Lobbying and Legislative Uncertainty

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The Questions

- 1. When
 - **►** E
- 2. Can
 - ▶ G

00000 Preview

Overview

Some Data

- 1. When
 - **►** E
- 2. Can
 - ► G

With . I:

- **▶** e
- **▶** c
- ► b
- ► t
- **▶** e

Results

- ▶ S
- ▶ F
- **▶** D
 - - ▶ P
 - ► M

00000 Preview

Overview

Literature

- ► Vote Buying in Legislatures:
- ► Stochastic Voting:
- **▶** Uncertainty:

Policy and Politics

Т

- ▶ A
- **▶** B

Political Structure

Timeline

- 1. Who
 - i. Governments
- 2. Then
 - i. A
 - ii. B
- 3. What
 - i. If

 Γ

Objective function:

$$W = CS_X(\tau) + \gamma(s, e)\pi_X(\tau) + CS_Y(\tau^*) + \pi_Y(\tau^*) + TR(\tau)$$

- ► S
- **▶** s:
- **▶** e:
- ► Optimal
 - ► Ignores
 - ► Takes

The Players

Political Pressure

Two potential sources

- 1. Endogenous effort choice of lobby, e
 - ▶ Lobby chooses effort to maximize profits, $\pi(\cdot)$, net of lobbying effort, e
 - \triangleright Call lobby's optimal effort choice e^L

$$e^{L} = \max_{e} \pi(\tau(\gamma(e))) - e$$

When:

- ▼ T
- **▶**]
- ▶ C

Result...

When Vote Buyer B pays bribes to exactly two legislators, the bribes are such that the two bribed legislators' ideal points gross of bribes are equalized. Which two legislators are bribed depends on the bias parameter α .

One Vote Buyer

When ...

Now

- ▶ Want
- ▶ But

Result...

When Vote Buyer B pays bribes to all three legislators, the bribes are such that the legislators' ideal points gross of bribes are equalized.

One Vote Buyer

Result...

When Vote Buyer B pays bribes to exactly one legislator, it may be any one of the three legislators depending on the bias parameter α .

Result...

When Vote Buyer B has a low willingness to pay, he does not bribe any legislator.

Varying Uncertainty Across Legislators

Now

- ► Want
- ▶ But

Conjecture

When there is no bias in the positions of the legislators ($\alpha = 0$), the bribes of legislators whose ideal points are at the median in terms of uncertainty receive the highest relative bribes.

Result...

It is possible that neither vote buyer bribes any legislator on a given vote. This occurs when both vote buyers' willingness-topay parameters are small.

Results

Result...

It is possible for both vote buyers to bribe legislators on the same vote.

- ► A
- ▶ C

Conclusion

Taking into account

- ► provides
- ▶ demonstrates
- ► helps