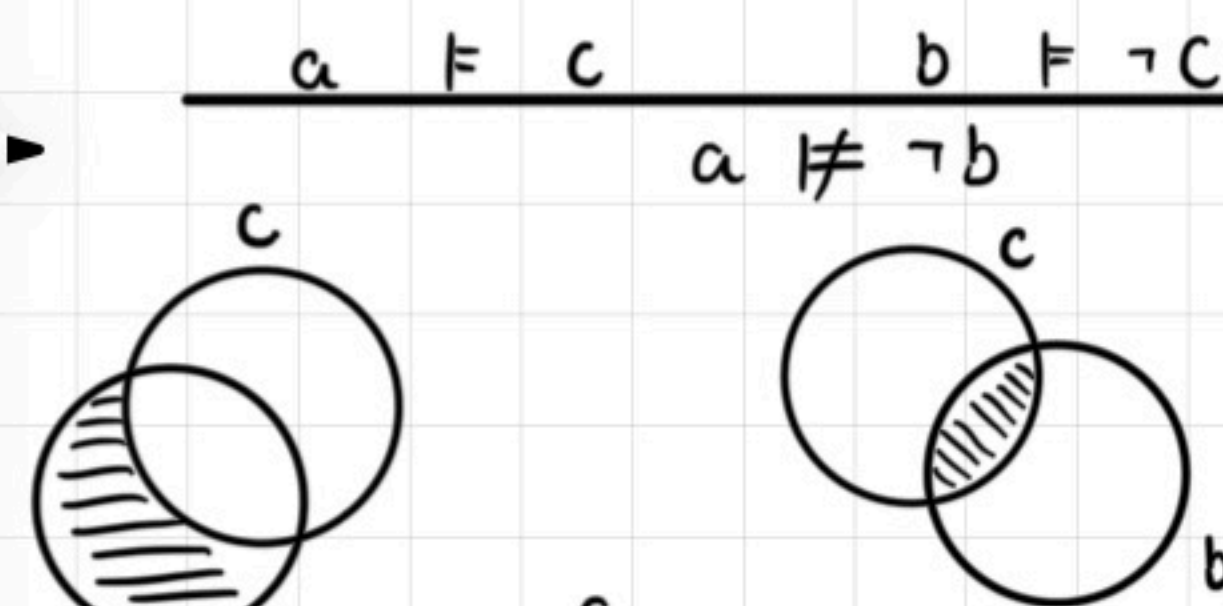


CL Tutorial

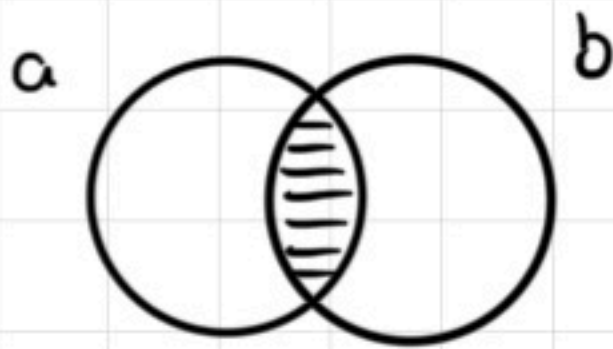
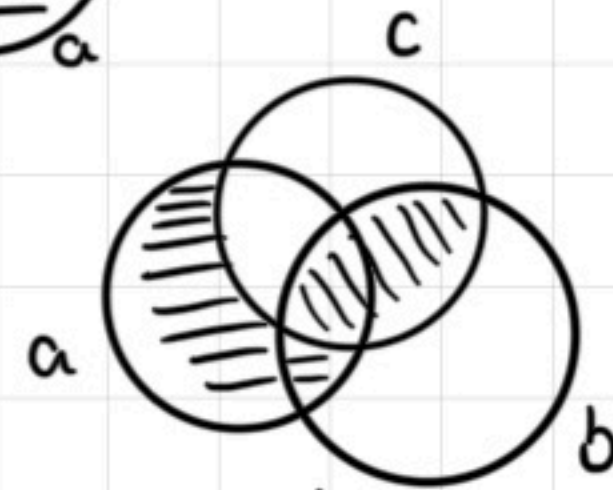
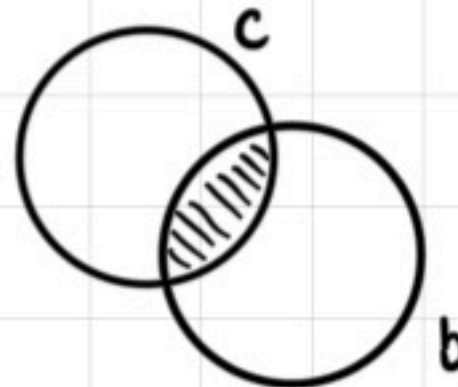
Oct 6 2023

Exercise 1

Case 1: $a \uparrow$ $c \uparrow$ $b \uparrow$ $\neg c \uparrow$
 All diligent students are successful All ignorant students are unsuccessful
 Some diligent students are ignorant



$a \not\models \neg b$



$a \models \neg b$

So it is contradict to the conclusion $a \models \neg b$. Therefore it does not sound "Incorrect"

Denying the conclusion

$a \models c$

$a \not\models b$ (Reverse)

$c \not\models b$

\downarrow

$\neg b \not\models \neg c$

Contradict to the opposite of $b \models \neg c$

Case 2:

universe = animals

e = eagles

f = can fly

p = pigs

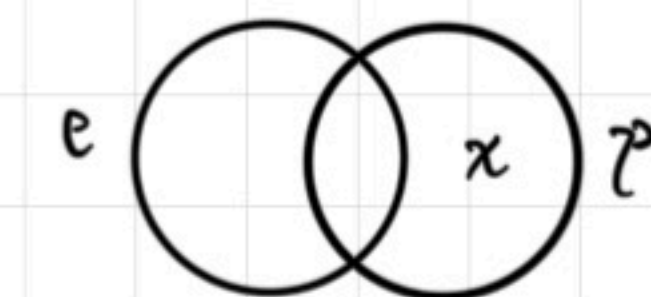
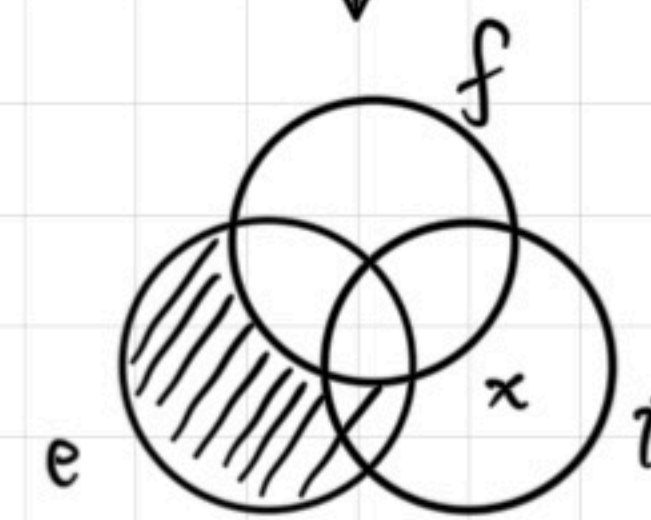
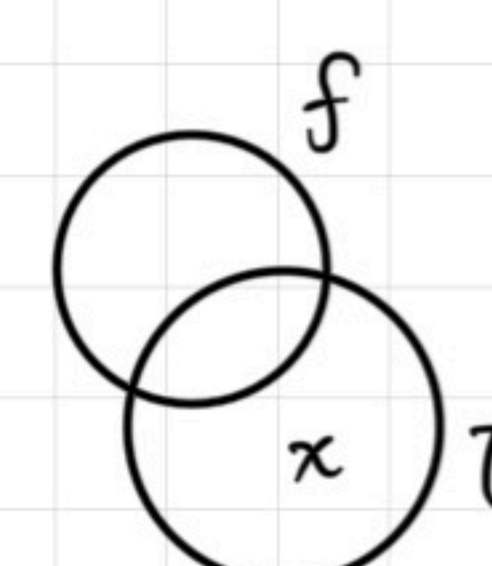
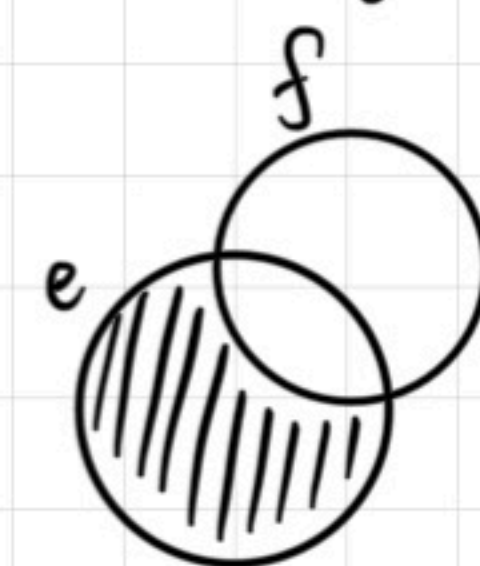
Inference form:

$e \models f$

$p \not\models f$

$p \not\models e$

Venn Diagram



Denying the conclusion

$e \models f$

$p \not\models e$ (Reverse)

\downarrow

$e \models f$

$\neg e \not\models \neg p$

\downarrow

$e \models f$

$e \not\models \neg p$

$f \not\models \neg p$

\downarrow

$p \not\models \neg f$

if we reverse the conclusion the argument turns to the opposite of original.

Exercise 2.

a = Animals

Exercise 3.

$a \models b$

$c \models a$

(b) From correct syllogism
 $a \models b$ $c \not\models \neg a$

Exercise 2.

$a = \text{Animals}$

$b = \text{Unicorns}$

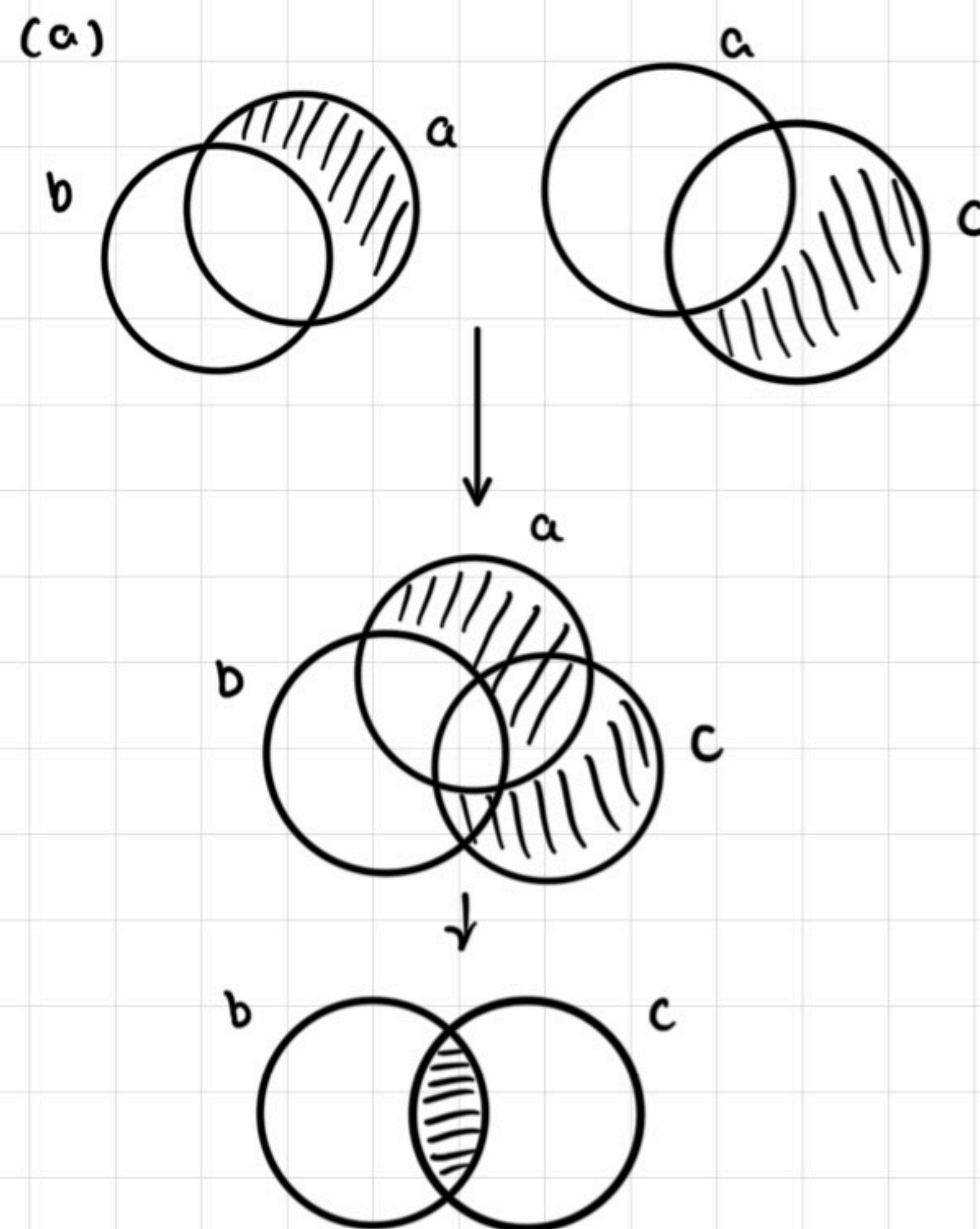
$c = \text{horses}$

$$\frac{a \models \neg b \quad b \models c}{c \not\models a}$$

Based on the symbolic representation above,
Since the number of \neg and $\not\models$
are not EVEN, which means they don't
have a corresponding occurrence to deduce
the conclusion.

Exercise 3.

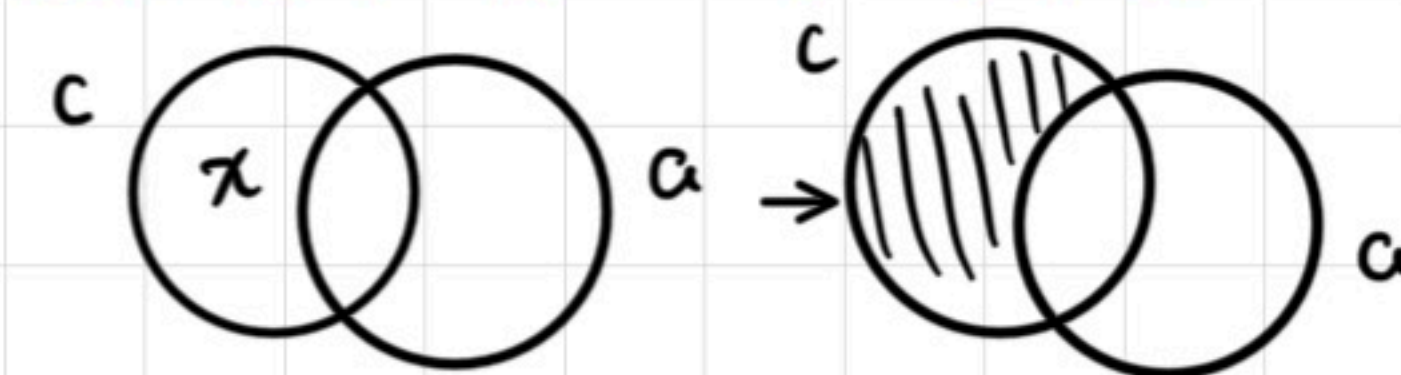
$$\frac{a \models b \quad c \models a}{c \models \neg b}$$



(b) From correct syllogism

$$\frac{a \models b \quad c \not\models \neg a}{c \not\models \neg b}$$

Assume at least one $c \models a$
So $c \not\models \neg a \rightarrow c \models a$



Therefore

$$\frac{a \models b \quad c \models a}{c \models \neg b}$$

e conclusion.

to
ine].

Part B.

Exercise 5

and $[\text{hasThickBorder } x \mid x \leftarrow \text{Things}, \text{isBig } x \ \&\& \ \text{isAmber } x]$

or $[\text{isDisc } x \mid x \leftarrow \text{Things}, \text{isSmall } x]$

or $[\text{isAmber } x \mid x \leftarrow \text{Things}, \text{isSmall } x \ \&\& \ \text{isSquare } x]$.