilateral policy making with no uncertainty, and Coates and Ludema (2001) study trade policy leadership in a model with endogenous lobbying in the presence of political uncertainty with imperfect monitoring.

As noted above, Saiegh (2009) argues that the uncertainty surrounding statutory lawmaking is in part related to governmental and political structure. Although they do not discuss uncertainty specifically, the cross-country empirical work of Gawande, Krishna and Olarreaga (2009) is the first to our knowledge that suggests that this kind of uncertainty plays a role in trade policy. They show that variables such as the number of checks and balances on the power of the legislature and the gap between the policy positions of the main political parties have predictive power for the PFS "welfare-mindedness" parameter. One of the objectives of this proposed project is to directly test the premise that legislative uncertainty indeed has an important impact on trade policy.

This work also relates to the canonical studies on endogenous regulation (cf. Stigler (1975), Peltzman (1976), Becker (1983), Laffont and Tirole (1994)), as well as the literature on vote-buying and legislative behavior in political science (Groseclose and Snyder (1996), Dekel et. al. (2005), Dal Bo (2007)).

- II The Model
- **III Some Theoretical Results**
- **IV** Estimating Legislative Uncertainty
- V An Application to the U.S. House of Representatives
- VI Conclusion

Appendix

References

- Ansolabehere, S., J. de Figueiredo, and J. Snyder Jr. (2003), "Why Is There so Little Money in U.S. Politics?," *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 17, 105-130.
- Becker, G., (1983) "A Theory of Competition among Interest Groups for Political Influence." *Quarterly Journal of Economics* 98, 371-400.
- Bombardini, M. (2008), "Firm Heterogeneity and Lobby Participation," *Journal of International Economics*, 75, 329-348.
- Bombardini, M., and F. Trebbi (2012): "Competition and Political Organization: Together or Alone in Lobbying for Trade Policy?" *Journal of International Economics*, 87, 18-26.
- Clinton, J., Jackman, S., and D. Rivers, (2004): "The Statistical Analysis of Roll Call Data." *American Political Science Review*, 98, 355-370.
- Dal Bo, E. (2007): "Bribing Voters." American Journal of Political Science 51, 789-803.
- Dekel, E., Jackson, M., Wolinsky, A. (2005): *Vote Buying*. Unpublished manuscript, Caltech.
- Gawande, K., P. Krishna and M. Robbins (2006): "Foreign Lobbies and U.S. Trade Policy," *Review of Economics and Statistics*, 88, 563-571.
- Goldberg, P. and G. Maggi (1999): "Protection for Sale: An Empirical Investigation," *American Economic Review*, 89, 1135-1155.
- Groseclose, T., Snyder, J. M. (1996): "Buying Supermajorities." *American Political Science Review* 90, 303-315.
- Grossman, G. and E. Helpman (1994): "Protection for Sale," *The American Economic Review*, 84, 833-850.
- Grossman, G. and E. Helpman (2005): "A Protectionist Bias in Majoritarian Politics," *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 120, 1239-1282.
- Henisz, W. and E. Mansfield (2006), "Votes and Vetoes: The Political Determinants of Commercial Openness," *International Studies Quarterly*, 50, 189-211.
- Kibris, A. (2012), "Uncertainty and Ratification Failure," Public Choice, 150, 439-467.

- Laffont, J., Tirole, J. (1994): "A Theory of Incentives in Procurement and Regulation." Cambridge: MIT Press.
- Laver, M. and K. Shepsle (1991), "Divided Government: America is Not 'Exceptional'," *Governance:* An International Journal of Policy and Administration, 4, 250-269.
- Le Breton, M. and F. Salanie (2003), "Lobbying under political uncertainty," *Journal of Public Economics*, 87, 2589-2610.
- Le Breton, M. and V. Zaporozhets (2007), "Legislative Lobbying under Political Uncertainty," Available at SSRN: http://ssrn.com/abstract=1024686.
- Peltzman, S. (1976), "Toward a More General Theory of Regulation." *Journal of Law and Economics* 19, 211-248.
- Poole, K. T. (2005), "Spatial Models of Parliamentary Voting." New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Saiegh, S. (2009), "Political Prowess or Lady Luck? Evaluating Chief Executives' Legislative Success Rates," *The Journal of Politics*, 71, 1342-1356.
- Saiegh, S. (2011) "Ruling by Statute: How Uncertainty and Vote-Buying Shape Lawmaking." New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Stigler, G. (1975) "The Citizen and the State: Essays on Regulation." Chicago: Chicago University Press.