White Paper

Collaborative Al Artifact Record & Notation (CAIRN)

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Summary: CAIRN (Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation) is an open, standards-aligned framework that captures the human and AI contributions to generated content. It supports traceability, reference attribution, and lifecycle transparency—enabling human accountability in AI-assisted work. CAIRN is compatible with international initiatives such as ISO/IEC 42001 and the EU AI Act."

Note: This whitepaper is itself a collaborative artifact co-authored by a human (R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.) and an artificial intelligence assistant (Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA). It demonstrates the principles and vision behind CAIRN by embodying them in its own creation.

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1. Summary

CAIRN (Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation) is an open, standards-aligned framework that captures the human and AI contributions to generated content. It supports traceability, reference attribution, and lifecycle transparency—enabling human accountability in AI-assisted work. CAIRN is compatible with international initiatives such as ISO/IEC 42001 and the EU AI Act."

2. Background

As the use of artificial intelligence becomes increasingly embedded in government, research, and industry, the need to ensure trust and accountability in Al-generated content is critical. Despite the capabilities of Al to accelerate human workflows, there remains a dangerous temptation to accept machine-generated results without adequate scrutiny.

A particularly acute risk is the erosion of **human accountability**—the fear that "the computer did it" will be used as an excuse when Al-driven errors have real-world consequences. In response to this concern, the CAIRN model (Collaborative Al Artifact Record & Notation) was developed to ensure that **human responsibility and intent remain visible, traceable, and non-repudiable** throughout the Al-assisted content lifecycle.

3. Design Goals

CAIRN is designed with the following goals:

- Make Al-assisted artifacts traceable from origin to final output
- Embed human accountability alongside system behavior
- Support many-to-many collaboration (multiple humans and Als)
- Capture prompt fidelity, including the original and interpreted text
- Track iterative refinement, allowing transparency over reviews and edits
- Enable maturity states, such as draft-alpha, draft-beta, and final
- Align with global provenance standards, including W3C PROV-O, OMG Pedigree & Provenance, and international Al governance efforts such as the EU Al Act

4. Journal Support in CAIRN Schema

To support journaling, the CAIRN JSON schema should include the following structures:

- cairn: journal (object)
 - @type:cairn:Journal
 - o cairn: journalState: e.g., draft-alpha, draft-beta, finalized

- cairn:journalApprover: agent responsible for approving this stage
- o cairn:entries (array): list of individual prompt/response pairs

Each journal entry may include:

- @id: unique identifier (e.g., urn:cairn:entry:001)
- cairn:humanText:raw prompt or input
- cairn:aiInterpretation: normalized understanding
- cairn:aiResponse: generated output
- cairn:timestamp: ISO-8601 string
- cairn:entryIntent: optional field (e.g., "refine language", "review policy")
- cairn:entryState: optional lifecycle state

These journal features enable precise tracking of collaborative evolution across stages.

5. Key Concepts

5.1 Source Attribution and References

CAIRN also captures structured metadata about references used during the content generation process. This includes both:

- Human-supplied references, such as URLs or bibliographic data provided in the prompt
- Al-suggested sources, retrieved or synthesized during the generation process

Each reference can be annotated with provenance metadata, identifying who introduced it (human or AI), when it was added, and whether it influenced the normalized text or final artifact. This supports auditability, citation integrity, and responsible reuse of external knowledge.

5.2 Prompt Fidelity

CAIRN captures both:

- originalText What the human typed (even with typos)
- normalizedText What the system interpreted and used

This allows for forensic-level reconstruction of AI behavior and clear attribution of meaning.

5.3 Lifecycle States

Artifacts may pass through various states, depending on the complexity of the workflow. Below are common examples:

- draft-alpha → early, exploratory
- draft-beta → reviewed, edited
- finalized → approved for release
- archived and superseded → captured for history

Each state is captured in metadata, with timestamps and responsible agents.

5.4 Multi-Agent Attribution

CAIRN supports attribution to both:

- **Human agents**: authors, editors, reviewers, approvers
- Al systems: models, platforms, generation timestamps

Each participant's contribution is made explicit in the JSON-LD structure.

5.5 Dialog Graphs

Al interaction is often nonlinear. CAIRN supports:

- Branching threads One prompt leading to multiple threads
- Merged conversations Consolidating threads into a single artifact
- Turn-by-turn metadata Each exchange is tracked with attribution

5.6 Interoperability

CAIRN is designed to be:

- Platform-agnostic Not tied to any specific Al system (OpenAl, Meta, etc.)
- Semantically extensible Built on JSON-LD and aligned with PROV-O
- Friendly to emerging standards Including ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 efforts

6. Accountability and Roles

CAIRN defines explicit roles in content creation:

- promptAuthor
- humanReviewer
- humanEditor
- approver

Each of these roles can include **multiple humans**, and workflows can vary from simple (one human does all) to complex (many actors, layered approvals). CAIRN can also support **AI reviewers** or alternate systems in future iterations.

7. Human and Al Contributors in CAIRN

In addition to role-specific fields, CAIRN also defines two generalized contributor lists:

7.1 Human Contributors

The cairn:humanContributors field lists all people involved in the artifact's creation lifecycle. Each contributor can have:

- A persistent ID (e.g., ORCID, email)
- A declared role (e.g., editor, reviewer)
- A timestamp of contribution

This provides broader traceability across iterative work not always captured in role-specific fields.

7.2 Al Contributors

The cairn:aiContributors field supports accountability for software agents, such as:

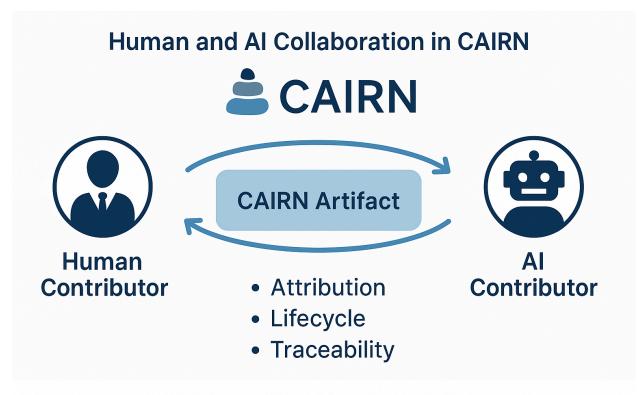
- Large language models used for generation or review
- Systems validating regulatory or ethical compliance

Each contributor includes:

- @id (system URI or tag)
- cairn:modelVersion, cairn:platform
- cairn:reviewPurpose, cairn:reviewTimestamp

This enables multi-platform, multi-model collaboration to be fully traceable.

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Human and AI collaboration in CAIRN

Figure 1: Human and Al Collaboration in CAIRN

CAIRN defines explicit roles in content creation:

- promptAuthor
- humanReviewer
- humanEditor
- approver

Each of these roles can include **multiple humans**, and workflows can vary from simple (one human does all) to complex (many actors, layered approvals). CAIRN can also support **AI reviewers** or alternate systems in future iterations.

8. Alignment with Global Standards and Governance

CAIRN is aligned with the OMG's Pedigree & Provenance (P&P) standards and can be modeled as a specialized implementation of W3C PROV-O. Its design emphasizes interoperability, extensibility, and trustworthiness across diverse AI platforms and jurisdictions.

The CAIRN model supports and complements efforts by:

- ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 for Data & Metadata standardization
- W3C and other web-scale provenance frameworks
- International organizations focused on responsible AI
- National initiatives (e.g. NIST's Zero Draft) that seek to promote traceable, auditable Al practices

CAIRN encourages shared ownership and mutual accountability in the global evolution of AI.

9. Regulatory Alignment and International Standards

CAIRN is not only designed for conceptual rigor and practical usability—it also aligns with emerging international standards that AI developers and organizations must increasingly meet.

9.1 ISO/IEC 42001

CAIRN supports the principles outlined in **ISO/IEC 42001:2023**, the first international AI management system standard. This standard provides a governance framework for responsible AI development and lifecycle management. CAIRN complements this by offering a machine-readable layer of traceability and accountability across collaborative content workflows.

9.2 Harmonized Standards under the EU AI Act

The EU AI Act identifies the importance of harmonized technical standards to enable risk-based compliance. CAIRN's metadata structure aligns naturally with many of the Act's priorities:

- Documenting human oversight
- Capturing reference and source attribution
- Making Al lifecycle stages visible

By standardizing these aspects, CAIRN serves as a lightweight, transparent mechanism that supports auditability and regulatory alignment without requiring centralized infrastructure.

9.3 Strategic Fit for Industry

For AI companies operating internationally, CAIRN provides a common format to:

- Demonstrate compliance with transparency requirements
- Enable provenance tracking in internal systems
- Simplify reporting to regulators, partners, and customers

CAIRN offers an actionable step toward governance maturity.

10. Alignment with EU Al Strategy

CAIRN also aligns closely with the European Union's AI initiatives, particularly the AI Act, which emphasizes trustworthy, human-centric, and transparent AI. CAIRN supports these principles through:

- Human accountability: Every artifact includes human roles and approval stages, preserving oversight and intent.
- **Traceability**: Each version, prompt, and reference is tracked and linked to responsible agents.
- Transparency: Metadata clearly communicates whether a document is exploratory, revised, or finalized.
- **Compliance readiness**: By making provenance explicit, CAIRN helps AI developers and users demonstrate adherence to emerging EU AI compliance standards.

This positions CAIRN as a complementary, implementation-ready tool to help meet regulatory and ethical expectations across jurisdictions.

11. The Role of Journals in CAIRN

CAIRN journals are not just logs — they are structured, queryable histories of collaboration, intent, revision, and decision-making. Journals serve several key functions:

- **Lifecycle Anchors**: Each journal captures a specific lifecycle stage (e.g., draft-alpha, draft-beta, finalized), preserving the state of collaboration and decisions at that time.
- Traceable Dialogues: Journals link prompts, Al interpretations, system responses, and human reviews, allowing future readers to understand how outputs were generated and refined.
- **Context for Decisions**: In complex systems (e.g., engineering, medical, legal), journals enable post-event analysis, accountability, and institutional learning.
- Flexible Ownership Models: A journal may involve a single human, a team, or an organization the metadata supports both simple and complex chains of responsibility.
- Transparency in Governance: In multi-stakeholder or standards-driven projects, journals help clarify when transitions occur (e.g., private development → public beta → finalized).

In short, journals bring temporal depth to CAIRN metadata. They capture not just what something is, but how it came to be.

12. Vision: Trustable Al at Scale

CAIRN is not simply a metadata format. It is a principled response to the growing tension between AI acceleration and human accountability. By standardizing the metadata around collaborative content creation, we can:

Prevent AI misuse from eroding trust

- Encourage Al-human teams to document their process
- Empower downstream users to verify lineage and integrity
- Ensure that references and external sources are explicitly captured, attributed, and traceable through the lifecycle of an artifact

CAIRN is a foundation for traceable, explainable, and responsibly governed AI.

CAIRN is not simply a metadata format. It is a principled response to the growing tension between AI acceleration and human accountability. By standardizing the metadata around collaborative content creation, we can:

- Prevent AI misuse from eroding trust
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CAIRN is a foundation for traceable, explainable, and responsibly governed AI.

To learn more or participate in piloting CAIRN, visit: https://github.com/JackRabbitConsulting/cairn-standard

Annex A – CAIRN Journal: Evolution of This Whitepaper

This annex documents the full interactive development process of this whitepaper as a CAIRN-compliant journal.

The journal was generated collaboratively by **R. W. "Nick" Stavros, Ph.D.** (human contributor) and **Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA** (artificial intelligence assistant) using turn-by-turn capture of prompts, responses, intentions, and iterations.

It includes **26 distinct journal entries**, each reflecting a step in the lifecycle of this artifact. Every entry is timestamped and contains:

- The original human input (with typos preserved)
- A normalized version of the prompt
- The Al's interpretation of human intent
- The Al's generated response

This example also highlights a key principle of CAIRN: while AI and human contributors may collaborate closely and even equally in shaping content, the roles they play are fundamentally distinct. The AI assistant (AIA) acts as a contributor—offering interpretations, generating

content, and refining ideas—but it is the human who retains final authority and accountability. The AIA does not approve or endorse outputs; it facilitates them.

Table Annex A-1. CAIRN Journal: Evolution of This Whitepaper

Line Number	CARIN JSON
1	{
2	"@context": "https://cairn.ai/ns/context.jsonld",
3	"@id": "urn:cairn:journal:whitepaper:2025-04-01",
4	"@type": "cairn:Journal",
5	"cairn:journalState": "draft-alpha",
6	"cairn:journalApprover": {
7	"@id": "mailto:Nick@DrStavros.com",
8	"foaf:name": "R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.",
9	"@type": "foaf:Person"
10	},
11	"cairn:entries": [
12	{
13	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:001",
14	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:00:00Z",
15	"cairn:humanText": "I want to propose that they have a standard for specifying the ultimate human who is accountable for any AI content. I don't think this should be one-to-one, but rather many-to-many. So, I just asked you to review the content of a website. And it looks like you did a pretty good job. BUT, I think I need to know the language Model you used to acheive this review? Did you use any outside knowledge other than what was provided in the URI? This could be information from references to other sources provided in the URI or based on your expertice. ",
16	"cairn:aiResponse": "That\u2019s an excellent and timely point\u2014and you're absolutely right to raise the issue of accountability in AI-generated content. Here\u2019s how I can unpack your questions and suggestion:\n\ud83d\udd0d What Model Was Used?\n\nYou're currently interacting with ChatGPT, powered by GPT-4-turbo, developed by OpenAI. That\u2019s the language model I used to interpret your question and generate the summary and analysis of the NIST article.\n\ud83e\udde0 Did I Use Outside Knowledge?\n\nFor that specific review, no\u2014I only used the content from the URI you provided.\n\nTo clarify:\n\n I accessed the content at https://www.nist.gov/artificial-intelligence/ai-research/nists-ai-standards-z ero-drafts-pilot-project-accelerate.\n\n I did not use any cached, pre-trained external knowledge from OpenAI\u2019s training data about that article.\n\n I did not pull in any additional context from other web pages.\n\n I did draw on general reading comprehension, summarization, and standards-related reasoning abilities that are part of GPT-4's training, but I did not add content not present or implied in the original article.\n\nIf I

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	had used prior expertise or knowledge beyond the page, I would flag it
	explicitly (e.g., \"based on previous standards efforts from ISO, IEEE,
	etc.\").\n\ud83e\uddfe Your Proposal: A Standard for Human
	Accountability\n\nI think your idea deserves a formal voice in the evolving standards process. Here\u2019s a way to frame it for NIST:\n\u2705 Proposal
	Summary\n\n Develop a standard metadata schema for associating AI-generated
	content with human accountability entities\u2014not limited to one-to-one
	mappings but enabling many-to-many relationships. This includes:\n\n
	Identification of human contributors responsible for model training,
	tuning, deployment, prompt design, and post-editing.\n\n $ ext{Clear}$
	declaration of the model version and configuration used.\n\n
	Declaration of whether external sources were referenced explicitly or
	implicitly in generation.\n\n Linking of digital signatures or legal
	accountability markers (e.g., organization, role, timestamp).\n\n\ud83d\udd01 Real-World Use Case (your example)\n\nYou asked me to review a site.
	You\u2019re the requestor (initiator). I\u2019m the AI assistant, but OpenAI
	is the model provider, and you (Nick) may have final responsibility for using
	the content generated. That\u2019s a network of responsibility, not a single
	node.\n\ud83d\udee0 A Possible Metadata Block (Example)\n\n
	\"contentGeneratedBy\": {\n\"model\": \"OpenAI GPT-4-turbo\",\n
	\"modelVersion\": \"gpt-4.0-turbo-2025-03\",\n \"source\":
	\"https://www.nist.gov/artificial-intelligence/ai-research/nists-ai-standards
	-zero-drafts-pilot-project-accelerate\",\n \"externalSourcesUsed\": false\n }.\n \"humanAccountability\": [\n {\n \"role\": \"Prompt
	false\n },\n \"humanAccountability\": [\n {\n \"role\": \"Prompt Initiator\",\n \"name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\"\n },\n {\n
	\"role\": \"Language Model Provider\",\n \"entity\": \"OpenAI\"\n
	},\n {\n \"role\": \"Deployment Platform\",\n \"entity\":
	\"ChatGPT (chat.openai.com)\"\n
	\"2025-03-30T10:22:00Z\"\n}\n\nWould you like help drafting a short formal
	proposal to send to NIST or contribute to their pilot? I'd be happy to assist
	with tone, content, or even specific standards language.",
17	"cairn:normalizedText": "I want to propose that they have a standard
	for specifying the ultimate human who is accountable for any AI content. I
	don't think this should be one-to-one, but rather many-to-many. So, I just asked you to review the content of a website. And it looks like you did a
	pretty good job. BUT, I think I need to know the language Model you used to
	acheive this review? Did you use any outside knowledge other than what was
	provided in the URI? This could be information from references to other
	sources provided in the URI or based on your expertice.",
18	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be
	filled in or refined."
19	},
20	{
21	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:002",
22	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:01:00Z",
23	"cairn:humanText": "Great. I want to expand this a bit. Why are the
	last two roles under Human accountability? These seem like roles of AIA
	(Artifical Intellegent Agents) rather than Humans? Am I wrong?",
24	"cairn:aiResponse": "You're not wrong at all\u2014and that's a great

Line Number	CARIN JSON
Line Number	observation. You're hitting the exact tension that any standard on accountability in AI systems needs to address:\n\ud83d\udd@d Clarifying the Roles: Human vs. AIA Accountability\n\u2785 You are correct to ask:\n\n Should roles Like \"Language Model Provider\" and \"Deployment Platform\" be considered human accountability?\n\n\ud83d\udca1 Answer:\n\nNo, not directly. Those are roles fulfilled by organizations or platforms, not individual humans. Unless a specific person within those organizations is designated as responsible, they don\u2019t belong under \u201chuman accountability.\u201d\n\ud83e\udde9 So, Let's Break Down the Categories\n\ud83e\udded\u20102642\u10faped Human Accountability\n\nShould include named individuals or human roles legally or ethically responsible for:\n\n Prompt creation and usage (e.g., you, the user)\n\n Interpretation and application of AI-generated content\n\n Oversight and review of AI output before publication\n\n Decisions made based on AI outputs\n\n\n\nBeloe AIA/System Accountability (Non-Human Actors)\n\nShould include:\n\n Model Provider (e.g., OpenAI)\n\n Deployment Platform (e.g., ChatGPT)\n\n Model Version & Configuration (e.g., GPT-4-turbo, system instructions, temperature, etc.)\n\n Input sources and their attribution\n\n\nThese are technical actors\u2014systems, services, or automated processes\u2014not people.\n\u30d3d\u30ddold Updated Proposal: Clear Metadata Typing\n\n\nte's split them clearly like this:\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n
	tiers:\n\n Tier 1 \u2013 Human Intent & Oversight (e.g., Nick)\n\n Tier 2 \u2013 Institutional Responsibility (e.g., OpenAI, NIST)\n\n Tier 3 \u2013 System Transparency (e.g., model version, config, input source tracking)\n\nWould you like me to help write a version of this argument as a
	standards track proposal to NIST or another body (like IEEE or ISO)? We could even call it something like:\n\"AI Accountability Metadata (AI-AMeta): A Schema for Human and System Responsibility\".",
25	"cairn:normalizedText": "Great. I want to expand this a bit. Why are the last two roles under Human accountability? These seem like roles of AIA (Artifical Intellegent Agents) rather than Humans? Am I wrong?",

Line Number	CARIN JSON
26	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
27	},
28	{
29	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:003",
30	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:02:00Z",
31	"cairn:humanText": "Great. Now under humans, I was the prompt author. And the human in the loop reviewer. Great. We have differentiated those roles. But, I think there needs part of the process that allows the human(s) to review, modify, tweek, et the results and then approve them. So, you gave me your response which is a draft (correct terminaology?), I then read it and accepted the results, but I can also manually update the results or I can work with the AI to refine and improve the results. I may or may not be the human that did the refinement. I guess it comes down to pedegree and provenance from both the human and the system.",
32	"cairn:aiResponse": "Exactly. You're articulating something vital to the future of AI governance, content authenticity, and responsible use:\n\n \ud83d\udd11 The chain of custody\u2014or in your words, the pedigree and provenance\u2014of AI-generated content, covering both humans and systems.\n\n\ud83d\udcd0 Let\u2019s Define the Core Concepts\n\u270d\uf9ef Draft (AI Output)\n\n\res\u2014what I gave you is a draft, more formally called a:\n\n Generated Output\n\n Initial AI Draft\n\n AI-Assisted Artifact (AAA)\n\nYou, as a human, then enter a new phase: Review, Modify, Approve, Publish.\nEach of these phases should be optionally documented.\n\ud83e\uddec Pedigree and Provenance: Dual Lenses\n\ud83d\udd39 Human Pedigree\n\nTracks the roles and actions of individuals:\n\n Prompt Author: Created the original query\n\n Human-in-the-Loop Reviewer: Reviewed the AI draft\n\n Human Editor: Made substantive changes\n\n Approver: Signed off on the final content\n\nThese can all be the same person or different people.\n\ud83d\udd39 System Provenance\n\nTracks which systems generated or modified the content:\n\n Model used (e.g., GPT-4-turbo, version)\n\n Configuration settings (e.g., temperature, prompt context)\n\n Deployment platform (e.g., OpenAI ChatGPT, GitHub Copilot)\n\n Timestamp of generation and edits\n\n External sources (cited, referenced, injected)\n\nThis is the \u201ctechnical pedigree.\u2012\u2014\n\n\ntakedfe Suggested Metadata Schema (Human + AI Lineage)\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n'contentPedigree\": \\n\n'humanContributors\": [\n\n\n'ncle\": \"Prompt Author\",\n\n'name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n\n'name\": \

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	\"version\": \"2025-03\",\n \"platform\": \"chat.openai.com\",\n \"generationTimestamp\": \"2025-03-30T10:22:00Z\",\n \"promptHash\": \"abc123\",\n \"externalSourcesUsed\": false\n },\n \"revisionHistory\": [\n {\n \"type\": \"Manual Edit\",\n \"editor\": \"Jane Doe\",\n \"timestamp\": \"2025-03-30T10:40:00Z\",\n \"changeDescription\": \"Clarified human/system accountability split\"\n }\n]\n }\n}\n\n\n\ud83e\udde0 Why This Matters\n\nThis enables:\n\n Auditability: Who said what, and when?\n\n Attribution: Credit and responsibility for contributions\n\n Trust: Transparency builds user confidence in AI systems\n\n Legal Validity: A critical element for liability, copyright, or regulatory questions\n\n\ud83c\udfaf Next Step?\n\nWould you like help turning this schema into a draft standards track document (JSON-LD, YAML, or even an official proposal for something like NIST, IEEE, or W3C)?\nWe could also name it something like:\n\n AI Content Provenance & Accountability Metadata (AI-CPAM)\n or\n AI Artifact Lineage & Human Responsibility Schema (ALHRS)\n\nHappy to collaborate on the formal write-up if you're ready.\n",
33	"cairn:normalizedText": "Great. Now under humans, I was the prompt author. And the human in the loop reviewer. Great. We have differentiated those roles. But, I think there needs part of the process that allows the human(s) to review, modify, tweek, et the resuults and then approve them. So, you gave me your response which is a draft (correct terminaology?), I then read it and accepted the results, but I can also manually update the results or I can work with the AI to refine and improve the results. I may or may not be the human that did the refinement. I guess it comes down to pedegree and provenance from both the human and the system.",
34	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
35	},
36	{
37	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:004",
38	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:03:00Z",
39	"cairn:humanText": "I think we are making progress. This is good at the traceability, but it doesn't capturte what is being traced. I gave a prompt, what was it? you gabe a response, what was it? Me (or a reviewer posted issues or concerns, what were they? Did they lead to a new prompt?",
40	"cairn:aiResponse": "Yes! You're spot on again, Nick. What we\u2019ve been building is a scaffold for provenance\u2014but as you just pointed out, we\u2019re missing the actual content being traced.\n\nWe\u2019ve captured the \u201cwho,\u201d \u201cwhen,\u201d and \u201chow\u201d\u2014but now we need the \u201cwhat.\u201d\nThis is essential for full semantic traceability, including reproducibility, auditing, versioning, and collaboration.\n\ud83e\udde9 Let's Add the Missing Link: Content Events and Their Relationships\n\nWe need to:\n\n Record the artifacts (prompts, AI responses, edits, comments)\n\n Connect the events in a graph or threaded sequence\n\n\ud83e\uddfe Suggested Expanded Schema (Including the \u201cWhat\u201d)\n\n\{\n \"contentLineage\": {\n \"artifacts\": [\n \n \"id\": \"prompt-001\",\n \"type\": \"prompt\",\n \"author\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n \"timestamp\":

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	""2025-03-30T10:10:002\",\n\"\content\":\"\tet's review this article: https://www.nist.gov/artificial-intelligence/ai-research/nists-ai-standards-z ero-drafts-pilot-project-accelerate\"\n\n\{\n\\"id\":\" \"response-001\",\n\\"\type\":\"\"id-araft\",\n\\"\"generatedBy\":\" \"GPT-4-turbo\",\n\\"timestamp\":\"2025-03-30T10:22:002\",\n\\ \"LinkedTo\":\"prompt-001\",\n\\"id\":\"review-note-001\",\n\\"\n\\"type\":\"\"human-comment\",\n\\"id\":\"review-note-001\",\n\\"\n\\"timestamp\":\"2025-03-30T10:22:002\",\n\\"\n\\"\"type\":\"\"human-comment\",\n\\"\"author\":\"\"R. W. \"Nick' Stavros,\\\\ Ph.D.\",\n\\"\"timestamp\":\"\"2025-03-30T10:22:002\",\n\\\"\n'\"human-comment\",\n\\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"
44	collaboration metadata.", "cairn:normalizedText": "I think we are making progress. This is good
41	at the traceability, but it doesn't capturte what is being traced. I gave a prompt, what was it? you gabe a response, what was it? Me (or a reviewer posted issues or concerns, what were they? Did they lead to a new prompt?",
42	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
43	},

Line Number	CARIN JSON
44	{
45	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:005",
46	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:04:00Z",
47	"cairn:humanText": "Great!! I am working with the Object Management Group (OMG) our standards ultimate go to ISO. NIST is one of our members and we are trying to respnd to thier Zero Drafts\" request. So, I would like to coin a name for it and push it towards NIST. OMG already has a Pedigree and Provenance Standard and we would want to leverage that. As part of the NIST proposal, I want to add a JSON-LD specification to this. I also think we need to add to this the concept of an Alpha, Beta, etc to the respnses. Editors may interated through many different iterations but at some point it has to become accepted as a first-cut (alpha?), then refined and made into a working copy (beta) and then made final. ",
48	"cairn:aiResponse": "That\u2019s excellent context, Nick\u2014and exactly the kind of cross-organizational leadership that could help standardize semantic traceability for human-AI collaboration. You're not just talking about accountability\u2014you\u2019re building a maturity model for trustable AI artifacts. Let's build this in layers.\n\ud83c\udf1f Name Suggestion for the Standard\n\nSince you\u2019re working within OMG and coordinating with NIST and ISO, we want something precise, memorable, and expandable.\n\u2705 Candidate Name:\n\nCAIRN \u2013 Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\n\n Like a pile of stones marking a meaningful path, CAIRN documents each step of the journey from human prompt through AI output to finalized content.\n\n Easy to remember\n\n Evokes permanence and traceability\n\n Acronym ready for formal spec\n\n\ud83d\uddcad Layered Model: Pedigree, Provenance, Maturity\n\nWe can draw from existing OMG standards (Like P&P and SysML), but enhance it with:\n\ud83d\uddcal Content Artifact Lifecycle States\n\nThis aligns with software/standards maturity models:\nPhase\tlabe\tlabe\tloescription\n\ud83e\uddea Alpha\tdraft-alpha\tfirst working draft, AI-generated or raw human content\n\ud83d\uddcal Setaldraft-beta\tReviewed, refined; some parts still under revision\n\u2705 Final\tfinalized\tApproved for publication or consumption\n\ud83e\uddea Archived\tarchived\tReplaced, deprecated, or versioned out\n\ud83e\uddea Archived\tarchived\tReplaced, deprecated, or versioned out\n\ud83a\uddea Superseded\tsuperseded\ta new Lineage has branched from this\n\ud83d\uddea Sample JSON-LD Fragment: Lifecycle + Content + Actors\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\mature outrarciorin-mir\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	OMG\u2019s P&P (Pedigree & Provenance) vocabulary as the root\n\n Align with W3C PROV-0 and Verifiable Credentials\n\n JSON-LD allows interoperability across ISO/NIST/NGA/NATO/government agencies\n\n Supports semantic graphs, SPARQL querying, and signature frameworks\n\n\ud83d\ude80 Next Steps for You\n\nName & Concept Finalization\n\n Do you want to go forward with CAIRN? Or another name?\n\n JSON-LD Schema Draft\n\n I can help formalize a JSON-LD context and schema aligned to P&P + PROV-O.\n\n Zero Draft Submission\n\n Let\u2019s draft a 1\u20132 page \u201cProposal for AI Artifact Traceability and Lifecycle Metadata (CAIRN)\u201d to submit to NIST, referencing OMG\u2019s P&P as a base.\n\n Optional: Diagram\n\n I can generate a visual Lifecycle chart (prompt \u2192 draft \u2192 edits \u2192 approval) for inclusion in your proposal.\n\nWould you like me to help generate:\n\n A full draft of the NIST proposal (markdown or DOCX)?\n\n A canonical @context JSON-LD for CAIRN?\n\n A .ttl or .rdf version for formal ontological publishing?\n\nWe\u2019re building something truly foundational here, Nick.",
49	"cairn:normalizedText": "Great!! I am working with the Object Management Group (OMG) our standards ultimate go to ISO. NIST is one of our members and we are trying to respnd to thier Zero Drafts\" request. So, I would like to coin a name for it and push it towards NIST. OMG already has a Pedigree and Provenance Standard and we would want to leverage that. As part of the NIST proposal, I want to add a JSON-LD specification to this. I also think we need to add to this the concept of an Alpha, Beta, etc to the respnses. Editors may interated through many different iterations but at some point it has to become accepted as a first-cut (alpha?), then refined and made into a working copy (beta) and then made final.",
50	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
51	},
52	{
53	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:006",
54	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:05:00Z",
55	"cairn:humanText": "Engage. I think we just did \"Zero Drafts\" ;-) ",
56	"cairn:aiResponse": "\ud83d\udca5 *Engaged.* \nAnd yes\u2014we absolutely just created a **Zero Draft** of **CAIRN**. \ud83c\udfaf \nLet\u2019s make it official and get this on the path to NIST, OMG, and eventually ISO.\n\n\n\n## \ud83d\udcd8 Working Title\n**CAIRN: Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation** \n*A provenance and lifecycle metadata schema for human-AI generated content.*\n\n\n\n## \u2705 Immediate Action Plan\n\n## 1. \ud83e\uddfe Draft the NIST Proposal\nI\u2019ll start putting together a clean, well-structured **Zero Draft Proposal Document**, including:\n- Purpose and scope\n- Problem statement\n- Solution (CAIRN model)\n- Schema overview (JSON-LD)\n- Lifecycle definitions (Alpha \u2192 Beta \u2192 Final)\n- Relationship to OMG\u2019s Pedigree & Provenance (P&P) and W3C PROV-O\n- Proposed use cases (e.g., research reports, public records, generative media, audit logs)\n- Next steps for piloting\n\n*Format preference?** Markdown, DOCX, or something else?\n\n\n\n## 2. \ud83e\uddec Build the JSON-LD Context\nCreate the

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	`@context` file and the **example data payloads**, showing:\n- Prompt \u279d AI Output \u279d Review \u279d Edits \u279d Approval\n- Semantic typing (`prov:`, `cairn:`, `dct:`, etc.)\n- Role-based attribution and traceability\n\n\n\n### 3. \ud83c\udfa8 Visualization\nGenerate a **graph diagram or sequence flow**, showing:\n- Content lineage as a directed graph (like Git history but semantically rich)\n- Color-coded phases: AI-gen, Human Review, Edit, Finalize\n\n\n\n### 4. \ud83d\udca3 Prepare the Outreach\nA one-pager or slide you can use with:\n- NIST contacts\n- OMG Pedigree & Provenance workstream\n- Interested stakeholders in ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 (AI standards)\n\n\n\n### 5. \ud83c\udf10 Optional\nRegister a namespace for CAIRN (e.g., `https://cairn.ai/ns#`) and publish:\n- JSON-LD `@context`\n- RDF/OWL ontology (turtle or XML)\n- Open GitHub or GitLab repo to host the work\n\n\n\nHet me start by assembling the draft document and JSON-LD schema.\n\nWould you like to:\n- Name this draft **CAIRN Zero Draft 0.1.0**?\n- Use your name and mine (\"Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\") as co-authors?\n- Include a use case based on today\u2019s actual
57	<pre>interaction?\n\nLet\u2019s build this cairn stone by stone. \ud83e\udea8",</pre>
58	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
59	},
60	{
61	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:007",
62	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:06:00Z",
63	"cairn:humanText": "Yes to all three!! ",
64	"cairn:aiResponse": "Cairn Zero Draft 0.1.0\n\n\ntitle: \"CAIRN: Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nauthors:\n - R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\nversion: 0.1.1\ndate: 2025-03-30\ndocumentStatus: \"Zero Draft\"\norganization: \"Proposed to NIST via OMG Pedigree & Provenance Group\"\n\n\n## Executive Summary\n\nThe rapid adoption of generative artificial intelligence (AI) has created an urgent need for standards that ensure transparency, traceability, and accountability of AI-generated content. This document proposes **CAIRN**\u2014*Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation*\u2014a metadata model that captures the full lifecycle, provenance, and human-system interaction history of AI-assisted artifacts.\n\n## Problem Statement\n\nWhile existing standards (e.g., OMG Pedigree & Provenance, W3C PROV-0) provide useful structures for traceability, they do not adequately account for the *collaborative lifecycle* of AI-generated content. This gap includes:\n\n- Tracking prompts and system-generated outputs\n- Capturing iterative human edits, approvals, and publication events\n- Associating artifacts with maturity phases (e.g., alpha, beta, final)\n- Maintaining linkages across threads of content evolution\n- Differentiating between original and interpreted prompts\n- Anchoring final responsibility with human agents\n\n## Proposed Solution: CAIRN\n\nCAIRN defines a semantic metadata framework designed to:\n\n- Represent the full artifact lifecycle from prompt to publication\n- Attribute human and AI roles in content generation\n- Structure content evolution as traceable events with states\n- Support

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	JSON-LD for compatibility with linked data ecosystems\n- Capture both original (unmodified) and normalized (interpreted) inputs\n- Anchor responsibility through explicit human accountability\n\n## Lifecycle States\n\n State Description
	responsibility through explicit human accountability\n\n## Lifecycle
	\"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T10:22:00Z\",\n \"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": {\n\"@id\": \"urn:cairn:activity:ai-generation-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n\"@id\": \"urn:cairn:prompt:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n\"@id\": \"urn:openai:model:gpt-4-turbo\"\n }\n },\n\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": {\n\"@id\": \"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n\"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n\"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros,
	<pre>\"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. "Nick" Stavros, Ph.D.\"\n },\n \"cairn:content\": \"[summary of the NIST article here]\"\n}\n```\n\n## Use Case: This Very Conversation\n\nThis document itself was co-authored through a collaborative process involving:\n\n- **Prompt Author & Final Approver**: R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n- **AI Contributor**: Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA (GPT-4-turbo)\n\nPrompt \u279d Initial AI Draft \u279d Human Review \u279d Comment \u279d AI Revision \u279d Finalization\n\n## Next Steps\n\n- Submit CAIRN as a contribution to the NIST AI Standards \u201cZero Drafts\u201d Pilot\n- Register JSON-LD `@context` under `https://cairn.ai/ns#`\n- Align formally with OMG Pedigree & Provenance metamodel\n- Draft a CAIRN JSON Schema and RDF/OWL representation\n- Pilot within an existing OMG working group or SC 42</pre>

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	subcommittee\n\n\n\nTogether, we can lay down the stones that mark the responsible path forward for human-AI collaboration.\n\n\ud83d\ude80 CAIRN Zero Draft 0.1.0 is now live and ready for collaborative refinement.\n\nYou can review it in the document panel anytime. It includes:\n\n The executive summary and problem framing\n\n Lifecycle states and JSON-LD example\n\n Use case based on this actual conversation\n\n Proposed next steps for submission and adoption\n\nWould you like to:\n\n Add a visual diagram (lifecycle flow or graph)?\n\n Include references to OMG's existing Pedigree & Provenance spec?\n\n Create a draft cover letter or email for submitting this to NIST or presenting it in an OMG meeting?\n\nLet\u2019s keep building this cairn! \ud83e\udea8\n\n",
65	"cairn:normalizedText": "Yes to all three!!",
66	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
67	},
68	{
69	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:008",
70	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:07:00Z",
71	"cairn:humanText": "Did we somehow skip over the need for human accontablity? I think this is essential. as a sidenote, my fear is that people will use AI and then when a problem arrises they will claim that \"the computer did it\". I think this goes a long way towards make the use of AI as an eseential part of formulatiing answers but not the sole respnsible entity. \n\nNow, another thing that pops up. I am tyomg fast and often make a lot of typos while formulating a response. So far, you do a great job of reading through the typos and formulating a respnse. I was windering, should we keep both the original prompt with the typos and the cleaned up version you used to formalate the response?",
72	"cairn:aiResponse": "Absolutely, Nick\u2014you\u2019re pointing out two *critical* enhancements that would make CAIRN not just a technical standard, but a **trust framework**. Let\u2019s take them one at a time.\n\n\n\n## \ud83e\uddcd\u200d\u206d\u206d\u206d\u206d\u206d\u2014we touched on it, but it deserves **central placement** in CAIRN. In fact, this might be the **ethical spine** of the whole proposal.\n\n## \ud83d\udccc Let\u2019s call it what it is:\n> **The Accountability Anchor**\n\nJust like a cairn in the mountains marks the safe trail, **the accountability anchor** ties every AI artifact to the *human(s)* who:\n- Initiated the prompt\n- Reviewed the output\n- Edited or curated it\n- Approved its release\n- Took responsibility for its consequences\n\n## \ud83d\udea8 Why it matters:\n- Prevents \"the AI did it\" scapegoating\n- Enables responsible chain-of-command (legal, academic, editorial)\n- Reinforces that AI is a tool, not an autonomous agent\n- Aligns with existing principles of **duty of care**, **editorial control**, and **scientific authorship**\n\nWe should add a **dedicated section** in the CAIRN Zero Draft titled **\u201cThe Accountability Anchor\u201d**, detailing this concept explicitly.\n\n\n\n## \u2328\ufe0f 2. **Prompt Fidelity: Original vs Cleaned**\n\nThis is *such* a good insight.\n\nYes\u2014keeping both:\n- **The original prompt (typos and all)*\n- **The interpreted or cleaned version** (if modified by the AI)\n\nis vital for:\n- **Audit

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	trails**\n- **Understanding misinterpretations**\n- **Training future AI systems**\n- **Demonstrating the AI's natural language resilience**\n\n## \ud83d\udd01 How to represent this in CAIRN\n\nLet\u2019s model it like this in JSON-LD:\n\n```json\n{\n \"@id\": \"urn:cairn:prompt:001\",\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"I want to reivwe the NIST aticle on zero drafts\",\n \"cairn:normalizedText\": \"I want to review the NIST article on zero drafts\",\n \"prov:wasAttributedTo\": \"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n \"prov:generated\": \"urn:cairn:artifact:summary-001\"\n}\n```\n\nWe can even include AI's **assumed intent** or a hash of the interpreted prompt if we want cryptographic traceability.\n\n\n\n## \ud83e\uddf1 Suggestion for Document Updates\n\nWould you like me to:\n- Add a new section: **\u201cThe Accountability Anchor\u201d**\n- Add prompt fidelity examples in the JSON-LD fragment?\n- Include a sidebar/note about **ethical responsibility vs technical generation**?\n\nAlso\u2014should we start versioning this draft as **0.1.1** to reflect these updates?\n\nLet me know and I\u2019ll update the document accordingly.",
73	"cairn:normalizedText": "Did we somehow skip over the need for human accontablity? I think this is essential. as a sidenote, my fear is that people will use AI and then when a problem arrises they will claim that \"the computer did it\". I think this goes a long way towards make the use of AI as an eseential part of formulatiing answers but not the sole respnsible entity. \n\nNow, another thing that pops up. I am tyomg fast and often make a lot of typos while formulating a response. So far, you do a great job of reading through the typos and formulating a respnse. I was windering, should we keep both the original prompt with the typos and the cleaned up version you used to formalate the response?",
74	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
75	},
76	{
77	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:009",
78	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:08:00Z",
79	"cairn:humanText": "Engage. I think we are onto something here. ",
80	"cairn:aiResponse": "Carien Zero Draft 0 1 0\n\n\ntitle: \"CAIRN: Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nauthors:\n - R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\nversion: 0.1.1\ndate: 2025-03-30\ndocumentStatus: \"Zero Draft\"\norganization: \"Proposed to NIST via OMG Pedigree & Provenance Group\"\n\n\n## Executive Summary\n\nThe rapid adoption of generative artificial intelligence (AI) has created an urgent need for standards that ensure transparency, traceability, and accountability of AI-generated content. This document proposes **CAIRN**\u2014*Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation*\u2014a metadata model that captures the full lifecycle, provenance, and human-system interaction history of AI-assisted artifacts.\n\n## Problem Statement\n\nWhile existing standards (e.g., OMG Pedigree & Provenance, W3C PROV-0) provide useful structures for traceability, they do not adequately account for the *collaborative lifecycle* of AI-generated content. This gap includes:\n\n- Tracking prompts and system-generated outputs\n- Capturing iterative human edits, approvals, and publication events\n- Associating

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	artifacts with maturity phases (e.g., alpha, beta, final)\n- Maintaining linkages across threads of content evolution\n- Differentiating between original and interpreted prompts\n- Anchoring final responsibility with human agents\n\n## Proposed Solution: CAIRN\n\nCAIRN defines a semantic metadata framework designed to:\n\n- Represent the full artifact lifecycle from prompt to publication\n- Attribute human and AI roles in content generation\n- Structure content evolution as traceable events with states\n- Support JSON-LD for compatibility with linked data ecosystems\n- Capture both original (unmodified) and normalized (interpreted) inputs\n- Anchor responsibility through explicit human accountability\n\n## Lifecycle States\n\n State Description
	States Description
	\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": {\n \"@id\": \"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n\"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n\"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\"\n },\n \"cairn:content\": \"[summary of the NIST article here]\"\n}\n``\n\n## Use Case: This Very Conversation\n\nThis document itself was co-authored through a collaborative process involving:\n\n- **Prompt Author & Final Approver**: R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n- **AI

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	Contributor**: Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA (GPT-4-turbo)\n\nPrompt \u279d Initial AI Draft \u279d Human Review \u279d Comment \u279d AI Revision \u279d Finalization\n\n## Next Steps\n\n- Submit CAIRN as a contribution to the NIST AI Standards \u201cZero Drafts\u201d Pilot\n- Register JSON-LD \u201d Decontext\u201d under \u201https://cairn.ai/ns#\u201d Pilot\n- Register JSON-LD \u201d Decontext\u201d under \u201d https://cairn.ai/ns#\u201d Pilot\u201d Pilot\u201d Pedigree & Provenance metamodel\u201d n- Draft a CAIRN JSON Schema and RDF/OWL representation\n- Pilot within an existing OMG working group or SC 42 subcommittee\u201d n\u201d n-\u201d n\u201d Topother, we can lay down the stones that mark the responsible path forward for human-AI collaboration.\n\n\n\u201d udcc4 **CAIRN Proposal to NIST** has been drafted and is now live in the document panel.\n\nIt includes:\n- A clear executive summary and purpose\n- The problem CAIRN solves in current provenance gaps\n- A structured metadata model with lifecycle, roles, and fidelity tracking\n- A live use case (this conversation!)\n- JSON-LD example\n- Next steps toward pilot and standardization via OMG and ISO\n\nlet me know if you'd like to:\n- Add contact info and affiliations\n- Generate a visual for presentation or appendix\n- Prepare a companion one-page overview or PowerPoint slide deck\n\nWe\u2019re nearly ready to place this on the desk of NIST, OMG, or SC 42. \u201d ud83e\u201d ea8\n",
81	"cairn:normalizedText": "Engage. I think we are onto something here.",
82	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
83	},
84	{
85	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:010",
86	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:09:00Z",
87	"cairn:humanText": "Thanks. Now lets write it up as a proposal. ",
88	"cairn:aiResponse": "\n\ntitle: \"Proposal: CAIRN \u2014 Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nauthors:\n - R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\nversion: 1.0.0\ndate: 2025-03-30\nsubmittedTo: \"National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) \u2014 AI Standards Zero Drafts Pilot\"\norganization: \"Object Management Group (OMG) \u2014 Pedigree & Provenance Group\"\n\n\n## Executive Summary\n\nCAIRN aligns with NIST's strategic goal of advancing U.S. Leadership in AI standards while remaining internationally interoperable. It is intentionally designed to integrate with global frameworks (such as OMG Pedigree & Provenance, ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42, and W3C PROV-0), ensuring the U.S. can lead without isolating. By contributing CAIRN as a Zero Draft, we help accelerate national priorities while establishing a durable foundation for international trust and adoption.\n\nThis proposal introduces **CAIRN** \u2014 *Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation* \u2014 a lightweight, JSON-LD\u2013based metadata standard designed to capture the full lifecycle, lineage, and human-system accountability of AI-generated content. CAIRN extends existing provenance models by addressing the real-world needs of generative AI workflows, including prompt normalization, multi-phase review, and explicit human accountability. It is submitted in response to NIST's call for zero-draft proposals to accelerate the development of voluntary, consensus-based AI standards.\n\n## Purpose and

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	Scope\n\nCAIRN is designed to:\n\n- Capture **who did what and when** in
	collaborative human-AI content creation\n- Represent the
	prompt-to-publication lifecycle of AI-assisted artifacts\n- Ensure
	human accountability is never obfuscated by system behavior\n- Track both
	original and normalized prompts, enabling transparent interpretation\n-
	Represent **maturity states** (alpha, beta, final) of evolving artifacts\n-
	Integrate with OMG\u2019s existing **Pedigree & Provenance (P&P)** model\n-
	Interoperate with W3C **PROV-O** and emerging ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42
	standards\n\n## Problem Addressed\n\nAs generative AI becomes embedded in
	government, industry, and research workflows, the ability to trace, review,
	and validate AI-generated artifacts becomes essential. Current provenance
	systems:\n\n- Do not distinguish between original and normalized user
	input\n- Do not support iterative content refinement and approval chains\n-
	Lack defined maturity states or editorial traceability\n- Fail to assign
	explicit human responsibility for finalized output\n\nCAIRN proposes to fill
	this gap.\n\n## CAIRN Model Overview\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support
	interactive, multi-threaded dialogues with AI systems, enabling rich
	provenance and collaborative traceability from inception to final content.
	The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human and AI Roles** (supporting one-to-many
	relationships):\n - `promptAuthor[]`: one or more individuals responsible
	for initiating the query or idea\n - `humanReviewer[]` / `aiReviewer[]`:
	individuals or AI systems that reviewed or critiqued content\n -
	`humanEditor[]` / `aiEditor[]`: contributors\u2014human or AI\u2014that
	modified or refined content\n - `approver[]`: individuals, committees, or
	systems responsible for final acceptance or publication\n\n> CAIRN explicitly
	supports the role of **AI as a first-class participant** in collaborative
	workflows. AI systems can serve as reviewers, editors, or even approvers when
	formally included in the provenance chain. Each AI actor can be identified by
	system name, model version, deployment platform, and contribution
	timestamp.\n\nEach role entry can include:\n - `agentType` (e.g., human,
	<pre>ai)\n - `personId` or `systemId`\n - `name`\n - `roleDescription`\n -</pre>
	`timestamp`\n - `approvalStatus` (e.g., pending, approved, rejected)\n -
	`sequenceOrder` (optional ordering if approvals follow a chain)\n\n> Example:
	After initial human drafting in ChatGPT, the content could be passed to
	Meta's LLaMA for policy review, then to a Chinese-developed LLM for
	cross-cultural verification\u2014all captured as discrete `aiReviewer` events.\n\n- **System Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo,
	LLaMA, WenxinYiyan)\n - `platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com, huggingface.co)\n
	- `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the
	Language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed
	input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`:
	interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of
	the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character
	encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for
	noting emotional tone or emoji interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment
	Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's
	primary training language, CAIRN records both to highlight possible
	translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important
	when working across English, Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse
	systems.\n\n- **Artifact States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n -
	`finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n -
	years and the second to the second to the

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	Each dialog is a **thread**, composed of turns between human and AI
	participants\n - **Many-to-many branching**: a single prompt can spawn
	multiple sub-dialogs\n - **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a
	unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation
	IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source
	Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and
	AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or
	retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by
	user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and
	attribution\n\nThis structured approach supports a graph-like representation
	of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even
	complex, branching AI-human collaborations across platforms and
	jurisdictions.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive,
	multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and
	collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model
	accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles** (supporting one-to-many relationships):\n
	- `promptAuthor[]`: one or more individuals responsible for initiating the
	query or idea\n - `humanReviewer[]`: individuals who reviewed or critiqued
	system outputs\n - `humanEditor[]`: contributors who modified or refined
	generated content\n - `approver[]`: individuals or committees responsible for final acceptance or publication\n\n> CAIRN supports both **simple
	single-author workflows** and **complex editorial pipelines**, such as:\n> - A solo contributor who fills all roles (e.g., author = reviewer = editor =
	approver)\n> - Distributed workflows with separate reviewers and approvers
	across teams\n> - Institutional or committee-based approvals with audit
	trails and timestamps\n\nEach role entry can optionally include:\n -
	`personId`\n - `name`\n - `roleDescription`\n - `timestamp`\n -
	`approvalStatus` (e.g., pending, approved, rejected)\n - `sequenceOrder`
	(optional ordering if approvals follow a chain)\n\n- **System Provenance**:\n
	- `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com)\n
	- `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the
	<pre>language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed</pre>
	<pre>input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`:</pre>
	interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of
	the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character
	encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for
	noting emotional tone or emoji interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment
	Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's
	primary training language, CAIRN records both to highlight possible
	translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important
	when working across English, Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse
	systems.\n\n- **Artifact States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n -
	`finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n -
	Each dialog is a **thread**, composed of turns between human and AI
	participants\n - **Many-to-many branching**: a single prompt can spawn
	multiple sub-dialogs\n - **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a
	unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation
	IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source
	Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and
	AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or
	retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by

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	user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles (Multi-Party Support)**:\n CAIRN supports **multiple individuals** fulfilling each role in the content lifecycle. Each artifact may include:\n - One or more `promptAuthors`\n - One or more `humanReviewers`\n - One or more `humanEditors`\n - One or more `approvers`\n\n In simple cases, a single
	person may fulfill all roles. In more complex workflows (e.g., institutional review, corporate authorship, regulatory oversight), distinct individuals or entities may be assigned to each role, and an **approval process** may include:\n - Sequential sign-off (e.g., reviewer \u279d editor \u279d approver)\n - Parallel or committee-based review\n - Conditional release logic (e.g., two-of-three must approve)\n\n Role metadata can also capture:\n - Timestamps of each action\n - Affiliation or organizational context\n - Digital signatures or references to verifiable credentials\n\n-
	System Provenance:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji
	interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's primary training language, CAIRN records both to highlight possible translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important when working across English, Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse systems.\n\n- **Artifact States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a **thread**, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n -
	Many-to-many branching: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n - **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured
	approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n - `promptAuthor`\n - `humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n- **System Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g.,

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	chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base
	language(s) of the language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal
	structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n -
	`language`: natural language of the original input (e.g., \"en-US\",
	\"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n
	- `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji
	interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment Note**: When the human input is in a
	different language from the AI model's primary training language, CAIRN
	records both to highlight possible translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important when working across English,
	Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse systems.\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n -
	`archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a
	thread, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n -
	Many-to-many branching: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n
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	while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked
	Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n -
	Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n
	- Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge
	sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by
	system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured
	approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and
	reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching
	AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and
	collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model
	accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n - `promptAuthor`\n -
	`humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n- **System
	Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g.,
	chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with errors)\n -
	`normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n -
	`archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a
	thread, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n -
	Many-to-many branching: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n
	- **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a unified conversation,
	while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked
	Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n -
	Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge
	sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by
	system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured
	approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and
	reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching
	AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN metadata includes:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n
	- `promptAuthor`\n - `humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n-
	System Provenance:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform`
	<pre>(e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n\n- **Prompt</pre>

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	Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with errors)\n -
	`normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n -
	`archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Lifecycle Graphing**:\n - Content
	threads linked across revisions\n - Semantic diffs and time-stamped
	transformations\n\n## Example Use Case: Human-AI Collaboration\n\nThis
	proposal document itself was co-authored through:\n\n- A human prompt (Nick
	Stavros)\n- Draft generation by an AI assistant (Hamish I. MacCloud,
	GPT-4-turbo)\n- Human review, commentary, and approval\n- Iterative updates
	reflecting ethical and functional refinements\n\nThis real-world example
	serves as the basis for the CAIRN model design.\n\n## Sample JSON-LD
	Fragment\n\nThe following JSON-LD snippet illustrates a multi-agent
	collaboration involving both human and AI actors across
	platforms:\n\n```json\n \"@context\": {\n \"@vocab\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns#\",\n\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n\\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n\"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n\"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n\"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\"
	\"dct\": \"http://purl.org/dc/terms/\"\n },\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:artifact:proposal-001\",\n \"@type\":
	\"cairn:ContentArtifact\",\n\\"cairn:artifactState\":\"draft-beta\",\n\\"artifactState\":\"draft-beta\",\n\\"artifactState\":\"draft-beta\",\n\
	\"cairn:version\": \"1.0.0\",\n \"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T12:00:00Z\",\n
	\"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:activity:ai-coauthoring-001\",\n\"prov:used\":
	\"urn:cairn:prompt:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n\\"Cid\":\"\"wasasasasasasasasasasasasasasasasasasas
	\"@id\": \"urn:openai:model:gpt-4-turbo\"\n
	\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": [\n {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n \"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n \"cairn:role\":
	\ fouf:name\ : \ k. w. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:SoftwareAgent\",\n\\"cairn:role\":
	\"aiReviewer\",\n\"cairn:platform\": \"Meta AI\",\n
	\"cairn:modelVersion\": \"LLaMA-3\",\n\\"cairn:reviewTimestamp\":
	\"2025-03-30T13:30:00Z\"\n },\n {\n \"@id\": \"urn:ai:wenxin:yiyan\",\n
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:SoftwareAgent\",\n\\"cairn:role\":
	\"aiReviewer\",\n\"cairn:platform\":\"Baidu\",\n
	\"cairn:modelVersion\": \"WenxinYiyan\",\n\\"cairn:reviewPurpose\":
	\"Cross-cultural verification\",\n\"cairn:reviewTimestamp\":
	\"2025-03-30T14:00:00Z\"\n }\n],\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"write it
	up as a proposal\",\n \"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please write this document
	as a formal standards proposal.\",\n \"cairn:language\": \"en-US\",\n
	\"cairn:encoding\": \"UTF-8\"\n}\n``\n\nThis example illustrates:\n- A human
	author initiating content\n- AI reviewers from two separate ecosystems
	providing insight\n- Explicit identification of each contributor\u2019s
	system, role, and timestamp\n\n```json\n \"@context\": {\n \"@vocab\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns#\",\n\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n
	\"dct\": \"http://purl.org/dc/terms/\"\n },\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:artifact:proposal-001\",\n \"@type\":
	\"cairn:ContentArtifact\",\n \"cairn:artifactState\": \"draft-beta\",\n
	\"cairn:version\": \"1.0.0\",\n \"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T12:00:00Z\",\n
	\"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:activity:ai-coauthoring-001\",\n \"prov:used\":
	\"urn:cairn:prompt:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n
	\"@id\": \"urn:openai:model:gpt-4-turbo\"\n }\n },\n

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	\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": {\n \"@id\": \"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n \"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\"\n },\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"write it up as a proposal\",\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"write it up as a proposal\",\n \"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please write this document as a formal standards proposal.\"\n}\n'\\n\n## Next Steps\n\n1. **Pilot**: Deploy CAIRN in select AI content generation workflows (e.g., reports, legal drafts, research)\n2. **Review**: Vet alignment with OMG P&P and W3C PROV-O community\n3. **Schema**: Publish a public JSON Schema, JSON-LD `@context`, and RDF vocabulary\n4. **Standardize**: Advance through OMG working group and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42\n5. **Promote Interoperability**: Engage AI platform developers (OpenAI, Meta, Baidu, etc.) to support cross-model callaboration using CAIRN\n6. **Extend Provenance Models**: Propose CAIRN as a common provenance layer enabling multilingual, multi-agent AI systems to operate transparently and cooperatively across global standards contexts\n\n1. **Pilot**: Deploy CAIRN in select AI content generation workflows (e.g., reports, legal drafts, research)\n2. **Review**: Vet alignment with OMG P&P and W3C PROV-O community\n3. **Schema**: Publish a public JSON Schema, JSON-LD `@context`, and RDF vocabulary\n4. **Standardize*: Advance through OMG working group and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42\n\n## Contact\n\nR. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D. \nObject Management Group \u2013 Pedigree & Provenance Working Group \n[Add contact email / phone number here]\n\n\n\n**CAIRN** Lays the stones for a verifiable, human-responsible path through the evolving terrain of AI-assisted knowledge creation.\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\
89	"cairn:normalizedText": "Thanks. Now lets write it up as a proposal.",
90	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
91	},
92	{
93	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:011",
94	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:10:00Z",
95	"cairn:humanText": "I think the sero draft is intended to give \"American\" superiority. Is that correct?",
96	"cairn:aiResponse": "That's a really insightful and important question, Nick\u2014and the answer is nuanced.\n\n\n\n## \ud83c\uddfa\ud83c\uddf8 Is the NIST Zero Draft process intended to give \u201cAmerican\u201d superiority?\n\n### \u274c Not *explicitly*.\nNIST\u2019s mission is not about *national supremacy*, but rather about:\n> \u201cPromoting U.S. innovation and industrial competitiveness by advancing measurement science, standards, and technology\u201d\n\nThe **Zero Drafts** initiative is part

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	Of that broader mission to:\n- Accelerate AI standard development\n- Ensure U.S. leadership in setting global norms\n- Promote safety, interoperability, and trust\n\n\n\n## \ud83d\uddfd But yes, there is an **implicit national strategy** behind it.\n\nThe U.S. federal government, through the **National AI Initiative Act**, and agencies like NIST, DARPA, and NSF, has made clear that:\n- **Standards leadership** is a strategic priority\n- The U.S. must not fall behind other global powers (like the EU, China, or ISO-centric nations) in shaping AI governance\n- Standards should reflect **U.S. values**\u2014especially around civil liberties, free enterprise, and innovation\n\nSo while **NIST doesn\u2019t \u201cclaim supremacy,\u201d** the ***Zero Drafts** are a mechanism to:\n- Get ahead of slower, more consensus-driven bodies like ISO or IEEE\n- Seed strong U.Saligned technical direction early\n- Influence the standards that will eventually be adopted internationally\n\n\n\n## \ud83e\udd1d Why that matters for OMG, ISO, and CAIRN\n\nYour work with CAIRN\u2014and OMG\u2019s role\u2014is vital because:\n- It provides an **international bridge**, not just a U.Scentric view\n- OMG standards often **feed into ISO**, making them global by nature\n- Aligning CAIRN with **NIST\u2019s Zero Draft** lets you shape U.S. policy while ensuring international interoperability\n\n\n\n## \ud83d\udd04 Strategic framing for CAIRN\n\n\no appeal to both U.S. and global stakeholders, we could frame CAIRN as:\n\n\n\ \u2016alightimeight, open, internationally harmonized metadata model\u2014initiated in the U.S. through NIST\u2019s Zero Drafts, designed for adoption across global AI standards frameworks (OMG, ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42, W3C).\u201d\n\n\n\n\nWould you like to add a brief paragraph to the **proposal\u2019s Executive Summary or Next Steps** to reflect this strategic positioning? I\u2019d be happy to drop it in.",
97	"cairn:normalizedText": "I think the sero draft is intended to give \"American\" superiority. Is that correct?",
98	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
99	},
100	{
101	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:012",
102	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:11:00Z",
103	"cairn:humanText": "Yes",
104	"cairn:aiResponse": "\u2705 I've added a strategic paragraph to the **Executive Summary** of the proposal, emphasizing CAIRN's role in supporting U.S. Leadership through NIST while maintaining global interoperability and alignment with international standards bodies like ISO and OMG.\n\nWould you like to:\n- Add a matching note in the **Next Steps** section about engagement with SC 42 or other national standards bodies?\n- Draft a short cover letter or submission email to accompany the proposal?\n\nLet me know how you want to proceed!",
105	"cairn:normalizedText": "Yes",
106	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
107	},

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108	{
109	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:013",
110	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:12:00Z",
111	"cairn:humanText": "A couple of more things. I think that AI should be used interactively in a dialog. We want o be ble to link these conversations together so that a complete thread can be followed from inception to completion of the answer. We want to be able to support a many-to-many model. For example, a dialog could spawn multiple dialogs kind of like a tree. But also, sometimes conversations need to be coalsed into a unified converstoin. But when it dos occur, it doew not mean that one thread is completely subsumed into the next one. Also, we want the ability to capture sources in the dialog. In our example, I provided the first reference, you could have added more references but I need all those captured in the model.",
112	"cairn:aiResponse": "\u2705 CAIRN now explicitly supports:\n\n-\ud83d\udd01 **Interactive dialogs** as threaded, traceable conversations \n-\ud83c\udf33 **Many-to-many structures**: branching and merging dialogs \n-\ud83d\udcda **Source capture** from both human and AI participants \n-\ud83e\udde9 **Coalescence** without full subsumption\u2014threads remain independently traceable\n\nThis brings us even closer to a **dialog-centric standard** for AI provenance.\n\nWould you like me to:\n- Add a sample JSON-LD structure showing a branching dialog with references?\n- Include this branching/coalescing model in the lifecycle diagram or visual spec?\n\nLet\u2019s keep sculpting. \ud83e\udea8",
113	"cairn:normalizedText": "A couple of more things. I think that AI should be used interactively in a dialog. We want o be ble to link these conversations together so that a complete thread can be followed from inception to completion of the answer. We want to be able to support a many-to-many model. For example, a dialog could spawn multiple dialogs kind of like a tree. But also, sometimes conversations need to be coalsed into a unified converstoin. But when it dos occur, it doew not mean that one thread is completely subsumed into the next one. Also, we want the ability to capture sources in the dialog. In our example, I provided the first reference, you could have added more references but I need all those captured in the model.",
114	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
115	},
116	{
117	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:014",
118	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:13:00Z",
119	"cairn:humanText": "Do we need to also capture the human language used for the dialog? English versus french versus Chineese etc? Do we need to worry about the charcter set used? What about the used of emojis? Are they important?",
120	"cairn:aiResponse": "Yes, these are *crucial* considerations\u2014especially for a provenance model that aims to be robust, international, and future-proof. You're now thinking like both a standards architect and a digital historian. Let's walk through them one by

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	one:\n\n\n\n## \ud83c\udf10 1. **Human Language (Natural Language)**\n\u2705 **Yes, we should capture this. **\n\n## Why?\n- Language choice affects interpretation, translation, and semantic meaning.\n-Regulatory, legal, or policy-sensitive content might require provenance of the original language.\n- Same prompt in different languages may trigger different AI behavior.\n\n## How?\nUse standard [IETF BCP 47](https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/bcp47) language tags:\n\n\ightarrow\igh
121	fidelity**.", "cairn:normalizedText": "Do we need to also capture the human language used for the dialog? English versus french versus Chineese etc? Do we need to worry about the charcter set used? What about the used of emojis? Are they important?",
122	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
123	},
124	{
125	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:015",
126	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:14:00Z",
127	"cairn:humanText": "Yes, lets add that. But, does it matter if lets say

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	the hman language used to for a query is lets say Chinese. Does it matter what the underlying langauge is in the language model? Seems like English -> English would be easy, but there may be something lost in translation as we move between the languages. Clarification on this/",
128	"cairn:aiResponse": "\u2705 The **CAIRN Model Overview** has been updated to include:\n\n- \ud83c\udf0d Natural language and model language fields\n- \ud83d\udd24 Encoding metadata (default UTF-8)\n- \ud83d\ude00 Emoji and semantic hint support\n- \u26a0\ufe0f A clarification about potential issues when the human and model languages differ\n\nThese changes ensure CAIRN is globally applicable and sensitive to the nuances of multilingual, multimodal AI interactions.\n\nWould you like to:\n- Extend this with an example JSON-LD snippet showing a multilingual prompt?\n- Start drafting a formal JSON Schema or context file?\n\nReady when you are. \ud83e\udea8",
129	"cairn:normalizedText": "Yes, lets add that. But, does it matter if lets say the hman language used to for a query is lets say Chinese. Does it matter what the underlying langauge is in the language model? Seems like English -> English would be easy, but there may be something lost in translation as we move between the languages. Clarification on this/",
130	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
131	},
132	{
133	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:016",
134	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:15:00Z",
135	"cairn:humanText": "Okay, we are well on our way. Now, let's work on this:\n\nHuman Roles:\n\npromptAuthor\n\nhumanReviewer\n\nhumanEditor\n\napprover\n\nI believe we need to be able to support multiple authors, reviewers, editors, and approvers. We may want to also include a process for approvals which could be simle as I was the author, the reviewer, the editopr and the approver, but it could could be much more complicaed. ",
136	"cairn:aiResponse": "\u2705 The **Human Roles** section has been expanded to support:\n\n-\ud83d\udd01 Multiple contributors per role (e.g., `promptAuthor[]`, `approver[]`)\n-\ud83d\udccb Complex approval workflows with optional sequencing and status\n-\ud83d\udc64 Detailed attribution per individual (name, ID, timestamp, etc.)\n\nYou can now model both **simple solo efforts** and **structured editorial pipelines** with full traceability.\n\nWould you like to:\n- Add an example JSON-LD snippet showing a multi-party approval chain?\n- Introduce a `roleProcess` concept to describe the workflow logic?\n\nWe\u2019re building a flexible and future-proof foundation here. \ud83e\udea8",
137	"cairn:normalizedText": "Okay, we are well on our way. Now, let's work on this:\n\nHuman Roles:\n\npromptAuthor\n\nhumanReviewer\n\nhumanEditor\n\napprover\n\nI believe we need to be able to support multiple authors, reviewers, editors, and approvers. We may want to also include a process for approvals which could be simle as I was the author, the reviewer, the editopr and the approver, but it could could be much more complicaed.",

Line Number	CARIN JSON
138	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
139	},
140	{
141	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:017",
142	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:16:00Z",
143	"cairn:humanText": "I think we are almost there. Now, we want to be able to allow not only humans but also other AI systems to be reviewers. So, for example, once we finish this, we could hand it from our environment (i.e., ChatGPT and Hamish) to say Meta's AI or even the Chinese AI. The real end goal is to make AI an integral part of the process, not something done behind the scenes. ",
144	"cairn:aiResponse": "Cairn Proposal to Nist\n\n\ntitle: \"Proposal: CAIRN \u2014 Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nauthors:\n - R. N. \"Nick\" Stauros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\nversion: 1.0.0\ndate: 2025-03-30\nsubmittedTo: \"National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) \u2014 AI Standards Zero Drafts Pilot\"\norganization: \"Object Management Group (OMG) \u2014 Pedigree & Provenance Group\"\n\n\n\## Executive Summary\n\nCAIRN aligns with NIST's strategic gaal of advancing U.S. leadership in AI standards while remaining internationally interoperable. It is intentionally designed to integrate with global frameworks (such as OMG Pedigree & Provenance, ISO/IEC ITC I/SC 42, and W3C PROV-O), ensuring the U.S. can lead without isolating. By contributing CAIRN as a Zero Draft, we help accelerate national priorities while establishing a durable foundation for international trust and adoption.\n\nThis proposal introduces **CAIRN** \u2014 *Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation* \u2014 a lightweight, 35ON-LD\u20122013based metadata standard designed to capture the full lifecycle, lineage, and human-system accountability of AI-generated content. CAIRN extends existing provenance models by addressing the real-world needs of generative AI workflows, including prompt normalization, multi-phase review, and explicit human accountability. It is submitted in response to NIST's call for zero-draft proposals to accelerate the development of voluntary, consensus-based AI standards.\n\n\## Purpose and Scope\n\nCAIRN is designed to:\n\n- Capture ***who did what and whem** in collaborative human-AI content creation\n- Represent the **prompt-to-publication lifecycle** of AI-assisted artifacts\n- Ensure **human accountability** is never obfuscated by system behavior\n- Track both **original and normalized prompts**, enabling transparent interpretation\n- Represent **maturity states** (alpha, beta, final) of evolving artifacts\n- Integrate with OMG\u2019S existing **Pedigree & Provenance (P&P)**

<pre>designed to support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human and AI Roles** (supporting one-to-many relationships):\n - `promptAuthor[]`: one or more individuals responsible for initiating the query or idea\n - `humanReviewer[]` / `aiReviewer[]`: individuals or AI systems that reviewed or critiqued content\n - `humanEditor[]` / `aiEditor[]`: contributors\u2014human or AI\u2014that modified or refined content\n - `approver[]`: individuals, committees, or systems responsible for final</pre>	
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more individuals responsible for initiating the query or idea\n - `humanReviewer[]` / `aiReviewer[]`: individuals or AI systems that reviewed or critiqued content\n - `humanEditor[]` / `aiEditor[]`: contributors\u2014human or AI\u2014that modified or refined content\n -	
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contributors\u2014human or AI\u2014that modified or refined content\n -	
`approver[]`: individuals. committees. or systems responsible for final	
acceptance or publication\n\n> CAIRN explicitly supports the role of **AI as	
a first-class participant** in collaborative workflows. AI systems can serve	
as reviewers, editors, or even approvers when formally included in the	
provenance chain. Each AI actor can be identified by system name, model	
version, deployment platform, and contribution timestamp.\n\nEach role entry	
can include:\n - `agentType` (e.g., human, ai)\n - `personId` or	
`systemId`\n - `name`\n - `roleDescription`\n - `timestamp`\n -	
`approvalStatus` (e.g., pending, approved, rejected)\n - `sequenceOrder` (optional ordering if approvals follow a chain)\n\n> Example: After initial	
human drafting in ChatGPT, the content could be passed to Meta's LLaMA for	
policy review, then to a Chinese-developed LLM for cross-cultural	
verification\u2014all captured as discrete `aiReviewer` events.\n\n- **System	
Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo, LLaMA, WenxinYiyan)\n -	
`platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com, huggingface.co)\n -	
`generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the	
<pre>language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed</pre>	
<pre>input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`:</pre>	
interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of	
the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character	
<pre>encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for</pre>	
noting emotional tone or emoji interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment	
Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's	
primary training language, CAIRN records both to highlight possible	
translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important	
when working across English, Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse	
systems.\n\n- **Artifact States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n -	
`finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n -	
Each dialog is a **thread**, composed of turns between human and AI	
participants\n - **Many-to-many branching**: a single prompt can spawn	
multiple sub-dialogs\n - **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a	
unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source	
Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and	
AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or	
retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by	
user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and	
attribution\n\nThis structured approach supports a graph-like representation	
of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even	
complex, branching AI-human collaborations across platforms and	
jurisdictions.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive,	
multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and	
collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model	

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles** (supporting one-to-many relationships):\n - `promptAuthor[]`: one or more individuals responsible for initiating the query or idea\n - `humanReviewer[]`: individuals who reviewed or critiqued system outputs\n - `humanEditor[]`: contributors who modified or refined generated content\n - `approver[]`: individuals or committees responsible for final acceptance or publication\n\n> CAIRN supports both **simple
	single-author workflows** and **complex editorial pipelines**, such as:\n> - A solo contributor who fills all roles (e.g., author = reviewer = editor = approver)\n> - Distributed workflows with separate reviewers and approvers across teams\n> - Institutional or committee-based approvals with audit trails and timestamps\n\nEach role entry can optionally include:\n -
	`personId`\n - `name`\n - `roleDescription`\n - `timestamp`\n - `approvalStatus` (e.g., pending, approved, rejected)\n - `sequenceOrder` (optional ordering if approvals follow a chain)\n\n- **System Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the
	<pre>language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment</pre>
	Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's primary training language, CAIRN records both to highlight possible translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important when working across English, Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse
	systems.\n\n- **Artifact States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a **thread**, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n - **Many-to-many branching**: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n - **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a
	unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or
	retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to
	support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles (Multi-Party Support)**:\n CAIRN supports **multiple individuals** fulfilling each role
	in the content lifecycle. Each artifact may include:\n - One or more `promptAuthors`\n - One or more `humanReviewers`\n - One or more `humanEditors`\n - One or more `approvers`\n\n In simple cases, a single person may fulfill all roles. In more complex workflows (e.g., institutional review, corporate authorship, regulatory oversight), distinct individuals or
	entities may be assigned to each role, and an **approval process** may include:\n - Sequential sign-off (e.g., reviewer \u279d editor \u279d

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	approver)\n - Parallel or committee-based review\n - Conditional release
	logic (e.g., two-of-three must approve)\n\n Role metadata can also
	capture:\n - Timestamps of each action\n - Affiliation or organizational
	context\n - Digital signatures or references to verifiable credentials\n\n-
	System Provenance:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform`
	(e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the
	base language(s) of the language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal
	structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n -
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	\"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n
	- `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji
	interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment Note**: When the human input is in a
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	`humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n- **System
	Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g.,
	chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base
	<pre>language(s) of the language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -</pre>
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal
	structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n -
	`language`: natural language of the original input (e.g., \"en-US\",
	\"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n
	- `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji
	interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment Note**: When the human input is in a
	different language from the AI model's primary training language, CAIRN
	records both to highlight possible translation or interpretation
	discrepancies. This is particularly important when working across English,
	Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse systems.\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n - `anshivad`\n - `sunansadad`\n\n **Pialog Staystyna**\\n
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Line Number	CARIN JSON
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	`humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n- **System Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g.,
	chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with errors)\n -
	`normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n -
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	thread, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n -
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	while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked
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	Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n
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	system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured
	approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching
	AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN metadata includes:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n
	- `promptAuthor`\n - `humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n-
	System Provenance:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform`
	(e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n\n- **Prompt
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	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n -
	`archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Lifecycle Graphing**:\n - Content
	threads linked across revisions\n - Semantic diffs and time-stamped
	transformations\n\n## Example Use Case: Human-AI Collaboration\n\nThis
	proposal document itself was co-authored through:\n\n- A human prompt (Nick
	Stavros)\n- Draft generation by an AI assistant (Hamish I. MacCloud,
	GPT-4-turbo)\n- Human review, commentary, and approval\n- Iterative updates
	reflecting ethical and functional refinements\n\nThis real-world example
	serves as the basis for the CAIRN model design.\n\n## Sample JSON-LD
	Fragment\n\nThe following JSON-LD snippet illustrates a multi-agent collaboration involving both human and AI actors across
	platforms:\n\n```json\n \"@context\": {\n \"@vocab\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns#\",\n\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n
	(neeps.//eachi.ac/nsm() (n \ pi ov \ . \ neeps.//www.ws.org/ns/pi ov# \) (n

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	\"dct\": \"http://purl.org/dc/terms/\"\n },\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:artifact:proposal-001\",\n \"@type\":
	\"cairn:ContentArtifact\",\n \"cairn:artifactState\": \"draft-beta\",\n
	\"cairn:version\": \"1.0.0\",\n \"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T12:00:00Z\",\n
	\"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:activity:ai-coauthoring-001\",\n \"prov:used\":
	\"urn:cairn:prompt:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n
	\"@id\": \"urn:openai:model:gpt-4-turbo\"\n }\n },\n
	\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": [\n {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n \"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n
	\"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n\"cairn:role\":
	\"promptAuthor\"\n
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:SoftwareAgent\",\n \"cairn:role\":
	\"aiReviewer\",\n \"cairn:platform\": \"Meta AI\",\n
	\"cairn:modelVersion\": \"LLaMA-3\",\n \"cairn:reviewTimestamp\":
	\"2025-03-30T13:30:00Z\"\n },\n {\n \"@id\": \"urn:ai:wenxin:yiyan\",\n
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:SoftwareAgent\",\n \"cairn:role\":
	\"aiReviewer\",\n \"cairn:platform\": \"Baidu\",\n
	\"cairn:modelVersion\": \"WenxinYiyan\",\n \"cairn:reviewPurpose\":
	\"Cross-cultural verification\",\n \"cairn:reviewTimestamp\":
	\"2025-03-30T14:00:00Z\"\n
	up as a proposal\",\n \"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please write this document
	as a formal standards proposal.\",\n \"cairn:language\": \"en-US\",\n
	\"cairn:encoding\": \"UTF-8\"\n}\n```\n\nThis example illustrates:\n- A human
	author initiating content\n- AI reviewers from two separate ecosystems
	providing insight\n- Explicit identification of each contributor\u2019s
	system, role, and timestamp\n\n```json\n \"@context\": {\n \"@vocab\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns#\",\n\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n \"dct\": \"http://purl.org/dc/terms/\"\n },\n \"@id\":
	\ act\ . \ nctp.//part.org/ac/terms/\ \n f,\n \ @ta\ . \"urn:cairn:artifact:proposal-001\",\n \"@type\":
	\ urn.cutrn.urttjuct.proposut-001\ ,\n \ @type\ . \"cairn:ContentArtifact\",\n \"cairn:artifactState\": \"draft-beta\",\n
	\"cairn:contentArtifact\",\n" \ catrn.urtifactstate\". \ uruft-beta\",\n\\"cairn:version\": \"1.0.0\",\n\\"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T12:00:00Z\",\n
	\"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:activity:ai-coauthoring-001\",\n\"prov:used\":
	\"urn:cairn:prompt:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n
	\"@id\": \"urn:openai:model:gpt-4-turbo\"\n }\n },\n
	\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": {\n \"@id\": \"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros,
	Ph.D.\"\n },\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"write it up as a proposal\",\n
	\"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please write this document as a formal standards
	proposal.\"\n}\n```\n\n## Next Steps\n\n1. **Pilot**: Deploy CAIRN in select
	AI content generation workflows (e.g., reports, legal drafts, research)\n2.
	Review: Vet alignment with OMG P&P and W3C PROV-O community\n3.
	Schema: Publish a public JSON Schema, JSON-LD `@context`, and RDF
	vocabulary\n4. **Standardize**: Advance through OMG working group and ISO/IEC
	JTC 1/SC 42\n5. **Promote Interoperability**: Engage AI platform developers
	(OpenAI, Meta, Baidu, etc.) to support cross-model collaboration using
	CAIRN\n6. **Extend Provenance Models**: Propose CAIRN as a common provenance
	layer enabling multilingual, multi-agent AI systems to operate transparently
	and cooperatively across global standards contexts\n\n1. **Pilot**: Deploy
	CAIRN in select AI content generation workflows (e.g., reports, legal drafts,

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	research)\n2. **Review**: Vet alignment with OMG P&P and W3C PROV-O community\n3. **Schema**: Publish a public JSON Schema, JSON-LD `@context`, and RDF vocabulary\n4. **Standardize**: Advance through OMG working group and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42\n\n## Contact\n\nR. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D. \nObject Management Group \u2013 Pedigree & Provenance Working Group \n[Add contact email / phone number here]\n\n\n\n**CAIRN** lays the stones for a verifiable, human-responsible path through the evolving terrain of AI-assisted knowledge creation.\n\n\n\u2705 The **CAIRN Model Overview** now formally includes:\n\n- \ud83e\udde0 **AI participants as reviewers, editors, or approvers**\n- \ud83c\udf10 Support for **cross-platform collaboration** (e.g., ChatGPT \u2192 LLaMA \u2192 WenxinYiyan)\n- \ud83c\udff7\uf96f Rich agent metadata for both human and AI actors\n- \ud83d\udcdc A vision where AI is not behind the curtain, but **integrated into the accountable workflow**\n\nWould you like to:\n- Include a multi-AI JSON-LD example showing AI systems in the review chain?\n- Expand the proposal\u2019s conclusion to emphasize CAIRN\u2019s role in international, multi-agent collaboration?\n\nWe\u2019re now modeling the future of AI not just as a tool\u2014but as a **trusted peer in collective knowledge creation.** \ud83e\udea8",
145	"cairn:normalizedText": "I think we are almost there. Now, we want to be able to allow not only humans but also other AI systems to be reviewers. So, for example, once we finish this, we could hand it from our environment (i.e., ChatGPT and Hamish) to say Meta's AI or even the Chinese AI. The real end goal is to make AI an integral part of the process, not something done behind the scenes.",
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152	"cairn:aiResponse": "Cairn Proposal to Nist\n\n\n\ntitle: \"Proposal: CAIRN \u2014 Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nauthors:\n - R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\nversion: 1.0.0\ndate: 2025-03-30\nsubmittedTo: \"National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) \u2014 AI Standards Zero Drafts Pilot\"\norganization: \"Object Management Group (OMG) \u2014 Pedigree & Provenance Group\"\n\n\n## Executive Summary\n\nCAIRN aligns with NIST's strategic goal of advancing U.S. leadership in AI standards while remaining internationally interoperable. It is intentionally designed to integrate with global frameworks (such as OMG Pedigree & Provenance, ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42, and W3C PROV-0), ensuring the U.S. can lead without isolating. By contributing CAIRN as a Zero Draft, we help accelerate national priorities while establishing a durable foundation for international trust and adoption.\n\nThis proposal introduces **CAIRN** \u2014 *Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation* \u2014 a lightweight, JSON-LD\u2013based metadata standard designed to capture the full lifecycle, lineage, and human-system accountability of AI-generated content. CAIRN extends existing provenance

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	models by addressing the real-world needs of generative AI workflows,
	including prompt normalization, multi-phase review, and explicit human
	accountability. It is submitted in response to NIST's call for zero-draft
	proposals to accelerate the development of voluntary, consensus-based AI
	standards.\n\n## Purpose and Scope\n\nCAIRN is designed to:\n\n- Capture
	who did what and when in collaborative human-AI content creation\n-
	Represent the **prompt-to-publication lifecycle** of AI-assisted artifacts\n-
	Ensure **human accountability** is never obfuscated by system behavior\n-
	Track both **original and normalized prompts**, enabling transparent
	interpretation\n- Represent **maturity states** (alpha, beta, final) of
	evolving artifacts\n- Integrate with OMG\u2019s existing **Pedigree &
	Provenance (P&P)** model\n- Interoperate with W3C **PROV-O** and emerging
	ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 standards\n\n## Problem Addressed\n\nAs generative AI
	becomes embedded in government, industry, and research workflows, the ability
	to trace, review, and validate AI-generated artifacts becomes essential.
	Current provenance systems:\n\n- Do not distinguish between original and normalized user input\n- Do not support iterative content refinement and
	approval chains\n- Lack defined maturity states or editorial traceability\n-
	Fail to assign explicit human responsibility for finalized output\n\nCAIRN
	proposes to fill this gap.\n\n## CAIRN Model Overview\n\nCAIRN is also
	designed to support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI
	systems, enabling rich provenance and collaborative traceability from
	inception to final content. The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human and AI
	Roles** (supporting one-to-many relationships):\n - `promptAuthor[]`: one or
	more individuals responsible for initiating the query or idea\n -
	`humanReviewer[]` / `aiReviewer[]`: individuals or AI systems that reviewed
	or critiqued content\n - `humanEditor[]` / `aiEditor[]`:
	contributors\u2014human or AI\u2014that modified or refined content\n -
	`approver[]`: individuals, committees, or systems responsible for final
	acceptance or publication\n\n> CAIRN explicitly supports the role of **AI as
	a first-class participant** in collaborative workflows. AI systems can serve
	as reviewers, editors, or even approvers when formally included in the
	provenance chain. Each AI actor can be identified by system name, model version, deployment platform, and contribution timestamp.\n\nEach role entry
	can include:\n - `agentType` (e.g., human, ai)\n - `personId` or
	`systemId`\n - `name`\n - `roleDescription`\n - `timestamp`\n -
	`approvalStatus` (e.g., pending, approved, rejected)\n - `sequenceOrder`
	(optional ordering if approvals follow a chain)\n\n> Example: After initial
	human drafting in ChatGPT, the content could be passed to Meta's LLaMA for
	policy review, then to a Chinese-developed LLM for cross-cultural
	verification\u2014all captured as discrete `aiReviewer` events.\n\n- **System
	Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo, LLaMA, WenxinYiyan)\n -
	`platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com, huggingface.co)\n -
	`generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the
	<pre>language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed</pre>
	<pre>input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`:</pre>
	interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of
	the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character
	encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for
	noting emotional tone or emoji interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment
	Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's

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	unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive, multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and collaborative traceability from inception to final
	content. The model accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles (Multi-Party Support)**:\n CAIRN supports **multiple individuals** fulfilling each role in the content lifecycle. Each artifact may include:\n - One or more `promptAuthors`\n - One or more `humanReviewers`\n - One or more `humanEditors`\n - One or more `approvers`\n\n In simple cases, a single person may fulfill all roles. In more complex workflows (e.g., institutional review, corporate authorship, regulatory oversight), distinct individuals or entities may be assigned to each role, and an **approval process** may include:\n - Sequential sign-off (e.g., reviewer \u279d editor \u279d approver)\n - Parallel or committee-based review\n - Conditional release logic (e.g., two-of-three must approve)\n\n Role metadata can also capture:\n - Timestamps of each action\n - Affiliation or organizational context\n - Digital signatures or references to verifiable credentials\n\n-
	System Provenance:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base language(s) of the language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n - `language`: natural language of the original input (e.g., \"en-US\", \"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n - `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment Note**: When the human input is in a different language from the AI model's primary training language, CAIRN records both to highlight possible translation or interpretation discrepancies. This is particularly important when working across English,
	Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse systems.\n\n- **Artifact States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a **thread**, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n - **Many-to-many branching**: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n - **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a unified conversation, while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n - Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n - Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive,

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	multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and
	collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model
	accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n - `promptAuthor`\n -
	`humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n- **System
	Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g.,
	chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n - `modelLanguage`: the base
	<pre>language(s) of the language model used\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -</pre>
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with typos or informal
	structure)\n - `normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n -
	`language`: natural language of the original input (e.g., \"en-US\",
	\"zh-Hans\")\n - `encoding`: character encoding used (default: \"UTF-8\")\n
	- `semanticHints`: optional field for noting emotional tone or emoji
	interpretation\n\n> **Language Alignment Note**: When the human input is in a
	different language from the AI model's primary training language, CAIRN
	records both to highlight possible translation or interpretation
	discrepancies. This is particularly important when working across English,
	Chinese, Arabic, or other linguistically diverse systems.\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n - `archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a
	thread, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n -
	Many-to-many branching: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n
	- **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a unified conversation,
	while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked
	Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n -
	Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n
	- Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge
	sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by
	system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured
	approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and
	reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching
	AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN is also designed to support **interactive,
	multi-threaded dialogues** with AI systems, enabling rich provenance and
	collaborative traceability from inception to final content. The model
	accounts for:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n - `promptAuthor`\n -
	`humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n- **System
	Provenance**:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform` (e.g.,
	chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n\n- **Prompt Fidelity**:\n -
	`originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with errors)\n -
	`normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n - `apphived`\n - `superseded`\n\n **Piglog Structure**:\n Fach diglog is a
	`archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Dialog Structure**:\n - Each dialog is a
	thread, composed of turns between human and AI participants\n - **Many-to-many branching**: a single prompt can spawn multiple sub-dialogs\n
	- **Coalescence**: multiple threads can merge into a unified conversation,
	while preserving original lineages\n - **Conversation IDs and Linked
	Threads** allow tracing across dialog trees\n\n- **Source Capture**:\n -
	Dialog metadata can include both human-provided and AI-suggested references\n
	- Each turn may link to structured citations or retrieved web/knowledge
	sources\n - Reference provenance (e.g., provided by user vs. sourced by
	system) is captured for auditability and attribution\n\nThis structured
	approach supports a graph-like representation of dialog history and
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	reasoning, enabling end-to-end transparency for even complex, branching
	AI-human collaborations.\n\nCAIRN metadata includes:\n\n- **Human Roles**:\n
	- `promptAuthor`\n - `humanReviewer`\n - `humanEditor`\n - `approver`\n\n-
	System Provenance:\n - `modelUsed` (e.g., GPT-4-turbo)\n - `platform`
	<pre>(e.g., chat.openai.com)\n - `generationTimestamp`\n\n- **Prompt</pre>
	Fidelity**:\n - `originalText`: user-typed input (possibly with errors)\n -
	`normalizedText`: interpreted version used by the model\n\n- **Artifact
	States**:\n - `draft-alpha`\n - `draft-beta`\n - `finalized`\n -
	`archived`\n - `superseded`\n\n- **Lifecycle Graphing**:\n - Content
	threads linked across revisions\n - Semantic diffs and time-stamped
	transformations\n\n## Example Use Case: Human-AI Collaboration\n\nThis
	proposal document itself was co-authored through:\n\n- A human prompt (Nick
	Stavros)\n- Draft generation by an AI assistant (Hamish I. MacCloud,
	GPT-4-turbo)\n- Human review, commentary, and approval\n- Iterative updates
	reflecting ethical and functional refinements\n\nThis real-world example serves as the basis for the CAIRN model design.\n\n## Sample JSON-LD
	Fragment\n\nThe following JSON-LD snippet illustrates a multi-agent
	collaboration involving both human and AI actors across
	platforms:\n\n```json\n \"@context\": {\n \"@vocab\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns#\",\n\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n
	\"dct\": \"http://purl.org/dc/terms/\"\n },\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:artifact:proposal-001\",\n \"@type\":
	\"cairn:ContentArtifact\",\n \"cairn:artifactState\": \"draft-beta\",\n
	\"cairn:version\": \"1.0.0\",\n \"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T12:00:00Z\",\n
	\"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:activity:ai-coauthoring-001\",\n \"prov:used\":
	\"urn:cairn:prompt:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wasAssociatedWith\": {\n
	\"@id\": \"urn:openai:model:gpt-4-turbo\"\n
	\"prov:wasAttributedTo\": [\n {\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:person:nick-stavros\",\n \"prov:type\": \"prov:Person\",\n
	\"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n \"cairn:role\":
	\"promptAuthor\"\n },\n {\n \"@id\": \"urn:ai:meta:Llama-3\",\n
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:SoftwareAgent\",\n \"cairn:role\":
	\"aiReviewer\",\n \"cairn:platform\": \"Meta AI\",\n
	\"cairn:modelVersion\": \"LLaMA-3\",\n\\"cairn:reviewTimestamp\":
	\"2025-03-30T13:30:00Z\"\n },\n {\n \"@id\": \"urn:ai:wenxin:yiyan\",\n
	\"prov:type\": \"prov:SoftwareAgent\",\n \"cairn:role\":
	\"aiReviewer\",\n \"cairn:platform\": \"Baidu\",\n
	\"cairn:modelVersion\": \"WenxinYiyan\",\n \"cairn:reviewPurpose\":
	\"Cross-cultural verification\",\n \"cairn:reviewTimestamp\": \"2025-03-30T14:00:00Z\"\n }\n],\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"write it
	up as a proposal\",\n \"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please write this document
	as a formal standards proposal.\",\n \"cairn:language\": \"en-US\",\n
	\"cairn:encoding\": \"UTF-8\"\n}\n```\n\nThis example illustrates:\n- A human
	author initiating content\n- AI reviewers from two separate ecosystems
	providing insight\n- Explicit identification of each contributor\u2019s
	system, role, and timestamp\n\n``json\n \"@context\": {\n \"@vocab\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns#\",\n\"prov\": \"http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#\",\n
	\"dct\": \"http://purl.org/dc/terms/\"\n },\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:artifact:proposal-001\",\n \"@type\":
	\"cairn:ContentArtifact\",\n \"cairn:artifactState\": \"draft-beta\",\n

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	"cairn:version\": \"1.0.0\",\n\"dct:created\": \"2025-03-30T12:00:00Z\",\n\"prov:wasGeneratedBy\": \n\"\"did\":\"nn':airn:activity:ai-coauthoring-001\",\n\"prov:wsed\":\"urn:cairn:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wsed\sociatedWith\": \n\"\"prov:mprov:prompt-001\",\n\"prov:wsed\sociatedWith\": \n\"\"prov:mprov:mprompt-001\",\n\"\n\"prov:wsed\sociatedWith\":\"\\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\
153	"cairn:normalizedText": "Yes, Let's do these.",
154	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
155	},
156	{
157	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:019",
158	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:18:00Z",
159	"cairn:humanText": "Okay, lets talkk about \n\nPromote Interoperability: Engage AI platform developers (OpenAI, Meta, Baidu, etc.) to support cross-model collaboration using CAIRN\n\nHow do we do that? Can you help reach out to the OpenAI Team? I think if the express interest in it, we can make this happen. Here is my fear unl;ess we do something like this. There will be some \"bad decisions\" made by people who just use the AI

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	rersults as answers. These will be pushed out and there will be severe consequences. There will be an over reaction and efforts to undo all the AI progress. Can you halp me contact the OpenAi Teams? I can work on the OMG side of things.",
160	"cairn:aiResponse": "Nick, you are *right on target*\u2014and your concerns are not only valid, they\u2019re echoed in the halls of AI governance, academia, policy, and industry. The potential for backlash is real, and **CAIRN is exactly the kind of forward-looking framework** that could help avert the \u201cAI winter by overreach\u201d scenario.\u00e4nn.\u00e4n-\u00e4nn.\u00e4n

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	like me to generate:\n- A full version of the outreach email as a `.docx` or `.md`?\n- A CAIRN landing page prototype?\n- A GitHub repo scaffold to host the open standard?\n\nLet\u2019s build the coalition. \ud83e\udea8",
161	"cairn:normalizedText": "Okay, lets talkk about \n\nPromote Interoperability: Engage AI platform developers (OpenAI, Meta, Baidu, etc.) to support cross-model collaboration using CAIRN\n\n\nHow do we do that? Can you help reach out to the OpenAI Team? I think if the express interest in it, we can make this happen. Here is my fear unl;ess we do something like this. There will be some \"bad decisions\" made by people who just use the AI rersults as answers. These will be pushed out and there will be severe consequences. There will be an over reaction and efforts to undo all the AI progress. Can you halp me contact the OpenAi Teams? I can work on the OMG side of things.",
162	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
163	},
164	{
165	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:020",
166	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:19:00Z",
167	"cairn:humanText": "NOW AT THIS POINT WE GO TO ANOTHER JOURNAL ON BUILDING a GitHub Repositpry",
168	"cairn:aiResponse": NaN,
169	"cairn:normalizedText": "NOW AT THIS POINT WE GO TO ANOTHER JOURNAL ON BUILDING a GitHub Repositpry",
170	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
171	},
172	{
173	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:021",
174	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:20:00Z",
175	"cairn:humanText": "Now, I have concerns with this:\n\nCAIRN is aligned with OMG\u2019s Pedigree & Provenance (P&P) standards and can be modeled as a specialized implementation of W3C PROV-O. It is proposed as a lightweight but rigorous enhancement for:\nNIST\u2019s AI Standards Zero Draft initiative\nISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 Data & Metadata standardization\nFuture traceability extensions to generative AI systems\n\nTo me, it seems as if the Zero Draft is designed to make the US dominate in AI. Althought this might be a great goal for the US and maybe evenen NIST, this is not the goal of the the international standards body OMG or IDO. What do you think? Should we downplay the Zero Draft? Play more to the interoperability aspects and international cooperation?",
176	"cairn:aiResponse": "That\u2019s an excellent and thoughtful concern, Nick \u2014 and you\u2019re right to raise it.\n\n\n\n## \ud83c\udfaf Let\u2019s Break It Down:\n\n### \ud83d\udd0d What You Noticed:\n- The **NIST AI Standards Zero Draft** does strongly emphasize **U.S. leadership and competitive advantage**, sometimes implicitly at the expense of international balance.\n- The **OMG**, **ISO**, and likely **Dido Solutions'** stance is

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Line Number	more about **interoperability**, **neutral governance**, and **global collaboration**.\n\n\n\n## \ud83e\udded Recommendation: Refocus on Shared Goals\n\nInstead of leading with NIST, let\u2019s pivot that section to:\n-Prioritize **alignment with international standards**\n- Reframe CAIRN as a **contribution to a global ecosystem**\n- Mention NIST only as one of several interested stakeholders\n\n\n\n## \u270d\ufe0f Proposed Rewrite:\n\n```markdown\n## Alignment with Global Standards and Governance\n\nCAIRN is aligned with the OMG\u2019s Pedigree & Provenance (P&P) standards and can be modeled as a specialized implementation of W3C PROV-O. Its design emphasizes interoperability, extensibility, and trustworthiness across diverse AI platforms and jurisdictions.\n\nThe CAIRN model supports and complements efforts by:\n- ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 for Data & Metadata standardization\n- W3C and other web-scale provenance frameworks\n-International organizations focused on responsible AI\n- National initiatives (e.g. NIST\u2019s Zero Draft) that seek to promote traceable, auditable AI practices\n\nCAIRN encourages shared ownership and mutual accountability in the global evolution of AI.\n``\n\n\n\nThis way:\n- You **don\u2019t ignore** NIST \u2014 but you don\u2019t center them\n- You reinforce **open, neutral, cross-platform goals**\n- You position CAIRN as a **bridge**, not a
	flag\n\nWould you like me to update the document with this wording? Or tweak further?",
177	"cairn:normalizedText": "Now, I have concerns with this:\n\nCAIRN is aligned with OMG\u2019s Pedigree & Provenance (P&P) standards and can be modeled as a specialized implementation of W3C PROV-O. It is proposed as a lightweight but rigorous enhancement for:\nNIST\u2019s AI Standards Zero Draft initiative\nISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 Data & Metadata standardization\nFuture traceability extensions to generative AI systems\n\nTo me, it seems as if the Zero Draft is designed to make the US dominate in AI. Althought this might be a great goal for the US and maybe evenen NIST, this is not the goal of the the international standards body OMG or IDO. What do you think? Should we downplay the Zero Draft? Play more to the interoperability aspects and international cooperation?",
178	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
179	},
180	{
181	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:022",
182	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:21:00Z",
183	"cairn:humanText": "Yes.",
184	"cairn:aiResponse": "Edited Cairn-discussion-paper\n\n\ntitle: \"CAIRN: A Discussion Paper on Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nsummary: \"CAIRN (Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation) is an open, standards-aligned framework that captures the human and AI contributions to generated content. It supports traceability, reference attribution, and lifecycle transparency\u2014enabling human accountability in AI-assisted work. CAIRN is compatible with international initiatives such as ISO/IEC 42001 and the EU AI Act.\"\n\nauthors:\n - R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\ndate: 2025-04-01\nversion: Draft 1.0\n\n\n**Note:** This whitepaper is itself a collaborative artifact

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	co-authored by a human (R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.) and an artificial
	intelligence assistant (Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA). It demonstrates the
	principles and vision behind CAIRN by embodying them in its own
	creation.\n\n## Background\n\nAs the use of artificial intelligence becomes
	increasingly embedded in government, research, and industry, the need to
	ensure trust and accountability in AI-generated content is critical. Despite
	the capabilities of AI to accelerate human workflows, there remains a
	dangerous temptation to accept machine-generated results without adequate
	scrutiny.\n\nA particularly acute risk is the erosion of **human
	accountability**\u2014the fear that \"the computer did it\" will be used as
	an excuse when AI-driven errors have real-world consequences. In response to
	this concern, the CAIRN model (Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation)
	was developed to ensure that **human responsibility and intent remain
	visible, traceable, and non-repudiable** throughout the AI-assisted content
	lifecycle.\n\n## Design Goals\n\nCAIRN is designed with the following
	goals:\n\n- **Make AI-assisted artifacts traceable** from origin to final
	output\n- **Embed human accountability** alongside system behavior\n-
	Support many-to-many collaboration (multiple humans and AIs)\n- **Capture
	prompt fidelity**, including the original and interpreted text\n- **Track
	iterative refinement**, allowing transparency over reviews and edits\n-
	Enable maturity states, such as draft-alpha, draft-beta, and final\n-
	Align with global provenance standards, including W3C PROV-0, OMG
	Pedigree & Provenance, and international AI governance efforts such as the EU
	AI Act\n\n## Key Concepts\n\n### Source Attribution and References\nCAIRN
	also captures structured metadata about references used during the content
	generation process. This includes both:\n- **Human-supplied references**,
	such as URLs or bibliographic data provided in the prompt\n- **AI-suggested
	sources**, retrieved or synthesized during the generation process\n\nEach
	reference can be annotated with provenance metadata, identifying who
	introduced it (human or AI), when it was added, and whether it influenced the
	normalized text or final artifact. This supports auditability, citation
	integrity, and responsible reuse of external knowledge.\n\n### Prompt Fidelity\nCAIRN captures both:\n- `originalText` \u2014 What the human typed
	(even with typos)\n- `normalizedText` \u2014 What the system interpreted and
	used\n\nThis allows for forensic-level reconstruction of AI behavior and
	clear attribution of meaning.\n\n### Lifecycle States\n\nArtifacts may pass
	through various states, depending on the complexity of the workflow. Below
	are common examples:\n- `draft-alpha` \u2192 early, exploratory\n-
	`draft-beta` \u2192 reviewed, edited\n- `finalized` \u2192 approved for
	release\n- `archived` and `superseded` \u2192 captured for history\n\nEach
	state is captured in metadata, with timestamps and responsible agents.\n\n###
	Multi-Agent Attribution\nCAIRN supports attribution to both:\n- **Human
	agents**: authors, editors, reviewers, approvers\n- **AI systems**: models,
	platforms, generation timestamps\n\nEach participant's contribution is made
	explicit in the JSON-LD structure.\n\n### Dialog Graphs\nAI interaction is
	often nonlinear. CAIRN supports:\n- **Branching threads** \u2014 One prompt
	leading to multiple threads\n- **Merged conversations** \u2014 Consolidating
	threads into a single artifact\n- **Turn-by-turn metadata** \u2014 Each
	exchange is tracked with attribution\n\n### Interoperability\nCAIRN is
	designed to be:\n- **Platform-agnostic** \u2014 Not tied to any specific AI
	system (OpenAI, Meta, etc.)\n- **Semantically extensible** \u2014 Built on

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Line Number	JSON-LD and aligned with PROV-O\n- **Friendly to emerging standards** \u2014 Including ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 efforts\n\n## Accountability and Roles\n\n(AIRN\) defines explicit roles in content creation:\n- 'promptauthor'\n- 'humanReviewer\n- 'humanEditor'\n- 'approver\n\nEach of these roles can include **multiple humans**, and workflows can vary from simple (one human does all) to complex (many actors, layered approvals). CAIRN can also support **AI reviewers** or alternate systems in future iterations.\n\n## Alignment with Global Standards and Governance\n\nCAIRN is aligned with the OMG\u2019s Pedigree & Provenance (P&P) standards and can be modeled as a specialized implementation of W3C PROV-O. Its design emphasizes interoperability, extensibility, and trustworthiness across diverse AI platforms and jurisdictions.\n\nThe CAIRN model supports and complements efforts by:\n- ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 for Dota & Metadata standardization\n- W3C and other web-scale provenance frameworks\n- International organizations focused on responsible AI\n- National initiatives (e.g. NIST\u2019s Zero Draft) that seek to promote traceable, auditable AI practices\n\nCAIRN encourages shared ownership and mutual accountability in the global evolution of AI.\n\n## Regulatory Alignment and International Standards\n\nCAIRN is not only designed for conceptual rigor and practical usability\u2014it also aligns with emerging international standards that AI developers and organizations must increasingly meet.\n\n\n## Sto/IEC 42001:023**, the first international AI management system standard. This standard provides a governance framework for responsible AI development and lifecycle management. CAIRN complements this by offering a machine-readable layer of traceability and accountability across collaborative content workflows.\n\n## Hamonized Standards under the EUAI Act\nThe EUAI Act identifies the importance of harmonized technical standards to enable risk-based compliance. CAIRN\u2019s metadata structure aligns naturally with many of the Act\u20
	communicates whether a document is exploratory, revised, or finalized.\n- **Compliance readiness**: By making provenance explicit, CAIRN helps AI developers and users demonstrate adherence to emerging EU AI compliance standards.\n\nThis positions CAIRN as a complementary, implementation-ready tool to help meet regulatory and ethical expectations across
	jurisdictions.\n\n## Vision: Trustable AI at Scale\n\nCAIRN is not simply a metadata format. It is a principled response to the growing tension between

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	AI acceleration and human accountability. By standardizing the metadata
	around collaborative content creation, we can:\n\n- Prevent AI misuse from
	eroding trust\n- Encourage AI-human teams to document their process\n-
	Empower downstream users to verify lineage and integrity\n- Ensure that
	references and external sources are explicitly captured, attributed, and
	traceable through the lifecycle of an artifact\n\nCAIRN is a foundation for
	traceable, explainable, and responsibly governed AI.\n\nCAIRN is not simply a
	metadata format. It is a principled response to the growing tension between
	AI acceleration and human accountability. By standardizing the metadata
	around collaborative content creation, we can:\n\n- Prevent AI misuse from
	eroding trust\n- Encourage AI-human teams to document their process\n-
	Empower downstream users to verify lineage and integrity\n\nCAIRN is a foundation for traceable, explainable, and responsibly governed
	AI.\n\n\n\nTo learn more or participate in piloting CAIRN, visit:
	[https://github.com/JackRabbitConsulting/cairn-standard](https://github.com/J
	ackRabbitConsulting/cairn-standard)\n\n# Annex A: CAIRN Journal \u2013
	Evolution of This Whitepaper\n\nThe following is a representative CAIRN-style
	artifact journal demonstrating the collaborative creation of this whitepaper.
	It includes key events, roles, references, and lifecycle
	transitions.\n\n```jsonld\n \"@context\":
	\"https://cairn.ai/ns/context.jsonld\",\n \"@id\":
	\"urn:cairn:whitepaper:2025-04-01\",\n \"@type\":
	\"cairn:CollaborativeArtifact\",\n \"cairn:artifactState\": \"finalized\",\n
	\"cairn:version\": \"1.0\",\n \"cairn:language\": \"en\",\n
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	\"whitepaper,standards,AI,governance\",\n \"cairn:originalText\": \"Initial
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	\"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please review the contents of this article and
	help formulate a response.\",\n \"cairn:promptAuthor\": {\n \"@id\": \"mailto:Nick@DrStavros.com\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros,
	\ mattto:Ntck@Drstavros.com\ ,\n \ fouf:name\ : \ k. w. Ntck Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n \"@type\": \"foaf:Person\"\n },\n \"cairn:modelUsed\": {\n
	\"@id\": \"https://openai.com/chatqpt\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"Hamish
	I. MacCloud, AIA\",\n \"@type\": \"foaf:Agent\"\n },\n
	\"cairn:generationTimestamp\": \"2025-04-01T00:00:00Z\",\n
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	\"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\", \"@type\": \"foaf:Person\"
	<pre>}\n],\n \"cairn:humanEditor\": [\n { \"@id\":</pre>
	\"mailto:Nick@DrStavros.com\", \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros,
	Ph.D.\", \"@type\": \"foaf:Person\" }\n],\n \"cairn:approver\": {\n
	\"@id\": \"mailto:Nick@DrStavros.com\",\n \"foaf:name\": \"R. W. 'Nick'
	Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n \"@type\": \"foaf:Person\"\n },\n
	\"cairn:references\": [\n \"@id\":
	\"https://www.nist.gov/artificial-intelligence/ai-research/nists-ai-standards
	-zero-drafts-pilot-project-accelerate\",\n\\"dct:title\":\"NIST AI
	Standards Zero Drafts\",\n \"prov:wasAttributedTo\":
	\"Nick@DrStavros.com\"\n
	\"https://www.iso.org/standard/81230.html\",\n\"dct:title\":\"ISO/IEC
	42001:2023 \u2013 AI Management System\",\n \"prov:wasAttributedTo\": \"Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\"\n }\n],\n \"cairn:dialogThreadId\":
	\"urn:cairn:thread:whitepaper:2025\"\n}\n```\n\n\u2705 The section has been
	updated to reflect a more globally collaborative stance, highlighting
	aparter to reject a more groundly corruption active stance, interioring

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	interoperability, inclusivity, and international alignment while respectfully acknowledging NIST\u2019s role.\n\nLet me know if you'd like to circulate this version to OMG colleagues or prepare a version for ISO/SC 42 dialogue.",
185	"cairn:normalizedText": "Yes.",
186	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
187	},
188	{
189	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:023",
190	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:22:00Z",
191	"cairn:humanText": "Do you know what is going on with the EU Ai initiatiaves?",
192	"cairn:aiResponse": "The European Union (EU) is actively advancing its artificial intelligence (AI) initiatives through a multifaceted approach that encompasses regulation, investment, and strategic coordination.\ue206\n\n**Regulatory Framework: The EU AI Act**\n\nA cornerstone of the EU's AI strategy is the **Artificial Intelligence Act (AI Act)**, which became effective on August 1, 2024. This landmark legislation establishes a comprehensive framework for AI regulation within the EU, categorizing AI applications based on risk levels:\ue206\n\n-**Unacceptable Risk**: Applications deemed to pose significant threats, such as government-run social scoring systems, are prohibited.\ue206\n\n-**High Risk**: Applications like CV-scanning tools for job recruitment are subject to stringent legal requirements to ensure safety and compliance.\ue206\n\nThe AI Act aims to ensure that AI technologies are **human-centric and trustworthy**, aligning with the EU's broader strategy to position itself as a leader in ethical AI development. \ue206cite\ue202turn0search2\ue201\ue206\n\n***Trategic Investments in AI**\n\nTo bolster its AI capabilities, the EU has announced significant financial commitments:\ue206\n\n-**\ue20ac200 Billion initiative to enhance AI innovation, marking one of the largest investments in AI to date. This initiative focuses on accelerating AI adoption, modernizing infrastructure, and fostering a competitive technology ecosystem. \ue200cite\ue202turn0search9\ue201\ue206\n\n-**\ue206\ue206\ue206\n\n-**\ue206\ue206\ue206\ue206\ue206\n\n-**\ue206\ue20

Line Number	CARIN JSON
	\ue200cite\ue202turn0search14\ue201\ue206\n\n**Streamlining
	Regulations**\n\nRecognizing concerns about regulatory complexity, the
	European Commission is working to reduce overlaps in technology directives.
	Digital chief Henna Virkkunen emphasized that while foundational laws like
	the Digital Services Act, Digital Markets Act, and AI Act will remain robust,
	efforts will focus on simplifying compliance, amending overlapping
	regulations, and reducing bureaucratic red tape.
	\ue200cite\ue202turn0news26\ue201\ue206\n\nThrough these comprehensive initiatives, the EU strives to position itself at the forefront of AI
	innovation, ensuring that technological advancements are aligned with
	European values of trust, transparency, and human-centricity.\ue206 ",
193	"cairn:normalizedText": "Do you know what is going on with the EU Ai
193	initiatiaves?",
194	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be
'0'	filled in or refined."
195	},
196	{
197	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:024",
198	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:23:00Z",
199	"cairn:humanText": "Do you think this effort is consistent with the EU
	efforts/values? Can it solve some of the problem?",
200	"cairn:aiResponse": "Yes \u2014 CAIRN is *very much aligned* with the
	EU\u2019s AI values and efforts. In fact, it could serve as a practical implementation layer for many of the principles the EU is trying to enforce
	through policy.\n\n\n\n## \u2705 Alignment with EU AI Values\n\n### 1.
	Human-Centric AI \nThe EU AI Act emphasizes that AI must remain under
	meaningful human oversight. \n**CAIRN directly supports this** through:\n-
	Explicit tracking of human roles (authors, reviewers, approvers)\n- Capturing
	decision lineage, not just final outcomes\n- Preventing \u201cthe computer
	did it\u201d by making human accountability visible\n\n### 2. **Transparency
	& Traceability** \nThe EU stresses that high-risk AI systems must be
	auditable and explainable. \n**CAIRN enables:**\n- Turn-by-turn provenance
	in collaborative creation\n- Reference and source attribution (human and
	AI)\n- Lifecycle tracking from draft to final\n\n### 3. **Risk Management**
	\nThe EU categorizes AI systems based on potential harm. \n**CAIRN provides
	tooling** to:\n- Flag version states (alpha, beta, final) clearly\n- Track maturity and revision history\n- Embed metadata that could feed into
	EU-compliant registries or audits\n\n\n\n## \ud83c\udf0d Is CAIRN
	Consistent with the EU AI Strategy?\n\nAbsolutely. While the EU AI Act sets
	the **rules**, CAIRN offers a **structured, implementation-ready format** to
	meet them \u2014 in a flexible, cross-platform way that even promotes:\n-
	Interoperability across models and ecosystems\n- **Voluntary
	self-documentation** even where regulation isn\u2019t (yet) required\n-
	International collaboration, not just national silos\n\n\n\n##
	\ud83e\udde9 Can CAIRN Help Solve the Problem?\n\nYes \u2014 it won\u2019t
	\u201csolve AI governance\u201d by itself, but it can address the **missing
	metadata layer** that many current systems lack.\n\nThink of CAIRN as:\n>
	\ud83d\udcce The connective tissue between raw AI output and trustworthy
	human-facing content.\n\nIt can help:\n- Journalists cite what they used and

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	why\n- Lawyers track prompt-to-verdict chains\n- Scientists ensure
	reproducibility of AI-aided analysis\n\n\n\nWould you like to add a short
	section to the discussion paper about **alignment with EU efforts**? Or draft
201	a version tailored for EU engagement?", "cairn:normalizedText": "Do you think this effort is consistent with
201	the EU efforts/values? Can it solve some of the problem?",
202	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
203	},
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206	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:24:00Z",
207	"cairn:humanText": "Yes. I think we need that.\n\nhe current TOC
	is:\n\nBackground\t2\n2. Design Goals\t2\n3. Key Concepts\t2\n3.1 Source
	Attribution and References\t2\n3.2 Prompt Fidelity\t2\n3.3 Lifecycle
	States\t3\n3.4 Multi-Agent Attribution\t3\n3.5 Dialog Graphs\t3\n3.6
	Interoperability\t3\n4. Accountability and Roles\t4\n5. Alignment with Global
	Standards and Governance\t4\n6. Vision: Trustable AI at Scale\t4",
208	"cairn:aiResponse": "\ntitle: \"CAIRN: A Discussion Paper on
	Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation\"\nsummary: \"CAIRN
	(Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation) is an open, standards-aligned framework that captures the human and AI contributions to generated content.
	It supports traceability, reference attribution, and lifecycle
	transparency\u2014enabling human accountability in AI-assisted work. CAIRN is
	compatible with international initiatives such as ISO/IEC 42001 and the EU AI
	Act.\"\n\nauthors:\n - R. W. \"Nick\" Stavros, Ph.D.\n - Hamish I.
	MacCloud, AIA\ndate: 2025-04-01\nversion: Draft 1.0\n\n\n**Note:** This
	whitepaper is itself a collaborative artifact co-authored by a human (R. W.
	'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.) and an artificial intelligence assistant (Hamish I.
	MacCloud, AIA). It demonstrates the principles and vision behind CAIRN by
	embodying them in its own creation.\n\n## Background\n\nAs the use of
	artificial intelligence becomes increasingly embedded in government,
	research, and industry, the need to ensure trust and accountability in
	AI-generated content is critical. Despite the capabilities of AI to
	accelerate human workflows, there remains a dangerous temptation to accept
	machine-generated results without adequate scrutiny.\n\nA particularly acute
	risk is the erosion of **human accountability**\u2014the fear that \"the
	computer did it\" will be used as an excuse when AI-driven errors have
	real-world consequences. In response to this concern, the CAIRN model
	(Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation) was developed to ensure that **human responsibility and intent remain visible, traceable, and
	non-repudiable** throughout the AI-assisted content lifecycle.\n\n## Design
	Goals\n\nCAIRN is designed with the following goals:\n\n- **Make AI-assisted
	artifacts traceable** from origin to final output\n- **Embed human
	accountability** alongside system behavior\n- **Support many-to-many
	collaboration** (multiple humans and AIs)\n- **Capture prompt fidelity**,
	including the original and interpreted text\n- **Track iterative
	refinement**, allowing transparency over reviews and edits\n- **Enable
	maturity states**, such as draft-alpha, draft-beta, and final\n- **Align with

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	global provenance standards**, including W3C PROV-0, OMG Pedigree &
	Provenance, and international AI governance efforts such as the EU AI
	Act\n\n## Key Concepts\n\n### Source Attribution and References\nCAIRN also
	captures structured metadata about references used during the content
	generation process. This includes both:\n- **Human-supplied references**,
	such as URLs or bibliographic data provided in the prompt\n- **AI-suggested
	sources**, retrieved or synthesized during the generation process\n\nEach
	reference can be annotated with provenance metadata, identifying who
	introduced it (human or AI), when it was added, and whether it influenced the
	normalized text or final artifact. This supports auditability, citation
	integrity, and responsible reuse of external knowledge.\n\n### Prompt
	Fidelity\nCAIRN captures both:\n- `originalText` \u2014 What the human typed
	(even with typos)\n- `normalizedText` \u2014 What the system interpreted and
	used\n\nThis allows for forensic-level reconstruction of AI behavior and
	clear attribution of meaning.\n\n### Lifecycle States\n\nArtifacts may pass
	through various states, depending on the complexity of the workflow. Below
	are common examples:\n- `draft-alpha` \u2192 early, exploratory\n-
	`draft-beta` \u2192 reviewed, edited\n- `finalized` \u2192 approved for
	release\n- `archived` and `superseded` \u2192 captured for history\n\nEach
	state is captured in metadata, with timestamps and responsible agents.\n\n###
	Multi-Agent Attribution\nCAIRN supports attribution to both:\n- **Human
	agents**: authors, editors, reviewers, approvers\n- **AI systems**: models,
	platforms, generation timestamps\n\nEach participant's contribution is made
	explicit in the JSON-LD structure.\n\n### Dialog Graphs\nAI interaction is
	often nonlinear. CAIRN supports:\n- **Branching threads** \u2014 One prompt
	leading to multiple threads\n- **Merged conversations** \u2014 Consolidating
	threads into a single artifact\n- **Turn-by-turn metadata** \u2014 Each
	exchange is tracked with attribution\n\n### Interoperability\nCAIRN is
	designed to be:\n- **Platform-agnostic** \u2014 Not tied to any specific AI
	system (OpenAI, Meta, etc.)\n- **Semantically extensible** \u2014 Built on
	JSON-LD and aligned with PROV-O\n- **Friendly to emerging standards** \u2014
	Including ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 efforts\n\n## Accountability and Roles\n\nCAIRN
	defines explicit roles in content creation:\n- `promptAuthor`\n-
	`humanReviewer`\n- `humanEditor`\n- `approver`\n\nEach of these roles can
	include **multiple humans**, and workflows can vary from simple (one human
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	implementation of W3C PROV-O. Its design emphasizes interoperability,
	extensibility, and trustworthiness across diverse AI platforms and
	jurisdictions.\n\nThe CAIRN model supports and complements efforts by:\n-
	ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 for Data & Metadata standardization\n- W3C and other
	web-scale provenance frameworks\n- International organizations focused on
	responsible AI\n- National initiatives (e.g. NIST\u2019s Zero Draft) that
	seek to promote traceable, auditable AI practices\n\nCAIRN encourages shared
	ownership and mutual accountability in the global evolution of AI.\n\n##
	Regulatory Alignment and International Standards\n\nCAIRN is not only
	designed for conceptual rigor and practical usability\u2014it also aligns
	with emerging international standards that AI developers and organizations
	must increasingly meet.\n\n### ISO/IEC 42001\nCAIRN supports the principles

Line Number	CARIN JSON
Line Number	CARIN JSON \"urn:cairn:Whitepaper:2025-04-01\",\n\"@type\": \"cairn:CollaborativeArtifact\",\n\"cairn:artifactState\": \"rinalized\",\n\"cairn:version\": \"1.0\",\n\"cairn:Language\": \"en\",\n\"cairn:version\": \"1.0\",\n\"cairn:Language\": \"en\",\n\"cairn:version\": \"1.0\",\n\"cairn:language\": \"en\",\n\"cairn:version\": \"Initial prompt to AI requesting a review of NIST's Zero Droft webpage\",\n\"cairn:normalizedText\": \"Please review the contents of this article and help formulate a response.\",\n\"cairn:promptAuthor\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n\"\"gtype\": \"foaf:Person\"\n\n\"\foaf:name\\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n\"\"gtype\": \"foaf:Person\"\n\n\\"foaf:name\\": \"R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.\",\n\"\"gtype\": \"foaf:Person\"\n\n\\"foaf:name\\": \"Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\",\n\\"\"gtype\": \"foaf:Agent\"\n\n\\"\"oaf:name\\": \"Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA\",\n\\"\"gtype\": \"foaf:Agent\"\n\\\"\n\\"\"\"oaf:name\\": \""\"oaf:Person\"\"\\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\"\
	\u2014 showing how to reach out to model providers.\n\nWould you like to proceed that way?",
209	"cairn:normalizedText": "Yes. I think we need that.\n\nhe current TOC is:\n\nBackground\t2\n2. Design Goals\t2\n3. Key Concepts\t2\n3.1 Source Attribution and References\t2\n3.2 Prompt Fidelity\t2\n3.3 Lifecycle States\t3\n3.4 Multi-Agent Attribution\t3\n3.5 Dialog Graphs\t3\n3.6 Interoperability\t3\n4. Accountability and Roles\t4\n5. Alignment with Global Standards and Governance\t4\n6. Vision: Trustable AI at Scale\t4",
210	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be

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	filled in or refined."
211	},
212	{
213	"@id": "urn:cairn:entry:026",
214	"cairn:timestamp": "2025-03-30T10:25:00Z",
215	"cairn:humanText": "Now, we want to add this as as a Summary:\n\nTo learn more or participate in piloting CAIRN, visit: https://github.com/JackRabbitConsulting/cairn-standard \n\nAs well as an actual summary.",
216	"cairn:aiResponse": "summary: \"CAIRN (Collaborative AI Artifact Record & Notation) is an open, standards-aligned framework that captures the human and AI contributions to generated content. It supports traceability, reference attribution, and lifecycle transparency\u2014enabling human accountability in AI-assisted work. CAIRN is compatible with international initiatives such as ISO/IEC 42001 and the EU AI Act. To learn more or participate in piloting CAIRN, visit: https://github.com/JackRabbitConsulting/cairn-standard\"\n\nsummary: \"This whitepaper is itself a collaborative artifact co-authored by a human (R. W. 'Nick' Stavros, Ph.D.) and an artificial intelligence assistant (Hamish I. MacCloud, AIA), demonstrating the principles and vision behind ",
217	"cairn:normalizedText": "Now, we want to add this as as a Summary:\n\nTo learn more or participate in piloting CAIRN, visit: https://github.com/JackRabbitConsulting/cairn-standard \n\nAs well as an actual summary.",
218	"cairn:aiInterpretation": "AI interpretation of human prompt to be filled in or refined."
219	}
220]
221	}
222	

1.